
SENATE BILL 5531

State of Washington

67th Legislature

2022 Regular Session

By Senators Pedersen, L. Wilson, and Mullet; by request of Uniform Law Commission

Prefiled 12/10/21. Read first time 01/10/22. Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

1 AN ACT Relating to the revised uniform unclaimed property act;
2 adding a new chapter to Title 63 RCW; repealing RCW 63.29.010,
3 63.29.020, 63.29.030, 63.29.040, 63.29.050, 63.29.060, 63.29.070,
4 63.29.080, 63.29.090, 63.29.100, 63.29.110, 63.29.120, 63.29.130,
5 63.29.133, 63.29.135, 63.29.140, 63.29.150, 63.29.160, 63.29.165,
6 63.29.170, 63.29.180, 63.29.190, 63.29.192, 63.29.193, 63.29.194,
7 63.29.195, 63.29.200, 63.29.210, 63.29.220, 63.29.230, 63.29.240,
8 63.29.250, 63.29.260, 63.29.270, 63.29.280, 63.29.290, 63.29.300,
9 63.29.310, 63.29.320, 63.29.330, 63.29.340, 63.29.350, 63.29.360,
10 63.29.370, 63.29.380, 63.29.900, 63.29.902, 63.29.903, 63.29.905, and
11 63.29.906; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

13 **PART 1**
14 **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 101.** SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited
16 as the revised uniform unclaimed property act.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 102.** DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this
18 section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly
19 requires otherwise.

1 (1) "Administrator" means the department of revenue established
2 under RCW 82.01.050.

3 (2) "Administrator's agent" means a person with which the
4 administrator contracts to conduct an examination under sections 1001
5 through 1013 of this act on behalf of the administrator. The term
6 includes an independent contractor of the person and each individual
7 participating in the examination on behalf of the person or
8 contractor.

9 (3) "Apparent owner" means a person whose name appears on the
10 records of a holder as the owner of property held, issued, or owing
11 by the holder.

12 (4) "Business association" means a corporation, joint stock
13 company, investment company other than an investment company
14 registered under the investment company act of 1940, as amended, 15
15 U.S.C. Secs. 80a-1 through 80a-64, partnership, unincorporated
16 association, joint venture, limited liability company, business
17 trust, trust company, land bank, safe deposit company, safekeeping
18 depository, financial organization, insurance company, federally
19 chartered entity, utility, sole proprietorship, or other business
20 entity, whether or not for profit.

21 (5) "Confidential information" means records, reports, and
22 information that are confidential under section 1402 of this act.

23 (6) "Domicile" means:

24 (a) For a corporation, the state of its incorporation;

25 (b) For a business association whose formation requires a filing
26 with a state, other than a corporation, the state of the principal
27 place of business of such a business association, if formed under the
28 laws of a state other than the state in which its principal place of
29 business is located, unless determined to be otherwise by a court of
30 competent jurisdiction;

31 (c) For a federally chartered entity or an investment company
32 registered under the investment company act of 1940, as amended, 15
33 U.S.C. Secs. 80a-1 through 80a-64, the state of its home office; and

34 (d) For any other holder, the state of its principal place of
35 business.

36 (7) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical,
37 digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar
38 capabilities.

1 (8) "Email" means a communication by electronic means which is
2 automatically retained and stored and may be readily accessed or
3 retrieved.

4 (9) "Financial organization" means a savings and loan
5 association, building and loan association, savings bank, industrial
6 bank, bank, banking organization, or credit union.

7 (10) "Game-related digital content" means digital content that
8 exists only in an electronic game or electronic game platform. The
9 term:

10 (a) Includes:

11 (i) Game-play currency such as a virtual wallet, even if
12 denominated in United States currency; and

13 (ii) The following if for use or redemption only within the game
14 or platform or another electronic game or electronic game platform:

15 (A) Points sometimes referred to as gems, tokens, gold, and
16 similar names; and

17 (B) Digital codes; and

18 (b) Does not include an item that the issuer:

19 (i) Permits to be redeemed for use outside a game or platform
20 for:

21 (A) Money; or

22 (B) Goods or services that have more than minimal value; or

23 (ii) Otherwise monetizes for use outside a game or platform.

24 (11) "Gift certificate" means a record described in RCW
25 19.240.010, and includes both gift cards and gift certificates,
26 including both tangible instruments and electronic records.

27 (12) "Holder" means a person obligated to hold for the account
28 of, or to deliver or pay to, the owner, property subject to this
29 chapter.

30 (13) "Insurance company" means an association, corporation, or
31 fraternal or mutual benefit organization, whether or not for profit,
32 engaged in the business of providing life endowments, annuities, or
33 insurance, including accident, burial, casualty, credit life,
34 contract performance, dental, disability, fidelity, fire, health,
35 hospitalization, illness, life, malpractice, marine, mortgage,
36 surety, wage protection, and worker compensation insurance.

37 (14) "Loyalty card" means a record given without direct monetary
38 consideration under an award, reward, benefit, loyalty, incentive,
39 rebate, or promotional program which may be used or redeemed only to
40 obtain goods or services or a discount on goods or services. The term

1 does not include a record that may be redeemed for money or otherwise
2 monetized by the issuer.

3 (15) "Mineral" means gas, oil, coal, oil shale, other gaseous
4 liquid or solid hydrocarbon, cement material, sand and gravel, road
5 material, building stone, chemical raw material, gemstone,
6 fissionable and nonfissionable ores, colloidal and other clay, steam
7 and other geothermal resources, and any other substance defined as a
8 mineral by law of this state other than this chapter.

9 (16) "Mineral proceeds" means an amount payable for extraction,
10 production, or sale of minerals, or, on the abandonment of the
11 amount, an amount that becomes payable after abandonment. The term
12 includes an amount payable:

13 (a) For the acquisition and retention of a mineral lease,
14 including a bonus, royalty, compensatory royalty, shut-in royalty,
15 minimum royalty, and delay rental;

16 (b) For the extraction, production, or sale of minerals,
17 including a net revenue interest, royalty, overriding royalty,
18 extraction payment, and production payment; and

19 (c) Under an agreement or option, including a joint operating
20 agreement, unit agreement, pooling agreement, and farm-out agreement.

21 (17) "Money order" means a payment order for a specified amount
22 of money. The term includes an express money order and a personal
23 money order on which the remitter is the purchaser.

24 (18) "Municipal bond" means a bond or evidence of indebtedness
25 issued by a municipality or other political subdivision of a state.

26 (19) "Net card value" means the original purchase price or
27 original issued value of a stored value card, plus amounts added to
28 the original price or value, minus amounts used and any service
29 charge, fee, or dormancy charge permitted by law.

30 (20) "Nonfreely transferable security" means a security that
31 cannot be delivered to the administrator by the depository trust
32 clearing corporation or similar custodian of securities providing
33 posttrade clearing and settlement services to financial markets or
34 cannot be delivered because there is no agent to effect transfer. The
35 term includes a worthless security.

36 (21) "Owner" means a person that has a legal, beneficial, or
37 equitable interest in property subject to this chapter or the
38 person's legal representative when acting on behalf of the owner. The
39 term includes:

40 (a) A depositor, for a deposit;

- 1 (b) A beneficiary, for a trust other than a deposit in trust;
2 (c) A creditor, claimant, or payee, for other property; and
3 (d) The lawful bearer of a record that may be used to obtain
4 money, a reward, or a thing of value.

5 (22) "Payroll card" means a record that evidences a payroll card
6 account as defined in Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. Part 1005, as it
7 existed on the effective date of this section.

8 (23) "Person" means an individual, estate, business association,
9 public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency,
10 or instrumentality, or other legal entity.

11 (24) "Property" means tangible property described in section 205
12 of this act or a fixed and certain interest in intangible property
13 held, issued, or owed in the course of a holder's business or by a
14 government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality. The
15 term:

16 (a) Includes all income from or increments to the property;

17 (b) Includes property referred to as or evidenced by:

18 (i) Money, virtual currency, interest, or a dividend, check,
19 draft, deposit, or payroll card;

20 (ii) A credit balance, customer's overpayment, stored value card,
21 security deposit, refund, credit memorandum, unpaid wage, unused
22 ticket for which the issuer has an obligation to provide a refund,
23 mineral proceeds, or unidentified remittance;

24 (iii) A security except for:

25 (A) A worthless security; or

26 (B) A security that is subject to a lien, legal hold, or
27 restriction evidenced on the records of the holder or imposed by
28 operation of law, if the lien, legal hold, or restriction restricts
29 the holder's or owner's ability to receive, transfer, sell, or
30 otherwise negotiate the security;

31 (iv) A bond, debenture, note, or other evidence of indebtedness;

32 (v) Money deposited to redeem a security, make a distribution, or
33 pay a dividend;

34 (vi) An amount due and payable under an annuity contract or
35 insurance policy; and

36 (vii) An amount distributable from a trust or custodial fund
37 established under a plan to provide health, welfare, pension,
38 vacation, severance, retirement, death, stock purchase, profit-
39 sharing, employee savings, supplemental unemployment insurance, or a
40 similar benefit; and

1 (c) Does not include:

2 (i) Property held in a plan described in section 529A of the
3 internal revenue code, as it existed on the effective date of this
4 section, 26 U.S.C. Sec. 529A;

5 (ii) Game-related digital content;

6 (iii) A loyalty card;

7 (iv) A gift certificate complying with chapter 19.240 RCW;

8 (v) Store credit for returned merchandise; and

9 (vi) A premium paid by an agricultural fair by check. For the
10 purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:

11 (A) "Agricultural fair" means a fair or exhibition that is
12 intended to promote agriculture by including a balanced variety of
13 exhibits of livestock and agricultural products, as well as related
14 manufactured products and arts, including products of the farm home
15 and educational contests, displays, and demonstrations designed to
16 train youth and to promote the welfare of farmers and rural living;
17 and

18 (B) "Premium" means an amount paid for exhibits and educational
19 contests, displays, and demonstrations of an educational nature. A
20 "premium" does not include judges' fees and expenses; livestock sale
21 revenues; or prizes or amounts paid for promotion or entertainment
22 activities such as queen contests, parades, dances, rodeos, and
23 races.

24 (25) "Putative holder" means a person believed by the
25 administrator to be a holder, until the person pays or delivers to
26 the administrator property subject to this chapter or the
27 administrator or a court makes a final determination that the person
28 is or is not a holder.

29 (26) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible
30 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is
31 retrievable in perceivable form.

32 (27) "Security" means:

33 (a) A security as defined in RCW 62A.8-102;

34 (b) A security entitlement as defined in RCW 62A.8-102, including
35 a customer security account held by a registered broker-dealer, to
36 the extent the financial assets held in the security account are not:

37 (i) Registered on the books of the issuer in the name of the
38 person for which the broker-dealer holds the assets;

39 (ii) Payable to the order of the person; or

40 (iii) Specifically indorsed to the person; or

1 (c) An equity interest in a business association not included in
2 (a) or (b) of this subsection.

3 (28) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a
4 record:

5 (a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or

6 (b) To attach to or logically associate with the record an
7 electronic symbol, sound, or process.

8 (29) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of
9 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
10 Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
11 jurisdiction of the United States.

12 (30) "Stored value card" means a record evidencing a promise made
13 for consideration by the seller or issuer of the record that goods,
14 services, or money will be provided to the owner of the record to the
15 value or amount shown in the record. The term:

16 (a) Includes:

17 (i) A record that contains or consists of a microprocessor chip,
18 magnetic strip, or other means for the storage of information, which
19 is prefunded and whose value or amount is decreased on each use and
20 increased by payment of additional consideration; and

21 (ii) A payroll card; and

22 (b) Does not include a loyalty card, gift certificate, or game-
23 related digital content.

24 (31) "Utility" means a person that owns or operates for public
25 use a plant, equipment, real property, franchise, or license for the
26 following public services:

27 (a) Transmission of communications or information;

28 (b) Production, storage, transmission, sale, delivery, or
29 furnishing of electricity, water, steam, or gas; or

30 (c) Provision of sewage or septic services, or trash, garbage, or
31 recycling disposal.

32 (32) "Virtual currency" means a digital representation of value
33 used as a medium of exchange, unit of account, or store of value,
34 which does not have legal tender status recognized by the United
35 States. The term does not include:

36 (a) The software or protocols governing the transfer of the
37 digital representation of value;

38 (b) Game-related digital content; or

39 (c) A loyalty card or gift certificate.

1 (33) "Worthless security" means a security whose cost of
2 liquidation and delivery to the administrator would exceed the value
3 of the security on the date a report is due under this chapter.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 103.** INAPPLICABILITY TO FOREIGN TRANSACTION.
5 This chapter does not apply to property held, due, and owing in a
6 foreign country if the transaction out of which the property arose
7 was a foreign transaction.

8 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 104.** RULE MAKING. The administrator may adopt
9 rules under chapter 34.05 RCW to implement and administer this
10 chapter.

