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HOUSE BILL 2700

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By Representatives Valdez, Smith, Stonier, Sawyer, Jinkins, Ortiz-Self, and Kagi

Read first time 01/12/18. Referred to Committee on Early Learning & Human Services.

- AN ACT Relating to the handling of child forensic interview and 1 2 child interview digital recordings; amending RCW 26.44.020, 3 26.44.020, and 26.44.185; reenacting and amending RCW 42.56.240; adding new sections to chapter 26.44 RCW; prescribing penalties; 4 5 providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 26.44 8 RCW to read as follows:
 - The legislature recognizes an inherent privacy interest that a child has with respect to the child's recorded voice and image when describing the highly sensitive details of abuse or neglect upon the child as defined in RCW 26.44.020. The legislature further finds that reasonable restrictions on the dissemination of these recordings can accommodate both privacy interests and due process. To that end, the legislature intends to exempt these recordings from dissemination under the public records act and provide additional sanction authority for violations of protective orders that set forth such terms and conditions as are necessary to protect the privacy of the child.

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1 Sec. 2. RCW 26.44.020 and 2012 c 259 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

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The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Abuse or neglect" means sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or injury of a child by any person under circumstances which cause harm to the child's health, welfare, or safety, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 9A.16.100; or the negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child by a person responsible for or providing care to the child. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined in this section.
- (2) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.
- (3) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard such children from future abuse and neglect, and conduct investigations of child abuse and neglect reports. Investigations may be conducted regardless of the location of the alleged abuse or neglect. Child protective services includes referral to services to ameliorate conditions that endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.
- 29 (4) "Child protective services section" means the child 30 protective services section of the department.
 - (5) "Children's advocacy center" means a child-focused facility in good standing with the state chapter for children's advocacy centers and that coordinates a multidisciplinary process for the investigation, prosecution, and treatment of sexual and other types of child abuse. Children's advocacy centers provide a location for forensic interviews and coordinate access to services such as, but not limited to, medical evaluations, advocacy, therapy, and case review by multidisciplinary teams within the context of county protocols as defined in RCW 26.44.180 and 26.44.185.

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- 1 (6) "Clergy" means any regularly licensed or ordained minister, 2 priest, or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether 3 acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any 4 public or private organization or institution.
 - (7) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.

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- (8) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
- (9) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of subsequent child abuse or neglect, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child abuse or neglect report. Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child abuse or neglect occurred, but does determine the need for services to address the safety of the child and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- (10) "Family assessment response" means a way of responding to certain reports of child abuse or neglect made under this chapter using a differential response approach to child protective services. The family assessment response shall focus on the safety of the child, the integrity and preservation of the family, and shall assess the status of the child and the family in terms of risk of abuse and neglect including the parent's or guardian's or other caretaker's capacity and willingness to protect the child and, if necessary, plan and arrange the provision of services to reduce the risk and otherwise support the family. No one is named as a perpetrator, and no investigative finding is entered in the record as a result of a family assessment.
- (11) "Founded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that, based on available information, it is more likely than not that child abuse or neglect did occur.
- 31 (12) "Inconclusive" means the determination following an 32 investigation by the department, prior to October 1, 2008, that based 33 on available information a decision cannot be made that more likely 34 than not, child abuse or neglect did or did not occur.
- 35 (13) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any 36 other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment, or care.
- 37 (14) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the 38 prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public 39 safety, or the office of the sheriff.

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(15) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an intent, wish, or design to intimidate, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in willful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a willful disregard of social duty.

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- 7 (16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or a failure to act, or the cumulative effects of a pattern of conduct, 8 behavior, or inaction, that evidences a serious disregard of 9 consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present 10 danger to a child's health, welfare, or safety, including but not 11 12 limited to conduct prohibited under RCW 9A.42.100. When considering whether a clear and present danger exists, evidence of a parent's 13 14 substance abuse as a contributing factor to negligent treatment or maltreatment shall be given great weight. The fact that siblings 15 16 share a bedroom is not, in and of itself, negligent treatment or 17 maltreatment. Poverty, homelessness, or exposure to domestic violence 18 as defined in RCW 26.50.010 that is perpetrated against someone other 19 than the child does not constitute negligent treatment maltreatment in and of itself. 20
- 21 (17) "Pharmacist" means any registered pharmacist under chapter 22 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee 23 or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
 - (18) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" includes a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner. A person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner will not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.
 - (19) "Professional school personnel" include, but are not limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.
 - (20) "Psychologist" means any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

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- 1 (21) "Screened-out report" means a report of alleged child abuse 2 or neglect that the department has determined does not rise to the 3 level of a credible report of abuse or neglect and is not referred 4 for investigation.
- 5 (22) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or 6 encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) 7 allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or 8 pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any 9 person.
- 10 (23) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in 11 RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a sexually aggressive youth.

