

2SSB 6281 - H COMM AMD

By Committee on Innovation, Technology & Economic Development

ADOPTED AND ENGROSSED 3/6/20

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the
2 following:

3 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** SHORT TITLE. This act may be known and
4 cited as the Washington privacy act.

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. (1) The legislature
6 finds that the people of Washington regard their privacy as a
7 fundamental right and an essential element of their individual
8 freedom. Washington's Constitution explicitly provides the right to
9 privacy, and fundamental privacy rights have long been and continue
10 to be integral to protecting Washingtonians and to safeguarding our
11 democratic republic.

12 (2) Ongoing advances in technology have produced an exponential
13 growth in the volume and variety of personal data being generated,
14 collected, stored, and analyzed, which presents both promise and
15 potential peril. The ability to harness and use data in positive ways
16 is driving innovation and brings beneficial technologies to society;
17 however, it has also created risks to privacy and freedom. The
18 unregulated and unauthorized use and disclosure of personal
19 information and loss of privacy can have devastating impacts, ranging
20 from financial fraud, identity theft, and unnecessary costs, to
21 personal time and finances, to destruction of property, harassment,
22 reputational damage, emotional distress, and physical harm.

23 (3) Given that technological innovation and new uses of data can
24 help solve societal problems and improve quality of life, the
25 legislature seeks to shape responsible public policies where
26 innovation and protection of individual privacy coexist. The
27 legislature notes that our federal authorities have not developed or
28 adopted into law regulatory or legislative solutions that give
29 consumers control over their privacy. In contrast, the European
30 Union's general data protection regulation has continued to influence
31 data privacy policies and practices of those businesses competing in

1 global markets. In the absence of federal standards, Washington and
2 other states across the United States are analyzing elements of the
3 European Union's general data protection regulation to enact state-
4 based data privacy regulatory protections.

5 (4) With this act, Washington state will be among the first tier
6 of states giving consumers the ability to protect their own rights to
7 privacy and requiring companies to be responsible custodians of data
8 as technological innovations emerge. This act does so by explicitly
9 providing consumers the right to access, correction, and deletion of
10 personal data, as well as the right to opt out of the collection and
11 use of personal data for certain purposes. These rights will add to,
12 and not subtract from, the consumer protection rights that consumers
13 already have under Washington state law.

14 (5) Additionally, this act imposes affirmative obligations upon
15 companies to safeguard personal data and provide clear,
16 understandable, and transparent information to consumers about how
17 their personal data are used. It strengthens compliance and
18 accountability by requiring data protection assessments in the
19 collection and use of personal data. Finally, it empowers the state
20 attorney general to obtain and evaluate a company's data protection
21 assessments, to impose penalties where violations occur, and to
22 prevent against future violations.

23 (6) The legislature also encourages the state office of privacy
24 and data protection to monitor the development of universal privacy
25 controls that communicate a consumer's affirmative, freely given, and
26 unambiguous choice to opt out of the processing of personal data
27 concerning the consumer for the purposes of targeted advertising, the
28 sale of personal data, or profiling in furtherance of decisions that
29 produce legal effects concerning the consumer or similarly
30 significant effects concerning consumers.

31 (7) The legislature recognizes the unique business needs of
32 institutions of higher education and nonprofit corporations. However,
33 these entities control and process an extraordinary amount of
34 personal data and consumers should be afforded the rights provided by
35 this act regarding personal data. Therefore, it is the intent of the
36 legislature to delay the date of application for these entities by
37 three years in order to provide sufficient time to develop a plan to
38 comply with the provisions of this act.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this
2 section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly
3 requires otherwise.

4 (1) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that controls, is controlled
5 by, or is under common control with, that other legal entity. For
6 these purposes, "control" or "controlled" means ownership of, or the
7 power to vote, more than fifty percent of the outstanding shares of
8 any class of voting security of a company; control in any manner over
9 the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals
10 exercising similar functions; or the power to exercise a controlling
11 influence over the management of a company.

12 (2) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine
13 that a request to exercise any of the rights in section 6 (1) through
14 (4) of this act is being made by the consumer who is entitled to
15 exercise such rights with respect to the personal data at issue.

16 (3) "Business associate" has the same meaning as in Title 45
17 C.F.R., established pursuant to the federal health insurance
18 portability and accountability act of 1996.

19 (4) "Child" means any natural person under thirteen years of age.

20 (5) "Consent" means a clear affirmative act signifying a freely
21 given, specific, informed, and unambiguous indication of a consumer's
22 agreement to the processing of personal data relating to the
23 consumer, such as by a written statement, including by electronic
24 means, or other clear affirmative action.

25 (6) "Consumer" means a natural person who is a Washington
26 resident acting only in an individual or household context, including
27 buying and selling in an individual or household context. It does not
28 include a natural person acting in a commercial or employment
29 context.

30 (7) "Controller" means the natural or legal person which, alone
31 or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the
32 processing of personal data.