11 **PART 2**

12 **PRESUMPTION OF ABANDONMENT**

13 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 201.** WHEN PROPERTY PRESUMED ABANDONED.
14 Subject to section 209 of this act, the following property is
15 presumed abandoned if it is unclaimed by the apparent owner during
16 the period specified below:

17 (1) A traveler's check, 15 years after issuance;

18 (2) A money order, five years after issuance;

19 (3) A state or municipal bond, bearer bond, or original issue
20 discount bond, three years after the earliest of the date the bond
21 matures or is called or the obligation to pay the principal of the
22 bond arises;

23 (4) A debt of a business association, three years after the
24 obligation to pay arises;

25 (5) A demand, savings, or time deposit, including a deposit that
26 is automatically renewable, three years after the maturity of the
27 deposit, except a deposit that is automatically renewable is deemed
28 matured on its initial date of maturity unless the apparent owner
29 consented in a record on file with the holder to renewal at or about
30 the time of the renewal;

31 (6) Money or a credit owed to a customer as a result of a retail
32 business transaction, three years after the obligation arose, except
33 if evidenced by a physical or electronic gift certificate;

34 (7) An amount owed by an insurance company on a life or endowment
35 insurance policy or an annuity contract that has matured or
36 terminated, three years after the obligation to pay arose under the

1 terms of the policy or contract or, if a policy or contract for which
2 an amount is owed on proof of death has not matured by proof of the
3 death of the insured or annuitant, as follows:

4 (a) With respect to an amount owed on a life or endowment
5 insurance policy, three years after the earlier of the date:

6 (i) The insurance company has knowledge of the death of the
7 insured; or

8 (ii) The insured has attained, or would have attained if living,
9 the limiting age under the mortality table on which the reserve for
10 the policy is based; and

11 (b) With respect to an amount owed on an annuity contract, three
12 years after the date the insurance company has knowledge of the death
13 of the annuitant;

14 (8) Property distributable by a business association in the
15 course of dissolution, one year after the property becomes
16 distributable;

17 (9) Property held by a court, including property received as
18 proceeds of a class action, one year after the property becomes
19 distributable;

20 (10) Property held by a government or governmental subdivision,
21 agency, or instrumentality, including municipal bond interest and
22 unredeemed principal under the administration of a paying agent or
23 indenture trustee, one year after the property becomes distributable;

24 (11) Wages, commissions, bonuses, or reimbursements to which an
25 employee is entitled, or other compensation for personal services,
26 one year after the amount becomes payable;

27 (12) A deposit or refund owed to a subscriber by a utility, one
28 year after the deposit or refund becomes payable; and

29 (13) Payroll card, one year after the amount becomes payable; and

30 (14) Property not specified in this section or section 202
31 through 207 of this act, the earlier of three years after the owner
32 first has a right to demand the property or the obligation to pay or
33 distribute the property arises.

34 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 202.** WHEN TAX DEFERRED RETIREMENT ACCOUNT
35 PRESUMED ABANDONED. (1) Subject to section 209 of this act, property
36 held in a pension account or retirement account that qualifies for
37 tax deferral under the income tax laws of the United States is
38 presumed abandoned if it is unclaimed by the apparent owner three
39 years after the later of:

1 (a) The following dates:

2 (i) Except as in (a)(ii) of this subsection, the date a second
3 consecutive communication sent by the holder by first-class United
4 States mail to the apparent owner is returned to the holder
5 undelivered by the United States postal service; or

6 (ii) If the second communication is sent later than 30 days after
7 the date the first communication is returned undelivered, the date
8 the first communication was returned undelivered by the United States
9 postal service; or

10 (b) The earlier of the following dates:

11 (i) The date the apparent owner becomes 70.5 years of age, if
12 determinable by the holder; or

13 (ii) If the internal revenue code, as it existed on the effective
14 date of this section, 26 U.S.C. Sec. 1 et seq., requires distribution
15 to avoid a tax penalty, two years after the date the holder:

16 (A) Receives confirmation of the death of the apparent owner in
17 the ordinary course of its business; or

18 (B) Confirms the death of the apparent owner under subsection (2)
19 of this section.

20 (2) If a holder in the ordinary course of its business receives
21 notice or an indication of the death of an apparent owner and
22 subsection (1)(b) of this section applies, the holder shall attempt
23 not later than 90 days after receipt of the notice or indication to
24 confirm whether the apparent owner is deceased.

25 (3) If the holder does not send communications to the apparent
26 owner of an account described in subsection (1) of this section by
27 first-class United States mail, the holder shall attempt to confirm
28 the apparent owner's interest in the property by sending the apparent
29 owner an email communication not later than two years after the
30 apparent owner's last indication of interest in the property.
31 However, the holder promptly shall attempt to contact the apparent
32 owner by first-class United States mail if:

33 (a) The holder does not have information needed to send the
34 apparent owner an email communication or the holder believes that the
35 apparent owner's email address in the holder's records is not valid;

36 (b) The holder receives notification that the email communication
37 was not received; or

38 (c) The apparent owner does not respond to the email
39 communication not later than 30 days after the communication was
40 sent.

1 (4) If first-class United States mail sent under subsection (3)
2 of this section is returned to the holder undelivered by the United
3 States postal service, the property is presumed abandoned three years
4 after the later of:

5 (a) Except as in (b) of this subsection, the date a second
6 consecutive communication to contact the apparent owner sent by
7 first-class United States mail is returned to the holder undelivered;

8 (b) If the second communication is sent later than 30 days after
9 the date the first communication is returned undelivered, the date
10 the first communication was returned undelivered; or

11 (c) The date established by subsection (1)(b) of this section.

12 (5) This section does not apply to property held in a pension
13 account or retirement account established by the state of Washington
14 or any local governmental entity under chapter 41.28 RCW.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 203.** WHEN OTHER TAX DEFERRED ACCOUNT PRESUMED
16 ABANDONED. Subject to section 209 of this act and except for property
17 described in section 202 of this act and property held in a plan
18 described in section 529A of the internal revenue code, as it existed
19 on the effective date of this section, 26 U.S.C. Sec. 529A, property
20 held in an account or plan, including a health savings account, that
21 qualifies for tax deferral under the income tax laws of the United
22 States is presumed abandoned if it is unclaimed by the apparent owner
23 three years after the earlier of:

24 (1) The date, if determinable by the holder, specified in the
25 income tax laws and regulations of the United States by which
26 distribution of the property must begin to avoid a tax penalty, with
27 no distribution having been made; or

28 (2) Thirty years after the date the account was opened.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 204.** WHEN CUSTODIAL ACCOUNT FOR MINOR
30 PRESUMED ABANDONED. (1) Subject to section 209 of this act, property
31 held in an account established under a state's uniform gifts to
32 minors act or uniform transfers to minors act is presumed abandoned
33 if it is unclaimed by or on behalf of the minor on whose behalf the
34 account was opened three years after the later of:

35 (a) Except as in (b) of this subsection, the date a second
36 consecutive communication sent by the holder by first-class United
37 States mail to the custodian of the minor on whose behalf the account

1 was opened is returned undelivered to the holder by the United States
2 postal service;

3 (b) If the second communication is sent later than 30 days after
4 the date the first communication is returned undelivered, the date
5 the first communication was returned undelivered; or

6 (c) The date on which the custodian is required to transfer the
7 property to the minor or the minor's estate in accordance with the
8 uniform gifts to minors act or uniform transfers to minors act of the
9 state in which the account was opened.

10 (2) If the holder does not send communications to the custodian
11 of the minor on whose behalf an account described in subsection (1)
12 of this section was opened by first-class United States mail, the
13 holder shall attempt to confirm the custodian's interest in the
14 property by sending the custodian an email communication not later
15 than two years after the custodian's last indication of interest in
16 the property. However, the holder promptly shall attempt to contact
17 the custodian by first-class United States mail if:

18 (a) The holder does not have information needed to send the
19 custodian an email communication or the holder believes that the
20 custodian's email address in the holder's records is not valid;

21 (b) The holder receives notification that the email communication
22 was not received; or

23 (c) The custodian does not respond to the email communication not
24 later than 30 days after the communication was sent.

25 (3) If first-class United States mail sent under subsection (2)
26 of this section is returned undelivered to the holder by the United
27 States postal service, the property is presumed abandoned three years
28 after the later of:

29 (a) The date a second consecutive communication to contact the
30 custodian by first-class United States mail is returned to the holder
31 undelivered by the United States postal service; or

32 (b) The date established by subsection (1)(c) of this section.

33 (4) When the property in the account described in subsection (1)
34 of this section is transferred to the minor on whose behalf an
35 account was opened or to the minor's estate, the property in the
36 account is no longer subject to this section.

37 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 205.** WHEN CONTENTS OF SAFE DEPOSIT BOX
38 PRESUMED ABANDONED. Tangible property held in a safe deposit box and
39 proceeds from a sale of the property by the holder permitted by law

1 of this state other than this chapter are presumed abandoned if the
2 property remains unclaimed by the apparent owner five years after the
3 earlier of the:

- 4 (1) Expiration of the lease or rental period for the box; or
- 5 (2) Earliest date when the lessor of the box is authorized by law
6 of this state other than this chapter to enter the box and remove or
7 dispose of the contents without consent or authorization of the
8 lessee.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 206.** WHEN STORED VALUE CARD PRESUMED
10 ABANDONED. (1) Subject to section 209 of this act, the net card value
11 of a stored value card, other than a payroll card, is presumed
12 abandoned on the latest of three years after:

- 13 (a) December 31st of the year in which the card is issued or
14 additional funds are deposited into it;
 - 15 (b) The most recent indication of interest in the card by the
16 apparent owner; or
 - 17 (c) A verification or review of the balance by or on behalf of
18 the apparent owner.
- 19 (2) The amount presumed abandoned in a stored value card is the
20 net card value at the time it is presumed abandoned.

21 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 207.** WHEN SECURITY PRESUMED ABANDONED. (1)
22 Subject to section 209 of this act, a security is presumed abandoned
23 three years after:

- 24 (a) The date a second consecutive communication sent by the
25 holder by first-class United States mail to the apparent owner is
26 returned to the holder undelivered by the United States postal
27 service; or
 - 28 (b) If the second communication is made later than 30 days after
29 the first communication is returned, the date the first communication
30 is returned undelivered to the holder by the United States postal
31 service.
- 32 (2) If the holder does not send communications to the apparent
33 owner of a security by first-class United States mail, the holder
34 shall attempt to confirm the apparent owner's interest in the
35 security by sending the apparent owner an email communication not
36 later than two years after the apparent owner's last indication of
37 interest in the security. However the holder promptly shall attempt
38 to contact the apparent owner by first-class United States mail if:

1 (a) The holder does not have information needed to send the
2 apparent owner an email communication or the holder believes that the
3 apparent owner's email address in the holder's records is not valid;

4 (b) The holder receives notification that the email communication
5 was not received; or

6 (c) The apparent owner does not respond to the email
7 communication not later than 30 days after the communication was
8 sent.

9 (3) If first-class United States mail sent under subsection (2)
10 of this section is returned to the holder undelivered by the United
11 States postal service, the security is presumed abandoned three years
12 after the date the mail is returned.

13 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 208.** WHEN RELATED PROPERTY PRESUMED
14 ABANDONED. At and after the time property is presumed abandoned under
15 this chapter, any other property right or interest accrued or
16 accruing from the property and not previously presumed abandoned is
17 also presumed abandoned.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 209.** INDICATION OF APPARENT OWNER INTEREST IN
19 PROPERTY. (1) The period after which property is presumed abandoned
20 is measured from the later of:

21 (a) The date the property is presumed abandoned under this
22 section and sections 201 through 208, 210, and 211 of this act; or

23 (b) The latest indication of interest by the apparent owner in
24 the property.

25 (2) Under this chapter, an indication of an apparent owner's
26 interest in property includes:

27 (a) A record communicated by the apparent owner to the holder or
28 agent of the holder concerning the property or the account in which
29 the property is held;

30 (b) An oral communication by the apparent owner to the holder or
31 agent of the holder concerning the property or the account in which
32 the property is held, if the holder or its agent contemporaneously
33 makes and preserves a record of the fact of the apparent owner's
34 communication;

35 (c) Presentment of a check or other instrument of payment of a
36 dividend, interest payment, or other distribution, or evidence of
37 receipt of a distribution made by electronic or similar means, with

1 respect to an account, underlying security, or interest in a business
2 association;

3 (d) Activity directed by an apparent owner in the account in
4 which the property is held, including accessing the account or
5 information concerning the account, or a direction by the apparent
6 owner to increase, decrease, or otherwise change the amount or type
7 of property held in the account;

8 (e) A deposit into or withdrawal from an account at a financial
9 organization, including an automatic deposit or withdrawal previously
10 authorized by the apparent owner other than an automatic reinvestment
11 of dividends or interest;

12 (f) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, payment of a
13 premium on an insurance policy; and

14 (g) Any other action by the apparent owner which reasonably
15 demonstrates to the holder that the apparent owner knows that the
16 property exists.

17 (3) An action by an agent or other representative of an apparent
18 owner, other than the holder acting as the apparent owner's agent, is
19 presumed to be an action on behalf of the apparent owner.