- (24) "Social service counselor" means anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support, or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
- (25) "Supervising agency" means an agency licensed by the state under RCW 74.15.090 or an Indian tribe under RCW 74.15.190 that has entered into a performance-based contract with the department to provide child welfare services.
 - (26) "Unfounded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that available information indicates that, more likely than not, child abuse or neglect did not occur, or that there is insufficient evidence for the department to determine whether the alleged child abuse did or did not occur.
- (27) "Child forensic interview" means a developmentally sensitive and legally sound method of gathering factual information regarding allegations of abuse or exposure to violence. This interview is conducted by a competently trained, neutral professional utilizing techniques informed by research and best practice as part of a larger investigative process. A child forensic interview digital recording and recordings of other child interviews that depict or describe allegations of abuse or exposure to violence are exempt from disclosure under the public records act, chapter 42.56 RCW, except by court order upon a showing of good cause and only with advance notice to the child's quardian.

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1 **Sec. 3.** RCW 26.44.020 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 321 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

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The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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- (2) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.
- (3) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard such children from future abuse and neglect, and conduct investigations of child abuse and neglect reports. Investigations may be conducted regardless of the location of the alleged abuse or neglect. Child protective services includes referral to services to ameliorate conditions that endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.
- 29 (4) "Child protective services section" means the child 30 protective services section of the department.
 - (5) "Children's advocacy center" means a child-focused facility in good standing with the state chapter for children's advocacy centers and that coordinates a multidisciplinary process for the investigation, prosecution, and treatment of sexual and other types of child abuse. Children's advocacy centers provide a location for forensic interviews and coordinate access to services such as, but not limited to, medical evaluations, advocacy, therapy, and case review by multidisciplinary teams within the context of county protocols as defined in RCW 26.44.180 and 26.44.185.

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- 1 (6) "Clergy" means any regularly licensed or ordained minister, 2 priest, or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether 3 acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any 4 public or private organization or institution.
- 5 (7) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, 6 juvenile department.
 - (8) "Department" means the department of children, youth, and families.

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- (9) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of subsequent child abuse or neglect, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child abuse or neglect report. Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child abuse or neglect occurred, but does determine the need for services to address the safety of the child and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- (10) "Family assessment response" means a way of responding to certain reports of child abuse or neglect made under this chapter using a differential response approach to child protective services. The family assessment response shall focus on the safety of the child, the integrity and preservation of the family, and shall assess the status of the child and the family in terms of risk of abuse and neglect including the parent's or guardian's or other caretaker's capacity and willingness to protect the child and, if necessary, plan and arrange the provision of services to reduce the risk and otherwise support the family. No one is named as a perpetrator, and no investigative finding is entered in the record as a result of a family assessment.
- (11) "Founded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that, based on available information, it is more likely than not that child abuse or neglect did occur.
- 31 (12) "Inconclusive" means the determination following an 32 investigation by the department of social and health services, prior 33 to October 1, 2008, that based on available information a decision 34 cannot be made that more likely than not, child abuse or neglect did 35 or did not occur.
- 36 (13) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any 37 other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment, or care.
- 38 (14) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the 39 prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public 40 safety, or the office of the sheriff.

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(15) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an intent, wish, or design to intimidate, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in willful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a willful disregard of social duty.

