ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2700

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By House Early Learning & Human Services (originally sponsored by Representatives Valdez, Smith, Stonier, Sawyer, Jinkins, Ortiz-Self, and Kagi)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/18.

- AN ACT Relating to the handling of child forensic interview and 1 2 child interview digital recordings; amending RCW 3 26.44.020, and 26.44.185; reenacting and amending RCW 42.56.240; adding new sections to chapter 26.44 RCW; creating a new section; 4 5 prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency. 6
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 26.44 9 RCW to read as follows:
- 10 The legislature recognizes an inherent privacy interest that a 11 child has with respect to the child's recorded voice and image when 12 describing the highly sensitive details of abuse or neglect upon the 13 child as defined in RCW 26.44.020. The legislature further finds that reasonable restrictions on the dissemination of these recordings can 14 accommodate both privacy interests and due process. To that end, the 15 16 legislature intends to exempt these recordings from dissemination 17 act and provide additional public records authority for violations of protective orders that set forth such 18 19 terms and conditions as are necessary to protect the privacy of the child. 20

p. 1 ESHB 2700

1 Sec. 2. RCW 26.44.020 and 2012 c 259 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3

4

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

1516

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2425

26

2728

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

3839

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Abuse or neglect" means sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or injury of a child by any person under circumstances which cause harm to the child's health, welfare, or safety, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 9A.16.100; or the negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child by a person responsible for or providing care to the child. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined in this section.
- (2) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.
- (3) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard such children from future abuse and neglect, and conduct investigations of child abuse and neglect reports. Investigations may be conducted regardless of the location of the alleged abuse or neglect. Child protective services includes referral to services to ameliorate conditions that endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.
- 29 (4) "Child protective services section" means the child 30 protective services section of the department.
 - (5) "Children's advocacy center" means a child-focused facility in good standing with the state chapter for children's advocacy centers and that coordinates a multidisciplinary process for the investigation, prosecution, and treatment of sexual and other types of child abuse. Children's advocacy centers provide a location for forensic interviews and coordinate access to services such as, but not limited to, medical evaluations, advocacy, therapy, and case review by multidisciplinary teams within the context of county protocols as defined in RCW 26.44.180 and 26.44.185.

p. 2 ESHB 2700

1 (6) "Clergy" means any regularly licensed or ordained minister, 2 priest, or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether 3 acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any 4 public or private organization or institution.

5 6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

1415

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

2829

30

3536

- (7) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.
- (8) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
- (9) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of subsequent child abuse or neglect, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child abuse or neglect report. Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child abuse or neglect occurred, but does determine the need for services to address the safety of the child and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- (10) "Family assessment response" means a way of responding to certain reports of child abuse or neglect made under this chapter using a differential response approach to child protective services. The family assessment response shall focus on the safety of the child, the integrity and preservation of the family, and shall assess the status of the child and the family in terms of risk of abuse and neglect including the parent's or guardian's or other caretaker's capacity and willingness to protect the child and, if necessary, plan and arrange the provision of services to reduce the risk and otherwise support the family. No one is named as a perpetrator, and no investigative finding is entered in the record as a result of a family assessment.
- (11) "Founded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that, based on available information, it is more likely than not that child abuse or neglect did occur.
- 31 (12) "Inconclusive" means the determination following an 32 investigation by the department, prior to October 1, 2008, that based 33 on available information a decision cannot be made that more likely 34 than not, child abuse or neglect did or did not occur.
 - (13) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment, or care.
- 37 (14) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the 38 prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public 39 safety, or the office of the sheriff.

p. 3 ESHB 2700

(15) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an intent, wish, or design to intimidate, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in willful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a willful disregard of social duty.

