SENATE BILL 5101

State of Washington

69th Legislature

2025 Regular Session

By Senators Valdez and Hansen Prefiled 12/23/24.

- AN ACT Relating to expanding access to leave and safety accommodations to include workers who are victims of hate crimes or bias incidents; and amending RCW 49.76.010, 49.76.020, 49.76.030, 49.76.040, 49.76.060, 49.76.115, and 7.69.030.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 49.76.010 and 2018 c 47 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) It is in the public interest to reduce domestic violence, sexual assault, ((and)) stalking, hate crime, and bias incidents by 9 10 enabling victims to maintain the financial independence necessary to 11 leave abusive situations, achieve safety, and minimize physical and 12 injuries, and to reduce the devastating economic emotional consequences of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((and)) stalking, 13 hate crime, and bias incidents to employers and employees. Victims of 14 15 domestic violence, sexual assault, ((and)) stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents should be able to recover from and cope with the 16 17 effects of such violence and participate in criminal and civil 18 justice processes without fear of adverse economic consequences. 19 Victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate
- 20 <u>crime, or bias incidents</u> should also be able to seek and maintain
- 21 employment without fear that they will face discrimination.

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- 1 (2) One of the best predictors of whether a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((\(\text{or}\))) stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents will be able to stay away from an abuser is ((\(\text{his or her}\))) the victim's degree of economic independence. However, domestic violence, sexual assault, ((\(\text{and}\))) stalking, hate crime, and bias incidents often negatively impact victims' ability to maintain employment.
 - (3) An employee who is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents, or an employee whose family member is a victim, must often take leave from work due to injuries, court proceedings, or safety concerns requiring legal protection.

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- 13 (4) Thus, it is in the public interest to provide reasonable
 14 leave from employment for employees who are victims of domestic
 15 violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or bias
 16 incidents, or for employees whose family members are victims, to
 17 participate in legal proceedings, receive medical treatment, or
 18 obtain other necessary services.
- 19 (5) It is also in the public interest to ensure that victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents are able to seek and maintain employment without fear of discrimination and to have reasonable safety accommodations in the workplace.
- 24 **Sec. 2.** RCW 49.76.020 and 2021 c 215 s 152 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
 - The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 28 (1) "Child," "spouse," "parent," "parent-in-law," "grandparent,"
 29 and "sick leave and other paid time off" have the same meanings as in
 30 RCW 49.12.265.
- 31 (2) "Dating relationship" has the same meaning as in RCW 32 7.105.010.
- 33 (3) "Department," "director," "employer," and "employee" have the same meanings as in RCW 49.12.005.
- 35 (4) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as in RCW 7.105.010.
- 36 (5) "Family member" means any individual whose relationship to 37 the employee can be classified as a child, spouse, parent, parent-in-38 law, grandparent, or person with whom the employee has a dating 39 relationship.

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1 (6) "Intermittent leave" is leave taken in separate blocks of time due to a single qualifying reason.

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- (7) "Reduced leave schedule" means a leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee.
 - (8) "Sexual assault" has the same meaning as in RCW 70.125.030.
 - (9) "Stalking" has the same meaning as in RCW 9A.46.110.
- (10) "Bias incident" means a person's hostile expression of 8 animus toward another person, relating to the other person's actual 9 or perceived characteristics as listed in RCW 9A.36.080(1) or 10 49.60.030(1), of which criminal investigation or prosecution is 11 impossible or inappropriate. "Bias incident" does not include any 12 incident in which probable cause of the commission of a crime is 13 established by the investigating law enforcement officer, and does 14 not include expressions of opposition or support for the actions or 15 16 policies of a foreign or domestic government protected under free 17 speech. "Bias incident" includes, but is not limited to, incidents that are committed through online or internet-based communication. 18
 - (11) "Hate crime" means the commission, attempted commission, or alleged commission of an offense described in RCW 9A.36.080. "Hate crime" includes, but is not limited to, offenses that are committed through online or internet-based communication.
- 23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 49.76.030 and 2008 c 286 s 3 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

An employee may take reasonable leave from work, intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, with or without pay, to:

- (1) Seek legal or law enforcement assistance or remedies to ensure the health and safety of the employee or employee's family members including, but not limited to, preparing for, or participating in, any civil or criminal legal proceeding related to or derived from domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident;
- (2) Seek treatment by a health care provider for physical or mental injuries caused by domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident, or to attend to health care treatment for a victim who is the employee's family member;
- 37 (3) Obtain, or assist a family member in obtaining, services from 38 a domestic violence shelter, rape crisis center, or other social

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services program for relief from domestic violence, sexual assault, ((or)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident;

