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SHB 1394 - H AMD 90 By Representative Dent

NOT ADOPTED 03/03/2023

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 4.24.550 and 2015 c 261 s 1 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- (1) In addition to the disclosure under subsection (5) of this 5 section, public agencies are authorized to release information to the 6 7 public regarding sex offenders and kidnapping offenders when the agency determines that disclosure of the information is relevant and 8 9 necessary to protect the public and counteract the danger created by the particular offender. This authorization applies to information 10 11 regarding: (a) Any person adjudicated or convicted of a sex offense 12 as defined in RCW 9A.44.128 or a kidnapping offense as defined by RCW 9A.44.128; (b) any person under the jurisdiction of the indeterminate 13 sentence review board as the result of a sex offense or kidnapping 14 offense; (c) any person committed as a sexually violent predator 15 under chapter 71.09 RCW or as a sexual psychopath under chapter 71.06 16 17 RCW; (d) any person found not guilty of a sex offense or kidnapping offense by reason of insanity under chapter 10.77 RCW; and (e) any 18 person found incompetent to stand trial for a sex offense or 19 20 kidnapping offense and subsequently committed under chapter 71.05 or 21 71.34 RCW.
 - (2) Except for the information specifically required under subsection (5) of this section, the extent of the ((public disclosure)) community notification of relevant and necessary information shall be rationally related to: (a) The level of risk posed by the offender to the community; (b) the locations where the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found; and (c) the needs of the affected community members for information to enhance their individual and collective safety.
 - (3) Except for the information specifically required under subsection (5) of this section, local law enforcement agencies shall consider the following guidelines in determining the extent of ((a))

1 public disclosure)) community notification made under this section: (a) For offenders classified as risk level I, the agency shall share 2 information with other appropriate law enforcement agencies and, if 3 the offender is a student, the public or private school regulated 4 under Title 28A RCW or chapter 72.40 RCW which the offender is 5 6 attending, or planning to attend. The agency may disclose, upon request, relevant, necessary, and accurate information to any victim 7 or witness to the offense, any individual community member who lives 8 near the residence where the offender resides, expects to reside, or 9 is regularly found, and any individual who requests information 10 regarding a specific offender; (b) for offenders classified as risk 11 level II, the agency may also disclose relevant, necessary, and 12 accurate information to public and private schools, child day care 13 centers, family day care providers, public libraries, businesses and 14 organizations that serve primarily children, women, or vulnerable 15 16 adults, and neighbors and community groups near the residence where 17 the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found; (c) for offenders classified as risk level III, the agency may also 18 disclose relevant, necessary, and accurate information to the public 19 at large; and (d) because more localized notification is not feasible 20 and homeless and transient offenders may present unique risks to the 21 community, the agency may also disclose relevant, necessary, and 22 23 accurate information to the public at large for offenders registered as homeless or transient. 24 25

(4) The county sheriff with whom an offender classified as risk level III is registered shall release a sex offender community notification that conforms to the guidelines established under RCW 4.24.5501.

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- (5) (a) When funded by federal grants or other sources, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall create and maintain a statewide registered kidnapping and sex offender website, which shall be available to the public. The website shall post all level III and level II registered sex offenders, level I registered sex offenders only during the time they are out of compliance with registration requirements under RCW 9A.44.130 or if lacking a fixed residence as provided in RCW 9A.44.130, and all registered kidnapping offenders in the state of Washington.
- (i) For level III offenders, the website shall contain, but is not limited to, the registered sex offender's name, relevant criminal convictions, address by hundred block, physical description, and Code Rev/RR:akl

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photograph. The website shall provide mapping capabilities that display the sex offender's address by hundred block on a map. The website shall allow citizens to search for registered sex offenders within the state of Washington by county, city, zip code, last name, and address by hundred block.

- (ii) For level II offenders, and level I sex offenders during the time they are out of compliance with registration requirements under RCW 9A.44.130, the website shall contain, but is not limited to, the same information and functionality as described in (a)(i) of this subsection, provided that it is permissible under state and federal law. If it is not permissible, the website shall be limited to the information and functionality that is permissible under state and federal law.
- (iii) For kidnapping offenders, the website shall contain, but is not limited to, the same information and functionality as described in (a)(i) of this subsection, provided that it is permissible under state and federal law. If it is not permissible, the website shall be limited to the information and functionality that is permissible under state and federal law.
- (b) Law enforcement agencies must provide information requested by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs to administer the statewide registered kidnapping and sex offender website.
- (c) (i) ((Within)) Except as provided in (c) (iii) of this subsection, within five business days of the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs receiving any public record request under chapter 42.56 RCW for sex offender and kidnapping offender information, records or website data it holds or maintains pursuant to this section or a unified sex offender registry, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall refer the requester in writing to the appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies for submission of such a request. The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall have no further obligation under chapter 42.56 RCW for responding to such a request.
- (ii) This ((subparagraph)) subsection (5)(c) of this section is remedial and applies retroactively.
- (iii) Information held by or accessible to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs for a person who is required to register under RCW 9A.44.130 for an offense committed