1

2

3

4

5 6

2425

26

2728

29

30 31

32

33

3435

36

3738

39

- 7 (16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or a failure to act, or the cumulative effects of a pattern of conduct, 8 behavior, or inaction, that evidences a serious disregard of 9 consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present 10 danger to a child's health, welfare, or safety, including but not 11 12 limited to conduct prohibited under RCW 9A.42.100. When considering whether a clear and present danger exists, evidence of a parent's 13 substance abuse as a contributing factor to negligent treatment or 14 maltreatment shall be given great weight. The fact that siblings 15 16 share a bedroom is not, in and of itself, negligent treatment or 17 maltreatment. Poverty, homelessness, or exposure to domestic violence 18 as defined in RCW 26.50.010 that is perpetrated against someone other 19 than the child does not constitute negligent treatment maltreatment in and of itself. 20
- 21 (17) "Pharmacist" means any registered pharmacist under chapter 22 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee 23 or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
 - (18) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" includes a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner. A person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner will not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.
 - (19) "Professional school personnel" include, but are not limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.
 - (20) "Psychologist" means any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

p. 4 ESHB 2700

- 1 (21) "Screened-out report" means a report of alleged child abuse or neglect that the department has determined does not rise to the 2 level of a credible report of abuse or neglect and is not referred 3 for investigation. 4
- (22) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or 5 6 encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) 7 allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any 8 9 person.
- (23) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in 10 RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a sexually aggressive youth. 11

- "Social service counselor" means anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in 13 encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support, or education 14 of children, or providing social services to adults or families, 15 16 including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic 17 violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or 18 agent of any public or private organization employee or or 19 institution.
- (25) "Supervising agency" means an agency licensed by the state 20 21 under RCW 74.15.090 or an Indian tribe under RCW 74.15.190 that has entered into a performance-based contract with the department to 22 provide child welfare services. 23
- "Unfounded" the determination 24 (26)means following an 25 investigation by the department that available information indicates 26 that, more likely than not, child abuse or neglect did not occur, or that there is insufficient evidence for the department to determine 27 28 whether the alleged child abuse did or did not occur.
- 29 (27) "Child forensic interview" means a developmentally sensitive and legally sound method of gathering factual information regarding 30 31 allegations of child abuse, child neglect, or exposure to violence. This interview is conducted by a competently trained, neutral 32 professional utilizing techniques informed by research and best 33 practice as part of a larger investigative process. 34
- 35 Sec. 3. RCW 26.44.020 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 321 are each amended to read as follows: 36
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 37 unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 38

ESHB 2700 p. 5

(1) "Abuse or neglect" means sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or injury of a child by any person under circumstances which cause harm to the child's health, welfare, or safety, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 9A.16.100; or the negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child by a person responsible for or providing care to the child. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined in this section.

1

2

3

4

5 6

7

25

26

27

2829

30 31

32

33

34

35

- 8 (2) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of 9 eighteen years of age.
- (3) "Child protective services" means those services provided by 10 11 the department designed to protect children from child abuse and 12 neglect and safeguard such children from future abuse and neglect, and conduct investigations of child abuse and neglect reports. 13 14 Investigations may be conducted regardless of the location of the alleged abuse or neglect. Child protective services includes referral 15 16 to services to ameliorate conditions that endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services 17 relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child 18 abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child 19 has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services 20 21 should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental 22 inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or 23 24 neglect.
 - (4) "Child protective services section" means the child protective services section of the department.
 - (5) "Children's advocacy center" means a child-focused facility in good standing with the state chapter for children's advocacy centers and that coordinates a multidisciplinary process for the investigation, prosecution, and treatment of sexual and other types of child abuse. Children's advocacy centers provide a location for forensic interviews and coordinate access to services such as, but not limited to, medical evaluations, advocacy, therapy, and case review by multidisciplinary teams within the context of county protocols as defined in RCW 26.44.180 and 26.44.185.
- (6) "Clergy" means any regularly licensed or ordained minister, priest, or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

p. 6 ESHB 2700

- 1 (7) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, 2 juvenile department.
- 3 (8) "Department" means the department of children, youth, and 4 families.

