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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2635

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By House Community Development, Housing & Tribal Affairs (originally sponsored by Representatives Kilduff, Muri, Sawyer, Kirby, and Young) READ FIRST TIME 01/29/18.

- AN ACT Relating to creating a military benefit zone program; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; and adding a new chapter
- 3 to Title 39 RCW.

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- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. INTENT. (1) Washington state has the sixth highest regional concentration of military presence in the United States. Military installations, and in particular, Joint Base Lewis-McChord have significant importance to the local and state economy.
 - (2) Joint Base Lewis-McChord is the defense department's premiere military installation on the west coast. Joint Base Lewis-McChord provides world-class installation support to more than forty thousand active, guard, and reserve service members and about fifteen thousand civilian workers. The base supports sixty thousand family members who live on and outside the base, and nearly thirty thousand military retirees living within fifty miles. Active duty personnel have spouses and children, and together they stimulate about fifty million dollars in incremental economic activity.
 - (3) It is the intent of this state to provide the necessary means to assist communities with significant military installations in supporting and sustaining those installations. It is further the intent to encourage communities to initiate a coordinated program of

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- response and plan of action in advance of future actions of the federal government relating to base realignments and closures. It is critical that communities develop and implement strategies to preserve and protect military installations, which often includes planning for and constructing additional infrastructure.
- 6 (4) Declining resources for new infrastructure has increased 7 pressure on cities and counties, and as urban areas have grown near Washington's military installations, there has often developed a 8 9 pattern that has not supported the needs of the military for housing, services, and quality of life. Therefore, to support and sustain 10 11 military installations, local governments located within the vicinity 12 of these facilities need additional funding options to improve infrastructure. To that end, the legislature intends to establish a 13 14 military benefit zone program.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (1) "Annual state contribution limit" means five million dollars statewide per fiscal year, plus the additional amounts approved for the pilot project in section 13 of this act.
 - (2) "Approving agency" means the department of commerce.
- 22 (3) "Bond" means a bond, note, or other evidence of indebtedness 23 including, but not limited to, a lease-purchase agreement or an 24 executory conditional sales contract.
 - (4) "Department" means the department of revenue.

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- 26 (5) "Fiscal year" means the twelve-month period beginning July 27 1st and ending the following June 30th.
- 28 (6) "Local government" means any city, town, or county within two 29 miles of the boundary of Joint Base Lewis-McChord.
 - (7) "Local sales and use tax increment" means the estimated annual increase in local sales and use taxes as determined by the local government in the calendar years following the approval of the military benefit zone by the approving agency from taxable activity within the benefit zone.
- 35 (8) "Local sales and use taxes" means local revenues derived from 36 the imposition of sales and use taxes authorized in section 14 of 37 this act.
- 38 (9) "Military benefit financing" means the use of revenues from 39 local public sources, dedicated to pay the principal and interest on

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- 1 bonds authorized in section 9 of this act and public improvement
- 2 costs within the benefit zone on a pay-as-you-go basis, and revenues
- 3 received from the local option sales and use tax authorized under
- 4 section 14 of this act dedicated to pay the principal and interest on
- 5 bonds authorized under section 9 of this act.
- 6 (10) "Military benefit zone" means the geographic area adopted by 7 a sponsoring military community and approved by the approving agency, 8 from which local sales and use tax increments are estimated.
- 9 (11) "Ordinance" means any appropriate method of taking 10 legislative action by a local government.
- 11 (12) "Participating local government" means a local government
 12 having a military benefit zone within its geographic boundaries that
 13 has taken action as provided in section 6 of this act to allow the
 14 use of all or some of its local sales and use tax increments or other
 15 revenues from local public sources dedicated for military benefit
 16 financing.
 - (13) "Public improvements" means:

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- 18 (a) Infrastructure improvements within the benefit zone that 19 include:
 - (i) Street, road, bridge, and rail construction and maintenance;
- 21 (ii) Water and sewer system construction and improvements;
- 22 (iii) Sidewalks, streetlights, landscaping, and streetscaping;
- 23 (iv) Parking, terminal, and dock facilities;
- 24 (v) Park and ride facilities of a transit authority;
- 25 (vi) Park facilities, recreational areas, and environmental 26 remediation;
- 27 (vii) Stormwater and drainage management systems;
- 28 (viii) Electric, gas, fiber, and other utility infrastructures; 29 and
- 30 (b) Expenditures for any of the following purposes:
- 31 (i) Providing environmental analysis, professional management, 32 planning, and promotion within the benefit zone. Including the 33 management and promotion of retail trade activities in the benefit
- 34 zone;