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- 7 (16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or a failure to act, or the cumulative effects of a pattern of conduct, 8 behavior, or inaction, that evidences a serious disregard of 9 consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present 10 danger to a child's health, welfare, or safety, including but not 11 12 limited to conduct prohibited under RCW 9A.42.100. When considering whether a clear and present danger exists, evidence of a parent's 13 14 substance abuse as a contributing factor to negligent treatment or maltreatment shall be given great weight. The fact that siblings 15 16 share a bedroom is not, in and of itself, negligent treatment or 17 maltreatment. Poverty, homelessness, or exposure to domestic violence 18 as defined in RCW 26.50.010 that is perpetrated against someone other 19 than the child does not constitute negligent treatment maltreatment in and of itself. 20
- 21 (17) "Pharmacist" means any registered pharmacist under chapter 22 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee 23 or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
 - (18) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" includes a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner. A person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner will not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.
 - (19) "Professional school personnel" include, but are not limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.
 - (20) "Psychologist" means any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

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- 1 (21) "Screened-out report" means a report of alleged child abuse 2 or neglect that the department has determined does not rise to the 3 level of a credible report of abuse or neglect and is not referred 4 for investigation.
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- 10 (23) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in 11 RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a sexually aggressive youth.

- (24) "Social service counselor" means anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support, or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
- (25) "Supervising agency" means an agency licensed by the state under RCW 74.15.090 or an Indian tribe under RCW 74.15.190 that has entered into a performance-based contract with the department to provide child welfare services.
 - (26) "Unfounded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that available information indicates that, more likely than not, child abuse or neglect did not occur, or that there is insufficient evidence for the department to determine whether the alleged child abuse did or did not occur.
- (27) "Child forensic interview" means a developmentally sensitive and legally sound method of gathering factual information regarding allegations of abuse or exposure to violence. This interview is conducted by a competently trained, neutral professional utilizing techniques informed by research and best practice as part of a larger investigative process. A child forensic interview digital recording and recordings of other child interviews that depict or describe allegations of abuse or exposure to violence are exempt from disclosure under the public records act, chapter 42.56 RCW, except by court order upon a showing of good cause and only with advance notice to the child's guardian.

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- 1 **Sec. 4.** RCW 26.44.185 and 2010 c 176 s 3 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) Each county shall revise and expand its existing child sexual abuse investigation protocol to address investigations of child 4 fatality, child physical abuse, and criminal child neglect cases and 5 б to incorporate the statewide guidelines for first responders to child fatalities developed by the criminal justice training commission. The 7 protocols shall address the coordination of child fatality, child 8 physical abuse, and criminal child neglect investigations between the 9 county and city prosecutor's offices, law enforcement, children's 10 11 protective services, children's advocacy centers, where available, 12 local advocacy groups, emergency medical services, and any other local agency involved in the investigation of such cases. 13 protocol shall include the handling of child forensic interview 14 digital recordings in accordance with section 5 of this act. The 15 16 protocol revision and expansion shall be developed by the prosecuting 17 attorney in collaboration with the agencies referenced in this section. 18
- 19 (2) Revised and expanded protocols under this section shall be 20 adopted and in place by July 1, 2008. Thereafter, the protocols shall 21 be reviewed every two years to determine whether modifications are 22 needed.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 26.44 RCW to read as follows:

Any digital recording of a child forensic interview or child 25 interview that is disclosed in a criminal or civil proceeding is 26 subject to a protective order, or other such order as appropriate. 27 The court issuing the protective order shall provide: (1) That the 28 recording be used only for the purposes of conducting the party's 29 30 side of the case, unless otherwise agreed by the parties or ordered by the court; (2) that the recording not be copied, photographed, 31 duplicated, or otherwise reproduced; (3) that the recording not be 32 given, displayed, or in any way provided to a third party, except as 33 permitted in subsection (4) of this section or as necessary at trial; 34 35 (4) that the recording remain in the exclusive custody of the attorneys, their employees, or agents, including expert witnesses 36 retained by either party, who shall be provided a copy of the 37 protective order; and (5) that upon termination of representation or 38 upon disposition of the matter at the trial court level, defense 39

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- 1 counsel promptly return all copies of the recording. A violation of a court order is subject to a civil penalty of up to ten thousand 2
- 3 dollars, in addition to any other appropriate sanction by the court.