- (9) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of subsequent child abuse or neglect, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child abuse or neglect report. Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child abuse or neglect occurred, but does determine the need for services to address the safety of the child and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- (10) "Family assessment response" means a way of responding to certain reports of child abuse or neglect made under this chapter using a differential response approach to child protective services. The family assessment response shall focus on the safety of the child, the integrity and preservation of the family, and shall assess the status of the child and the family in terms of risk of abuse and neglect including the parent's or guardian's or other caretaker's capacity and willingness to protect the child and, if necessary, plan and arrange the provision of services to reduce the risk and otherwise support the family. No one is named as a perpetrator, and no investigative finding is entered in the record as a result of a family assessment.
- (11) "Founded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that, based on available information, it is more likely than not that child abuse or neglect did occur.
 - (12) "Inconclusive" means the determination following an investigation by the department of social and health services, prior to October 1, 2008, that based on available information a decision cannot be made that more likely than not, child abuse or neglect did or did not occur.
 - (13) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment, or care.
 - (14) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.
 - (15) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an intent, wish, or design to intimidate, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in willful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or

p. 7 ESHB 2700

- 1 an act or omission of duty betraying a willful disregard of social 2 duty.
- (16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or a 3 failure to act, or the cumulative effects of a pattern of conduct, 4 behavior, or inaction, that evidences a serious disregard of 5 6 consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to a child's health, welfare, or safety, including but not 7 limited to conduct prohibited under RCW 9A.42.100. When considering 8 whether a clear and present danger exists, evidence of a parent's 9 substance abuse as a contributing factor to negligent treatment or 10 11 maltreatment shall be given great weight. The fact that siblings 12 share a bedroom is not, in and of itself, negligent treatment or maltreatment. Poverty, homelessness, or exposure to domestic violence 13 14 as defined in RCW 26.50.010 that is perpetrated against someone other than the child does not constitute negligent treatment 15 16 maltreatment in and of itself.
- 17 (17) "Pharmacist" means any registered pharmacist under chapter 18 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee 19 or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

21

22

23

2425

26

2728

32

33

34

35

- (18) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" includes a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner. A person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner will not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.
- 29 (19) "Professional school personnel" include, but are not limited 30 to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility 31 personnel, and school nurses.
 - (20) "Psychologist" means any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
- 36 (21) "Screened-out report" means a report of alleged child abuse 37 or neglect that the department has determined does not rise to the 38 level of a credible report of abuse or neglect and is not referred 39 for investigation.

p. 8 ESHB 2700

- 1 (22) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or 2 encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) 3 allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or 4 pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any 5 person.
- 6 (23) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a sexually aggressive youth.
- "Social service counselor" means anyone engaged in a 8 professional capacity during the regular course of employment in 9 encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support, or education 10 11 of children, or providing social services to adults or families, 12 including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as 13 14 agent of any public or private organization employee or or institution. 15
- 16 (25) "Supervising agency" means an agency licensed by the state 17 under RCW 74.15.090 or an Indian tribe under RCW 74.15.190 that has 18 entered into a performance-based contract with the department to 19 provide child welfare services.

2122

23

24

33

34

35

36

3738

39

- (26) "Unfounded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that available information indicates that, more likely than not, child abuse or neglect did not occur, or that there is insufficient evidence for the department to determine whether the alleged child abuse did or did not occur.
- 25 (27) "Child forensic interview" means a developmentally sensitive
 26 and legally sound method of gathering factual information regarding
 27 allegations of child abuse, child neglect, or exposure to violence.
 28 This interview is conducted by a competently trained, neutral
 29 professional utilizing techniques informed by research and best
 30 practice as part of a larger investigative process.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 26.44 32 RCW to read as follows:
 - Any and all audio and video recordings of child forensic interviews as defined in this chapter are exempt from disclosure under the public records act, chapter 42.56 RCW. Such recordings are confidential under chapter 13.50 RCW and federal law and may only be disclosed pursuant to a court order entered upon a showing of good cause and with advance notice to the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. Failure to disclose an audio or video recording of a