 35 (ii) Providing maintenance
 - 35 (ii) Providing maintenance and security for common or public 36 areas in the benefit zone; or
 - 37 (iii) Historic preservation activities authorized under RCW 38 35.21.395.
 - 39 (14) "Public improvements costs" means the cost of:

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1 (a) Design, planning, acquisition, including land acquisition, 2 site preparation including land clearing, construction, 3 reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, and installation of 4 public improvements;

- (b) Demolishing, relocating, maintaining, and operating property pending construction of public improvements;
 - (c) Relocating utilities as a result of public improvements;
- (d) Financing public improvements, including interest during construction, legal and other professional services, taxes, insurance, principal and interest costs on general indebtedness issued to finance public improvements, and any necessary reserves for general indebtedness; and
- (e) Administrative expenses and feasibility studies reasonably necessary and related to these costs, including related costs that may have been incurred before adoption of the ordinance authorizing the public improvements and the use of military benefit financing to fund the costs of the public improvements.
 - (15)(a) "Revenues from local public sources" means:
- (i) The local sales and use tax amounts received as a result of interlocal agreements, local sales and use tax amounts from a sponsoring military community based on its local sales for payment of bonds under section 9 of this act, or public improvement costs within the benefit zone on a pay-as-you-go basis; and
- (ii) Any other local revenues, except as provided in (b) of this subsection, including revenues derived from federal and private sources, which are dedicated for the payment of bonds under section 9 of this act or public improvement costs within the benefit zone on a pay-as-you-go basis.
- (b) Revenues from local public sources do not include any local funds derived from state grants, state loans, or any other state moneys including any local sales and use taxes credited against the state sales and use taxes imposed under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW.
- (16) "Sponsoring military community" means a city, town, county, or any combination thereof, that adopts a benefit zone.
 - (17) "State contribution" means the lesser of:
 - (a) Five hundred thousand dollars;
- 37 (b) The project award amount approved by the approving agency as 38 provided in section 13 of this act;
- 39 (c) The total amount of revenues from local public sources 40 dedicated in the preceding calendar year to the payment of principal

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and interest on bonds issued under section 9 of this act and public improvement costs within the military benefit zone on a pay-as-you-go basis. Revenues from local public sources dedicated in the preceding calendar year that are in excess of the project award may be carried forward and used in later years for the purpose of this subsection (17)(c).

- (18) "State sales and use taxes" means state retail sales and use taxes under RCW 82.08.020(1) and 82.12.020 at the rate provided in RCW 82.08.020(1), less the amount of tax distributions from all local retail sales and use taxes, other than the local sales and use taxes authorized by section 14 of this act for the applicable military benefit zone, imposed on the same taxable events that are credited against the state retail sales and use taxes under RCW 82.08.020(1) and 82.12.020.
- (19) "State sales and use tax increment" means the estimated amount of annual increase in state sales and use taxes to be received by the state from taxable activity within the benefit zone in the years following the approval of the benefit zone as determined by the sponsoring military community in an application under section 8 of this act and updated periodically as required in RCW 82.32.765.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCING. A local government may finance public improvements using military benefit financing subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (1) The sponsoring military community has adopted an ordinance designating a military benefit zone within its boundaries and specified the public improvements proposed to be financed in whole or in part with the use of military benefit financing;
 - (2) The public improvements proposed to be financed in whole or in part using military benefit zone financing are expected to encourage private development and increase the quality of life within the benefit zone and to increase the fair market value of real property and sales tax revenue within the benefit zone;
 - (3) The local government has entered into a contract with a private developer relating to the development of private improvements within the benefit zone or has received a letter of intent from a private developer relating to the developer's plans for the development of private improvements within the benefit zone;
 - (4) Private development that is anticipated to occur within the military benefit zone, as a result of the public improvements, will