when under age 18 is exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

- (6) (a) Law enforcement agencies responsible for the registration and dissemination of information regarding offenders required to register under RCW 9A.44.130 shall assign a risk level classification to all offenders after consideration of: (i) Any available risk level classifications provided by the department of corrections, the department of social and health services, and the indeterminate sentence review board; (ii) the agency's own application of a sex offender risk assessment tool; and (iii) other information and aggravating or mitigating factors known to the agency and deemed rationally related to the risk posed by the offender to the community at large.
- (b) A sex offender shall be classified as a risk level I if his or her risk assessment and other information or factors deemed relevant by the law enforcement agency indicate he or she is at a low risk to sexually reoffend within the community at large. A sex offender shall be classified as a risk level II if his or her risk assessment and other information or factors deemed relevant by the law enforcement agency indicate he or she is at a moderate risk to sexually reoffend within the community at large. A sex offender shall be classified as a risk level III if his or her risk assessment and other information or factors deemed relevant by the law enforcement agency indicate he or she is at a high risk to sexually reoffend within the community at large.
- (c) The agency shall make a good faith effort to notify the public and residents within a reasonable period of time after the offender registers with the agency.
- (d) Agencies may develop a process to allow an offender to petition for review of the offender's assigned risk level classification. The timing, frequency, and process for review are at the sole discretion of the agency.
- (7) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470, or units of local government and its employees, as provided in RCW 36.28A.010, are immune from civil liability for damages for any discretionary risk level classification decisions or release of relevant and necessary information, unless it is shown that the official, employee, agency acted with gross negligence or in bad faith. The immunity in this section applies to risk level classification decisions and the Code Rev/RR:akl H-1578.1/23

- 1 release of relevant and necessary information regarding any individual for whom disclosure is authorized. The decision of a law 2 enforcement agency or official to classify an offender to a risk 3 level other than the one assigned by the department of corrections, 4 the department of social and health services, or the indeterminate 5 6 sentence review board, or the release of any relevant and necessary information based on that different classification shall not, by 7 itself, be considered gross negligence or bad faith. The immunity 8 provided under this section applies to the release of relevant and 9 necessary information to other public officials, public employees, or 10 public agencies, and to the general public. 11
 - (8) Except as may otherwise be provided by law, nothing in this section shall impose any liability upon a public official, public employee, or public agency for failing to release information authorized under this section.

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- (9) ((Nothing in this section implies that information regarding persons designated in subsection (1) of this section is confidential except as may otherwise be provided by law)) Sex offender and kidnapping offender information for a person who is required to register under RCW 9A.44.130 for an offense committed when under age 18 is exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.
- (10) When a law enforcement agency or official classifies an offender differently than the offender is classified by the end of sentence review committee at the time of the offender's release from confinement, the law enforcement agency or official shall notify the end of sentence review committee and the Washington state patrol and submit its reasons supporting the change in classification.
- 28 (11) As used in this section, "law enforcement agency" means a 29 general authority Washington law enforcement agency as defined in RCW 30 10.93.020.
- 31 **Sec. 2.** RCW 42.56.240 and 2022 c 268 s 31 are each amended to 32 read as follows:
- The following investigative, law enforcement, and crime victim information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this chapter:
- 36 (1) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative 37 records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology 38 agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to 39 discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is Code Rev/RR:akl 5 H-1578.1/23

essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy;