20 (4) A communication with an apparent owner by a person other than
21 the holder or the holder's representative is not an indication of
22 interest in the property by the apparent owner unless a record of the
23 communication evidences the apparent owner's knowledge of a right to
24 the property.

25 (5) If the insured dies or the insured or beneficiary of an
26 insurance policy otherwise becomes entitled to the proceeds before
27 depletion of the cash surrender value of the policy by operation of
28 an automatic premium loan provision or other nonforfeiture provision
29 contained in the policy, the operation does not prevent the policy
30 from maturing or terminating.

31 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 210.** KNOWLEDGE OF DEATH OF INSURED OR
32 ANNUITANT. (1) In this section, "death master file" means the United
33 States social security administration death master file or other
34 database or service that is at least as comprehensive as the United
35 States social security administration death master file for
36 determining that an individual reportedly has died.

37 (2) With respect to a life or endowment insurance policy or
38 annuity contract for which an amount is owed on proof of death, but
39 which has not matured by proof of death of the insured or annuitant,

1 the company has knowledge of the death of an insured or annuitant
2 when:

3 (a) The company receives a death certificate or court order
4 determining that the insured or annuitant has died;

5 (b) Due diligence, performed as required under chapter 48.23 RCW
6 and rules promulgated thereunder to maintain contact with the insured
7 or annuitant or determine whether the insured or annuitant has died,
8 validates the death of the insured or annuitant;

9 (c) The company conducts a comparison for any purpose between a
10 death master file and the names of some or all of the company's
11 insureds or annuitants, finds a match that provides notice that the
12 insured or annuitant has died, and validates the death;

13 (d) The administrator or the administrator's agent conducts a
14 comparison for the purpose of finding matches during an examination
15 conducted under sections 1001 through 1013 of this act between a
16 death master file and the names of some or all of the company's
17 insureds or annuitants, finds a match that provides notice that the
18 insured or annuitant has died, and the company validates the death;
19 or

20 (e) The company:

21 (i) Receives notice of the death of the insured or annuitant from
22 an administrator, beneficiary, policy owner, relative of the insured,
23 or trustee or from a personal representative or other legal
24 representative of the insured's or annuitant's estate; and

25 (ii) Validates the death of the insured or annuitant.

26 (3) The following rules apply under this section:

27 (a) A death master file match under subsection (2)(c) or (d) of
28 this section occurs if the criteria for an exact or partial match are
29 satisfied as provided by:

30 (i) Law of this state other than this chapter;

31 (ii) A rule or policy adopted by the office of the insurance
32 commissioner; or

33 (iii) Absent a law, rule, or policy under (a)(i) or (ii) of this
34 subsection standards in the national conference of insurance
35 legislators' "model unclaimed life insurance benefits act" as
36 published in 2014.

37 (b) The death master file match does not constitute proof of
38 death for the purpose of submission to an insurance company of a
39 claim by a beneficiary, annuitant, or owner of the policy or contract
40 for an amount due under an insurance policy or annuity contract.

1 (c) The death master file match or validation of the insured's or
2 annuitant's death does not alter the requirements for a beneficiary,
3 annuitant, or owner of the policy or contract to make a claim to
4 receive proceeds under the terms of the policy or contract.

5 (d) If no provision in Title 48 RCW or rules promulgated
6 thereunder establishes a time for validation of a death of an insured
7 or annuitant, the insurance company shall make a good faith effort
8 using other available records and information to validate the death
9 and document the effort taken not later than 90 days after the
10 insurance company has notice of the death.

11 (4) This chapter does not affect the determination of the extent
12 to which an insurance company before the effective date of this
13 section had knowledge of the death of an insured or annuitant or was
14 required to conduct a death master file comparison to determine
15 whether amounts owed by the company on a life or endowment insurance
16 policy or annuity contract were presumed abandoned or unclaimed.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 211.** DEPOSIT ACCOUNT FOR PROCEEDS OF
18 INSURANCE POLICY OR ANNUITY CONTRACT. If proceeds payable under a
19 life or endowment insurance policy or annuity contract are deposited
20 into an account with check or draft writing privileges for the
21 beneficiary of the policy or contract and, under a supplementary
22 contract not involving annuity benefits other than death benefits,
23 the proceeds are retained by the insurance company or the financial
24 organization where the account is held, the policy or contract
25 includes the assets in the account.

26 **PART 3**

27 **RULES FOR TAKING CUSTODY OF PROPERTY PRESUMED ABANDONED**

28 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 301.** ADDRESS OF APPARENT OWNER TO ESTABLISH
29 PRIORITY. In this section and sections 302 through 307 of this act,
30 the following rules apply:

31 (1) The last known address of an apparent owner is any
32 description, code, or other indication of the location of the
33 apparent owner which identifies the state, even if the description,
34 code, or indication of location is not sufficient to direct the
35 delivery of first-class United States mail to the apparent owner.

36 (2) If the United States postal zip code associated with the
37 apparent owner is for a post office located in this state, this state

1 is deemed to be the state of the last known address of the apparent
2 owner unless other records associated with the apparent owner
3 specifically identify the physical address of the apparent owner to
4 be in another state.

5 (3) If the address under subsection (2) of this section is in
6 another state, the other state is deemed to be the state of the last
7 known address of the apparent owner.

8 (4) The address of the apparent owner of a life or endowment
9 insurance policy or annuity contract or its proceeds is presumed to
10 be the address of the insured or annuitant if a person other than the
11 insured or annuitant is entitled to the amount owed under the policy
12 or contract and the address of the other person is not known by the
13 insurance company and cannot be determined under section 302 of this
14 act.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 302.** ADDRESS OF APPARENT OWNER IN THIS STATE.

16 The administrator may take custody of property that is presumed
17 abandoned, whether located in this state, another state, or a foreign
18 country if:

19 (1) The last known address of the apparent owner in the records
20 of the holder is in this state; or

21 (2) The records of the holder do not reflect the identity or last
22 known address of the apparent owner, but the administrator has
23 determined that the last known address of the apparent owner is in
24 this state.

25 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 303.** IF RECORDS SHOW MULTIPLE ADDRESSES OF
26 APPARENT OWNER. (1) Except as in subsection (2) of this section, if
27 records of a holder reflect multiple addresses for an apparent owner
28 and this state is the state of the most recently recorded address,
29 this state may take custody of property presumed abandoned, whether
30 located in this state or another state.

31 (2) If it appears from records of the holder that the most
32 recently recorded address of the apparent owner under subsection (1)
33 of this section is a temporary address and this state is the state of
34 the next most recently recorded address that is not a temporary
35 address, this state may take custody of the property presumed
36 abandoned.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 304.** HOLDER DOMICILED IN THIS STATE. (1)

2 Except as in subsection (2) of this section or section 302 or 303 of
3 this act, the administrator may take custody of property presumed
4 abandoned, whether located in this state, another state, or a foreign
5 country, if the holder is domiciled in this state or is this state or
6 a governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of this state,
7 and:

8 (a) Another state or foreign country is not entitled to the
9 property because there is no last known address of the apparent owner
10 or other person entitled to the property in the records of the
11 holder; or

12 (b) The state or foreign country of the last known address of the
13 apparent owner or other person entitled to the property does not
14 provide for custodial taking of the property.

15 (2) Property is not subject to custody of the administrator under
16 subsection (1) of this section if the property is specifically exempt
17 from custodial taking under the law of this state or the state or
18 foreign country of the last known address of the apparent owner.

19 (3) If a holder's state of domicile has changed since the time
20 property was presumed abandoned, the holder's state of domicile in
21 this section is deemed to be the state where the holder was domiciled
22 at the time the property was presumed abandoned.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 305.** CUSTODY IF TRANSACTION TOOK PLACE IN

24 THIS STATE. Except as in section 302, 303, or 304 of this act, the
25 administrator may take custody of property presumed abandoned whether
26 located in this state or another state if:

27 (1) The transaction out of which the property arose took place in
28 this state;

29 (2) The holder is domiciled in a state that does not provide for
30 the custodial taking of the property, except that if the property is
31 specifically exempt from custodial taking under the law of the state
32 of the holder's domicile, the property is not subject to the custody
33 of the administrator; and

34 (3) The last known address of the apparent owner or other person
35 entitled to the property is unknown or in a state that does not
36 provide for the custodial taking of the property, except that if the
37 property is specifically exempt from custodial taking under the law
38 of the state of the last known address, the property is not subject
39 to the custody of the administrator.

1 (ii) The administrator determines that relief from the electronic
2 filing requirement under this subsection supports the efficient or
3 effective administration of this chapter.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 402.** CONTENT OF REPORT. (1) The report
5 required under section 401 of this act must:

6 (a) Be signed by or on behalf of the holder and verified as to
7 its completeness and accuracy;

8 (b) If filed electronically, be in a secure format approved by
9 the administrator which protects confidential information of the
10 apparent owner in the same manner as required of the administrator
11 and the administrator's agent under sections 1401 through 1408 of
12 this act;

13 (c) Describe the property;

14 (d) Except for a traveler's check, money order, or similar
15 instrument, contain the name, if known, last known address, if known,
16 and social security number or taxpayer identification number, if
17 known or readily ascertainable, of the apparent owner of property
18 with a value of \$50 or more;

19 (e) For an amount held or owing under a life or endowment
20 insurance policy or annuity contract, contain the name and last known
21 address of the insured, annuitant, or other apparent owner of the
22 policy or contract and of the beneficiary;

23 (f) For property held in or removed from a safe deposit box,
24 indicate the location of the property, where it may be inspected by
25 the administrator, and any amounts owed to the holder under section
26 606 of this act;

27 (g) Contain the commencement date for determining abandonment
28 under sections 201 through 211 of this act;

29 (h) State that the holder has complied with the notice
30 requirements of section 501 of this act;

31 (i) Identify property that is a nonfreely transferable security
32 and explain why it is a nonfreely transferable security; and

33 (j) Contain other information the administrator prescribes by
34 rules.

35 (2) A report under section 401 of this act may include in the
36 aggregate items valued under \$50 each. If the report includes items
37 in the aggregate valued under \$50 each, the administrator may not
38 require the holder to provide the name and address of an apparent

1 owner of an item unless the information is necessary to verify or
2 process a claim in progress by the apparent owner.

3 (3) A report under section 401 of this act may include personal
4 information as defined in section 1401(1) of this act about the
5 apparent owner or the apparent owner's property to the extent not
6 otherwise prohibited by federal law.

7 (4) If a holder has changed its name while holding property
8 presumed abandoned or is a successor to another person that
9 previously held the property for the apparent owner, the holder must
10 include in the report under section 401 of this act its former name
11 or the name of the previous holder, if any, and the known name and
12 address of each previous holder of the property.

13 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 403.** WHEN REPORT TO BE FILED. (1) Except as
14 otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section and subject to
15 subsection (3) of this section, the report under section 401 of this
16 act must be filed before May 1st of each year and cover the 12 months
17 preceding July 1st of that year.

18 (2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, the report under
19 section 401 of this act to be filed by an insurance company must be
20 filed before May 1st of each year for the immediately preceding
21 calendar year.

22 (3) Before the date for filing the report under section 401 of
23 this act, the holder of property presumed abandoned may request the
24 administrator to extend the time for filing. The administrator may
25 grant an extension. If the extension is granted, the holder may pay
26 or make a partial payment of the amount the holder estimates
27 ultimately will be due. The payment or partial payment terminates
28 accrual of interest on the amount paid.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 404.** RETENTION OF RECORDS BY HOLDER. A holder
30 required to file a report under section 401 of this act must retain
31 records for six years after the later of the date the report was
32 filed or the last date a timely report was due to be filed, unless a
33 shorter period is provided by rule of the administrator. The holder
34 may satisfy the requirement to retain records under this section
35 through an agent. The records must contain:

- 36 (1) The information required to be included in the report;
37 (2) The date, place, and nature of the circumstances that gave
38 rise to the property right;

1 (3) The amount or value of the property;

2 (4) The last address of the apparent owner, if known to the
3 holder; and

4 (5) If the holder sells, issues, or provides to others for sale
5 or issue in this state traveler's checks, money orders, or similar
6 instruments, other than third-party bank checks, on which the holder
7 is directly liable, a record of the instruments while they remain
8 outstanding indicating the state and date of issue.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 405.** PROPERTY REPORTABLE AND PAYABLE OR
10 DELIVERABLE ABSENT OWNER DEMAND. Property is reportable and payable
11 or deliverable under this chapter even if the owner fails to make
12 demand or present an instrument or document otherwise required to
13 obtain payment.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 406.** ABANDONED INTANGIBLE PROPERTY HELD BY A
15 LOCAL GOVERNMENT. (1) A local government holding abandoned intangible
16 property that is not forwarded to the department of revenue in
17 subsection (2) of this section is not required to maintain current
18 records of this property for longer than five years after the
19 property is presumed abandoned, and at that time may archive records
20 of this intangible property and transfer the intangible property to
21 its general fund. However, the local government remains liable to pay
22 the intangible property to a person or entity subsequently
23 establishing its ownership of this intangible property.