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- be consistent with the countywide planning policy adopted by the county under RCW 36.70A.210 and the local government's comprehensive plan and development regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW;
- 4 (5) The sponsoring military community may not use military benefit zone financing to finance the costs associated with the financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, and reequipping of public facilities funded with taxes collected under RCW 82.14.048 or 82.14.390;
- 10 (6) The governing body of the sponsoring military community must 11 make a finding that military benefit financing:
 - (a) Will not be used for the purpose of relocating a business from outside the zone, but within this state, into the zone unless convincing evidence is provided that the firm being relocated would otherwise leave the state;
- 16 (b) Will improve the viability of existing business entities 17 within the zone; and
 - (c) Will be used exclusively in areas within the jurisdiction of the local government deemed in need of either economic development or redevelopment, or both, and absent the financing available under this chapter and sections 14 and 15 of this act the proposed economic development or redevelopment would more than likely not occur; and
- (7) The governing body of the local government finds that the public improvements proposed to be financed in whole or in part using military benefit financing are reasonably likely to:
 - (a) Increase private investment within the zone;
 - (b) Increase employment within the zone;

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- (c) Generate, over the period of time that the local sales and use tax will be imposed under section 14 of this act, increases in state and local sales and use tax revenues that are equal to or greater than the respective state and local contributions made under this chapter; and
- 33 (d) Support the needs of the military for housing, services, and 34 quality of life.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. CREATION OF MILITARY BENEFIT ZONE. (1)
 Before adopting an ordinance creating the military benefit zone, a
 sponsoring military community must:
- 38 (a) Provide notice to all taxing districts that levy a sales and 39 use tax with geographic boundaries within the proposed military

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- 1 benefit zone of the sponsoring military community's intent to create
- 2 a zone. Notice must be provided in writing to the governing body of
- 3 the taxing districts and local governments at least sixty days in
- 4 advance of the public hearing as required by (b) of this subsection.
- 5 The notice must include the following information:
 - (i) The name of the benefit zone;

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- 7 (ii) The date for the public hearing as required by (b) of this 8 subsection;
- 9 (iii) The earliest anticipated date when the sponsoring local 10 government will take action to adopt the proposed military benefit 11 zone; and
 - (iv) The name of the contact person with the phone number of the sponsoring local government and mailing address where a copy of an ordinance adopted under section 5 of this act may be sent.
 - (b) Hold a public hearing on the proposed financing of the public improvements in whole or in part with military benefit financing. Notice of the public hearing must be published in a legal newspaper of general circulation within the proposed military benefit zone at least ten days before the public hearing and posted in at least six conspicuous public places located in the proposed zone. Notices must describe the contemplated public improvements, estimate the costs of the public improvements, describe the portion of the costs of the public improvements to be borne by military benefit financing, describe any other sources of revenue to finance the public improvements, describe the boundaries of the proposed zone, and estimate the period during which benefit financing is contemplated to be used. The public hearing may be held by either the governing body of the sponsoring military community, or a committee of the governing body that includes at least a majority of the whole governing body.
- 30 (2) To create a zone, a sponsoring military community must adopt 31 an ordinance establishing the zone that:
 - (a) Describes the public improvements to be made in the zone;
 - (b) Describes the boundaries of the zone, subject to the limitations in section 5 of this act;
- 35 (c) Estimates the cost of the proposed public improvements and 36 the portion of these costs to be financed by military benefit 37 financing;
- 38 (d) Provides the anticipated rate of sales and use tax under 39 section 14 of this act that the local government will impose if 40 awarded a state contribution under section 8 of this act;