33 (8) "Covered entity" has the same meaning as in Title 45 C.F.R.,
34 established pursuant to the federal health insurance portability and
35 accountability act of 1996.

36 (9) "Decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer
37 or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer" means
38 decisions that result in the provision or denial of financial and
39 lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment, criminal

1 justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or access to
2 basic necessities, such as food and water.

3 (10) "Deidentified data" means data that cannot reasonably be
4 used to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an
5 identified or identifiable natural person, or a device or household
6 linked to such person, provided that the controller that possesses
7 the data: (a) Takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data
8 cannot be associated with a natural person, or a device or household
9 linked to such person; (b) publicly commits to maintain and use the
10 data only in a deidentified fashion and not attempt to reidentify the
11 data; and (c) contractually obligates any recipients of the
12 information to comply with all provisions of this subsection.

13 (11) "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in RCW
14 70.02.010.

15 (12) "Health care information" has the same meaning as in RCW
16 70.02.010.

17 (13) "Health care provider" has the same meaning as in RCW
18 70.02.010.

19 (14) "Identified or identifiable natural person" means a person
20 who can be readily identified, directly or indirectly.

21 (15) "Institutions of higher education" has the same meaning as
22 in RCW 28B.92.030.

23 (16) "Local government" has the same meaning as in RCW 39.46.020.

24 (17) "Meaningful human review" means review or oversight by one
25 or more individuals who are trained in accordance with section 17(8)
26 of this act and who have the authority to alter the decision under
27 review.

28 (18) "Nonprofit corporation" has the same meaning as in RCW
29 24.03.005.

30 (19) "Ongoing surveillance" means tracking the physical movements
31 of a specified individual through one or more public places over
32 time, whether in real time or through application of a facial
33 recognition service to historical records. It does not include a
34 single recognition or attempted recognition of an individual if no
35 attempt is made to subsequently track that individual's movement over
36 time after the individual has been recognized.

37 (20)(a) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or
38 reasonably linkable to an identified or identifiable natural person.
39 "Personal data" does not include deidentified data or publicly
40 available information.

1 (b) For purposes of this subsection, "publicly available
2 information" means information that is lawfully made available from
3 federal, state, or local government records.

4 (21) "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of
5 operations which are performed on personal data or on sets of
6 personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as the
7 collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, or
8 modification of personal data.

9 (22) "Processor" means a natural or legal person who processes
10 personal data on behalf of a controller.

11 (23) "Profiling" means any form of automated processing of
12 personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects
13 concerning an identified or identifiable natural person's economic
14 situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability,
15 behavior, location, or movements.

16 (24) "Protected health information" has the same meaning as in
17 Title 45 C.F.R., established pursuant to the federal health insurance
18 portability and accountability act of 1996.

19 (25) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be
20 attributed to a specific natural person without the use of additional
21 information, provided that such additional information is kept
22 separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational
23 measures to ensure that the personal data are not attributed to an
24 identified or identifiable natural person. Photographs or other
25 graphic or visual depictions of natural persons, whether or not in
26 electronic form, cannot be pseudonymous within the meaning of this
27 subsection.

28 (26)(a) "Sale," "sell," or "sold" means the exchange of personal
29 data for monetary or other valuable consideration by the controller
30 to a third party.

31 (b) "Sale" does not include the following: (i) The disclosure of
32 personal data to a processor who processes the personal data on
33 behalf of the controller; (ii) the disclosure of personal data to a
34 third party with whom the consumer has a direct relationship for
35 purposes of providing a product or service requested by the consumer;
36 (iii) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of
37 the controller; (iv) the disclosure of information that the consumer
38 (A) intentionally made available to the general public via a channel
39 of mass media, and (B) did not restrict to a specific audience; or
40 (v) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as

1 an asset that is part of a merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other
2 transaction in which the third party assumes control of all or part
3 of the controller's assets.

4 (27) "Security or safety purpose" means physical security,
5 protection of consumer data, safety, fraud prevention, or asset
6 protection.

7 (28) "Sensitive data" means (a) personal data revealing racial or
8 ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical health condition
9 or diagnosis, sexual orientation, or citizenship or immigration
10 status; (b) the processing of genetic or biometric data for the
11 purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person; (c) the personal
12 data from a known child; or (d) specific geolocation data. "Sensitive
13 data" is a form of personal data.

14 (29) "Serious criminal offense" means any felony under chapter
15 9.94A RCW or an offense enumerated by Title 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2516.

16 (30) "Specific geolocation data" means information derived from
17 technology, including, but not limited to, global positioning system
18 level latitude and longitude coordinates or other mechanisms, that
19 directly identifies the specific location of a natural person with
20 the precision and accuracy below one thousand seven hundred fifty
21 feet. Specific geolocation data excludes the content of
22 communications.

23 (31) "State agency" has the same meaning as in RCW 43.105.020.