24 (2) Counties, cities, towns, and other municipal and quasi-
25 municipal corporations that hold funds representing warrants canceled
26 pursuant to RCW 36.22.100 and 39.56.040, uncashed checks, and
27 property tax overpayments or refunds may retain the funds until the
28 owner notifies them and establishes ownership as provided in this
29 chapter. Counties, cities, towns, or other municipal and quasi-
30 municipal corporations must provide to the administrator a report of
31 property it is holding pursuant to this section. The report must
32 identify the property and owner in the manner provided in this part 4
33 and the administrator must publish the information as provided in
34 section 503 of this act.

35 **PART 5**

36 **NOTICE TO APPARENT OWNER OF PROPERTY PRESUMED ABANDONED**

1 (e) Provide instructions that the apparent owner must follow to
2 prevent the holder from reporting and paying or delivering the
3 property to the administrator.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 503.** NOTICE BY ADMINISTRATOR. (1) The
5 administrator shall give notice to an apparent owner that property
6 presumed abandoned and appears to be owned by the apparent owner is
7 held by the administrator under this chapter.

8 (2) In providing notice under subsection (1) of this section, the
9 administrator shall:

10 (a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, send
11 written notice by first-class United States mail to each apparent
12 owner of property valued at \$75 or more held by the administrator,
13 unless the administrator determines that a mailing by first-class
14 United States mail would not be received by the apparent owner, and,
15 in the case of a security held in an account for which the apparent
16 owner had consented to receiving email from the holder, send notice
17 by email if the email address of the apparent owner is known to the
18 administrator instead of by first-class United States mail; or

19 (b) Send the notice to the apparent owner's email address if the
20 administrator does not have a valid United States mail address for an
21 apparent owner, but has an email address that the administrator does
22 not know to be invalid.

23 (3) In addition to the notice under subsection (2) of this
24 section, the administrator shall:

25 (a) Publish every 12 months in the printed or online version of a
26 newspaper of general circulation within this state, which the
27 administrator determines is most likely to give notice to the
28 apparent owner of the property, notice of property held by the
29 administrator which must include:

30 (i) The total value of property received by the administrator
31 during the preceding 12-month period, taken from the reports under
32 section 401 of this act;

33 (ii) The total value of claims paid by the administrator during
34 the preceding 12-month period;

35 (iii) The internet web address of the unclaimed property website
36 maintained by the administrator;

37 (iv) A telephone number and email address to contact the
38 administrator to inquire about or claim property; and

1 (v) A statement that a person may access the internet by a
2 computer to search for unclaimed property and a computer may be
3 available as a service to the public at a local public library; and

4 (b) Maintain a website or database accessible by the public and
5 electronically searchable which contains the names reported to the
6 administrator of all apparent owners for whom property is being held
7 by the administrator.

8 (4) The website or database maintained under subsection (3)(b) of
9 this section must include instructions for filing with the
10 administrator a claim to property and a printable claim form with
11 instructions for its use.

12 (5) In addition to giving notice under subsection (2) of this
13 section, publishing the information under subsection (3)(a) of this
14 section and maintaining the website or database under subsection
15 (3)(b) of this section, the administrator may use other printed
16 publication, telecommunications, the internet, or other media to
17 inform the public of the existence of unclaimed property held by the
18 administrator.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 504.** COOPERATION AMONG STATE OFFICERS AND
20 AGENCIES TO LOCATE APPARENT OWNER. Unless prohibited by law of this
21 state other than this chapter, on request of the administrator, each
22 officer, agency, board, commission, division, and department of this
23 state, any body politic and corporate created by this state for a
24 public purpose, and each political subdivision of this state shall
25 make its books and records available to the administrator and
26 cooperate with the administrator to determine the current address of
27 an apparent owner of property held by the administrator under this
28 chapter.

29 **PART 6**

30 **TAKING CUSTODY OF PROPERTY BY ADMINISTRATOR**

31 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 601.** DEFINITION OF GOOD FAITH. In this
32 section and sections 602 through 610 of this act, payment or delivery
33 of property is made in good faith if a holder:

34 (1) Had a reasonable basis for believing, based on the facts then
35 known, that the property was required or permitted to be paid or
36 delivered to the administrator under this chapter; or

37 (2) Made payment or delivery:

1 (a) In response to a demand by the administrator or
2 administrator's agent; or

3 (b) Under a guidance or ruling issued by the administrator which
4 the holder reasonably believed required or permitted the property to
5 be paid or delivered.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 602.** DORMANCY CHARGE. (1) A holder may deduct
7 a dormancy charge from property required to be paid or delivered to
8 the administrator if:

9 (a) A valid contract between the holder and the apparent owner
10 authorizes imposition of the charge for the apparent owner's failure
11 to claim the property within a specified time; and

12 (b) The holder regularly imposes the charge and regularly does
13 not reverse or otherwise cancel the charge.

14 (2) The amount of the deduction under subsection (1) of this
15 section is limited to an amount that is not unconscionable
16 considering all relevant factors, including the marginal
17 transactional costs incurred by the holder in maintaining the
18 apparent owner's property and any services received by the apparent
19 owner.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 603.** PAYMENT OR DELIVERY OF PROPERTY TO
21 ADMINISTRATOR. (1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section,
22 on filing a report under section 401 of this act, the holder shall
23 pay or deliver to the administrator the property described in the
24 report. Holders who are required to file a report electronically
25 under this chapter must remit payments under this section by
26 electronic funds transfer or other form of electronic payment
27 acceptable to the administrator. However, the administrator, upon
28 request or its own initiative, may relieve any holder or class of
29 holders from the electronic payment requirement under this subsection
30 for good cause as determined by the administrator.

31 (b) For purposes of this subsection, "good cause" means:

32 (i) A circumstance or condition exists that, in the
33 administrator's judgment, prevents the holder from remitting payments
34 due under this section electronically; or

35 (ii) The administrator determines that relief from the electronic
36 payment requirement under this subsection supports the efficient or
37 effective administration of this chapter.

1 (2) If property in a report under section 401 of this act is an
2 automatically renewable deposit and a penalty or forfeiture in the
3 payment of interest would result from paying the deposit to the
4 administrator at the time of the report, the date for payment of the
5 property to the administrator is extended until a penalty or
6 forfeiture no longer would result from payment, if the holder informs
7 the administrator of the extended date.

8 (3) Tangible property in a safe deposit box may not be delivered
9 to the administrator until 180 days after filing the report under
10 section 401 of this act.

11 (4) If property reported to the administrator under section 401
12 of this act is a security, the administrator may:

13 (a) Make an endorsement, instruction, or entitlement order on
14 behalf of the apparent owner to invoke the duty of the issuer, its
15 transfer agent, or the securities intermediary to transfer the
16 security; or

17 (b) Dispose of the security under section 702 of this act.

18 (5) If the holder of that property reported to the administrator
19 under section 401 of this act is the issuer of a certificated
20 security, the administrator may obtain a replacement certificate in
21 physical or book-entry form under RCW 62A.8-405. An indemnity bond is
22 not required.

23 (6) The administrator shall establish procedures for the
24 registration, issuance, method of delivery, transfer, and maintenance
25 of securities delivered to the administrator by a holder.

26 (7) An issuer, holder, and transfer agent or other person acting
27 under this section under instructions of and on behalf of the issuer
28 or holder is not liable to the apparent owner for, and must be
29 indemnified by the state against, a claim arising with respect to
30 property after the property has been delivered to the administrator.

31 (8) A holder is not required to deliver to the administrator a
32 security identified by the holder as a nonfreely transferable
33 security. If the administrator or holder determines that a security
34 is no longer a nonfreely transferable security, the holder shall
35 deliver the security on the next regular date prescribed for delivery
36 of securities under this chapter. The holder shall make a
37 determination annually whether a security identified in a report
38 filed under section 401 of this act as a nonfreely transferable
39 security is no longer a nonfreely transferable security.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 604.** EFFECT OF PAYMENT OR DELIVERY OF
2 PROPERTY TO ADMINISTRATOR. (1) On payment or delivery of property to
3 the administrator under this chapter, the administrator as agent for
4 the state assumes custody and responsibility for safekeeping the
5 property. A holder that pays or delivers property to the
6 administrator in good faith and substantially complies with sections
7 501 and 502 of this act is relieved of liability arising thereafter
8 with respect to payment or delivery of the property to the
9 administrator.

10 (2) This state shall defend and indemnify a holder against
11 liability on a claim against the holder resulting from the payment or
12 delivery of property to the administrator made in good faith and
13 after the holder substantially complied with sections 501 and 502 of
14 this act.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 605.** RECOVERY OF PROPERTY BY HOLDER FROM
16 ADMINISTRATOR. (1) A holder that under this chapter pays money to the
17 administrator may file a claim for reimbursement from the
18 administrator of the amount paid if the holder:

19 (a) Paid the money in error; or

20 (b) After paying the money to the administrator, paid money to a
21 person the holder reasonably believed was entitled to the money.

22 (2) If a claim for reimbursement under subsection (1) of this
23 section is made for a payment made on a negotiable instrument,
24 including a traveler's check, money order, or similar instrument, the
25 holder must submit proof that the instrument was presented and
26 payment was made to a person the holder reasonably believed was
27 entitled to payment. The holder may claim reimbursement even if the
28 payment was made to a person whose claim was made after expiration of
29 a period of limitation on the owner's right to receive or recover
30 property, whether specified by contract, statute, or court order.

31 (3) If a holder is reimbursed by the administrator under
32 subsection (1)(b) of this section, the holder may also recover from
33 the administrator income or gain under section 607 of this act that
34 would have been paid to the owner if the money had been claimed from
35 the administrator by the owner to the extent the income or gain was
36 paid by the holder to the owner.

37 (4) A holder that under this chapter delivers property other than
38 money to the administrator may file a claim for return of the
39 property from the administrator if:

1 (a) The holder delivered the property in error; or

2 (b) The apparent owner has claimed the property from the holder.

3 (5) If a claim for return of property under subsection (4) of
4 this section is made, the holder shall include with the claim
5 evidence sufficient to establish that the apparent owner has claimed
6 the property from the holder or that the property was delivered by
7 the holder to the administrator in error.

8 (6) The administrator may determine that an affidavit submitted
9 by a holder is evidence sufficient to establish that the holder is
10 entitled to reimbursement or to recover property under this section.

11 (7) A holder is not required to pay a fee or other charge for
12 reimbursement or return of property under this section.

13 (8) Not later than 90 days after a claim is filed under
14 subsection (1) or (4) of this section, the administrator shall allow
15 or deny the claim and give the claimant notice of the decision in a
16 record. If the administrator does not take action on a claim during
17 the 90-day period, the claim is deemed denied.

18 (9) Decisions under this section are subject to review under
19 sections 1103 and 1104 of this act.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 606.** PROPERTY REMOVED FROM SAFE DEPOSIT BOX.

21 Property removed from a safe deposit box and delivered to the
22 administrator under this chapter is subject to the holder's right to
23 reimbursement for the cost of opening the box and a lien or contract
24 providing reimbursement to the holder for unpaid rent charges for the
25 box. The administrator shall reimburse the holder from the proceeds
26 remaining after deducting the expense incurred by the administrator
27 in selling the property.

28 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 607.** CREDITING INCOME OR GAIN TO OWNER'S

29 ACCOUNT. If property other than money is delivered to the
30 administrator, the owner is entitled to receive from the
31 administrator income or gain realized or accrued on the property
32 before the property is sold. If the property was an interest-bearing
33 demand, savings, or time deposit, the administrator shall pay
34 interest at the rate the property earned while in possession of the
35 holder. Interest begins to accrue when the property is delivered to
36 the administrator and ends on the earlier of the expiration of 10
37 years after its delivery or the date on which payment is made to the
38 owner.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 608.** ADMINISTRATOR'S OPTIONS AS TO CUSTODY.

2 (1) The administrator may decline to take custody of property
3 reported under section 401 of this act if the administrator
4 determines that:

5 (a) The property has a value less than the estimated expenses of
6 notice and sale of the property; or

7 (b) Taking custody of the property would be unlawful.

8 (2) A holder may pay or deliver property to the administrator
9 before the property is presumed abandoned under this chapter if the
10 holder:

11 (a) Sends the apparent owner of the property notice required by
12 section 501 of this act and provides the administrator evidence of
13 the holder's compliance with this subsection (2)(a);

14 (b) Includes with the payment or delivery a report regarding the
15 property conforming to section 402 of this act; and

16 (c) First obtains the administrator's consent in a record to
17 accept payment or delivery.

18 (3) A holder's request for the administrator's consent under
19 subsection (2)(c) of this section must be in a record. If the
20 administrator fails to respond to the request not later than 30 days
21 after receipt of the request, the administrator is deemed to consent
22 to the payment or delivery of the property and the payment or
23 delivery is considered to have been made in good faith.

24 (4) On payment or delivery of property under subsection (2) of
25 this section, the property is presumed abandoned.

26 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 609.** DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY HAVING NO

27 SUBSTANTIAL VALUE—IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY. (1) If the administrator
28 takes custody of property delivered under this chapter and later
29 determines that the property has no substantial commercial value or
30 that the cost of disposing of the property will exceed the value of
31 the property, the administrator may return the property to the holder
32 or destroy or otherwise dispose of the property.

