ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5878

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2022 Regular Session

 ${\bf By}$ Senate Early Learning & K-12 Education (originally sponsored by Senators Rolfes, Wellman, Hunt, Lovick, Nobles, and C. Wilson)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/22.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to visual and performing arts instruction;
- 2 amending RCW 28A.230.020; adding a new section to chapter 28A.230
- 3 RCW; and creating a new section.

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4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Sec. 1. Washington state has long led the way in 5 NEW SECTION. 6 creating arts education policy. Washington state was one of the first 7 states to adopt visual and performing arts graduation requirements. Our state has a two-credit visual and performing arts graduation 8 9 requirement, although the second credit may be waived in certain 10 circumstances. Our state has also been a leader by formally declaring 11 the arts including dance, music, theatre, visual arts, and media as core content areas in the definition of basic education. However, 12 13 there is a very large gap between policy and practice in our state. 14 While most high schools offer a range of arts courses, it is not 15 uncommon for middle schools to offer only one of the arts, usually 16 music, and for elementary schools to offer no formal arts instruction 17 at all, during the regular school day. When arts instruction is 18 offered, it is often as an extracurricular activity, a volunteer 19 docent program, or as a program which meets far less often than other 20 subjects do. Further, students who perform

standardized tests in math and English often have what little arts

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1 instruction they would normally receive taken away, in favor of remediation in the test subject areas. Our students who live in low 2 3 socioeconomic areas tend to perform worse on standardized tests. As a result, poorer students in our state tend to be denied arts 4 instruction at a higher rate than students from economically stable 5 6 homes and neighborhoods. The evidence of the multiple benefits of arts education is voluminous and undeniable. The arts are not only a 7 vehicle for doing better at other subjects; they have immense value 8 in their own right and should be taught as stand-alone disciplines, 9 the way our laws and policies are written. The legislature intends to 10 clarify, for schools and school districts, the importance of arts 11 12 education and to bring our schools' practices in line with our state and federal laws and policies, and the promises made to our 13 communities, by ensuring formal instruction in the core disciplines 14 of visual and performing arts for all Washington students, regardless 15 16 of their family's socioeconomic status or the relative affluence of 17 the neighborhood in which they live.

18 **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.230.020 and 2013 c 23 s 48 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

All common schools shall give instruction 20 in reading, handwriting, orthography, written and mental arithmetic, geography, 21 22 the history of the United States, English grammar, visual and performing arts, physiology and hygiene with special reference to the 23 24 effects of alcohol and drug abuse on the human system, science with special reference to the environment, and such other studies as may 25 be prescribed by rule of the superintendent of public instruction. 26 27 All teachers shall stress the importance of the cultivation of manners, the fundamental principles of honesty, honor, industry and 28 economy, the minimum requisites for good health including the 29 30 beneficial effect of physical exercise and methods to prevent 31 exposure to and transmission of sexually transmitted diseases, and the worth of kindness to all living creatures and the land. The 32 prevention of child abuse may be offered as part of the curriculum in 33 the common schools. 34

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.230 RCW to read as follows:

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(1) Beginning with the 2023-24 school year, Washington state public schools shall offer regular instruction in at least one visual

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art or at least one performing art, throughout the academic school year. Each student must receive instruction in at least one arts discipline throughout their K-8 education experience. For grades nine through 12, all students must be given the opportunity to take arts 4 coursework each academic year.

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- (2) Arts instruction must take place during the regular school day, with instruction time for these courses being equal to instruction time devoted to other core subject areas.
- (3) Instruction for these arts courses must be given by qualified dance, media arts, music, theatre, and visual arts specialists in the area being taught. These instructors may be a staff member hired solely for the purpose of teaching arts courses or existing staff members who have attained the necessary training and endorsements.
- (4) Instruction under this section must be solely for the arts discipline in the skills and craft of each specific arts discipline as their own end, rather than as a vehicle to enhance learning in any other nonarts subject area. If schools wish to integrate or infuse the arts into other subject matter, they must do so in addition to the regular, formal arts instruction required by this section.
- (5) The arts instructors in each school district, as subject matter experts, shall be consulted and given an equal part in the decision process to determine which specific visual and performing arts courses to offer at given grade levels, so that instruction is properly aligned to students' developmental stages and vertically aligned to give arts-focused students the best chance for success in their arts college or career pathway.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, "public schools" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.

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