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- (e) Provides the anticipated date when the criteria for the sales and use tax in section 14 of this act will be met and the anticipated date when the sales and use tax in section 14 of this act will be imposed; and
- 5 (f) Estimates the average amount of tax revenue to be received in 6 all fiscal years through the imposition of a sales and use tax in 7 section 7 of this act.
- 8 (3) Upon creation of a zone, the sponsoring military community 9 must deliver a certified copy of the adopted ordinance to the 10 department and the governing body of each participating local 11 government.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. LIMITATIONS ON MILITARY BENEFIT ZONES. The designation of a military benefit zone is subject to the following limitations:
- 15 (1) No military benefit zone may have within its geographic 16 boundaries any part of a hospital benefit zone under chapter 39.100 17 RCW, any part of a revenue development area created under chapter 18 39.102 RCW, any part of an increment area under chapter 39.89 RCW, or 19 any part of a benefit zone under chapter 39.104 RCW;
- 20 (2) No military benefit zone may overlap boundaries with another 21 military benefit zone;
- 22 (3) A military benefit zone must be wholly within two miles of 23 the boundary of Joint Base Lewis-McChord;
- 24 (4) A military benefit zone may not include areas within Joint 25 Base Lewis-McChord;
- 26 (5) A military benefit zone is limited to contiguous tracts, 27 lots, pieces, or parcels of land without the creation of islands of 28 property not included in the military benefit zone;
- 29 (6) The boundaries may not be drawn to purposely exclude parcels 30 of land where economic growth is unlikely to occur;
- 31 (7) The public improvements financed through bonds issued under 32 section 9 of this act must be located in the military benefit zone;
- 33 (8) A military benefit zone cannot contain more than twenty-five 34 percent of the total assessed value of the taxable real property 35 within the boundaries of the sponsoring military community at the 36 time the military benefit zone is created;

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(9) The boundaries of the military benefit zone may not be changed for the time period that local sales and use taxes of participating local governments, and the local sales and use tax

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- under section 14 of this act are used to pay bonds issued under section 9 of this act and public improvement costs within the military benefit zone on a pay-as-you-go basis, as provided under this chapter; and
- 5 (10) A military benefit zone must be geographically restricted to 6 the location of the public improvement and adjacent locations that 7 the sponsoring military community funds to benefit neighborhoods 8 nearest the state's military bases, and infrastructure consistent 9 with the highest public health, safety, and welfare standards in a 10 manner supportive to the Joint Base Lewis-McChord.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS. (1) A participating local government must enter into an interlocal agreement as provided in chapter 39.34 RCW to participate in military benefit financing with the sponsoring military community.

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- (2)(a) If a local government that imposes a sales and use tax under RCW 82.14.030 does not want to participate in the military benefit financing of public improvements in a military benefit zone, its governing body must adopt an ordinance and notify the sponsoring military community that the taxing authority will not be a participating local government.
- (b) The local government must provide a copy of the adopted ordinance and the notice to the sponsoring military community creating the military benefit zone before the anticipated date that the sponsoring military community proposes to adopt an ordinance creating the military benefit zone as provided in the notice required by section 4(1)(a) of this act.
- 27 NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT FINANCING. A sponsoring military community may use annually local sales and use tax amounts 28 29 equal to some or all of its local sales and use tax increments to 30 finance public improvements in the military benefit zone. The amounts of local sales and use tax dedicated by a participating local 31 government must begin and cease on the dates specified in 32 interlocal agreement authorized in chapter 39.34 RCW. Sponsoring 33 34 military communities and participating local governments authorized to allocate some or all of their local sales and use tax 35 36 increments to the sponsoring military community as provided by section 6 of this act. 37

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. APPLICATION PROCESS—APPROVAL OF PROJECT AWARDS BY THE APPROVING AGENCY. (1) Prior to applying to receive a state contribution, a sponsoring military community must adopt a military benefit zone within the limitations in section 5 of this act and in accordance with section 4 of this act.

- (2)(a) As a condition to imposing a sales and use tax under section 14 of this act, a sponsoring military community must apply and be approved for a project award amount. The application must be in a form and manner prescribed by the approving agency and include, but not be limited to:
- (i) Information establishing that over the period of time that the local sales and use tax will be imposed under section 14 of this act, increases in state sales and use tax revenues as a result of public improvements in the military benefit zone will be equal to or greater than the respective state and local contributions made under this chapter;
- (ii) Information demonstrating that the sponsoring military community will meet the requirements necessary to receive the full amount of state contribution it is requesting on an annual basis;
 - (iii) The amount of state contribution it is requesting;
- 21 (iv) The anticipated effective date for imposing the tax under 22 section 14 of this act;
 - (v) The estimated number of years that the tax will be imposed;
- (vi) The anticipated rate of tax to be imposed under section 14 of this act, subject to the rate-setting conditions in section 14 (3) of this act, should the sponsoring military community be approved for a project award; and
- (vii) The anticipated date when bonds under section 9 of this act will be issued.
 - (b) The approving agency must make available electronic forms to be used for this purpose. As part of the application, each applicant must provide to the department a copy of the adopted ordinance creating the military benefit zone as required in section 4 of this act, copies of any adopted interlocal agreements from participating local governments, and any notices from taxing districts that elect not to participate.
 - (3)(a) Project awards must be determined based on:
 - (i) The availability of a state contribution;