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Sec. 6. RCW 42.56.240 and 2017 c 261 s 7 and 2017 c 72 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The following investigative, law enforcement, and crime victim information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this chapter:

- (1) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy;
- (2) Information revealing the identity of persons who witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim, or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath;
- (3) Any records of investigative reports prepared by any state, county, municipal, or other law enforcement agency pertaining to sex offenses contained in chapter 9A.44 RCW or sexually violent offenses as defined in RCW 71.09.020, which have been transferred to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs for permanent electronic retention and retrieval pursuant to RCW 40.14.070(2)(b);
- (4) License applications under RCW 9.41.070; copies of license applications or information on the applications may be released to law enforcement or corrections agencies;
- (5) Information revealing the identity of child victims of sexual assault who are under age eighteen. Identifying information means the child victim's name, address, location, photograph, and in cases in which the child victim is a relative or stepchild of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator;

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- 1 (6) Information contained in a local or regionally maintained 2 gang database as well as the statewide gang database referenced in 3 RCW 43.43.762;
- 4 (7) Data from the electronic sales tracking system established in 5 RCW 69.43.165;

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- (8) Information submitted to the statewide unified sex offender notification and registration program under RCW 36.28A.040(6) by a person for the purpose of receiving notification regarding a registered sex offender, including the person's name, residential address, and email address;
- 11 (9) Personally identifying information collected by law 12 enforcement agencies pursuant to local security alarm system programs 13 and vacation crime watch programs. Nothing in this subsection shall 14 be interpreted so as to prohibit the legal owner of a residence or 15 business from accessing information regarding his or her residence or 16 business;
- 17 (10) The felony firearm offense conviction database of felony 18 firearm offenders established in RCW 43.43.822;
 - (11) The identity of a state employee or officer who has in good faith filed a complaint with an ethics board, as provided in RCW 42.52.410, or who has in good faith reported improper governmental action, as defined in RCW 42.40.020, to the auditor or other public official, as defined in RCW 42.40.020;
 - (12) The following security threat group information collected and maintained by the department of corrections pursuant to RCW 72.09.745: (a) Information that could lead to the identification of a person's security threat group status, affiliation, or activities; (b) information that reveals specific security threats associated with the operation and activities of security threat groups; and (c) information that identifies the number of security threat group members, affiliates, or associates;
- 32 (13) The global positioning system data that would indicate the 33 location of the residence of an employee or worker of a criminal 34 justice agency as defined in RCW 10.97.030;
 - (14) Body worn camera recordings to the extent nondisclosure is essential for the protection of any person's right to privacy as described in RCW 42.56.050, including, but not limited to, the circumstances enumerated in (a) of this subsection. A law enforcement or corrections agency shall not disclose a body worn camera recording to the extent the recording is exempt under this subsection.

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- 1 (a) Disclosure of a body worn camera recording is presumed to be 2 highly offensive to a reasonable person under RCW 42.56.050 to the 3 extent it depicts:
 - (i)(A) Any areas of a medical facility, counseling, or therapeutic program office where:
- 6 (I) A patient is registered to receive treatment, receiving 7 treatment, waiting for treatment, or being transported in the course 8 of treatment; or
- 9 (II) Health care information is shared with patients, their 10 families, or among the care team; or
- 11 (B) Information that meets the definition of protected health 12 information for purposes of the health insurance portability and 13 accountability act of 1996 or health care information for purposes of 14 chapter 70.02 RCW;
- 15 (ii) The interior of a place of residence where a person has a 16 reasonable expectation of privacy;
 - (iii) An intimate image as defined in RCW 9A.86.010;
- 18 (iv) A minor;

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- 19 (v) The body of a deceased person;
 - (vi) The identity of or communications from a victim or witness of an incident involving domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020 or sexual assault as defined in RCW 70.125.030, or disclosure of intimate images as defined in RCW 9A.86.010. If at the time of recording the victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure of the recorded identity or communications, such desire shall govern; or
 - (vii) The identifiable location information of a community-based domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020, or emergency shelter as defined in RCW 70.123.020.
- 30 (b) The presumptions set out in (a) of this subsection may be 31 rebutted by specific evidence in individual cases.
 - (c) In a court action seeking the right to inspect or copy a body worn camera recording, a person who prevails against a law enforcement or corrections agency that withholds or discloses all or part of a body worn camera recording pursuant to (a) of this subsection is not entitled to fees, costs, or awards pursuant to RCW 42.56.550 unless it is shown that the law enforcement or corrections agency acted in bad faith or with gross negligence.
 - (d) A request for body worn camera recordings must:

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- 1 (i) Specifically identify a name of a person or persons involved 2 in the incident;
 - (ii) Provide the incident or case number;