24 (32) "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a
25 consumer where the advertisement is selected based on personal data
26 obtained from a consumer's activities over time and across
27 nonaffiliated web sites or online applications to predict such
28 consumer's preferences or interests. It does not include advertising:
29 (a) Based on activities within a controller's own web sites or online
30 applications; (b) based on the context of a consumer's current search
31 query or visit to a web site or online application; or (c) to a
32 consumer in response to the consumer's request for information or
33 feedback.

34 (33) "Third party" means a natural or legal person, public
35 authority, agency, or body other than the consumer, controller,
36 processor, or an affiliate of the processor or the controller.

37 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** JURISDICTIONAL SCOPE. (1) This chapter
38 applies to legal entities that conduct business in Washington or

1 produce products or services that are targeted to residents of
2 Washington, and that satisfy one or more of the following thresholds:

3 (a) During a calendar year, controls or processes personal data
4 of one hundred thousand consumers or more; or

5 (b) Derives over twenty-five percent of gross revenue from the
6 sale of personal data and processes or controls personal data of
7 twenty-five thousand consumers or more.

8 (2) This chapter does not apply to:

9 (a) State agencies, local governments, or tribes;

10 (b) Municipal corporations;

11 (c) Information that meets the definition of:

12 (i) Protected health information for purposes of the federal
13 health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 and
14 related regulations;

15 (ii) Health care information for purposes of chapter 70.02 RCW;

16 (iii) Patient identifying information for purposes of 42 C.F.R.
17 Part 2, established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 290dd-2;

18 (iv) Identifiable private information for purposes of the federal
19 policy for the protection of human subjects, 45 C.F.R. Part 46;
20 identifiable private information that is otherwise information
21 collected as part of human subjects research pursuant to the good
22 clinical practice guidelines issued by the international council for
23 harmonisation; the protection of human subjects under 21 C.F.R. Parts
24 50 and 56; or personal data used or shared in research conducted in
25 accordance with one or more of the requirements set forth in this
26 subsection;

27 (v) Information and documents created specifically for, and
28 collected and maintained by:

29 (A) A quality improvement committee for purposes of RCW
30 43.70.510, 70.230.080, or 70.41.200;

31 (B) A peer review committee for purposes of RCW 4.24.250;

32 (C) A quality assurance committee for purposes of RCW 74.42.640
33 or 18.20.390;

34 (D) A hospital, as defined in RCW 43.70.056, for reporting of
35 health care-associated infections for purposes of RCW 43.70.056, a
36 notification of an incident for purposes of RCW 70.56.040(5), or
37 reports regarding adverse events for purposes of RCW 70.56.020(2)(b);

38 (vi) Information and documents created for purposes of the
39 federal health care quality improvement act of 1986, and related
40 regulations;

1 (vii) Patient safety work product for purposes of 42 C.F.R. Part
2 3, established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 299b-21 through 299b-26; or
3 (viii) Information that is (A) deidentified in accordance with
4 the requirements for deidentification set forth in 45 C.F.R. Part
5 164, and (B) derived from any of the health care-related information
6 listed in this subsection (2)(c);
7 (d) Information originating from, and intermingled to be
8 indistinguishable with, information under (c) of this subsection that
9 is maintained by:
10 (i) A covered entity or business associate as defined by the
11 health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 and
12 related regulations;
13 (ii) A health care facility or health care provider as defined in
14 RCW 70.02.010; or
15 (iii) A program or a qualified service organization as defined by
16 42 C.F.R. Part 2, established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 290dd-2;
17 (e) Information used only for public health activities and
18 purposes as described in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 164.512;
19 (f)(i) An activity involving the collection, maintenance,
20 disclosure, sale, communication, or use of any personal information
21 bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit
22 capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or
23 mode of living by a consumer reporting agency, as defined in Title 15
24 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a(f), by a furnisher of information, as set forth in
25 Title 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681s-2, who provides information for use in a
26 consumer report, as defined in Title 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a(d), and by
27 a user of a consumer report, as set forth in Title 15 U.S.C. Sec.
28 1681b.
29 (ii) (f)(i) of this subsection shall apply only to the extent
30 that such activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure,
31 sale, communication, or use of such information by that agency,
32 furnisher, or user is subject to regulation under the fair credit
33 reporting act, Title 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq., and the information
34 is not collected, maintained, used, communicated, disclosed, or sold
35 except as authorized by the fair credit reporting act;
36 (g) Personal data collected and maintained for purposes of
37 chapter 43.71 RCW;
38 (h) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed
39 pursuant to the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley act (P.L. 106-102), and

1 implementing regulations, if the collection, processing, sale, or
2 disclosure is in compliance with that law;

3 (i) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed
4 pursuant to the federal driver's privacy protection act of 1994 (18
5 U.S.C. Sec. 2721 et seq.), if the collection, processing, sale, or
6 disclosure is in compliance with that law;

7 (j) Personal data regulated by the federal family educations
8 rights and privacy act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g and its implementing
9 regulations;

10 (k) Personal data regulated by the student user privacy in
11 education rights act, chapter 28A.604 RCW;

12 (l) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed
13 pursuant to the federal farm credit act of 1971 (as amended in 12
14 U.S.C. Sec. 2001-2279cc) and its implementing regulations (12 C.F.R.
15 Part 600 et seq.) if the collection, processing, sale, or disclosure
16 is in compliance with that law; or

17 (m) Data maintained for employment records purposes.