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- 1 (ii) Whether the sponsoring military community would be able to 2 generate enough tax revenue under section 14 of this act to generate 3 the amount of project award requested;
 - (iii) The number of jobs created;

- (iv) The fit of the expected business creation or expansion within the region's preferred economic growth strategy;
 - (v) The speed with which the project can begin construction;
- 8 (vi) The extent to which the project leverages nonstate funds; 9 and
- 10 (vii) The benefit of the project to the quality of life for 11 military personnel and families.
 - (b) The total of all project awards may not exceed the annual state contribution limit.
 - (c) If the level of available state contribution is less than the amount requested by the next available applicant, the applicant must be given the first opportunity to accept the lesser amount of state contribution but only if the applicant produces a new application within sixty days of being notified by the approving agency and the application describes the impact on the proposed project as a result of the lesser award in addition to new application information required in subsection (2) of this section.
- 22 (d) Applicants that are not approved for a project award due to 23 lack of available state contribution must be retained on file by the 24 approving agency.
 - (e) Once total project awards reach the amount of annual state contribution limit, no more applications will be accepted.
 - (f) If the annual contribution limit is increased by additional funds available for applicants, applications will be accepted again as described in subsection (5) of this section.
 - (4) The approving agency must notify the sponsoring military community of approval or denial of a project award within sixty days of the approving agency's receipt of the sponsoring military community's application. Determination of a project award by the approving agency is final. Notification must include the earliest date when the tax authorized under section 14 of this act may be imposed, subject to conditions in chapter 82.14 RCW. The project award notification must specify the rate requested in the application and any adjustments to the rate that would need to be made based on the project award and rate restrictions in section 14 of this act.

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The department of commerce must consult with the department in determining the amount of a project award.

- (5) The department of commerce must begin accepting applications and approving project awards under this section on and after June 1, 2018. The department of commerce must notify the department of all approved project awards under this section. The department of commerce must also provide to the department any information necessary to implement the tax authorized under section 14 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. ISSUANCE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS. (1)
 A sponsoring military community creating a military benefit zone and
 authorizing the use of local military benefit financing may incur
 general indebtedness, including issuing general obligation bonds, to
 finance the public improvements and retire the indebtedness in whole
 or in part from local military benefit financing it receives, subject
 to the following requirements:
 - (a)(i) The ordinance adopted by the sponsoring military community creating the military benefit zone and authorizing the use of local military benefit financing indicates an intent to incur this indebtedness and the maximum amount of this indebtedness that is contemplated; and
- 22 (ii) The sponsoring military community includes this statement of 23 intent in all notices required by RCW 39.104.040; or
 - (b) The sponsoring military community adopts a resolution, after opportunity for public comment, that indicates an intent to incur this indebtedness and the maximum amount of this indebtedness that is contemplated.
 - (2) The general indebtedness incurred under subsection (1) of this section may be payable from other tax revenues, the full faith and credit of the sponsoring military community, and nontax income, revenues, fees, and rents from the public improvements, as well as contributions, grants, and nontax money available to the local government for payment of costs of the public improvements or associated debt service on the general indebtedness.
 - (3) In addition to the requirements in subsection (1) of this section, a sponsoring military community creating a military benefit zone and authorizing the use of local military benefit financing may require any nonpublic participants to provide adequate security to

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1 protect the public investment in the public improvement within the 2 military benefit zone.

- (4) As may be provided by a trust indenture or mortgage issued pursuant thereto or by an ordinance, bonds issued under this section must:
- 6 (a) Be authorized by ordinance of the sponsoring military
 7 community and may be issued in one or more series and must bear a
 8 date or dates;
 - (b) Be payable upon demand or mature at a time or times;
 - (c) Bear interest at a rate or rates;
 - (d) Be in a denomination or denominations;
- 12 (e) Be in the form of either coupon or registered as provided in section 3 of this act;
 - (f) Carry conversation or registration privileges;
- 15 (g) Have a rank or priority;