- (4) Obtain, or assist a family member in obtaining, mental health counseling related to an incident of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident, in which the employee or the employee's family member was a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident; or
- 9 (5) Participate in safety planning, temporarily or permanently 10 relocate, or take other actions to increase the safety of the 11 employee or employee's family members from future domestic violence, 12 sexual assault, ((ex)) stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 49.76.040 and 2018 c 47 s 3 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
 - (1) As a condition of taking leave for any purpose described in RCW 49.76.030, an employee shall give an employer advance notice of the employee's intention to take leave. The timing of the notice shall be consistent with the employer's stated policy for requesting such leave, if the employer has such a policy. When advance notice cannot be given because of an emergency or unforeseen circumstances due to domestic violence, sexual assault, ((ex)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident, the employee or ((his or her)) the employee's designee must give notice to the employer no later than the end of the first day that the employee takes such leave.
 - (2) When an employee requests leave under RCW 49.76.030 or requests a reasonable safety accommodation under RCW 49.76.115 the employer may require that the request be supported by verification that:
- 29 (a) The employee or employee's family member is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((or)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident; and
- 32 (b) The leave taken was for one of the purposes described in RCW 49.76.030 or that the safety accommodation requested under RCW 49.76.115 is for the purpose of protecting the employee from domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents.
- 37 (3) If an employer requires verification, verification must be 38 provided in a timely manner. In the event that advance notice of the 39 leave cannot be given because of an emergency or unforeseen

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circumstances due to domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident, and the employer requires verification, verification must be provided to the employer within a reasonable time period during or after the leave.

- (4) An employee may satisfy the verification requirement of this section by providing the employer with one or more of the following:
- (a) A police report indicating that the employee or employee's family member was a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((or)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident;
- (b) A court order protecting or separating the employee or employee's family member from the perpetrator of the act of domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident, or other evidence from the court or the prosecuting attorney that the employee or employee's family member appeared, or is scheduled to appear, in court in connection with $((an incident \Theta r))$ a case involving domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident;
- member is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((ex)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident, from any of the following persons from whom the employee or employee's family member sought assistance in addressing the domestic violence, sexual assault, ((ex)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident: An advocate for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((ex)) stalking, hate crime, sexual assault, ((ex)) stalking, hate crimes, or bias incidents; an attorney; a member of the clergy; or a medical or other professional. The provision of documentation under this section does not waive or diminish the confidential or privileged nature of communications between a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((ex)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident with one or more of the individuals named in this subsection (4)(c) pursuant to RCW 5.60.060, 70.123.075, 70.123.076, or 70.125.065; or
- (d) An employee's written statement that the employee or the employee's family member is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident and that the leave taken was for one of the purposes described in RCW 49.76.030 or the safety accommodation requested pursuant to RCW 49.76.115 is to protect the employee from domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents.

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(5) If the victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident is the employee's family member, verification of the familial relationship between the employee and the victim may include, but is not limited to, a statement from the employee, a birth certificate, a court document, or other similar documentation.

- (6) An employee who is absent from work pursuant to RCW 49.76.030 may elect to use the employee's sick leave and other paid time off, compensatory time, or unpaid leave time.
- (7) An employee is required to provide only the information enumerated in subsection (2) of this section to establish that the employee's leave is protected under this chapter or to establish that the employee's request for a safety accommodation is protected under this chapter. An employee is not required to produce or discuss any information with the employer that is beyond the scope of subsection (2) of this section, or that would compromise the employee's safety or the safety of the employee's family member in any way, and an employer is prohibited from requiring any such disclosure.
- (8) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, an employer shall maintain the confidentiality of all information provided by the employee under this section, including the fact that the employee or employee's family member is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident, that the employee has requested or obtained leave under this chapter, and any written or oral statement, documentation, record, or corroborating evidence provided by the employee.
- (b) Information given by an employee may be disclosed by an employer only if:
 - (i) Requested or consented to by the employee;
 - (ii) Ordered by a court or administrative agency; or
- 31 (iii) Otherwise required by applicable federal or state law.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 49.76.060 and 2018 c 47 s 4 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
- 34 (1) The rights provided in this chapter are in addition to any 35 other rights provided by state and federal law.
 - (2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to discourage employers from adopting policies that provide greater leave rights or greater safety accommodations to employees who are victims of

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- domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incidents than those required by this chapter.
 - (3) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to diminish an employer's obligation to comply with any collective bargaining agreement, or any employment benefit program or plan, that provides greater leave rights or greater safety accommodations to employees than the rights provided by this chapter.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 49.76.115 and 2018 c 47 s 2 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

10 An employer may not:

- (1) Refuse to hire an otherwise qualified individual because the individual is an actual or perceived victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, $((\Theta r))$ stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident;
- (2) Discharge, threaten to discharge, demote, suspend or in any manner discriminate or retaliate against an individual with regard to promotion, compensation, or other terms, conditions, or privileges of employment because the individual is an actual or perceived victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or bias incident;
- (3) Refuse to make a reasonable safety accommodation requested by an individual who is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or a bias incident, unless the employer can demonstrate that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the operation of the business of the employer. For the purposes of this section, an "undue hardship" means an action requiring significant difficulty or expense. A reasonable safety accommodation may include, but is not limited to, a transfer, reassignment, modified schedule, changed work telephone number, changed work email address, changed workstation, installed lock, implemented safety procedure, or any other adjustment to a job structure, workplace facility, or work requirement in response to actual or threatened domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 7.69.030 and 2024 c 297 s 10 are each amended to 35 read as follows:
- 36 (1) There shall be a reasonable effort made to ensure that 37 victims, survivors of victims, and witnesses of crimes have the 38 following rights, which apply to any adult or juvenile criminal