33 (2) An action or proceeding may not be commenced against the
34 state, an agency of the state, the administrator, another officer,
35 employee, or agent of the state, or a holder for or because of an act
36 of the administrator under this section, except for intentional
37 misconduct or malfeasance.

1 (5) The administrator must publish at least one notice of the
2 sale, at least three weeks but not more than five weeks before the
3 sale, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which
4 the property is sold.

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 702.** DISPOSAL OF SECURITIES. (1) Except as
6 otherwise provided in this subsection, the administrator must sell
7 all securities delivered to the administrator as required by this
8 chapter as soon as practicable after taking custody, in the judgment
9 of the administrator, after receipt by the administrator. However,
10 this subsection does not apply with respect to any securities that,
11 in the judgment of the administrator, cannot be sold, are worthless,
12 or are not cost-effective to sell.

13 (2) Securities listed on an established stock exchange must be
14 sold at prices prevailing at the time of sale on the exchange. Other
15 securities may be sold over the counter at prices prevailing at the
16 time of sale or by any other method the administrator considers
17 advisable. All securities may be sold over the counter at prices
18 prevailing at the time of the sale, or by any other method the
19 administrator deems advisable.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 703.** RECOVERY OF SECURITIES OR VALUE BY
21 OWNER. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person
22 making a claim under this chapter with respect to securities is only
23 entitled to receive the proceeds received from sale, even if the sale
24 of the securities has not been completed at the time the
25 administrator receives the claim. However, if the administrator
26 receives a claim for securities and the administrator has not ordered
27 those securities to be sold as of the time the claim is received by
28 the administrator, the claimant is entitled to receive either the
29 securities delivered to the administrator by the holder, or the
30 proceeds received from the sale, less any amounts deducted pursuant
31 to section 803 of this act.

32 (2) With respect to securities that, in the judgment of the
33 administrator, cannot be sold or are not cost-effective to sell and
34 that remain in the possession of the administrator, a person making a
35 claim under this chapter is only entitled to receive the securities
36 delivered to the administrator by the holder.

1 (3) The treasurer may periodically transfer from the general fund
2 of this state to the unclaimed personal property account amounts
3 necessary to accommodate the requirements of this section.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 802.** ADMINISTRATOR TO RETAIN RECORDS OF
5 PROPERTY. The administrator shall:

6 (1) Record and retain the name and last known address of each
7 person shown on a report filed under section 401 of this act to be
8 the apparent owner of property delivered to the administrator;

9 (2) Record and retain the name and last known address of each
10 insured or annuitant and beneficiary shown on the report;

11 (3) For each policy of insurance or annuity contract listed in
12 the report of an insurance company, record and retain the policy or
13 account number, the name of the company, and the amount due or paid;
14 and

15 (4) For each apparent owner listed in the report, record and
16 retain the name of the holder that filed the report and the amount
17 due or paid.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 803.** EXPENSES AND SERVICE CHARGES OF
19 ADMINISTRATOR. The administrator may expend from the unclaimed
20 personal property account for the following purposes:

21 (1) Expenses of disposition of property delivered to the
22 administrator under this chapter;

23 (2) Costs of mailing and publication in connection with property
24 delivered to the administrator under this chapter;

25 (3) Reasonable service charges; and

26 (4) Expenses incurred in examining records of or collecting
27 property from a putative holder or holder.

28 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 804.** ADMINISTRATOR HOLDS PROPERTY AS
29 CUSTODIAN FOR OWNER. Property received by the administrator under
30 this chapter is held in custody for the benefit of the owner and is
31 not owned by the state.

32 **PART 9**

33 **CLAIM TO RECOVER PROPERTY FROM ADMINISTRATOR**

34 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 901.** CLAIM OF ANOTHER STATE TO RECOVER
35 PROPERTY. (1) If the administrator knows that property held by the

1 administrator under this chapter is subject to a superior claim of
2 another state, the administrator shall:

3 (a) Report and pay or deliver the property to the other state; or

4 (b) Return the property to the holder so that the holder may pay
5 or deliver the property to the other state.

6 (2) The administrator is not required to enter into an agreement
7 to transfer property to the other state under subsection (1) of this
8 section.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 902.** WHEN PROPERTY SUBJECT TO RECOVERY BY
10 ANOTHER STATE. (1) Property held under this chapter by the
11 administrator is subject to the right of another state to take
12 custody of the property if:

13 (a) The property was paid or delivered to the administrator
14 because the records of the holder did not reflect a last known
15 address in the other state of the apparent owner and:

16 (i) The other state establishes that the last known address of
17 the apparent owner or other person entitled to the property was in
18 the other state; or

19 (ii) Under the law of the other state, the property has become
20 subject to a claim by the other state of abandonment;

21 (b) The records of the holder did not accurately identify the
22 owner of the property, the last known address of the owner was in
23 another state, and, under the law of the other state, the property
24 has become subject to a claim by the other state of abandonment;

25 (c) The property was subject to the custody of the administrator
26 of this state under section 305 of this act and, under the law of the
27 state of domicile of the holder, the property has become subject to a
28 claim by the state of domicile of the holder of abandonment; or

29 (d) The property:

30 (i) Is a sum payable on a traveler's check, money order, or
31 similar instrument that was purchased in the other state and
32 delivered to the administrator under section 306 of this act; and

33 (ii) Under the law of the other state, has become subject to a
34 claim by the other state of abandonment.

35 (2) A claim by another state to recover property under this
36 section must be presented in a form prescribed by the administrator,
37 unless the administrator waives presentation of the form.

38 (3) The administrator shall decide a claim under this section not
39 later than 90 days after it is presented. If the administrator

1 determines that the other state is entitled under subsection (1) of
2 this section to custody of the property, the administrator shall
3 allow the claim and pay or deliver the property to the other state.

4 (4) The administrator may require another state, before
5 recovering property under this section, to agree to indemnify this
6 state and its agents, officers, and employees against any liability
7 on a claim to the property.

8 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 903.** CLAIM FOR PROPERTY BY PERSON CLAIMING TO
9 BE OWNER. (1) A person claiming to be the owner of property held
10 under this chapter by the administrator may file a claim for the
11 property on a form prescribed by the administrator. The claimant must
12 verify the claim as to its completeness and accuracy.

13 (2) The administrator may waive the requirement in subsection (1)
14 of this section and may pay or deliver property directly to a person
15 if:

16 (a) The person receiving the property or payment is shown to be
17 the apparent owner included on a report filed under section 401 of
18 this act;

19 (b) The administrator reasonably believes the person is entitled
20 to receive the property or payment; and

21 (c) The property has a value of less than \$250.

22 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 904.** WHEN ADMINISTRATOR MUST HONOR CLAIM FOR
23 PROPERTY. (1) The administrator shall pay or deliver property to a
24 claimant under section 903(1) of this act if the administrator
25 receives evidence sufficient to establish to the satisfaction of the
26 administrator that the claimant is the owner of the property.

27 (2) Not later than 90 days after a claim is filed under section
28 903(1) of this act, the administrator shall allow or deny the claim
29 and give the claimant notice in a record of the decision.

30 (3) If the claim is denied under subsection (2) of this section:

31 (a) The administrator shall inform the claimant of the reason for
32 the denial and specify what additional evidence, if any, is required
33 for the claim to be allowed;

34 (b) The claimant may file an amended claim with the administrator
35 or commence an action under section 906 of this act; and

36 (c) The administrator shall consider an amended claim filed under
37 (b) of this subsection as an initial claim.

1 (4) If the administrator does not take action on a claim during
2 the 90-day period following the filing of a claim under section
3 903(1) of this act, the claim is deemed denied.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 905.** ALLOWANCE OF CLAIM FOR PROPERTY. (1) Not
5 later than 30 days after a claim is allowed under section 904(2) of
6 this act, the administrator shall pay or deliver to the owner the
7 property or pay to the owner the net proceeds of a sale of the
8 property, together with income or gain to which the owner is entitled
9 under section 607 of this act. On request of the owner, the
10 administrator may sell or liquidate a security and pay the net
11 proceeds to the owner, even if the security had been held by the
12 administrator for less than three years or the administrator has not
13 complied with the notice requirements under section 702 of this act.

14 (2) Property held under this chapter by the administrator is
15 subject to a claim for the payment of an enforceable debt the owner
16 owes in this state for:

17 (a) Child support arrearages, including child support collection
18 costs and child support arrearages that are combined with
19 maintenance;

20 (b) A civil or criminal fine or penalty, court costs, a
21 surcharge, or restitution imposed by a final order of an
22 administrative agency or a final court judgment; or

23 (c) State or local taxes, penalties, and interest that have been
24 determined to be delinquent.

25 (3) Before delivery or payment to an owner under subsection (1)
26 of this section of property or payment to the owner of net proceeds
27 of a sale of the property, the administrator first shall apply the
28 property or net proceeds to a debt under subsection (2) of this
29 section the administrator determines is owed by the owner. The
30 administrator shall pay the amount to the appropriate state or local
31 agency and notify the owner of the payment.

32 (4) The administrator may make periodic inquiries of state and
33 local agencies in the absence of a claim filed under section 903 of
34 this act to determine whether an apparent owner included in the
35 unclaimed property records of this state has enforceable debts
36 described in subsection (2) of this section. The administrator first
37 shall apply the property or net proceeds of a sale of property held
38 by the administrator to a debt under subsection (2) of this section
39 of an apparent owner which appears in the records of the

1 administrator and deliver the amount to the appropriate state or
2 local agency. The administrator shall notify the apparent owner of
3 the payment.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 906.** ACTION BY PERSON WHOSE CLAIM IS DENIED.
5 Not later than one year after filing a claim under section 904(1) of
6 this act, the claimant may commence an action against the
7 administrator in Thurston county superior court to establish a claim
8 that has been denied or deemed denied under section 904 of this act.

9 **PART 10**

10 **VERIFIED REPORT OF PROPERTY—EXAMINATION OF RECORDS**

11 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1001.** VERIFIED REPORT OF PROPERTY. If a
12 person does not file a report required by section 401 of this act or
13 the administrator believes that a person may have filed an
14 inaccurate, incomplete, or false report, the administrator may
15 require the person to file a verified report in a form prescribed by
16 the administrator. The verified report must:

- 17 (1) State whether the person is holding property reportable under
18 this chapter;
- 19 (2) Describe property not previously reported or about which the
20 administrator has inquired;
- 21 (3) Specifically identify property described under subsection (2)
22 of this section about which there is a dispute whether it is
23 reportable under this section; and
- 24 (4) State the amount or value of the property.

25 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1002.** EXAMINATION OF RECORDS TO DETERMINE
26 COMPLIANCE. The administrator, at reasonable times and on reasonable
27 notice, may:

- 28 (1) Examine the records of a person, including examination of
29 appropriate records in the possession of an agent of the person under
30 examination, if the records are reasonably necessary to determine
31 whether the person has complied with this chapter;
- 32 (2) Issue an administrative subpoena requiring the person or
33 agent of the person to make records available for examination; and
- 34 (3) Bring an action seeking judicial enforcement of the subpoena.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1003.** RULES FOR CONDUCTING EXAMINATION. (1)

2 The administrator shall adopt rules governing procedures and
3 standards for an examination under section 1002 of this act,
4 including rules for use of an estimation, extrapolation, and
5 statistical sampling in conducting an examination.

6 (2) An examination under section 1002 of this act must be
7 performed under rules adopted under subsection (1) of this section
8 and with generally accepted examination practices and standards
9 applicable to an unclaimed property examination.

10 (3) If a person subject to examination under section 1002 of this
11 act has filed the reports required under sections 401 and 1001 of
12 this act and has retained the records required by section 404 of this
13 act, the following rules apply:

14 (a) The examination must include a review of the person's
15 records.

16 (b) The examination may not be based on an estimate unless the
17 person expressly consents in a record to the use of an estimate or
18 the person has failed to make its records available to the
19 administrator for examination.

20 (c) The person conducting the examination shall consider the
21 evidence presented in good faith by the person in preparing the
22 findings of the examination under section 1007 of this act.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1004.** RECORDS OBTAINED IN EXAMINATION.

24 Records obtained and records, including work papers, compiled by the
25 administrator in the course of conducting an examination under
26 section 1002 of this act:

27 (1) Are subject to the confidentiality and security provisions of
28 sections 1401 through 1408 of this act and are not public records;

29 (2) May be used by the administrator in an action to collect
30 property or otherwise enforce this chapter;

31 (3) May be used in a joint examination conducted with another
32 state, the United States, a foreign country or subordinate unit of a
33 foreign country, or any other governmental entity if the governmental
34 entity conducting the examination is legally bound to maintain the
35 confidentiality and security of information obtained from a person
36 subject to examination in a manner substantially equivalent to
37 sections 1401 through 1408 of this act;

38 (4) Must be disclosed, on request, to the person that administers
39 the unclaimed property law of another state for that state's use in

1 circumstances equivalent to circumstances described in this section
2 and sections 1001 through 1003 and 1005 through 1013 of this act, if
3 the other state is required to maintain the confidentiality and
4 security of information obtained in a manner substantially equivalent
5 to sections 1401 through 1408 of this act;

6 (5) Must be produced by the administrator under an administrative
7 or judicial subpoena or administrative or court order; and

8 (6) Must be produced by the administrator on request of the
9 person subject to the examination in an administrative or judicial
10 proceeding relating to the property.