- (2) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim, or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath;
- (3) Any records of investigative reports prepared by any state, county, municipal, or other law enforcement agency pertaining to sex offenses contained in chapter 9A.44 RCW or sexually violent offenses as defined in RCW 71.09.020, which have been transferred to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs for permanent electronic retention and retrieval pursuant to RCW 40.14.070(2)(b);
- (4) License applications under RCW 9.41.070, except that copies of license applications or information on the applications may be released to law enforcement or corrections agencies or to persons and entities as authorized under RCW 9.41.815;
- (5) Information revealing the specific details that describe an alleged or proven child victim of sexual assault under age eighteen, or the identity or contact information of an alleged or proven child victim of sexual assault who is under age eighteen. Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses, location, photograph, and in cases in which the child victim is a relative, stepchild, or stepsibling of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator. Contact information includes phone numbers, email addresses, social media profiles, and user names and passwords;
- (6) Information contained in a local or regionally maintained gang database as well as the statewide gang database referenced in RCW 43.43.762;
- 36 (7) Data from the electronic sales tracking system established in RCW 69.43.165;
- 38 (8) Information submitted to the statewide unified sex offender 39 notification and registration program under RCW 36.28A.040(6) by a 40 person for the purpose of receiving notification regarding a Code Rev/RR:akl 6 H-1578.1/23

registered sex offender, including the person's name, residential address, and email address;

(9) Information compiled and submitted for the purpose of sex offender and kidnapping offender registration for a person who is required to register under RCW 9A.44.130 for an offense committed when under age 18, regardless of whether the information is held by a law enforcement agency, the statewide unified sex offender notification and registration program under RCW 36.28A.040, the central registry of sex offenders and kidnapping offenders under RCW 43.43.540, or another public agency;

Personally identifying information collected by law enforcement agencies pursuant to local security alarm system programs and vacation crime watch programs. Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted so as to prohibit the legal owner of a residence or business from accessing information regarding his or her residence or business;

- (10) The felony firearm offense conviction database of felony firearm offenders established in RCW 43.43.822;
- (11) The identity of a state employee or officer who has in good faith filed a complaint with an ethics board, as provided in RCW 42.52.410, or who has in good faith reported improper governmental action, as defined in RCW 42.40.020, to the auditor or other public official, as defined in RCW 42.40.020;
 - (12) The following security threat group information collected and maintained by the department of corrections pursuant to RCW 72.09.745: (a) Information that could lead to the identification of a person's security threat group status, affiliation, or activities; (b) information that reveals specific security threats associated with the operation and activities of security threat groups; and (c) information that identifies the number of security threat group members, affiliates, or associates;
 - (13) The global positioning system data that would indicate the location of the residence of an employee or worker of a criminal justice agency as defined in RCW 10.97.030;
- (14) Body worn camera recordings to the extent nondisclosure is essential for the protection of any person's right to privacy as described in RCW 42.56.050, including, but not limited to, the circumstances enumerated in (a) of this subsection. A law enforcement or corrections agency shall not disclose a body worn camera recording to the extent the recording is exempt under this subsection.

- 1 (a) Disclosure of a body worn camera recording is presumed to be 2 highly offensive to a reasonable person under RCW 42.56.050 to the 3 extent it depicts:
 - (i) (A) Any areas of a medical facility, counseling, or therapeutic program office where:
- 6 (I) A patient is registered to receive treatment, receiving 7 treatment, waiting for treatment, or being transported in the course 8 of treatment; or
- 9 (II) Health care information is shared with patients, their 10 families, or among the care team; or
- 11 (B) Information that meets the definition of protected health 12 information for purposes of the health insurance portability and 13 accountability act of 1996 or health care information for purposes of 14 chapter 70.02 RCW;
- 15 (ii) The interior of a place of residence where a person has a 16 reasonable expectation of privacy;
 - (iii) An intimate image;
- 18 (iv) A minor;

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- 19 (v) The body of a deceased person;
- (vi) The identity of or communications from a victim or witness of an incident involving domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020 or sexual assault as defined in RCW 70.125.030, or disclosure of intimate images as defined in RCW 9A.86.010. If at the time of recording the victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure of the recorded identity or communications, such desire shall govern; or
 - (vii) The identifiable location information of a community-based domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020, or emergency shelter as defined in RCW 70.123.020.
 - (b) The presumptions set out in (a) of this subsection may be rebutted by specific evidence in individual cases.
 - (c) In a court action seeking the right to inspect or copy a body worn camera recording, a person who prevails against a law enforcement or corrections agency that withholds or discloses all or part of a body worn camera recording pursuant to (a) of this subsection is not entitled to fees, costs, or awards pursuant to RCW 42.56.550 unless it is shown that the law enforcement or corrections agency acted in bad faith or with gross negligence.
- 39 (d) A request for body worn camera recordings must:

- 1 (i) Specifically identify a name of a person or persons involved in the incident; 2
 - (ii) Provide the incident or case number;