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1 proceeding and any civil commitment proceeding under chapter 10.77 or 71.09 RCW:

- (a) With respect to victims of violent or sex crimes, to receive, at the time of reporting the crime to law enforcement officials, a written statement of the rights of crime victims as provided in this chapter. The written statement shall include the name, address, and telephone number of a county or local crime victim/witness program, if such a crime victim/witness program exists in the county;
- (b) To be informed by local law enforcement agencies or the prosecuting attorney of the final disposition of the case in which the victim, survivor, or witness is involved;
 - (c) With respect to victims of violent offenses, domestic violence, or sex offenses, to be informed by local law enforcement agencies or the prosecuting attorney that charges have been filed and when the defendant has been found not competent to stand trial and referred for restoration services;
 - (d) To be notified by the party who issued the subpoena that a court proceeding to which they have been subpoenaed will not occur as scheduled, in order to save the person an unnecessary trip to court;
 - (e) To receive protection from harm and threats of harm arising out of cooperation with law enforcement and prosecution efforts, and to be provided with information as to the level of protection available;
 - (f) To be informed of the procedure to be followed to apply for and receive any witness fees to which they are entitled;
 - (g) To be provided, whenever practical, a secure waiting area during court proceedings that does not require them to be in close proximity to defendants and families or friends of defendants;
 - (h) To have any stolen or other personal property expeditiously returned by law enforcement agencies or the superior court when no longer needed as evidence. When feasible, all such property, except weapons, currency, contraband, property subject to evidentiary analysis, and property of which ownership is disputed, shall be photographed and returned to the owner within ten days of being taken;
- (i) To be provided with appropriate employer intercession services to ensure that employers of victims, survivors of victims, and witnesses of crime will cooperate with the criminal justice process or the civil commitment process under chapter 10.77 or 71.09

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RCW in order to minimize an employee's loss of pay and other benefits resulting from court appearance;

- (j) To have access to immediate medical assistance and not to be detained for an unreasonable length of time by a law enforcement agency before having such assistance administered. However, an employee of the law enforcement agency may, if necessary, accompany the person to a medical facility to question the person about the criminal incident if the questioning does not hinder the administration of medical assistance. Victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, ((er)) stalking, hate crime, or bias incidents, as defined in RCW 49.76.020, shall be notified of their right to reasonable leave from employment under chapter 49.76 RCW;
- (k) With respect to victims of violent and sex crimes, to have a crime victim advocate from a crime victim/witness program, or any other support person of the victim's choosing, present at any prosecutorial or defense interviews with the victim, and at any judicial proceedings related to criminal acts committed against the victim. This subsection applies if practical and if the presence of the crime victim advocate or support person does not cause any unnecessary delay in the investigation or prosecution of the case. The role of the crime victim advocate is to provide emotional support to the crime victim;
- (1) With respect to victims of violent offenses, domestic violence, or sex offenses, such victims may attend court proceedings or required interviews in person or remotely, including by video or other electronic means, as available in the local jurisdiction, to ensure access to justice to participate in criminal justice proceedings;
- (m) With respect to victims and survivors of victims, to be physically present in court during trial, or if subpoenaed to testify, to be scheduled as early as practical in the proceedings in order to be physically present during trial after testifying and not to be excluded solely because they have testified;
- (n) With respect to victims and survivors of victims in any felony case, any case involving domestic violence, or any final determination under chapter 10.77 or 71.09 RCW, to be informed by the prosecuting attorney of the date, time, and place of the trial and of the sentencing hearing or disposition hearing upon request by a victim or survivor;

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(o) To submit a victim impact statement or report to the court, with the assistance of the prosecuting attorney if requested, which shall be included in all presentence reports and permanently included in the files and records accompanying the offender committed to the custody of a state agency or institution;

- (p) With respect to victims and survivors of victims in any felony case or any case involving domestic violence, to present a statement, personally or by representation, at the sentencing hearing; and
- (q) With respect to victims and survivors of victims, to entry of an order of restitution by the court in all felony cases, even when the offender is sentenced to confinement, unless extraordinary circumstances exist which make restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment.
- (2) If a victim, survivor of a victim, or witness of a crime is denied a right under this section, the person may seek an order directing compliance by the relevant party or parties by filing a petition in the superior court in the county in which the crime occurred and providing notice of the petition to the relevant party or parties. Compliance with the right is the sole available remedy. The court shall expedite consideration of a petition filed under this subsection.

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