p. 9 ESHB 2700

- 1 child forensic interview as defined in this chapter is not grounds
- 2 for penalties or other sanctions available under chapter 42.56 RCW or
- 3 RCW 13.50.100(10). Nothing in this section is intended to restrict
- 4 the ability of the department or law enforcement to share child
- 5 welfare information as authorized or required by state or federal
- 6 law.
- 7 **Sec. 5.** RCW 26.44.185 and 2010 c 176 s 3 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- (1) Each county shall revise and expand its existing child sexual 9 10 abuse investigation protocol to address investigations of child fatality, child physical abuse, and criminal child neglect cases and 11 to incorporate the statewide guidelines for first responders to child 12 fatalities developed by the criminal justice training commission. The 13 protocols shall address the coordination of child fatality, child 14 physical abuse, and criminal child neglect investigations between the 15 16 county and city prosecutor's offices, law enforcement, children's 17 protective services, children's advocacy centers, where available, local advocacy groups, emergency medical services, and any other 18 19 local agency involved in the investigation of such cases. The 20 protocol shall include the handling of child forensic interview audio and video recordings in accordance with section 6 of this act. The 21 protocol revision and expansion shall be developed by the prosecuting 22 23 attorney in collaboration with the agencies referenced in 24 section.
- (2) Revised and expanded protocols under this section shall be adopted and in place by July 1, 2008. Thereafter, the protocols shall be reviewed every two years to determine whether modifications are needed.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 26.44 30 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) Any and all audio and video recordings of child forensic 31 interviews disclosed in a criminal or civil proceeding must be 32 subject to a protective order, or other such order, unless the court 33 34 finds good cause that the interview should not be subject to such an order. The protective order shall include the following: (a) That the 35 recording be used only for the purposes of conducting the party's 36 side of the case, unless otherwise agreed by the parties or ordered 37 by the court; (b) that the recording not be copied, photographed, 38

p. 10 ESHB 2700

1 duplicated, or otherwise reproduced except as a written transcript that does not reveal the identity of the child; (c) that the 2 recording not be given, displayed, or in any way provided to a third 3 party, except as permitted in (d) or (e) of this subsection or as 4 necessary at trial; (d) that the recording remain in the exclusive 5 6 custody of the attorneys, their employees, or agents, including expert witnesses retained by either party, who shall be provided a 7 copy of the protective order; (e) that, if the party is not 8 represented by an attorney, the party, their employees, and agents, 9 including expert witnesses, shall not be given a copy 10 11 recording but shall be given reasonable access to view the recording 12 by the custodian of the recording; and (f) that upon termination of representation or upon disposition of the matter at the trial court 13 level, attorneys and other custodians of recordings promptly return 14 all copies of the recording. 15

(2) A violation of a court order pursuant to this section is subject to a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars, in addition to any other appropriate sanction by the court.

16

17

18

24

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

36

3738

39

- 19 (3) Nothing in this section is intended to restrict the ability 20 of the department or law enforcement to share child welfare 21 information as authorized or required by state or federal law.
- 22 **Sec. 7.** RCW 42.56.240 and 2017 c 261 s 7 and 2017 c 72 s 3 are 23 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The following investigative, law enforcement, and crime victim information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this chapter:

- (1) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy;
- (2) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim, or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints

p. 11 ESHB 2700

filed with the commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath;

- (3) Any records of investigative reports prepared by any state, county, municipal, or other law enforcement agency pertaining to sex offenses contained in chapter 9A.44 RCW or sexually violent offenses as defined in RCW 71.09.020, which have been transferred to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs for permanent electronic retention and retrieval pursuant to RCW 40.14.070(2)(b);
- (4) License applications under RCW 9.41.070; copies of license applications or information on the applications may be released to law enforcement or corrections agencies;
 - (5) Information revealing the identity of child victims of sexual assault who are under age eighteen. Identifying information means the child victim's name, address, location, photograph, and in cases in which the child victim is a relative or stepchild of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator;
- (6) Information contained in a local or regionally maintained gang database as well as the statewide gang database referenced in RCW 43.43.762;
- 22 (7) Data from the electronic sales tracking system established in 23 RCW 69.43.165;
 - (8) Information submitted to the statewide unified sex offender notification and registration program under RCW 36.28A.040(6) by a person for the purpose of receiving notification regarding a registered sex offender, including the person's name, residential address, and email address;
 - (9) Personally identifying information collected by law enforcement agencies pursuant to local security alarm system programs and vacation crime watch programs. Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted so as to prohibit the legal owner of a residence or business from accessing information regarding his or her residence or business;
- 35 (10) The felony firearm offense conviction database of felony 36 firearm offenders established in RCW 43.43.822;
- 37 (11) The identity of a state employee or officer who has in good 38 faith filed a complaint with an ethics board, as provided in RCW 39 42.52.410, or who has in good faith reported improper governmental

p. 12 ESHB 2700

action, as defined in RCW 42.40.020, to the auditor or other public official, as defined in RCW 42.40.020;