11 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1005.** EVIDENCE OF UNPAID DEBT OR UNDISCHARGED
12 OBLIGATION. (1) A record of a putative holder showing an unpaid debt
13 or undischarged obligation is prima facie evidence of the debt or
14 obligation.

15 (2) A putative holder may establish by a preponderance of the
16 evidence that there is no unpaid debt or undischarged obligation for
17 a debt or obligation described in subsection (1) of this section or
18 that the debt or obligation was not, or no longer is, a fixed and
19 certain obligation of the putative holder.

20 (3) A putative holder may overcome prima facie evidence under
21 subsection (1) of this section by establishing by a preponderance of
22 the evidence that a check, draft, or similar instrument was:

23 (a) Issued as an unaccepted offer in settlement of an
24 unliquidated amount;

25 (b) Issued but later was replaced with another instrument because
26 the earlier instrument was lost or contained an error that was
27 corrected;

28 (c) Issued to a party affiliated with the issuer;

29 (d) Paid, satisfied, or discharged;

30 (e) Issued in error;

31 (f) Issued without consideration;

32 (g) Issued but there was a failure of consideration;

33 (h) Voided within a reasonable time after issuance for a valid
34 business reason set forth in a contemporaneous record; or

35 (i) Issued but not delivered to the third-party payee for a
36 sufficient reason recorded within a reasonable time after issuance.

37 (4) In asserting a defense under this section, a putative holder
38 may present evidence of a course of dealing between the putative
39 holder and the apparent owner or of custom and practice.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1006.** FAILURE OF PERSON EXAMINED TO RETAIN
2 RECORDS. If a person subject to examination under section 1002 of
3 this act does not retain the records required by section 404 of this
4 act, the administrator may determine the value of property due using
5 a reasonable method of estimation based on all information available
6 to the administrator, including extrapolation and use of statistical
7 sampling when appropriate and necessary, consistent with examination
8 procedures and standards adopted under section 1003(1) of this act
9 and in accordance with section 1003(2) of this act.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1007.** REPORT TO PERSON WHOSE RECORDS WERE
11 EXAMINED. At the conclusion of an examination under section 1002 of
12 this act, the administrator shall provide to the person whose records
13 were examined a complete and unredacted examination report that
14 specifies:

- 15 (1) The work performed;
- 16 (2) The property types reviewed;
- 17 (3) The methodology of any estimation technique, extrapolation,
18 or statistical sampling used in conducting the examination;
- 19 (4) Each calculation showing the value of property determined to
20 be due; and
- 21 (5) The findings of the person conducting the examination.

22 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1008.** COMPLAINT TO ADMINISTRATOR ABOUT
23 CONDUCT OF PERSON CONDUCTING EXAMINATION. (1) If a person subject to
24 examination under section 1002 of this act believes the person
25 conducting the examination has made an unreasonable or unauthorized
26 request or is not proceeding expeditiously to complete the
27 examination, the person in a record may ask the administrator to
28 intervene and take appropriate remedial action, including
29 countermanning the request of the person conducting the examination,
30 imposing a time limit for completion of the examination, or
31 reassigning the examination to another person.

32 (2) If a person in a record requests a conference with the
33 administrator to present matters that are the basis of a request
34 under subsection (1) of this section, the administrator shall hold
35 the conference not later than 30 days after receiving the request.
36 The administrator may hold the conference in person, by telephone, or
37 by electronic means.

1 (3) If a conference is held under subsection (2) of this section,
2 not later than 30 days after the conference ends, the administrator
3 shall provide a report in a record of the conference to the person
4 that requested the conference.

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1009.** ADMINISTRATOR'S CONTRACT WITH ANOTHER
6 TO CONDUCT EXAMINATION. (1) In this section, "related to the
7 administrator" refers to an individual who is:

8 (a) The administrator's spouse, partner in a civil union,
9 domestic partner, or reciprocal beneficiary;

10 (b) The administrator's child, stepchild, grandchild, parent,
11 stepparent, sibling, stepsibling, half-sibling, aunt, uncle, niece,
12 or nephew;

13 (c) A spouse, partner in a civil union, domestic partner, or
14 reciprocal beneficiary of an individual under (b) of this subsection;
15 or

16 (d) Any individual residing in the administrator's household.

17 (2) The administrator may contract with a person to conduct an
18 examination under this section and sections 1001 through 1008 and
19 1010 through 1013 of this act. The contract may be awarded only under
20 chapter 39.26 RCW.

21 (3) If the person with which the administrator contracts under
22 subsection (2) of this section is:

23 (a) An individual, the individual may not be related to the
24 administrator; or

25 (b) A business entity, the entity may not be owned in whole or in
26 part by the administrator or an individual related to the
27 administrator.

28 (4) At least 60 days before assigning a person under contract
29 with the administrator under subsection (2) of this section to
30 conduct an examination, the administrator shall demand in a record
31 that the person to be examined submit a report and deliver property
32 that is previously unreported.

33 (5) If the administrator contracts with a person under subsection
34 (2) of this section:

35 (a) The contract may provide for compensation of the person based
36 on a fixed fee, hourly fee, or contingent fee;

37 (b) A contingent fee arrangement may not provide for a payment
38 that exceeds 10 percent of the amount or value of property paid or
39 delivered as a result of the examination; and

1 (c) On request by a person subject to examination by a
2 contractor, the administrator shall deliver to the person a complete
3 and unredacted copy of the contract.

4 (6) A contract under subsection (2) of this section is subject to
5 public disclosure without redaction under chapter 42.56 RCW.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1010.** LIMIT ON FUTURE EMPLOYMENT. The
7 administrator or an individual employed by the administrator who
8 participates in, recommends, or approves the award of a contract
9 under section 1009(2) of this act on or after the effective date of
10 this section may not be employed by, contracted with, or compensated
11 in any capacity by the contractor or an affiliate of the contractor
12 for two years after the latest of participation in, recommendation
13 of, or approval of the award or conclusion of the contract.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1011.** REPORT BY ADMINISTRATOR TO STATE
15 OFFICIAL. (1) Not later than three months after the end of the state
16 fiscal year, the administrator shall compile and submit a report to
17 the governor and legislature. The report must contain the following
18 information about property presumed abandoned for the preceding
19 fiscal year for the state:

20 (a) The total amount and value of all property paid or delivered
21 under this chapter to the administrator, separated into:

22 (i) The part voluntarily paid or delivered; and

23 (ii) The part paid or delivered as a result of an examination
24 under section 1002 of this act, separated into the part recovered as
25 a result of an examination conducted by:

26 (A) A state employee; and

27 (B) A contractor under section 1009 of this act;

28 (b) The name of and amount paid to each contractor under section
29 1009 of this act and the percentage the total compensation paid to
30 all contractors under section 1009 of this act bears to the total
31 amount paid or delivered to the administrator as a result of all
32 examinations performed under section 1009 of this act;

33 (c) The total amount and value of all property paid or delivered
34 by the administrator to persons that made claims for property held by
35 the administrator under this chapter and the percentage the total
36 payments made and value of property delivered to claimants bears to
37 the total amounts paid and value delivered to the administrator; and

1 (d) The total amount of claims made by persons claiming to be
2 owners which:

- 3 (i) Were denied;
- 4 (ii) Were allowed; and
- 5 (iii) Are pending.

6 (2) The report under subsection (1) of this section is a public
7 record subject to public disclosure without redaction under chapter
8 42.56 RCW.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1012.** DETERMINATION OF LIABILITY FOR
10 UNREPORTED REPORTABLE PROPERTY. If the administrator determines from
11 an examination conducted under section 1002 of this act that a
12 putative holder failed or refused to pay or deliver to the
13 administrator property which is reportable under this chapter, the
14 administrator shall issue a determination of the putative holder's
15 liability to pay or deliver and give notice in a record to the
16 putative holder of the determination.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1013.** INTEREST AND PENALTIES. (1) A person
18 who fails to pay or deliver property when due is required to pay to
19 the administrator interest at the rate as computed under RCW
20 82.32.050(1)(c) and set under RCW 82.32.050(2). However, the
21 administrator must waive or cancel interest imposed under this
22 subsection if:

23 (a) The administrator finds that the failure to pay or deliver
24 the property within the time prescribed by this chapter was the
25 result of circumstances beyond the person's control sufficient for
26 waiver or cancellation of interest under RCW 82.32.105;

27 (b) The failure to timely pay or deliver the property within the
28 time prescribed by this chapter was the direct result of written
29 instructions given to the person by the administrator; or

30 (c) The extension of a due date for payment or delivery under an
31 assessment issued by the administrator was not at the person's
32 request and was for the sole convenience of the administrator.

33 (2) If a person fails to file any report or to pay or deliver any
34 amounts or property when due under a report required under this
35 chapter, there is assessed a penalty equal to 10 percent of the
36 amount unpaid and the value of any property not delivered.

37 (3) If an examination results in an assessment for amounts unpaid
38 or property not delivered, there is assessed a penalty equal to 10

1 percent of the amount unpaid and the value of any property not
2 delivered.

3 (4) If a person fails to pay or deliver to the administrator by
4 the due date any amounts or property due under an assessment issued
5 by the administrator to the person, there is assessed an additional
6 penalty of five percent of the amount unpaid and the value of any
7 property not delivered.

8 (5) If a holder makes a fraudulent report under this chapter, the
9 administrator may require the holder to pay the administrator, in
10 addition to interest under this section, a civil penalty of \$1,000
11 for each day from the date the report was made until corrected, up to
12 a cumulative maximum amount of \$25,000, plus 25 percent of the amount
13 or value of any property that should have been reported or was
14 underreported.

15 (6) Penalties under subsections (2) through (4) of this section
16 may be waived or canceled only if the administrator finds that the
17 failure to pay or deliver within the time prescribed by this chapter
18 was the result of circumstances beyond the person's control
19 sufficient for waiver or cancellation of penalties under RCW
20 82.32.105.

21 (7) If a person willfully fails to file a report or to provide
22 written notice to apparent owners as required under this chapter, the
23 administrator may assess a civil penalty of \$100 for each day the
24 report is withheld or the notice is not sent, but not more than
25 \$5,000.

26 (8) If a holder, having filed a report, failed to file the report
27 electronically as required by RCW 63.29.170, or failed to pay
28 electronically any amounts due under the report as required by RCW
29 63.29.190, the administrator must assess a penalty equal to five
30 percent of the amount payable or deliverable under the report, unless
31 the administrator grants the taxpayer relief from the electronic
32 filing and payment requirements. Total penalties assessed under this
33 subsection may not exceed five percent of the amount payable and
34 value of property deliverable under the report.

35 (9) If a holder enters into a contract or other arrangement for
36 the purpose of evading an obligation under this chapter or otherwise
37 willfully fails to perform a duty imposed on the holder under this
38 chapter, the administrator may require the holder to pay the
39 administrator, in addition to interest as provided in this section, a
40 civil penalty of \$1,000 for each day the obligation is evaded or the

1 duty not performed, up to a cumulative maximum amount of \$25,000,
2 plus 25 percent of the amount or value of property that should have
3 been but was not reported, paid, or delivered as a result of the
4 evasion or failure to perform.

5 (10) The penalties imposed in this section are cumulative.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1014.** The administrator may waive, in whole
7 and in part, interest under section 1013 of this act and penalties
8 under section 1013 (5) and (9) of this act.

9 **PART 11**

10 **DETERMINATION OF LIABILITY—PUTATIVE HOLDER REMEDIES**

11 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1101.** INFORMAL CONFERENCE. (1) Not later than
12 30 days after receipt of a notice under section 1012 of this act, the
13 putative holder may request an informal conference with the
14 administrator to review the determination. Except as otherwise
15 provided in this section, the administrator may designate an employee
16 to act on behalf of the administrator.

17 (2) If a putative holder makes a timely request under subsection
18 (1) of this section for an informal conference:

19 (a) Not later than 20 days after the date of the request, the
20 administrator shall set the time and place of the conference;

21 (b) The administrator shall give the putative holder notice in a
22 record of the time and place of the conference;

23 (c) The conference may be held in person, by telephone, or by
24 electronic means, as determined by the administrator;

25 (d) The request tolls the 90-day period under sections 1103 and
26 1104 of this act until notice of a decision under (g) of this
27 subsection has been given to the putative holder or the putative
28 holder withdraws the request for the conference;

29 (e) The conference may be postponed, adjourned, and reconvened as
30 the administrator determines appropriate;

31 (f) The administrator or administrator's designee with the
32 approval of the administrator may modify a determination made under
33 section 1012 of this act or withdraw it; and

34 (g) The administrator shall issue a decision in a record and
35 provide a copy of the record to the putative holder and examiner not
36 later than 20 days after the conference ends.