18 (3) Controllers that are in compliance with the verifiable
19 parental consent mechanisms under the children's online privacy
20 protection act, Title 15 U.S.C. Sec. 6501 through 6506 and its
21 implementing regulations, shall be deemed compliant with any
22 obligation to obtain parental consent under this chapter.

23 (4) Payment-only credit, check, or cash transactions where no
24 data about consumers are retained do not count as "consumers" for
25 purposes of subsection (1) of this section.

26 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** RESPONSIBILITY ACCORDING TO ROLE. (1)

27 Controllers and processors are responsible for meeting their
28 respective obligations established under this chapter.

29 (2) Processors are responsible under this chapter for adhering to
30 the instructions of the controller and assisting the controller to
31 meet its obligations under this chapter. Such assistance shall
32 include the following:

33 (a) Taking into account the nature of the processing, the
34 processor shall assist the controller by appropriate technical and
35 organizational measures, insofar as this is possible, for the
36 fulfillment of the controller's obligation to respond to consumer
37 requests to exercise their rights pursuant to section 6 of this act;
38 and

1 (b) Taking into account the nature of processing and the
2 information available to the processor, the processor shall assist
3 the controller in meeting the controller's obligations in relation to
4 the security of processing the personal data and in relation to the
5 notification of a breach of the security of the system pursuant to
6 RCW 19.255.010; and shall provide information to the controller
7 necessary to enable the controller to conduct and document any data
8 protection assessments required by section 9 of this act.

9 (3) Notwithstanding the instructions of the controller, a
10 processor shall:

11 (a) Implement and maintain reasonable security procedures and
12 practices to protect personal data, taking into account the context
13 in which the personal data are to be processed;

14 (b) Ensure that each person processing the personal data is
15 subject to a duty of confidentiality with respect to the data; and

16 (c) Engage a subcontractor only after providing the controller
17 with an opportunity to object and pursuant to a written contract in
18 accordance with subsection (5) of this section that requires the
19 subcontractor to meet the obligations of the processor with respect
20 to the personal data.

21 (4) Processing by a processor shall be governed by a contract
22 between the controller and the processor that is binding on both
23 parties and that sets out the processing instructions to which the
24 processor is bound, including the nature and purpose of the
25 processing, the type of personal data subject to the processing, the
26 duration of the processing, and the obligations and rights of both
27 parties. In addition, the contract shall include the requirements
28 imposed by this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, as
29 well as the following requirements:

30 (a) At the choice of the controller, the processor shall delete
31 or return all personal data to the controller as requested at the end
32 of the provision of services, unless retention of the personal data
33 is required by law;

34 (b) (i) The processor shall make available to the controller all
35 information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations
36 in this chapter; and (ii) the processor shall allow for, and
37 contribute to, reasonable audits and inspections by the controller or
38 the controller's designated auditor; alternatively, the processor
39 may, with the controller's consent, arrange for a qualified and
40 independent auditor to conduct, at least annually and at the

1 processor's expense, an audit of the processor's policies and
2 technical and organizational measures in support of the obligations
3 under this chapter using an appropriate and accepted control standard
4 or framework and audit procedure for such audits as applicable, and
5 shall provide a report of such audit to the controller upon request.

6 (5) In no event shall any contract relieve a controller or a
7 processor from the liabilities imposed on them by virtue of its role
8 in the processing relationship as defined by this chapter.

9 (6) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or
10 processor with respect to a specific processing of data is a fact-
11 based determination that depends upon the context in which personal
12 data are to be processed. A person that is not limited in its
13 processing of personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions,
14 or that fails to adhere to such instructions, is a controller and not
15 a processor with respect to a specific processing of data. A
16 processor that continues to adhere to a controller's instructions
17 with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a
18 processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with others,
19 determining the purposes and means of the processing of personal
20 data, it is a controller with respect to such processing.

21 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** CONSUMER PERSONAL DATA RIGHTS. Consumers
22 may exercise the rights set forth in this section by submitting a
23 request, at any time, to a controller specifying which rights the
24 consumer wishes to exercise. In the case of processing personal data
25 concerning a known child, the parent or legal guardian of the known
26 child shall exercise the rights of this chapter on the child's
27 behalf. Where a controller processes personal data concerning a
28 consumer subject to guardianship, conservatorship, or other
29 protective arrangement under chapter 11.130 RCW, the controller must
30 allow the guardian or the conservator to exercise the rights of this
31 chapter on the consumer's behalf. Except as provided in this chapter,
32 the controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights
33 pursuant to subsections (1) through (5) of this section.