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- (h) Be executed in a manner;
- 17 (i) Be payable in a medium of payment, at a place or places, and 18 be subject to terms of redemption with or without premium;
 - (j) Be secured in a manner; and
 - (k) Have any other characteristics.
 - (5) The sponsoring military community may:
- (a) Annually pay into the special fund established pursuant to this section a fixed proportion or a fixed amount of any revenues derived from taxes imposed under section 14 of this act, such payment to continue until all bonds payable from the fund are paid in full. Revenues derived from taxes imposed under section 14 of this act are subject to the use restriction in section 15 of this act; and
- 28 (b) Issue revenue bonds payable from any or all revenues 29 deposited in the special fund established pursuant to this section.
 - (6) In case any of the public officials of the sponsoring military community whose signatures appear on any bonds or any coupons issued under this chapter cease to be the officials before the delivery of the bonds, the signatures must, nevertheless, be valid and sufficient for all purposes, the same as if the officials had remained in office until the delivery. Any provision of any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any bonds issued under this chapter are fully negotiable.
- 38 (7) Notwithstanding subsections (4) through (6) of this section, 39 bonds issued under this section may be issued and sold in accordance 40 with chapter 39.46 RCW.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. USE OF TAX REVENUE FOR BOND REPAYMENT. A sponsoring military community that issues bonds under section 9 of this act to finance public improvements may pledge for the payment of such bonds all or part of any revenues derived from taxes imposed under section 14 of this act and held in connection with the public improvements. All of such tax revenues are subject to the use restriction in section 15 of this act.

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- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** LIMITATION ON BONDS ISSUED. The bonds 9 issued by a local government under section 9 of this act to finance 10 public improvements do not constitute an obligation of the state of 11 Washington, either general or special.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. ADMINISTRATION BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—ADOPTION OF RULES. The department and the department of commerce may adopt any rules under chapter 34.05 RCW that the departments consider necessary for the administration of this chapter.
- 17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** MILITARY BENEFIT FINANCING—PILOT PROJECT.
- 18 (1) Pilot projects are designated to determine the feasibility of 19 military benefit financing.
- 20 (2) Notwithstanding section 8 of this act, the approving agency 21 must approve each pilot project that meets the applicable conditions, 22 limitations, and requirements provided in this chapter and chapter 23 39.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 16 of this act) as 24 follows:
- 25 (a) The city of Lakewood redevelopment project must be approved 26 for at least one million dollars; and
- 27 (b) Any other pilot project application submitted under this 28 section by a local government.
 - (3) Local government sponsors of pilot projects under this section must submit to the approving agency by no later than September 1, 2018, documentation that substantiates that the project has met the applicable conditions, limitations, and requirements provided in this chapter and chapter 39.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 16 of this act).
- 35 (4) Within ninety days of submitting the documentation required 36 under subsection (3) of this section, the approving agency must

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approve a pilot project that has met the conditions, limitations, and requirements under this chapter.

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- (5) Local government sponsors of pilot projects may elect to decline the project awards as designated in this section, and may elect instead to submit applications according to the process described in section 8 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 82.14 RCW to read as follows:
 - SALE AND USE TAX AUTHORITY. (1) Any local government that has been approved for a project award under section 8 of this act may impose a sales and use tax under the authority of this section in accordance with the terms of this chapter. Except as provided in this section, the tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and must be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the taxing jurisdiction of the local government.
 - (2) The tax authorized under subsection (1) of this section is credited against the state taxes imposed under RCW 82.08.020(1) and 82.12.020 at the rate provided in RCW 82.08.020(1). The department must perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the local government at no cost to the local government. The taxes must be distributed to local governments as provided in RCW 82.14.060.
- 23 (3) The rate of tax imposed by a local government may not exceed 24 the lesser of:
 - (a) The rate provided in RCW 82.08.020(1), less:
- 26 (i) The aggregate rates of all other local sales and use taxes 27 imposed by any taxing authority on the same taxable events;
- (ii) The aggregate rates of all taxes under RCW 82.14.465 and 82.14.475 and this section that are authorized but have not yet been imposed on the same taxable events by a local government that has been approved to receive a state contribution by the department, the department of commerce, or the community economic revitalization board under chapter 39.104, 39.100, or 39.102 RCW; and
- (iii) The percentage amount of distributions required under RCW 82.08.020(5) multiplied by the rate of state taxes imposed under RCW 82.08.020(1); and
- 37 (b) The rate, as determined by the local government in 38 consultation with the department, reasonably necessary to receive the 39 project award under section 8 of this act over ten months.