- (12) The following security threat group information collected and maintained by the department of corrections pursuant to RCW 72.09.745: (a) Information that could lead to the identification of a person's security threat group status, affiliation, or activities; (b) information that reveals specific security threats associated with the operation and activities of security threat groups; and (c) information that identifies the number of security threat group members, affiliates, or associates;
- (13) The global positioning system data that would indicate the location of the residence of an employee or worker of a criminal justice agency as defined in RCW 10.97.030;
- (14) Body worn camera recordings to the extent nondisclosure is essential for the protection of any person's right to privacy as described in RCW 42.56.050, including, but not limited to, the circumstances enumerated in (a) of this subsection. A law enforcement or corrections agency shall not disclose a body worn camera recording to the extent the recording is exempt under this subsection.
- 20 (a) Disclosure of a body worn camera recording is presumed to be 21 highly offensive to a reasonable person under RCW 42.56.050 to the 22 extent it depicts:
- 23 (i)(A) Any areas of a medical facility, counseling, or 24 therapeutic program office where:
 - (I) A patient is registered to receive treatment, receiving treatment, waiting for treatment, or being transported in the course of treatment; or
- 28 (II) Health care information is shared with patients, their 29 families, or among the care team; or
- 30 (B) Information that meets the definition of protected health 31 information for purposes of the health insurance portability and 32 accountability act of 1996 or health care information for purposes of 33 chapter 70.02 RCW;
- 34 (ii) The interior of a place of residence where a person has a 35 reasonable expectation of privacy;
- 36 (iii) An intimate image as defined in RCW 9A.86.010;
- 37 (iv) A minor;

3

4

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19

25

26

27

- 38 (v) The body of a deceased person;
- (vi) The identity of or communications from a victim or witness of an incident involving domestic violence as defined in RCW

p. 13 ESHB 2700

- 1 10.99.020 or sexual assault as defined in RCW 70.125.030, or disclosure of intimate images as defined in RCW 9A.86.010. If at the time of recording the victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure of the recorded identity or communications, such desire shall govern; or
 - (vii) The identifiable location information of a community-based domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020, or emergency shelter as defined in RCW 70.123.020.
- 9 (b) The presumptions set out in (a) of this subsection may be 10 rebutted by specific evidence in individual cases.
 - (c) In a court action seeking the right to inspect or copy a body worn camera recording, a person who prevails against a law enforcement or corrections agency that withholds or discloses all or part of a body worn camera recording pursuant to (a) of this subsection is not entitled to fees, costs, or awards pursuant to RCW 42.56.550 unless it is shown that the law enforcement or corrections agency acted in bad faith or with gross negligence.
 - (d) A request for body worn camera recordings must:
- 19 (i) Specifically identify a name of a person or persons involved 20 in the incident;
 - (ii) Provide the incident or case number;

- 22 (iii) Provide the date, time, and location of the incident or 23 incidents; or
- 24 (iv) Identify a law enforcement or corrections officer involved 25 in the incident or incidents.
 - (e)(i) A person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested body worn camera recording, an attorney representing a person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested body worn camera recording, a person or his or her attorney who requests a body worn camera recording relevant to a criminal case involving that person, or the executive director from either the Washington state commission on African-American affairs, Asian Pacific American affairs, or Hispanic affairs, has the right to obtain the body worn camera recording, subject to any exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. In addition, an attorney who represents a person regarding a potential or existing civil cause of action involving the denial of civil rights under the federal or state Constitution, or a violation of a United States department of justice settlement agreement, has the right to obtain the body worn camera recording if relevant to the cause of action, subject to any

p. 14 ESHB 2700

exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. The attorney must explain the relevancy of the requested body worn camera recording to the cause of action and specify that he or she is seeking relief from redaction costs under this subsection (14)(e).