34 (1) *Right of access.* A consumer has the right to confirm whether
35 or not a controller is processing personal data concerning the
36 consumer and access such personal data.

37 (2) *Right to correction.* A consumer has the right to correct
38 inaccurate personal data concerning the consumer, taking into account

1 the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of
2 the personal data.

3 (3) *Right to deletion.* A consumer has the right to delete
4 personal data concerning the consumer.

5 (4) *Right to data portability.* A consumer has the right to obtain
6 personal data concerning the consumer, which the consumer previously
7 provided to the controller, in a portable and, to the extent
8 technically feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer
9 to transmit the data to another controller without hindrance, where
10 the processing is carried out by automated means.

11 (5) *Right to opt out.* A consumer has the right to opt out of the
12 processing of personal data concerning such consumer for purposes of
13 targeted advertising, the sale of personal data, or profiling in
14 furtherance of decisions that produce legal effects concerning a
15 consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer.

16 (6) *Responding to consumer requests.* (a) A controller must inform
17 a consumer of any action taken on a request under subsections (1)
18 through (5) of this section without undue delay and in any event
19 within forty-five days of receipt of the request. That period may be
20 extended once by forty-five additional days where reasonably
21 necessary, taking into account the complexity and number of the
22 requests. The controller must inform the consumer of any such
23 extension within forty-five days of receipt of the request, together
24 with the reasons for the delay.

25 (b) If a controller does not take action on the request of a
26 consumer, the controller must inform the consumer without undue delay
27 and at the latest within forty-five days of receipt of the request of
28 the reasons for not taking action and instructions for how to appeal
29 the decision with the controller as described in subsection (7) of
30 this section.

31 (c) Information provided under this section must be provided by
32 the controller free of charge, up to twice annually to the consumer.
33 Where requests from a consumer are manifestly unfounded or excessive,
34 in particular because of their repetitive character, the controller
35 may either: (i) Charge a reasonable fee to cover the administrative
36 costs of complying with the request, or (ii) refuse to act on the
37 request. The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the
38 manifestly unfounded or excessive character of the request.

39 (d) A controller is not required to comply with a request to
40 exercise any of the rights under subsections (1) through (4) of this

1 section if the controller is unable to authenticate the request using
2 commercially reasonable efforts. In such cases, the controller may
3 request the provision of additional information reasonably necessary
4 to authenticate the request.

5 (7)(a) Controllers must establish an internal process whereby
6 consumers may appeal a refusal to take action on a request to
7 exercise any of the rights under subsections (1) through (5) of this
8 section within a reasonable period of time after the consumer's
9 receipt of the notice sent by the controller under subsection (6)(b)
10 of this section.

11 (b) The appeal process must be conspicuously available and as
12 easy to use as the process for submitting such requests under this
13 section.

14 (c) Within thirty days of receipt of an appeal, a controller must
15 inform the consumer of any action taken or not taken in response to
16 the appeal, along with a written explanation of the reasons in
17 support thereof. That period may be extended by sixty additional days
18 where reasonably necessary, taking into account the complexity and
19 number of the requests serving as the basis for the appeal. The
20 controller must inform the consumer of any such extension within
21 thirty days of receipt of the appeal, together with the reasons for
22 the delay. The controller must also provide the consumer with an
23 email address or other online mechanism through which the consumer
24 may submit the appeal, along with any action taken or not taken by
25 the controller in response to the appeal and the controller's written
26 explanation of the reasons in support thereof, to the attorney
27 general.

28 (d) When informing a consumer of any action taken or not taken in
29 response to an appeal pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the
30 controller must clearly and prominently ask the consumer whether the
31 consumer consents to having the controller submit the appeal, along
32 with any action taken or not taken by the controller in response to
33 the appeal and must, upon request, provide the controller's written
34 explanation of the reasons in support thereof, to the attorney
35 general. If the consumer provides such consent, the controller must
36 submit such information to the attorney general.

37 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** PROCESSING DEIDENTIFIED DATA OR
38 PSEUDONYMOUS DATA. (1) This chapter does not require a controller or

1 processor to do any of the following solely for purposes of complying
2 with this chapter:

3 (a) Reidentify deidentified data;

4 (b) Comply with an authenticated consumer request to access,
5 correct, delete, or port personal data pursuant to section 6 (1)
6 through (4) of this act, if all of the following are true:

7 (i) (A) The controller is not reasonably capable of associating
8 the request with the personal data, or (B) it would be unreasonably
9 burdensome for the controller to associate the request with the
10 personal data;

11 (ii) The controller does not use the personal data to recognize
12 or respond to the specific consumer who is the subject of the
13 personal data, or associate the personal data with other personal
14 data about the same specific consumer; and

15 (iii) The controller does not sell the personal data to any third
16 party or otherwise voluntarily disclose the personal data to any
17 third party other than a processor, except as otherwise permitted in
18 this section; or

19 (c) Maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain,
20 retain, or access any data or technology, in order to be capable of
21 associating an authenticated consumer request with personal data.

