CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1489

65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

Passed by the House February 27, 2017 CERTIFICATE Yeas 96 Nays 0 I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is Speaker of the House of Representatives SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL ENGROSSED 1489 as passed by House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth. Passed by the Senate March 30, 2017 Yeas 49 Nays 0

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1489

Passed Legislature - 2017 Regular Session

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

**By** House Agriculture & Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Kretz, Blake, and Short)

READ FIRST TIME 02/10/17.

AN ACT Relating to private wildland fire suppression contractors; amending RCW 76.04.181 and 43.30.111; amending 2015 c 182 s 2 (uncodified); providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 Sec. 1. RCW 76.04.181 and 2015 c 182 s 6 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) To maximize the effective utilization of local fire 9 suppression assets, the department is required to:

10 (a) ((Compile and annually update master lists)) Actively engage 11 in ongoing prefire season outreach and recruitment of qualified 12 wildland fire suppression contractors and equipment owners who have 13 valid incident qualifications for the ((kind)) type of contracted 14 work to be performed and compile and annually update a master list of 15 the qualified contractors. In order to be included on a master list 16 of qualified wildland fire suppression contractors:

17 Contractors providing fire engines, tenders, (i) crews, or similar resources must have training and qualifications sufficient 18 19 federal wildland for fire contractor eligibility, including 20 possessing a valid incident qualification card, commonly called a red 21 card; and

1 (ii) Contractors other than those identified in (a)(i) of this 2 subsection must have training and qualifications evidenced by 3 possession of a valid department qualification and safety document, 4 commonly called a blue card, issued to people cooperating with the 5 department pursuant to an agreement;

Provide timely advance notification of 6 (b) the dates and locations of department blue card training to all potential wildland 7 fire suppression contractors known to the department and make the 8 in several locations 9 training available that are reasonably 10 convenient for contractors;

(c) ((Make)) <u>Organize</u> the lists of qualified wildland fire suppression contractors <u>to identify the counties where the</u> <u>contractors are located and make the lists</u>, and the availability <u>status of the contractors on the list</u>, available to <u>emergency</u> <u>dispatchers</u>, county legislative authorities, emergency management departments, and local fire districts;

(d) Cooperate with federal wildland firefighting agencies to ((maximize)) prioritize, based on predicted need, the efficient use of local resources in close proximity to wildland fire incidents, including local private wildland suppression contractors;

(e) Enter into preemptive agreements with landowners <u>and other</u> <u>contractors</u> in possession of firefighting capability that may be utilized in wildland fire suppression efforts, including the use of bulldozers, fallers, fuel tenders, potable water tenders, water sprayers, wash trailers, refrigeration units, and buses; and

(f) Conduct outreach to provide basic incident command system and wildland fire safety training to landowners in possession of firefighting capability to help ensure that any wildland fire suppression actions taken by private landowners on their own land are accomplished safely and in coordination with any related incident command structure.

(2) <u>The local wildland fire liaison may play an active role in</u>
the outreach and recruitment of wildland fire suppression contractors
under subsection (1) of this section. This effort may include, but is
not limited to, reaching out to local fire districts and collecting
their knowledge to identify potential fire suppression contractors.

37 <u>(3)</u> Nothing in subsection (1) of this section prohibits the 38 department from:

p. 2

1 (a) Engaging, as needed, local private wildland fire suppression contractors not included on the master list or subject to a 2 preemptive agreement; or 3 (b) Conducting ((condensed)) safety training on the site of a 4 wildland fire in order to utilize available contractors not included 5 б on a master list of qualified wildland fire suppression contractors. 7 (((3))) (4) When entering into preemptive agreements with landowners and other contractors under this section, the department 8 9 must ((ensure that)): (a) Ensure that all equipment and personnel satisfy department 10 standards, including any applicable safety training certifications 11 12 required by the department of labor and industries; ((and)) 13 (b) Ensure that all contractors are, when engaged in fire suppression activities, under the supervision of recognized wildland 14 15 fire personnel; 16 (c) Verify that the agreements have been finalized with an agreed 17 upon standard operating rate identified before being included on the master list of qualified contractors; and 18 (d) Inspect, or verify the inspection of, any equipment included 19 20 in the agreement to ensure that all safety and dependability 21 standards are satisfied. (5) The department may authorize operational field personnel to 22 carry additional personal protection equipment in order to loan the 23 equipment to private fire suppression contractors as needed. 24 25 (((4))) (6) No civil liability may be imposed by any court on the 26 state or its officers and employees for any adverse impacts resulting from training or personal protection equipment provided by the 27 department or preemptive agreements entered into by the department 28 29 under the provisions of this section except upon proof of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct. 30 31 All requirements in this section are subject to (5) the 32 availability of amounts appropriated for the specific purposes described. 33 Sec. 2. RCW 43.30.111 and 2015 c 182 s 1 are each amended to 34 35 read as follows: (1) The commissioner must appoint a local wildland fire liaison 36

37 that reports directly to the commissioner or the supervisor and 38 generally represents the interests and concerns of landowners and the

p. 3

1 general public during any fire suppression activities of the 2 department.

(2) The role of the local wildland fire liaison is to:

3

<u>(a) Provide</u> advice to the commissioner on issues such as access
to land during fire suppression activities, the availability of local
fire suppression assets, environmental concerns, and landowner
interests; and

8 (b) Fulfill other duties as assigned by the commissioner or the 9 legislature, including the recruitment of local wildland fire 10 suppression contractors as provided in RCW 76.04.181.

11 (3) In appointing the local wildland fire liaison, the 12 commissioner must consult with county legislative authorities either 13 directly or through an organization that represents the interests of 14 county legislative authorities.

15 (4) All requirements in this section are subject to the 16 availability of amounts appropriated for the specific purposes 17 described.

18 Sec. 3. 2015 c 182 s 2 (uncodified) is amended to read as
19 follows:

(1) The local wildland fire liaison created in section 1 of this act must prepare a report to the commissioner of public lands by December 31, 2015, that provides recommendations regarding:

(a) Opportunities for the department of natural resources toincrease training with local fire protection districts;

(b) The ability to quickly evaluate the availability of local fire district resources in a manner that allows the local resources to be more efficiently and effectively dispatched to wildland fires; and

29 (c) Opportunities to increase and maintain the viability of local 30 fire suppression assets.

(2) The department of natural resources must issue a report to the legislature consistent with RCW 43.01.036 by October 31, 2016, that summarizes the recommendations of the local wildland fire liaison, details steps taken to implement the recommendations, and offers an analyses of the results on the ground.

36 (3) ((All requirements in this section are subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for the specific purposes described.)) Consistent with RCW 43.01.036, the department of natural resources must issue a report to the legislature by November 30, 1 2018, that outlines the successes and limitations with respect to the 2 establishment of preemptive agreements with private wildland fire 3 suppression contractors under RCW 76.04.181. The report must also 4 include any recommendations as to how the preemptive agreement 5 process can be made more effective. The wildland fire advisory 6 committee created in RCW 76.04.179 must be consulted in the 7 generation of any recommendations.

8 (4) This section expires July 1, ((<del>2017</del>)) <u>2019</u>.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. This act is necessary for the immediate 10 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of 11 the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes 12 effect June 30, 2017.

--- END ---