

**WAC 208-512A-600 Transitional rules.** (1) Loans or extensions of credit that were in violation of RCW 30A.04.111 and the former lending limits rules prior to January 21, 2013, will be considered to remain in violation of law until they are paid in full, regardless of whether the loans or extensions of credit conform to the rules established in this chapter. Renewals or extensions of such loans or extensions of credit will also be considered violations of law.

(2) A bank that has outstanding loans or extensions of credit to a person in violation of RCW 30A.04.111 and the former lending limits rules as of January 21, 2013, may make additional advances to such person after those dates if the additional advances are permitted under this chapter. The additional advances, however, may not be used directly or indirectly to repay any outstanding illegal loans or extensions of credit.

(3) Loans or extensions of credit which were in conformance with RCW 30A.04.111 and the former lending limits rules prior to January 21, 2013, but are not in conformance with this chapter will not be considered to be violations of law during the existing contract terms of such loans or extensions of credit. Renewals or extensions of such loans or extensions of credit which are not in conformance with this chapter may be made on or after January 21, 2013, if the nonconformity is caused by WAC 208-512A-005 (1)(b) and 208-512A-300; however, all loans or extensions of credit made under such renewals or extensions must conform with this chapter no later than June 1, 2013. Loans or extensions of credit which are not in conformance with this chapter for any other reason (i.e., a reduction in the bank's capital) must conform to this section upon renewal or extension.

(4) If a bank, prior to January 21, 2013, entered into a legally binding commitment to advance funds on or after such date, and such commitment was in conformance with RCW 30A.04.111 and the former lending limits rules, advances under such commitment may be made notwithstanding the fact that such advances are not in conformance with this chapter. The bank must, however, demonstrate that the commitment represents a legal obligation to fund, either by a written agreement or through file documentation.

(5) As used in this section, "former lending limits rules" means WAC 208-512-210 through 208-512-300, inclusive.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a savings bank under Title 32 RCW will not be considered to be in violation of law during the existing contract terms of any loan or extension of credit, which:

(a) In the case of a savings bank under WAC 208-512A-009 (2) or (3), was made and funded prior to June 1, 2013; or

(b) In the case of a savings bank under WAC 208-512A-009(4) but not subject to WAC 208-512A-009 (2) or (3), was made and funded prior to a date, earlier than June 1, 2013, upon which the savings bank gave notice to the division of its election to conform to the provisions of this chapter pursuant to WAC 208-512A-009(4).

(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a renewal or extension of such a loan or extension of credit by a savings bank under subsection (6)(a) and (b) of this section, which is not in conformance with this chapter, may be made if the nonconformity is caused by WAC 208-512A-005 (1)(b) and 208-512A-300; however, any loan or extension of credit made under such renewals or extensions must conform with this chapter no later than December 31, 2013. However, a loan or extension of credit by such a savings bank which is not in conformance with this chapter for any other reason (i.e., a reduction

in the bank's capital) must conform to this section upon renewal or extension.

(8) A bank will not be deemed to be in violation of law, including this chapter, if:

(a) It is engaged in derivative transactions prior to January 21, 2013;

(b) Uses an internal model method in connection with any part of its derivative transaction program;

(c) It is later determined by the division that the bank's specific internal model method is unsafe and unsound or that the bank's management is not competent to administer its derivative transaction program using such specific internal model method; and

(d) The director of banks does not find that the bank has shown a lack of good faith in its use of a specific internal model method.

(9) In the event of a determination pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, the division will treat the bank's derivative transactions program as "nonconforming" rather than a violation of law. In that event, the director of banks may issue a directive to the bank to exercise reasonable efforts to either bring its derivative transactions program into compliance or, if the director of banks so finds in exceptional cases, unwind its derivative transactions program.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 43.320.040, 43.320.050, 30A.04.030, 30A.04.111, 30A.04.215, 30A.08.140, 32.08.157 and section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Act. WSR 17-24-053, § 208-512A-600, filed 12/1/17, effective 1/1/18. Statutory Authority: RCW 30.04.030, 30.04.111, 30.04.215, 30.08.140, 32.08.157, 43.320.040, and 43.320.050 and Section 611 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (codified as section 18(y) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. §1828(y)), which takes effect January 21, 2013. WSR 13-03-037, § 208-512A-600, filed 1/8/13, effective 2/8/13.]