22 (2) The rights contained in section 6 (1) through (4) of this act
23 do not apply to pseudonymous data in cases where the controller is
24 able to demonstrate any information necessary to identify the
25 consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective technical and
26 organizational controls that prevent the controller from accessing
27 such information.

28 (3) A controller that uses pseudonymous data or deidentified data
29 must exercise reasonable oversight to monitor compliance with any
30 contractual commitments to which the pseudonymous data or
31 deidentified data are subject, and must take appropriate steps to
32 address any breaches of contractual commitments.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONTROLLERS. (1)

34 *Transparency.*

35 (a) Controllers shall provide consumers with a reasonably
36 accessible, clear, and meaningful privacy notice that includes:

37 (i) The categories of personal data processed by the controller;

38 (ii) The purposes for which the categories of personal data are
39 processed;

1 (iii) How and where consumers may exercise the rights contained
2 in section 6 of this act, including how a consumer may appeal a
3 controller's action with regard to the consumer's request;

4 (iv) The categories of personal data that the controller shares
5 with third parties, if any; and

6 (v) The categories of third parties, if any, with whom the
7 controller shares personal data.

8 (b) If a controller sells personal data to third parties or
9 processes personal data for targeted advertising, it must clearly and
10 conspicuously disclose such processing, as well as the manner in
11 which a consumer may exercise the right to opt out of such
12 processing, in a clear and conspicuous manner.

13 (c) Controllers shall establish, and shall describe in the
14 privacy notice, one or more secure and reliable means for consumers
15 to submit a request to exercise their rights under this chapter. Such
16 means shall take into account the ways in which consumers interact
17 with the controller, the need for secure and reliable communication
18 of such requests, and the controller's ability to authenticate the
19 identity of the consumer making the request. Controllers shall not
20 require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise a
21 right, but a controller may require a consumer to use an existing
22 account to exercise the consumer's rights under this chapter.

23 (2) *Purpose specification.* A controller's collection of personal
24 data must be limited to what is reasonably necessary in relation to
25 the purposes for which such data are processed, as disclosed to the
26 consumer.

27 (3) *Data minimization.* A controller's collection of personal data
28 must be only as reasonably necessary to provide services requested by
29 a consumer, to conduct an activity that a consumer has requested, or
30 to verify requests made pursuant to section 6 of this act.

31 (4) *Avoid secondary use.* Except as provided in this chapter, a
32 controller may not process personal data for purposes that are not
33 reasonably necessary to, or compatible with, the purposes for which
34 such personal data are processed, as disclosed to the consumer,
35 unless the controller obtains the consumer's consent.

36 (5) *Security.* A controller shall establish, implement, and
37 maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical data
38 security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and
39 accessibility of personal data. Such data security practices shall be
40 appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue.

1 (6) *Nondiscrimination.* A controller may not process personal data
2 in violation of state and federal laws that prohibit unlawful
3 discrimination against consumers. A controller shall not discriminate
4 against a consumer for exercising any of the rights contained in this
5 chapter, including denying goods or services to the consumer,
6 charging different prices or rates for goods or services, and
7 providing a different level of quality of goods and services to the
8 consumer. This subsection shall not prohibit a controller from
9 offering a different price, rate, level, quality, or selection of
10 goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services
11 for no fee, if the offering is in connection with a consumer's
12 voluntary participation in a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium
13 features, discounts, or club card program. A controller may not sell
14 personal data to a third-party controller as part of such a program
15 unless: (a) The sale is reasonably necessary to enable the third
16 party to provide a benefit to which the consumer is entitled; (b) the
17 sale of personal data to third parties is clearly disclosed in the
18 terms of the program; and (c) the third party uses the personal data
19 only for purposes of facilitating such benefit to which the consumer
20 is entitled and does not retain or otherwise use or disclose the
21 personal data for any other purpose.

22 (7) *Sensitive data.* Except as otherwise provided in this act, a
23 controller may not process sensitive data concerning a consumer
24 without obtaining the consumer's consent, or, in the case of the
25 processing of personal data concerning a known child, without
26 obtaining consent from the child's parent or lawful guardian, in
27 accordance with the children's online privacy protection act
28 requirements.