1 (3) A conference under subsection (2) of this section is not an
2 administrative remedy and is not a contested case subject to chapter
3 34.05 RCW. An oath is not required and rules of evidence do not apply
4 in the conference.

5 (4) At a conference under subsection (2) of this section, the
6 putative holder must be given an opportunity to confer informally
7 with the administrator and the person that examined the records of
8 the putative holder to:

9 (a) Discuss the determination made under section 1012 of this
10 act; and

11 (b) Present any issue concerning the validity of the
12 determination.

13 (5) If the administrator fails to act within the period
14 prescribed in subsection (2)(a) or (g) of this section, the failure
15 does not affect a right of the administrator, except that interest
16 does not accrue on the amount for which the putative holder was
17 determined to be liable under section 1012 of this act during the
18 period in which the administrator failed to act until the earlier of:

19 (a) The date under section 1103 of this act the putative holder
20 initiates administrative review or files an action under section 1104
21 of this act; or

22 (b) Ninety days after the putative holder received notice of the
23 administrator's determination under section 1012 of this act if no
24 review was initiated under section 1103 of this act and no action was
25 filed under section 1104 of this act.

26 (6) The administrator may hold an informal conference with a
27 putative holder about a determination under section 1012 of this act
28 without a request at any time before the putative holder initiates
29 administrative review under section 1103 of this act or files an
30 action under section 1104 of this act.

31 (7) Interest and penalties under section 1013 of this act
32 continue to accrue on property not reported, paid, or delivered as
33 required by this chapter after the initiation, and during the
34 pendency, of an informal conference under this section.

35 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1102.** REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATOR'S
36 DETERMINATION. A putative holder may seek relief from a determination
37 under section 1012 of this act by:

38 (1) Administrative review under section 1103 of this act; or

39 (2) Judicial review under section 1104 of this act.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1103.** ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW. Any person
2 having been issued an assessment by the administrator, or a denial of
3 an application for a refund or return of property, under the
4 provisions of this chapter is entitled to a review by the
5 administrator conducted in accordance with the provisions of RCW
6 34.05.410 through 34.05.494, subject to judicial review under RCW
7 34.05.510 through 34.05.598. A petition for review under this section
8 is timely if received in writing by the administrator before the due
9 date of the assessment, including any extension of the due date
10 granted by the administrator, or in the case of a refund or return
11 application, 30 days after the administrator rejects the application
12 in writing, regardless of any subsequent action by the administrator
13 to reconsider its initial decision. The period for filing a petition
14 for review under this section may be extended as provided in a rule
15 adopted by the administrator under chapter 34.05 RCW or upon a
16 written agreement signed by the holder and the administrator.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1104.** JUDICIAL REMEDY. (1) Any person who has
18 paid or delivered property to the administrator under the provisions
19 of this chapter, except one who has failed to keep and preserve
20 records as required in this chapter, feeling aggrieved by such
21 payment or delivery, may appeal to the Thurston county superior
22 court. The person filing a notice of appeal under this section is
23 deemed the plaintiff, and the administrator, the defendant.

24 (2) An appeal under this section must be made within 30 days
25 after the administrator rejects in writing an application for refund
26 or return of property, regardless of any subsequent action by the
27 administrator to reconsider its initial decision.

28 (3) (a) In an appeal filed under this section, the plaintiff must
29 set forth the amount or property, if any, payable or deliverable on
30 the report or assessment that the plaintiff is contesting, which the
31 holder concedes to be the correct amount payable or deliverable, and
32 the reason why the amount payable or deliverable should be reduced or
33 abated.

34 (b) The appeal is perfected only by serving a copy of the notice
35 of appeal upon the administrator and filing the original with proof
36 of service with the clerk of the superior court of Thurston county,
37 within the time specified in subsection (2) of this section.

38 (4) (a) The trial in the superior court on appeal must be de novo
39 and without the necessity of any pleadings other than the notice of

1 appeal. At trial, the burden is on the plaintiff to (i) prove that
2 the amount paid by that person is incorrect, either in whole or in
3 part, or the property in question was delivered in error to the
4 administrator, and (ii) establish the correct amount payable or the
5 property required to be delivered to the administrator, if any.

6 (b) Both parties are entitled to subpoena the attendance of
7 witnesses as in other civil actions and to produce evidence that is
8 competent, relevant, and material to determine the correct amount
9 due, if any, that should be paid by the plaintiff.

10 (c) Either party may seek appellate review in the same manner as
11 other civil actions are appealed to the appellate courts.

12 (5) An appeal may be maintained under this section without the
13 need for the plaintiff to first:

14 (a) Protest against the payment of any amount due or reportable
15 under this chapter or to make any demand to have such amount refunded
16 or returned; or

17 (b) Petition the administrator for a refund, return of property,
18 or a review of its action as authorized in section 1103 of this act.

19 (6) No court action or proceeding of any kind may be maintained
20 by the plaintiff to recover any amount paid, delivered, or reported
21 to the administrator under this chapter, except as provided in this
22 section or as may be available to the plaintiff under RCW 34.05.510
23 through 34.05.598.

24 (7) No appeal may be maintained under this section with respect
25 to matters reviewed by the administrator under the provisions of
26 chapter 34.05 RCW.

27 **PART 12**

28 **ENFORCEMENT BY ADMINISTRATOR**

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1201.** JUDICIAL ACTION TO ENFORCE LIABILITY.

30 (1) If a determination under section 1012 of this act becomes final
31 and is not subject to administrative or judicial review, the
32 administrator may commence an action in superior court or in an
33 appropriate court of another state to enforce the determination and
34 secure payment or delivery of past due, unpaid, or undelivered
35 property. The action must be brought not later than one year after
36 the determination becomes final.

37 (2) In an action under subsection (1) of this section, if no
38 court in this state has jurisdiction over the defendant, the

1 administrator may commence an action in any court having jurisdiction
2 over the defendant.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1202.** INTERSTATE AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT—
4 COOPERATION. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, the
5 administrator may:

6 (a) Exchange information with another state or foreign country
7 relating to property presumed abandoned or relating to the possible
8 existence of property presumed abandoned; and

9 (b) Authorize in a record another state or foreign country or a
10 person acting on behalf of the other state or country to examine its
11 records of a putative holder as provided in sections 1001 through
12 1013 of this act.

13 (2) An exchange or examination under subsection (1) of this
14 section may be done only if the state or foreign country has
15 confidentiality and security requirements substantially equivalent to
16 those in sections 1401 through 1408 of this act or agrees in a record
17 to be bound by this state's confidentiality and security
18 requirements.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1203.** ACTION INVOLVING ANOTHER STATE OR
20 FOREIGN COUNTRY. (1) The administrator may join another state or
21 foreign country to examine and seek enforcement of this chapter
22 against a putative holder.

23 (2) On request of another state or foreign country, the attorney
24 general may commence an action on behalf of the other state or
25 country to enforce, in this state, the law of the other state or
26 country against a putative holder subject to a claim by the other
27 state or country, if the other state or country agrees to pay costs
28 incurred by the attorney general in the action.

29 (3) The administrator may request the official authorized to
30 enforce the unclaimed property law of another state or foreign
31 country to commence an action to recover property in the other state
32 or country on behalf of the administrator. This state shall pay the
33 costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses, incurred by
34 the other state or foreign country in an action under this
35 subsection.

36 (4) The administrator may pursue an action on behalf of this
37 state to recover property subject to this chapter but delivered to

1 the custody of another state if the administrator believes the
2 property is subject to the custody of the administrator.

3 (5) The administrator may retain an attorney in this state,
4 another state, or a foreign country to commence an action to recover
5 property on behalf of the administrator and may agree to pay
6 attorneys' fees based in whole or in part on a fixed fee, hourly fee,
7 or a percentage of the amount or value of property recovered in the
8 action.

9 (6) Expenses incurred by this state in an action under this
10 section may be paid from property received under this chapter or the
11 net proceeds of the property. Expenses paid to recover property may
12 not be deducted from the amount that is subject to a claim under this
13 chapter by the owner.

14 PART 13

15 AGREEMENT TO LOCATE PROPERTY OF APPARENT OWNER HELD BY ADMINISTRATOR

16 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1301.** WHEN AGREEMENT TO LOCATE PROPERTY
17 ENFORCEABLE. An agreement by an apparent owner and another person,
18 the primary purpose of which is to locate, deliver, recover, or
19 assist in the location, delivery, or recovery of property held by the
20 administrator, is enforceable only if the agreement:

21 (1) Is in a record that clearly states the nature of the property
22 and the services to be provided;

23 (2) Is signed by or on behalf of the apparent owner; and

24 (3) States the amount or value of the property reasonably
25 expected to be recovered, computed before and after a fee or other
26 compensation to be paid to the person has been deducted.

27 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1302.** WHEN AGREEMENT TO LOCATE PROPERTY VOID.

28 (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, an agreement under
29 section 1301 of this act is void if it is entered into during the
30 period beginning on the date the property was paid or delivered by a
31 holder to the administrator and ending 24 months after the payment or
32 delivery.

33 (2) If a provision in an agreement described in subsection (1) of
34 this section applies to mineral proceeds for which compensation is to
35 be paid to the other person based in whole or in part on a part of
36 the underlying minerals or mineral proceeds not then presumed

1 abandoned, the provision is void regardless of when the agreement was
2 entered into.

3 (3) An agreement under subsection (1) of this section which
4 provides for compensation in an amount that is unconscionable is
5 unenforceable except by the apparent owner. An apparent owner that
6 believes the compensation the apparent owner has agreed to pay is
7 unconscionable or the administrator, acting on behalf of an apparent
8 owner, or both, may file an action in superior court to reduce the
9 compensation to the maximum amount that is not unconscionable.

10 (4) An apparent owner or the administrator may assert that an
11 agreement described in this section is void on a ground other than it
12 provides for payment of unconscionable compensation.

13 (5) This section does not apply to an apparent owner's agreement
14 with an attorney to pursue a claim for recovery of specifically
15 identified property held by the administrator or to contest the
16 administrator's denial of a claim for recovery of the property.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1303.** RIGHT OF AGENT OF APPARENT OWNER TO
18 RECOVER PROPERTY HELD BY ADMINISTRATOR. (1) An apparent owner that
19 contracts with another person to locate, deliver, recover, or assist
20 in the location, delivery, or recovery of property of the apparent
21 owner which is held by the administrator may designate the person as
22 the agent of the apparent owner. The designation must be in a record
23 signed by the apparent owner.

24 (2) The administrator shall give the agent of the apparent owner
25 all information concerning the property which the apparent owner is
26 entitled to receive, including information that otherwise is
27 confidential information under section 1402 of this act.

28 (3) If authorized by the apparent owner, the agent of the
29 apparent owner may bring an action against the administrator on
30 behalf of and in the name of the apparent owner.

31 **PART 14**

32 **CONFIDENTIALITY AND SECURITY OF INFORMATION**

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1401.** DEFINITIONS—APPLICABILITY. (1) In this
34 section and sections 1402 through 1408 of this act, "personal
35 information" means:

1 (a) Information that identifies or reasonably can be used to
2 identify an individual, such as first and last name in combination
3 with the individual's:

4 (i) Social security number or other government-issued number or
5 identifier;

6 (ii) Date of birth;

7 (iii) Home or physical address;

8 (iv) Email address or other online contact information or
9 internet provider address;

10 (v) Financial account number or credit or debit card number;

11 (vi) Biometric data, health or medical data, or insurance
12 information; or

13 (vii) Passwords or other credentials that permit access to an
14 online or other account;

15 (b) Personally identifiable financial or insurance information,
16 including nonpublic personal information defined by applicable
17 federal law; and

18 (c) Any combination of data that, if accessed, disclosed,
19 modified, or destroyed without authorization of the owner of the data
20 or if lost or misused, would require notice or reporting under
21 chapter 19.255 RCW and federal privacy and data security law, whether
22 or not the administrator or the administrator's agent is subject to
23 the law.

24 (2) A provision of this section or sections 1402 through 1408 of
25 this act that applies to the administrator or the administrator's
26 records applies to an administrator's agent.

27 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1402.** CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. (1) Except as
28 otherwise provided in this chapter, the following are confidential
29 and exempt from public inspection or disclosure:

30 (a) Reports and records of a holder in the possession of the
31 administrator or the administrator's agent; and

32 (b) Personal information and other information derived or
33 otherwise obtained by or communicated to the administrator or the
34 administrator's agent from an examination under this chapter of the
35 records of a person.

