SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2592

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By House Technology & Economic Development (originally sponsored by Representative Morris)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/18.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the efficient deployment of small cell network
- 2 infrastructure; adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW; and
- 3 creating a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) It is the policy of the state to 6 promote the efficient deployment of small cell network infrastructure 7 by offering a tool so wireless infrastructure providers or wireless service providers predictable process 8 can assess a in 9 government jurisdictions so citizens across the state have access to 10 advanced wireless communications technologies as soon as possible. A 11 framework for the deployment of wireless communication services that 12 allows for local values to be expressed but also signals where predictable wireless capital investment can occur 13 is the right 14 balance. It is also the policy of the state that cities and towns maintain sufficient legal authority to manage the public rights-of-15 16 way for the health, safety, and welfare of their citizens and the 17 general public.
- 18 (2) It is the intent of the legislature that the state of 19 Washington maintain a list of local governments that are investment 20 ready for advanced and new wireless technologies subject to the 21 provisions of chapter 43.330 RCW.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.330 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A local government that can demonstrate to the department in writing that it meets the criteria in (a) through (e) of this subsection must be designated on the department's web site as being investment ready for advanced and new wireless technologies.
- (a) A local government must demonstrate a streamlined and predictable permit process period of no longer than twelve months for the installation of a small cell facility or network in the right-of-way. The permit processing period is measured from the date the city deems the application complete to the date the applicant is allowed entry into and use of the specified right-of-way.
- (b) A local government must demonstrate that it does not unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent service with its application of standards for the installation of microcells, small cell facilities, and small cell networks within the right-of-way.
- (c) A local government must demonstrate: Adoption of a small cell facility deployment ordinance that outlines the standards that wireless infrastructure providers or wireless service providers must follow in seeking a master permit to deploy microcells, small cell facilities, and small cell networks; or the amendment or adoption of a policy or directive that applies an existing ordinance or city regulation to exempt small cell network infrastructure from conditional use permit requirements except:
- (i) Where a small cell network facility would require original installation of a new pole or structure;
- (ii) Where a small cell network facility would require an existing pole or structure to be extended more than ten feet above the existing height of a pole or structure; or
- 31 (iii) Where the proposed facility does not meet the established 32 standards outlined in the ordinance.
- 33 (d) The ordinance, policy, or directive adopted in accordance 34 with (c) of this subsection must:
 - (i) Not unreasonably discriminate among wireless service providers or wireless infrastructure providers, except that certain parts of local government-owned infrastructure may be made available on a first-provider-to-deploy basis until the attached or built microcells, small cell facilities, and small cell networks stresses

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government-owned property by increasing costs due to weight or conformance with local aesthetics, or by shortening the life cycle;

- (ii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, but subject to generally applicable public works permit requirements, allow the following types of small cell facility work without requiring an application, permit, or fee:
 - (A) Routine maintenance; and

- (B) The replacement of small cell facilities with small cell facilities that are substantially similar or smaller in size, weight, and height, provided that such a replacement does not defeat the design or concealment standards placed in the local code or ordinance;
 - (iii) Include a permit fee schedule that:
- (A) Treats wireless service providers and wireless infrastructure providers in a competitively neutral and nondiscriminatory manner;
- (B) Allows the local government to recover at least the actual costs of processing permits, and may include reasonable reimbursement for the cost of additional contract staff to address permit volume; and
- (C) Provides example low, medium, and high cost scenarios for annual attachment rates on city or town-owned poles in order to allow for nonbinding estimates of the range of potentially applicable rates. The examples must show specific rate estimates for each scenario and detail the specific factors or combination of factors driving the variance between the scenarios. More than three scenarios may be provided.
- 27 (e) The permit fee schedule outlined in (d)(iii) of this 28 subsection may:
 - (i) Allow the city or town to recover at least the actual costs associated with the development of the small cell facility deployment ordinance, policy, or directive amortized over the first five years following adoption;
 - (ii) Allow a permit applicant to pay an additional fee for expedited permit processing if the city has deployed such a process. This subsection (1)(e)(ii) is not intended to require jurisdictions to create an expedited process when one does not already exist.
- 37 (2) Nothing in this section limits a city or town from issuing 38 master permits or use permits in accordance with the provisions of 39 chapter 35.99 RCW and from entering into lease agreements.

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- 1 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 2 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 3 (a) "Microcell" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 4~80.36.375(2)(b).
- 5 (b) "Permit" means a master permit, use permit, or any other form 6 of small cell installation authorization.
- 7 (c) "Pole" means a pole or similar structure that is or may be 8 used in whole or in part by or for wireline communications, electric 9 distribution or transmission, lighting, traffic control, signage, or 10 a similar function.
- 11 (d) "Right-of-way" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 12 35.99.010.
- 13 (e) "Small cell facility" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 80.36.375(2)(d).
- 15 (f) "Small cell network" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 80.36.375(2)(e).
- 17 (g) "Wireless infrastructure provider" means any person, 18 including a person authorized to provide telecommunications service 19 in this state, that builds or installs wireless communication 20 transmission equipment, wireless facilities, or wireless support 21 structures, but that is not a wireless service provider.
- (h) "Wireless services" means any services, whether at a fixed location or mobile, provided using wireless facilities.
- 24 (i) "Wireless services provider" means a person who provides 25 wireless services.

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