29 (8) *Nonwaiver of consumer rights.* Any provision of a contract or
30 agreement of any kind that purports to waive or limit in any way a
31 consumer's rights under this chapter shall be deemed contrary to
32 public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** DATA PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS. (1)
34 Controllers must conduct and document a data protection assessment of
35 each of the following processing activities involving personal data:

- 36 (a) The processing of personal data for purposes of targeted
37 advertising;
38 (b) The sale of personal data;

1 (c) The processing of personal data for purposes of profiling,
2 where such profiling presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of: (i)
3 Unfair or deceptive treatment of, or disparate impact on, consumers;
4 (ii) financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers; (iii)
5 a physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the
6 private affairs or concerns, of consumers, where such intrusion would
7 be offensive to a reasonable person; or (iv) other substantial injury
8 to consumers;

9 (d) The processing of sensitive data; and

10 (e) Any processing activities involving personal data that
11 present a heightened risk of harm to consumers.

12 Such data protection assessments must take into account the type
13 of personal data to be processed by the controller, including the
14 extent to which the personal data are sensitive data, and the context
15 in which the personal data are to be processed.

16 (2) Data protection assessments conducted under subsection (1) of
17 this section must identify and weigh the benefits that may flow
18 directly and indirectly from the processing to the controller,
19 consumer, other stakeholders, and the public against the potential
20 risks to the rights of the consumer associated with such processing,
21 as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed by the controller to
22 reduce such risks. The use of deidentified data and the reasonable
23 expectations of consumers, as well as the context of the processing
24 and the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose
25 personal data will be processed, must be factored into this
26 assessment by the controller.

27 (3) The attorney general may request, in writing, that a
28 controller disclose any data protection assessment that is relevant
29 to an investigation conducted by the attorney general. The controller
30 must make a data protection assessment available to the attorney
31 general upon such a request. The attorney general may evaluate the
32 data protection assessments for compliance with the responsibilities
33 contained in section 8 of this act and with other laws including, but
34 not limited to, chapter 19.86 RCW. Data protection assessments are
35 confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying under
36 chapter 42.56 RCW. The disclosure of a data protection assessment
37 pursuant to a request from the attorney general under this subsection
38 does not constitute a waiver of the attorney-client privilege or work
39 product protection with respect to the assessment and any information
40 contained in the assessment.

1 (4) Data protection assessments conducted by a controller for the
2 purpose of compliance with other laws or regulations may qualify
3 under this section if they have a similar scope and effect.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** LIMITATIONS AND APPLICABILITY. (1) The
5 obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter
6 do not restrict a controller's or processor's ability to:

7 (a) Comply with federal, state, or local laws, rules, or
8 regulations;

9 (b) Comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry,
10 investigation, subpoena, or summons by federal, state, local, or
11 other governmental authorities;

12 (c) Cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or
13 activity that the controller or processor reasonably and in good
14 faith believes may violate federal, state, or local laws, rules, or
15 regulations;

16 (d) Investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend
17 legal claims;

18 (e) Provide a product or service specifically requested by a
19 consumer, perform a contract to which the consumer is a party, or
20 take steps at the request of the consumer prior to entering into a
21 contract;

22 (f) Take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential
23 for the life of the consumer or of another natural person, and where
24 the processing cannot be manifestly based on another legal basis;

25 (g) Prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to security
26 incidents, identity theft, fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive
27 activities, or any illegal activity; preserve the integrity or
28 security of systems; or investigate, report, or prosecute those
29 responsible for any such action;

30 (h) Engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific, historical, or
31 statistical research in the public interest that adheres to all other
32 applicable ethics and privacy laws if the deletion of the information
33 is likely to render impossible or seriously impair the achievement of
34 the research and the consumer provided consent; or

35 (i) Assist another controller, processor, or third party with any
36 of the obligations under this subsection.

37 (2) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under
38 this chapter do not restrict a controller's or processor's ability to
39 collect, use, or retain data to:

1 (a) Conduct internal research solely to improve or repair
2 products, services, or technology;

3 (b) Identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or
4 intended functionality; or

5 (c) Perform solely internal operations that are reasonably
6 aligned with the expectations of the consumer based on the consumer's
7 existing relationship with the controller, or are otherwise
8 compatible with processing in furtherance of the provision of a
9 product or service specifically requested by a consumer or the
10 performance of a contract to which the consumer is a party.

11 (3) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under
12 this chapter do not apply where compliance by the controller or
13 processor with this chapter would violate an evidentiary privilege
14 under Washington law and do not prevent a controller or processor
15 from providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person
16 covered by an evidentiary privilege under Washington law as part of a
17 privileged communication.

18 (4) A controller or processor that discloses personal data to a
19 third-party controller or processor in compliance with the
20 requirements of this chapter is not in violation of this chapter if
21 the recipient processes such personal data in violation of this
22 chapter, provided that, at the time of disclosing the personal data,
23 the disclosing controller or processor did not have actual knowledge
24 that the recipient intended to commit a violation. A third-party
25 controller or processor receiving personal data from a controller or
26 processor in compliance with the requirements of this chapter is
27 likewise not in violation of this chapter for the obligations of the
28 controller or processor from which it receives such personal data.