36 (2) A record or other information that is confidential under law
37 of this state other than this chapter, another state, or the United
38 States continues to be confidential when disclosed or delivered under
39 this chapter to the administrator or administrator's agent.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1403.** WHEN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION MAY BE
2 DISCLOSED. (1) When reasonably necessary to enforce or implement this
3 chapter, the administrator may disclose confidential information
4 concerning property held by the administrator or the administrator's
5 agent only to:

6 (a) An apparent owner or the apparent owner's personal
7 representative, attorney, other legal representative, relative, or
8 agent designated under section 1303 of this act to have the
9 information;

10 (b) The personal representative, other legal representative,
11 relative of a deceased apparent owner, agent designated under section
12 1303 of this act by the deceased apparent owner, or a person entitled
13 to inherit from the deceased apparent owner;

14 (c) Another department or agency of this state or the United
15 States;

16 (d) The person that administers the unclaimed property law of
17 another state, if the other state accords substantially reciprocal
18 privileges to the administrator of this state if the other state is
19 required to maintain the confidentiality and security of information
20 obtained in a manner substantially equivalent to this section and
21 sections 1401, 1402, and 1404 through 1408 of this act; or

22 (e) A person subject to an examination as required by section
23 1004(6) of this act.

24 (2) Except as otherwise provided in section 1402(1) of this act,
25 the administrator shall include on the website or in the database
26 required by section 503(3)(b) of this act the name of each apparent
27 owner of property held by the administrator. The administrator may
28 include in published notices, printed publications,
29 telecommunications, the internet, or other media and on the website
30 or in the database additional information concerning the apparent
31 owner's property if the administrator believes the information will
32 assist in identifying and returning property to the owner and does
33 not disclose personal information except the home or physical address
34 of an apparent owner.

35 (3) The administrator and the administrator's agent may not use
36 confidential information provided to them or in their possession
37 except as expressly authorized by this chapter or required by law
38 other than this chapter.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1404.** CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT. A person to
2 be examined under section 1002 of this act may require, as a
3 condition of disclosure of the records of the person to be examined,
4 that each person having access to the records disclosed in the
5 examination execute and deliver to the person to be examined a
6 confidentiality agreement that:

7 (1) Is in a form that is reasonably satisfactory to the
8 administrator; and

9 (2) Requires the person having access to the records to comply
10 with the provisions of this section and sections 1401 through 1403
11 and 1405 through 1408 of this act applicable to the person.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1405.** NO CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION IN NOTICE.
13 Except as otherwise provided in sections 501 and 502 of this act, a
14 holder is not required under this chapter to include confidential
15 information in a notice the holder is required to provide to an
16 apparent owner under this chapter.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1406.** SECURITY OF INFORMATION. (1) If a
18 holder is required to include confidential information in a report to
19 the administrator, the information must be provided by a secure
20 means.

21 (2) If confidential information in a record is provided to and
22 maintained by the administrator or administrator's agent as required
23 by this chapter, the administrator or agent shall:

24 (a) Implement administrative, technical, and physical safeguards
25 to protect the security, confidentiality, and integrity of the
26 information required by chapter 19.255 RCW and federal privacy and
27 data security law whether or not the administrator or the
28 administrator's agent is subject to the law;

29 (b) Protect against reasonably anticipated threats or hazards to
30 the security, confidentiality, or integrity of the information; and

31 (c) Protect against unauthorized access to or use of the
32 information which could result in substantial harm or inconvenience
33 to a holder or the holder's customers, including insureds,
34 annuitants, and policy or contract owners and their beneficiaries.

35 (3) The administrator:

36 (a) After notice and comment, shall adopt and implement a
37 security plan that identifies and assesses reasonably foreseeable

1 internal and external risks to confidential information in the
2 administrator's possession and seeks to mitigate the risks; and

3 (b) Shall ensure that an administrator's agent adopts and
4 implements a similar plan with respect to confidential information in
5 the agent's possession.

6 (4) The administrator and the administrator's agent shall educate
7 and train their employees regarding the plan adopted under subsection
8 (3) of this section.

9 (5) The administrator and the administrator's agent shall in a
10 secure manner return or destroy all confidential information no
11 longer reasonably needed under this chapter.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1407.** SECURITY BREACH. (1) Except to the
13 extent prohibited by law other than this chapter, the administrator
14 or administrator's agent shall notify a holder as soon as practicable
15 of:

16 (a) A suspected loss, misuse, or unauthorized access, disclosure,
17 modification, or destruction of confidential information obtained
18 from the holder in the possession of the administrator or an
19 administrator's agent; and

20 (b) Any interference with operations in any system hosting or
21 housing confidential information which:

22 (i) Compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of
23 the information; or

24 (ii) Creates a substantial risk of identity fraud or theft.

25 (2) Except as necessary to inform an insurer, attorney,
26 investigator, or others as required by law, the administrator and an
27 administrator's agent may not disclose, without the express consent
28 in a record of the holder, an event described in subsection (1) of
29 this section to a person whose confidential information was supplied
30 by the holder.

31 (3) If an event described in subsection (1) of this section
32 occurs, the administrator and the administrator's agent shall:

33 (a) Take action necessary for the holder to understand and
34 minimize the effect of the event and determine its scope; and

35 (b) Cooperate with the holder with respect to:

36 (i) Any notification required by law concerning a data or other
37 security breach; and

38 (ii) A regulatory inquiry, litigation, or similar action.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1502.** RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN
2 GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT. This chapter modifies, limits, or
3 supersedes the electronic signatures in global and national commerce
4 act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit, or
5 supersede section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001(c), or
6 authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in
7 section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7003(b).

8 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1503.** TRANSITIONAL PROVISION. (1) An initial
9 report filed under this chapter for property that was not required to
10 be reported before the effective date of this section, but that is
11 required to be reported under this chapter, must include all items of
12 property that would have been presumed abandoned during the six-year
13 period preceding the effective date of this section as if this
14 chapter had been in effect during that period.

15 (2) This chapter does not relieve a holder of a duty that arose
16 before the effective date of this section to report, pay, or deliver
17 property. Subject to section 610 (2) and (3) of this act, a holder
18 that did not comply with the law governing unclaimed property before
19 the effective date of this section is subject to applicable
20 provisions for enforcement and penalties in effect before the
21 effective date of this section.

22 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1504.** SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this
23 act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid,
24 the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
25 persons or circumstances is not affected.

26 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1505.** REPEALS. The following acts or parts of
27 acts are each repealed:

28 (1) RCW 63.29.010 (Definitions and use of terms) and 2012 c 117 s
29 177, 2005 c 285 s 1, 2004 c 168 s 13, & 1983 c 179 s 1;

30 (2) RCW 63.29.020 (Property presumed abandoned—General rule—
31 Exceptions) and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2101, 2011 c 116 s 1, & 2010 c
32 29 s 1;

33 (3) RCW 63.29.030 (General rules for taking custody of intangible
34 unclaimed property) and 1983 c 179 s 3;

35 (4) RCW 63.29.040 (Travelers checks and money orders) and 1983 c
36 179 s 4;

1 (5) RCW 63.29.050 (Checks, drafts, and similar instruments issued
2 or certified by banking and financial organizations) and 2003 1st
3 sp.s. c 13 s 2 & 1983 c 179 s 5;

4 (6) RCW 63.29.060 (Bank deposits and funds in financial
5 organizations) and 2003 1st sp.s. c 13 s 3 & 1983 c 179 s 6;

6 (7) RCW 63.29.070 (Funds owing under life insurance policies) and
7 2012 c 117 s 178, 2003 1st sp.s. c 13 s 4, & 1983 c 179 s 7;

8 (8) RCW 63.29.080 (Deposits held by utilities) and 1983 c 179 s
9 8;

10 (9) RCW 63.29.090 (Refunds held by business associations) and
11 1983 c 179 s 9;

12 (10) RCW 63.29.100 (Stock and other intangible interests in
13 business associations) and 2003 1st sp.s. c 13 s 5, 1996 c 45 s 1, &
14 1983 c 179 s 10;

15 (11) RCW 63.29.110 (Property of business associations held in
16 course of dissolution) and 1983 c 179 s 11;

17 (12) RCW 63.29.120 (Property held by agents and fiduciaries) and
18 2012 c 117 s 179, 2003 1st sp.s. c 13 s 6, & 1983 c 179 s 12;

19 (13) RCW 63.29.130 (Property held by courts and public agencies—
20 When abandoned—Overpayments) and 2007 c 183 s 1, 1993 c 498 s 2, &
21 1983 c 179 s 13;

22 (14) RCW 63.29.133 (Property held by landlord) and 1992 c 38 s 9;

23 (15) RCW 63.29.135 (Abandoned intangible property held by local
24 government) and 1990 2nd ex.s. c 1 s 301;

25 (16) RCW 63.29.140 (Gift certificates and credit memos) and 2015
26 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2102, 2004 c 168 s 15, 2003 1st sp.s. c 13 s 7, &
27 1983 c 179 s 14;

28 (17) RCW 63.29.150 (Wages) and 1983 c 179 s 15;

29 (18) RCW 63.29.160 (Contents of safe deposit box or other
30 safekeeping repository) and 1983 c 179 s 16;

31 (19) RCW 63.29.165 (Property in self-storage facility) and 1993 c
32 498 s 4 & 1988 c 240 s 21;

33 (20) RCW 63.29.170 (Report of abandoned property) and 2015 3rd
34 sp.s. c 6 s 2103, 2004 c 168 s 16, 2003 c 237 s 1, 1996 c 45 s 2,
35 1993 c 498 s 7, & 1983 c 179 s 17;

36 (21) RCW 63.29.180 (Notice and publication of information about
37 unclaimed property) and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2104, 2005 c 367 s 2,
38 2003 c 237 s 2, 1993 c 498 s 9, 1986 c 84 s 1, & 1983 c 179 s 18;

39 (22) RCW 63.29.190 (Payment or delivery of abandoned property)
40 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2105;

1 (23) RCW 63.29.192 (Penalty and interest paid in excess—Refunds—
2 Returns) and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2110;

3 (24) RCW 63.29.193 (Petition for review—Denied application for
4 refund or return) and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2111;

5 (25) RCW 63.29.194 (Appeal of payment or delivered property) and
6 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2112;

7 (26) RCW 63.29.195 (Agreement—Established between a holder and
8 the department) and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2113;

9 (27) RCW 63.29.200 (Custody by state—Holder relieved from
10 liability—Reimbursement of holder paying claim—Reclaiming for owner
11 —Defense of holder—Payment of safe deposit box or repository
12 charges) and 2012 c 117 s 180 & 1983 c 179 s 20;

13 (28) RCW 63.29.210 (Crediting of dividends, interest, or
14 increments to owner's account) and 1983 c 179 s 21;

15 (29) RCW 63.29.220 (Public sale of abandoned property) and 2011
16 2nd sp.s. c 8 s 1, 2005 c 367 s 4, 1996 c 45 s 3, 1993 c 498 s 10, &
17 1983 c 179 s 22;

18 (30) RCW 63.29.230 (Deposit of funds) and 1983 c 179 s 23;

19 (31) RCW 63.29.240 (Filing of claim with department) and 2011 2nd
20 sp.s. c 8 s 2 & 1983 c 179 s 24;

21 (32) RCW 63.29.250 (Claim of another state to recover property—
22 Procedure) and 1983 c 179 s 25;

23 (33) RCW 63.29.260 (Action to establish claim) and 1983 c 179 s
24 26;

25 (34) RCW 63.29.270 (Election to take payment or delivery) and
26 1983 c 179 s 27;

27 (35) RCW 63.29.280 (Destruction or disposition of property having
28 insubstantial commercial value—Immunity from liability) and 2005 c
29 367 s 5 & 1983 c 179 s 28;

30 (36) RCW 63.29.290 (Periods of limitation) and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6
31 s 2106 & 1983 c 179 s 29;

32 (37) RCW 63.29.300 (Requests for reports and examination of
33 records) and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 2107 & 1983 c 179 s 30;

34 (38) RCW 63.29.310 (Retention of records) and 1983 c 179 s 31;

35 (39) RCW 63.29.320 (Enforcement) and 1983 c 179 s 32;

36 (40) RCW 63.29.330 (Interstate agreements and cooperation—Joint
37 and reciprocal actions with other states) and 1983 c 179 s 33;

38 (41) RCW 63.29.340 (Interest and penalties) and 2015 3rd sp.s. c
39 6 s 2108 & 2011 c 96 s 45;

1 (42) RCW 63.29.350 (Penalty for excessive fee for locating
2 abandoned property—Consumer protection act application) and 2012 c
3 117 s 181, 2010 c 29 s 2, & 1983 c 179 s 35;
4 (43) RCW 63.29.360 (Foreign transactions) and 1983 c 179 s 36;
5 (44) RCW 63.29.370 (Rules) and 1983 c 179 s 38;
6 (45) RCW 63.29.380 (Information and records confidential) and
7 1983 c 179 s 39;
8 (46) RCW 63.29.900 (Effect of new provisions—Clarification of
9 application) and 1983 c 179 s 37;
10 (47) RCW 63.29.902 (Uniformity of application and construction)
11 and 1983 c 179 s 41;
12 (48) RCW 63.29.903 (Short title) and 1983 c 179 s 42;
13 (49) RCW 63.29.905 (Effective date—1983 c 179) and 1983 c 179 s
14 47; and
15 (50) RCW 63.29.906 (Effective date—1996 c 45) and 1996 c 45 s 5.

16 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1506.** CODIFICATION. Sections 101 through 1503
17 and 1507 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 63 RCW.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1507.** EFFECTIVE DATE. This act takes effect
19 January 1, 2023.

--- END ---