б

- (ii) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to requests under this subsection (14)(e) may not require the requesting individual to pay costs of any redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of a body worn camera recording.
- (iii) A law enforcement or corrections agency may require any person requesting a body worn camera recording pursuant to this subsection (14)(e) to identify himself or herself to ensure he or she is a person entitled to obtain the body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(e).
- (f)(i) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to a request to disclose body worn camera recordings may require any requester not listed in (e) of this subsection to pay the reasonable costs of redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of the body worn camera recording prior to disclosure only to the extent necessary to comply with the exemptions in this chapter or any applicable law.
- (ii) An agency that charges redaction costs under this subsection (14)(f) must use redaction technology that provides the least costly commercially available method of redacting body worn camera recordings, to the extent possible and reasonable.
- (iii) In any case where an agency charges a requestor for the costs of redacting a body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(f), the time spent on redaction of the recording shall not count towards the agency's allocation of, or limitation on, time or costs spent responding to public records requests under this chapter, as established pursuant to local ordinance, policy, procedure, or state law.
 - (g) For purposes of this subsection (14):
- (i) "Body worn camera recording" means a video and/or sound recording that is made by a body worn camera attached to the uniform or eyewear of a law enforcement or corrections officer from a covered jurisdiction while in the course of his or her official duties and that is made on or after June 9, 2016, and prior to July 1, 2019; and
- (ii) "Covered jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction that has deployed body worn cameras as of June 9, 2016, regardless of whether

p. 15 ESHB 2700

- or not body worn cameras are being deployed in the jurisdiction on June 9, 2016, including, but not limited to, jurisdictions that have deployed body worn cameras on a pilot basis.
- 4 (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict 5 access to body worn camera recordings as otherwise permitted by law 6 for official or recognized civilian and accountability bodies or 7 pursuant to any court order.
- 8 (i) Nothing in this section is intended to modify the obligations 9 of prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement under *Brady v. Maryland*, 10 373 U.S. 83, 83 S. Ct. 1194, 10 L. Ed. 2d 215 (1963), *Kyles v. Whitley*, 541 U.S. 419, 115 S. Ct. 1555, 131 L. Ed.2d 490 (1995), and 12 the relevant Washington court criminal rules and statutes.
- 13 (j) A law enforcement or corrections agency must retain body worn 14 camera recordings for at least sixty days and thereafter may destroy 15 the records;
- 16 (15) Any records and information contained within the statewide 17 sexual assault kit tracking system established in RCW 43.43.545; 18 ((and))
- 19 (16)(a) Survivor communications with, and survivor records 20 maintained by, campus-affiliated advocates.
- 21 (b) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict 22 access to records maintained by a campus-affiliated advocate in the 23 event that:
 - (i) The survivor consents to inspection or copying;

2526

27

32

33

3435

- (ii) There is a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury or death of the survivor or another person;
 - (iii) Inspection or copying is required by federal law; or
- 28 (iv) A court of competent jurisdiction mandates that the record 29 be available for inspection or copying.
- 30 (c) "Campus-affiliated advocate" and "survivor" have the 31 definitions in RCW 28B.112.030; ((and))
 - (17) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs and information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington state patrol pursuant to chapter 261, Laws of 2017; and
- (18) Any and all audio or video recordings of child forensic interviews as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW. Such recordings are confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to a court order entered upon a showing of good cause and with advance notice to the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. Failure to disclose an

p. 16 ESHB 2700

- 1 <u>audio or video recording of a child forensic interview as defined in</u>
- 2 chapter 26.44 RCW is not grounds for penalties or other sanctions
- 3 available under this chapter.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Section 7 of this act applies
- 5 retroactively to all outstanding public records requests submitted
- 6 prior to the effective date of this section.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Section 2 of this act expires July 1,
- 8 2018.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** Section 3 of this act takes effect July
- 10 1, 2018.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** Except for section 3 of this act, this
- 12 act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace,
- 13 health, or safety, or support of the state government and its
- 14 existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

--- END ---

p. 17 ESHB 2700