29 (5) Obligations imposed on controllers and processors under this
30 chapter shall not:

31 (a) Adversely affect the rights or freedoms of any persons, such
32 as exercising the right of free speech pursuant to the First
33 Amendment to the United States Constitution; or

34 (b) Apply to the processing of personal data by a natural person
35 in the course of a purely personal or household activity.

36 (6) Personal data that are processed by a controller pursuant to
37 this section must not be processed for any purpose other than those
38 expressly listed in this section. Personal data that are processed by
39 a controller pursuant to this section may be processed solely to the
40 extent that such processing is: (i) Necessary, reasonable, and

1 proportionate to the purposes listed in this section; and (ii)
2 adequate, relevant, and limited to what is necessary in relation to
3 the specific purpose or purposes listed in this section. Furthermore,
4 personal data that are collected, used, or retained pursuant to
5 subsection (2) of this section must, insofar as possible, taking into
6 account the nature and purpose or purposes of such collection, use,
7 or retention, be subjected to reasonable administrative, technical,
8 and physical measures to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and
9 accessibility of the personal data, and to reduce reasonably
10 foreseeable risks of harm to consumers relating to such collection,
11 use, or retention of personal data.

12 (7) If a controller processes personal data pursuant to an
13 exemption in this section, the controller bears the burden of
14 demonstrating that such processing qualifies for the exemption and
15 complies with the requirements in subsection (6) of this section.

16 (8) Processing personal data solely for the purposes expressly
17 identified in subsection (1)(a) through (d) or (g) of this section
18 does not, by itself, make an entity a controller with respect to such
19 processing.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** ENFORCEMENT. (1) The legislature finds
21 that the practices covered by this chapter are matters vitally
22 affecting the public interest for the purpose of applying the
23 consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW. A violation of this
24 chapter is not reasonable in relation to the development and
25 preservation of business and is an unfair or deceptive act in trade
26 or commerce and an unfair method of competition for the purpose of
27 applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW.

28 (2) Any controller or processor that violates this chapter is
29 subject to an injunction and liable for a civil penalty of not more
30 than seven thousand five hundred dollars for each violation.

31 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** CONSUMER PRIVACY ACCOUNT. The consumer
32 privacy account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from
33 the imposition of civil penalties under this chapter must be
34 deposited into the account except for the recovery of costs and
35 attorneys' fees accrued by the attorney general in enforcing this
36 chapter. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation.
37 Moneys in the account may only be used for the purposes of the office
38 of privacy and data protection as created under RCW 43.105.369, and

1 may not be used to supplant general fund appropriations to the
2 agency.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** PREEMPTION. This chapter supersedes and
4 preempts laws, ordinances, regulations, or the equivalent adopted by
5 any local entity regarding the processing of personal data by
6 controllers or processors. Laws, ordinances, or regulations regarding
7 the processing of personal data by controllers or processors that are
8 adopted by any local entity prior to the effective date of this
9 chapter are not superseded or preempted.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** THE OFFICE OF PRIVACY AND DATA PROTECTION
11 REPORT. (1) By December 1, 2020, the office of privacy and data
12 protection shall prepare and post to its public web site a report
13 that summarizes the data protected and not protected by this chapter.
14 At a minimum, the report must include, with reasonable detail, a list
15 of the types of information that are publicly available from local,
16 state, and federal government sources, and an inventory of
17 information to which this chapter does not apply by virtue of a
18 limitation in section 4 of this act. The report may be updated as new
19 information becomes available to the office.

20 (2) The office of privacy and data protection may consult with
21 stakeholders and provide recommendations regarding the appropriate
22 breadth and number of circumstances that limit the obligations of
23 controllers and processors, and in particular whether those limits
24 should apply for a prescribed period of time or in perpetuity.

25 (3) The office of privacy and data protection may consult with
26 stakeholders, including those in the industry, academia, and consumer
27 and privacy advocacy, regarding the scope and coverage of this
28 chapter.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORT. (1) The attorney
30 general shall compile a report evaluating the liability and
31 enforcement provisions of this chapter including, but not limited to,
32 the effectiveness of its efforts to enforce this chapter, and any
33 recommendations for changes to such provisions.

34 (2) The attorney general shall submit the report to the governor
35 and the appropriate committees of the legislature by July 1, 2022.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** JOINT RESEARCH INITIATIVES. The governor
2 may enter into agreements with the governments of the Canadian
3 province of British Columbia and the states of California and Oregon
4 for the purpose of sharing personal data or personal information by
5 public bodies across national and state borders to enable
6 collaboration for joint data-driven research initiatives. Such
7 agreements must provide reciprocal protections that the respective
8 governments agree appropriately safeguard the data.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** This chapter does not apply to
10 institutions of higher education or nonprofit corporations until July
11 31, 2024.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** Sections 1 through 17 and 19 of this act
13 constitute a new chapter in Title 19 RCW.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 19.** This act takes effect July 31, 2021."

15 Correct the title.

--- END ---