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- 4 (iii) Provide the date, time, and location of the incident or incidents; or
- 6 (iv) Identify a law enforcement or corrections officer involved 7 in the incident or incidents.
- (e)(i) A person directly involved in an incident recorded by the 8 requested body worn camera recording, an attorney representing a 9 person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested 10 body worn camera recording, a person or his or her attorney who 11 requests a body worn camera recording relevant to a criminal case 12 involving that person, or the executive director from either the 13 Washington state commission on African-American affairs, Asian 14 Pacific American affairs, or Hispanic affairs, has the right to 15 16 obtain the body worn camera recording, subject to any exemption under 17 this chapter or any applicable law. In addition, an attorney who represents a person regarding a potential or existing civil cause of 18 action involving the denial of civil rights under the federal or 19 state Constitution, or a violation of a United States department of 20 21 justice settlement agreement, has the right to obtain the body worn camera recording if relevant to the cause of action, subject to any 22 exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. The attorney must 23 explain the relevancy of the requested body worn camera recording to 24 25 the cause of action and specify that he or she is seeking relief from redaction costs under this subsection (14)(e). 26
 - (ii) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to requests under this subsection (14)(e) may not require the requesting individual to pay costs of any redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of a body worn camera recording.
 - (iii) A law enforcement or corrections agency may require any person requesting a body worn camera recording pursuant to this subsection (14)(e) to identify himself or herself to ensure he or she is a person entitled to obtain the body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(e).
 - (f)(i) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to a request to disclose body worn camera recordings may require any requester not listed in (e) of this subsection to pay the reasonable costs of redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or

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otherwise obscuring any portion of the body worn camera recording prior to disclosure only to the extent necessary to comply with the exemptions in this chapter or any applicable law.

- (ii) An agency that charges redaction costs under this subsection (14)(f) must use redaction technology that provides the least costly commercially available method of redacting body worn camera recordings, to the extent possible and reasonable.
- (iii) In any case where an agency charges a requestor for the costs of redacting a body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(f), the time spent on redaction of the recording shall not count towards the agency's allocation of, or limitation on, time or costs spent responding to public records requests under this chapter, as established pursuant to local ordinance, policy, procedure, or state law.
 - (g) For purposes of this subsection (14):

- (i) "Body worn camera recording" means a video and/or sound recording that is made by a body worn camera attached to the uniform or eyewear of a law enforcement or corrections officer from a covered jurisdiction while in the course of his or her official duties and that is made on or after June 9, 2016, and prior to July 1, 2019; and
- (ii) "Covered jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction that has deployed body worn cameras as of June 9, 2016, regardless of whether or not body worn cameras are being deployed in the jurisdiction on June 9, 2016, including, but not limited to, jurisdictions that have deployed body worn cameras on a pilot basis.
- (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict access to body worn camera recordings as otherwise permitted by law for official or recognized civilian and accountability bodies or pursuant to any court order.
- (i) Nothing in this section is intended to modify the obligations of prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement under *Brady v. Maryland*, 373 U.S. 83, 83 S. Ct. 1194, 10 L. Ed. 2d 215 (1963), *Kyles v. Whitley*, 541 U.S. 419, 115 S. Ct. 1555, 131 L. Ed.2d 490 (1995), and the relevant Washington court criminal rules and statutes.
- (j) A law enforcement or corrections agency must retain body worn camera recordings for at least sixty days and thereafter may destroy the records;
- 38 (15) Any records and information contained within the statewide 39 sexual assault kit tracking system established in RCW 43.43.545; 40 ((and))

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- 1 (16)(a) Survivor communications with, and survivor records 2 maintained by, campus-affiliated advocates.
- 3 (b) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict 4 access to records maintained by a campus-affiliated advocate in the 5 event that:
 - (i) The survivor consents to inspection or copying;

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- 7 (ii) There is a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury 8 or death of the survivor or another person;
 - (iii) Inspection or copying is required by federal law; or
- 10 (iv) A court of competent jurisdiction mandates that the record 11 be available for inspection or copying.
- 12 (c) "Campus-affiliated advocate" and "survivor" have the 13 definitions in RCW 28B.112.030; ((and))
- 14 (17) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained 15 by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs and 16 information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the 17 Washington state patrol pursuant to chapter 261, Laws of 2017; and
- 18 (18) Any recording of a child forensic interview digital
 19 recording or recording of other child interview that depicts or
 20 describes allegations of abuse or exposure to violence, except by
 21 court order upon a showing of good cause and only with advance notice
 22 to the child's quardian.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Section 2 of this act expires July 1, 24 2018.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Section 3 of this act takes effect July 1, 26 2018.

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