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- (iii) Provide the date, time, and location of the incident or incidents; or
- (iv) Identify a law enforcement or corrections officer involved in the incident or incidents.
- (e)(i) A person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested body worn camera recording, an attorney representing a person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested body worn camera recording, a person or his or her attorney who requests a body worn camera recording relevant to a criminal case involving that person, or the executive director from either the Washington state commission on African American affairs, Asian Pacific American affairs, or Hispanic affairs, has the right to obtain the body worn camera recording, subject to any exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. In addition, an attorney who represents a person regarding a potential or existing civil cause of action involving the denial of civil rights under the federal or state Constitution, or a violation of a United States department of justice settlement agreement, has the right to obtain the body worn camera recording if relevant to the cause of action, subject to any exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. The attorney must explain the relevancy of the requested body worn camera recording to the cause of action and specify that he or she is seeking relief from redaction costs under this subsection (14)(e).
 - (ii) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to requests under this subsection (14)(e) may not require the requesting individual to pay costs of any redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of a body worn camera recording.
 - (iii) A law enforcement or corrections agency may require any person requesting a body worn camera recording pursuant to this subsection (14)(e) to identify himself or herself to ensure he or she is a person entitled to obtain the body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(e).
- (f)(i) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to a request to disclose body worn camera recordings may require any requester not listed in (e) of this subsection to pay the reasonable costs of redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or

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- otherwise obscuring any portion of the body worn camera recording prior to disclosure only to the extent necessary to comply with the exemptions in this chapter or any applicable law.
 - (ii) An agency that charges redaction costs under this subsection (14)(f) must use redaction technology that provides the least costly commercially available method of redacting body worn camera recordings, to the extent possible and reasonable.
 - (iii) In any case where an agency charges a requestor for the costs of redacting a body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(f), the time spent on redaction of the recording shall not count towards the agency's allocation of, or limitation on, time or costs spent responding to public records requests under this chapter, as established pursuant to local ordinance, policy, procedure, or state law.
 - (g) For purposes of this subsection (14):

- (i) "Body worn camera recording" means a video and/or sound recording that is made by a body worn camera attached to the uniform or eyewear of a law enforcement or corrections officer while in the course of his or her official duties; and
- (ii) "Intimate image" means an individual or individuals engaged in sexual activity, including sexual intercourse as defined in RCW 9A.44.010 and masturbation, or an individual's intimate body parts, whether nude or visible through less than opaque clothing, including the genitals, pubic area, anus, or postpubescent female nipple.
- (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict access to body worn camera recordings as otherwise permitted by law for official or recognized civilian and accountability bodies or pursuant to any court order.
- (i) Nothing in this section is intended to modify the obligations of prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement under *Brady v. Maryland*, 373 U.S. 83, 83 S. Ct. 1194, 10 L. Ed. 2d 215 (1963), *Kyles v. Whitley*, 541 U.S. 419, 115 S. Ct. 1555, 131 L. Ed.2d 490 (1995), and the relevant Washington court criminal rules and statutes.
- (j) A law enforcement or corrections agency must retain body worn camera recordings for at least sixty days and thereafter may destroy the records in accordance with the applicable records retention schedule;
- 38 (15) Any records and information contained within the statewide 39 sexual assault kit tracking system established in RCW 43.43.545;

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- 1 (16)(a) Survivor communications with, and survivor records 2 maintained by, campus-affiliated advocates.
 - (b) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict access to records maintained by a campus-affiliated advocate in the event that:
 - (i) The survivor consents to inspection or copying;
- 7 (ii) There is a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury 8 or death of the survivor or another person;
 - (iii) Inspection or copying is required by federal law; or
- 10 (iv) A court of competent jurisdiction mandates that the record 11 be available for inspection or copying.
- 12 (c) "Campus-affiliated advocate" and "survivor" have the 13 definitions in RCW 28B.112.030;
 - (17) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs and information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington state patrol pursuant to chapter 261, Laws of 2017; and
 - (18) Any and all audio or video recordings of child forensic interviews as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW. Such recordings are confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to a court order entered upon a showing of good cause and with advance notice to the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. However, if the child is an emancipated minor or has attained the age of majority as defined in RCW 26.28.010, advance notice must be to the child. Failure to disclose an audio or video recording of a child forensic interview as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW is not grounds for penalties or other sanctions available under this chapter."

28 Correct the title.

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<u>EFFECT:</u> Replaces the content of the bill with an exemption from public disclosure for sex offender and kidnapping offender registration information for a person who is required to register for a sex or kidnapping offense committed when under age 18.

--- END ---