- RCW 9.94A.703 Community custody—Conditions. When a court sentences a person to a term of community custody, the court shall impose conditions of community custody as provided in this section.
- (1) **Mandatory conditions**. As part of any term of community custody, the court shall:
- (a) Require the offender to inform the department of courtordered treatment upon request by the department;
- (b) Require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department under RCW 9.94A.704;
- (c) If the offender was sentenced under RCW 9.94A.507 for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.507(1) (a), and the victim of the offense was under 18 years of age at the time of the offense, prohibit the offender from residing in a community protection zone;
- (d) If the offender was sentenced under RCW 9A.36.120, prohibit the offender from serving in any paid or volunteer capacity where he or she has control or supervision of minors under the age of 13.
- (2) Waivable conditions. Unless waived by the court, as part of any term of community custody, the court shall order an offender to:
- (a) Report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- (b) Work at department-approved education, employment, or community restitution, or any combination thereof;
- (c) Refrain from possessing or consuming controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions; and
- (d) Obtain prior approval of the department for the offender's residence location and living arrangements.
- (3) **Discretionary conditions.** As part of any term of community custody, the court may order an offender to:
- (a) Remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical boundary;
- (b) Refrain from direct or indirect contact with the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- (c) Participate in crime-related treatment or counseling
  services;
- (d) Participate in rehabilitative programs or otherwise perform affirmative conduct reasonably related to the circumstances of the offense, the offender's risk of reoffending, or the safety of the community;
  - (e) Refrain from possessing or consuming alcohol; or
  - (f) Comply with any crime-related prohibitions.
  - (4) Special conditions.
- (a) In sentencing an offender convicted of a crime of domestic violence, as defined in RCW 10.99.020, if the offender has a minor child, or if the victim of the offense for which the offender was convicted has a minor child, the court may order the offender to participate in a domestic violence perpetrator program approved under RCW 43.20A.735.
- (b) (i) In sentencing an offender convicted of an alcohol or drug-related traffic offense, the court shall require the offender to complete a diagnostic evaluation by a substance use disorder treatment program approved by the department of social and health services or a qualified probation department, defined under RCW 46.61.516, that has been approved by the department of social and health services. If the offense was pursuant to chapter 46.61 RCW, the report shall be forwarded to the department of licensing. If the offender is found to have an alcohol or drug problem that requires treatment, the offender

shall complete treatment in an approved substance use disorder treatment program as defined in chapter 71.24 RCW. If the offender is found not to have an alcohol or drug problem that requires treatment, the offender shall complete a course in an alcohol and drug information school licensed or certified by the department of health under \*chapter 70.96A RCW. The offender shall pay all costs for any evaluation, education, or treatment required by this section, unless the offender is eligible for an existing program offered or approved by the department of social and health services.

(ii) For purposes of this section, "alcohol or drug-related traffic offense" means the following: Driving while under the influence as defined by RCW 46.61.502, actual physical control while under the influence as defined by RCW 46.61.504, vehicular homicide as defined by RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), vehicular assault as defined by RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), homicide by watercraft as defined by RCW 79A.60.050, or assault by watercraft as defined by RCW 79A.60.060.

(iii) This subsection (4)(b) does not require the department of social and health services to add new treatment or assessment facilities nor affect its use of existing programs and facilities authorized by law. [2022 c 29 § 8; (2022 c 29 § 7 expired July 1, 2022); 2021 c 215 § 104; 2018 c 201 § 9004; 2015 c 81 § 3. Prior: 2009 c 214 § 3; 2009 c 28 § 11; 2008 c 231 § 9.]

\*Reviser's note: Chapter 70.96A RCW was repealed and/or recodified in its entirety pursuant to 2016 sp.s. c 29 §§ 301, 601, and 701.

**Effective date—2022 c 29 § 8:** "Section 8 of this act takes effect July 1, 2022." [2022 c 29 § 17.]

**Expiration date—2022 c 29 § 7:** "Section 7 of this act expires July 1, 2022." [2022 c 29 § 16.]

Housing voucher program outcome evaluation and benefit-cost analysis—Transfer of residual funds to the general fund—2022 c 29: See notes following RCW 9.94A.729.

**Effective date—2022 c 268; 2021 c 215:** See note following RCW 7.105.900.

Findings—Intent—Effective date—2018 c 201: See notes following RCW 41.05.018.

Short title—2009 c 214: "This act shall be known as the Eryk Woodruff public safety act of 2009." [2009 c 214 § 1.]

**Effective date—2009 c 214:** "This act takes effect August 1, 2009." [2009 c 214 § 4.]

Effective date—2009 c 28: See note following RCW 2.24.040.

Intent—Application—Application of repealers—Effective date—2008 c 231: See notes following RCW 9.94A.701.

Severability—2008 c 231: See note following RCW 9.94A.500.