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- (4) The department, upon request, must assist a local government in establishing its tax rate in accordance with subsection (3) of this section. Once the rate of tax is selected through the application process and approved under section 8 of this act, it may not be increased.
- 6 (5)(a) Except as provided in (c) and (d) of this subsection, no 7 tax may be imposed under the authority of this section before:
 - (i) July 1, 2019;

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- 9 (ii) July 1st of the second calendar year following the year in which the application was approved under section 8 of this act;
 - (iii) The state sales and use tax increment for the preceding calendar year is equal to or exceeds the amount of the project award approved under section 8 of this act; and
 - (iv) Bonds have been issued according to section 9 of this act.
 - (b) The tax imposed under this section expires the earlier of the date that the bonds issued under the authority of section 9 of this act are retired or twenty-five years after the tax is first imposed.
 - (6) An ordinance or resolution adopted by the legislative authority of the local government imposing a tax under this section must provide that:
- 21 (a) The tax will first be imposed on the first day of a fiscal year;
 - (b) The cumulative amount of tax received by the local government, in any fiscal year, may not exceed the amount approved by the department under subsection (10) of this section;
 - (c) The department must cease distributing the tax for the remainder of any fiscal year in which either:
 - (i) The amount of tax received by the local government equals the amount of distributions approved by the department for the fiscal year under subsection (10) of this section; or
- 31 (ii) The amount of revenue distributed to all sponsoring and 32 cosponsoring local governments from taxes imposed under this section 33 equals the annual state contribution limit;
 - (d) The tax will be distributed again, should it cease to be distributed for any of the reasons provided in (c) of this subsection, at the beginning of the next fiscal year, subject to the restrictions in this section; and
- (e) The state is entitled to any revenue generated by the tax in excess of the amounts specified in (c) of this subsection.

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- 1 (7) If a local government receives approval for more than one military benefit zone within its jurisdiction, the local government 2 may impose a sales and use tax under this section for each military 3 benefit zone. 4
 - (8) The department must determine the amount of tax receipts distributed to each local government imposing a sales and use tax under the authority of this section and must advise a local government when tax distributions for the fiscal year equal the amount determined by the department in subsection (10) of this section. Determinations by the department of the amount of tax distributions attributable to a local government are not appealable. The department must remit any tax receipts in excess of the amounts specified in subsection (6)(c) of this section to the state treasurer who must deposit the money in the general fund.
 - (9) If a local government fails to comply with RCW 82.32.765, no tax may be distributed in the subsequent fiscal year until such time as the local government complies and the department calculates the state contribution amount according to subsection (10) of this section for the fiscal year.
- (10)(a) For each fiscal year that a local government imposes the 20 21 tax under the authority of this section, the department must approve the amount of taxes that may be distributed to the local government. 22 The amount approved by the department under this subsection is the lesser of: 24
 - (i) The state contribution;

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- 26 (ii) The amount of project award granted as provided in section 8 27 of this act; or
 - (iii) The total amount of revenues from local public sources dedicated or, in the case of carry forward revenues, deemed dedicated in the preceding calendar year, as reported in the required annual report under RCW 82.32.765.
- (b) A local government may not receive, in any fiscal year, more 32 revenues from taxes imposed under the authority of this section than 33 the amount approved annually by the department. 34
- (11) The amount of tax distributions received from taxes imposed 35 36 under the authority of this section by all local governments is 37 limited annually to not more than the amount of annual state 38 contribution limit.

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- 1 (12) The definitions in section 2 of this act apply to this 2 section subject to subsection (13) of this section and unless the 3 context clearly requires otherwise.
- 4 (13) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 5 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 6 (a) "Local sales and use taxes" means sales and use taxes imposed 7 by cities, counties, public facilities districts, and other local 8 governments under the authority of this chapter, chapter 67.28 RCW, 9 or any other chapter, and that are credited against the state sales 10 and use taxes.
- 11 (b) "State sales and use taxes" means the taxes imposed in RCW 82.08.020(1) and 82.12.020.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. Moneys collected from the taxes imposed under section 14 of this act may be used only for the purpose of paying debt service on bonds issued under the authority in section 9 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. Sections 1 through 13 and 15 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 39 RCW.

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