

2 ESHB 2466 - S AMD

3 By Senators Nelson, Talmadge, Roach, Newhouse and A. Smith

4 ADOPTED 3/11/92

5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the  
6 following:

7 "PART I - JUVENILE JUSTICE"

8 "Sec. 101. RCW 13.40.010 and 1977 ex.s. c 291 s 55 are each  
9 amended to read as follows:

10 (1) This chapter shall be known and cited as the Juvenile Justice  
11 Act of 1977.

12 (2) It is the intent of the legislature that a system capable of  
13 having primary responsibility for, being accountable for, and  
14 responding to the needs of youthful offenders, as defined by this  
15 chapter, be established. It is the further intent of the legislature  
16 that youth, in turn, be held accountable for their offenses and that  
17 both communities and the juvenile courts carry out their functions  
18 consistent with this intent. To effectuate these policies, ~~((it shall  
19 be the purpose))~~ the legislature declares the following to be equally  
20 important purposes of this chapter ~~((to))~~:

21 (a) Protect the citizenry from criminal behavior;

22 (b) Provide for determining whether accused juveniles have  
23 committed offenses as defined by this chapter;

24 (c) Make the juvenile offender accountable for his or her criminal  
25 behavior;

26 (d) Provide for punishment commensurate with the age, crime, and  
27 criminal history of the juvenile offender;

1 (e) Provide due process for juveniles alleged to have committed an  
2 offense;

3 (f) Provide necessary treatment, supervision, and custody for  
4 juvenile offenders;

5 (g) Provide for the handling of juvenile offenders by communities  
6 whenever consistent with public safety;

7 (h) Provide for restitution to victims of crime;

8 (i) Develop effective standards and goals for the operation,  
9 funding, and evaluation of all components of the juvenile justice  
10 system and related services at the state and local levels; and

11 (j) Provide for a clear policy to determine what types of offenders  
12 shall receive punishment, treatment, or both, and to determine the  
13 jurisdictional limitations of the courts, institutions, and community  
14 services."

15 **"Sec. 102.** RCW 13.40.020 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 12 s 1 are each  
16 amended to read as follows:

17 For the purposes of this chapter:

18 (1) "Serious offender" means a person fifteen years of age or older  
19 who has committed an offense which if committed by an adult would be:

20 (a) A class A felony, or an attempt to commit a class A felony;

21 (b) Manslaughter in the first degree; or

22 (c) Assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree,  
23 child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second  
24 degree, robbery in the second degree, residential burglary, or burglary  
25 in the second degree, where such offenses include the infliction of  
26 bodily harm upon another or where during the commission of or immediate  
27 withdrawal from such an offense the perpetrator is armed with a deadly  
28 weapon or firearm as defined in RCW 9A.04.110;

1 (2) "Community service" means compulsory service, without  
2 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the  
3 offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community service  
4 may be performed through public or private organizations or through  
5 work crews;

6 (3) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the  
7 court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department. A  
8 community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of  
9 up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to  
10 one year for other offenses ~~((and))~~. Community supervision is an  
11 individualized program comprised of one or more of the following:

12 (a) Community-based sanctions;

13 (b) Community-based rehabilitation;

14 (c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;

15 (4) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the  
16 following:

17 (a) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars;

18 (b) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of  
19 service;

20 ~~((e))~~ (5) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of  
21 the following: Attendance of information classes;

22 ~~((d) Counseling; or~~

23 ~~(e) Such other services to the extent funds are available for such~~  
24 services,)) counseling, substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient  
25 mental health programs, anger management classes, or other services; or  
26 attendance at school or other educational programs appropriate for the  
27 juvenile as determined by the school district. Placement in community-  
28 based rehabilitation programs is subject to available funds;

29 (6) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of  
30 the following: Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work,

1 or court-ordered treatment programs during specified hours;  
2 restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas;  
3 requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to  
4 remain under the probation officer's supervision; and other  
5 conditions((7)) or limitations as the court may require which may not  
6 include confinement;

7 ((4)) (7) "Confinement" means ((physical custody by the  
8 department of social and health services in a facility operated by or  
9 pursuant to a contract with the state, or physical custody in a  
10 facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county))  
11 incarceration in a detention facility following: Arrest pending a  
12 detention hearing under RCW 13.40.050; entry of an order of detention  
13 entered pursuant to RCW 13.40.050; commitment to a county detention  
14 facility; modification of a disposition for violation of the  
15 disposition; or modification of parole for violation of parole. The  
16 county may operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention  
17 facilities. The department may operate or contract to operate  
18 detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department.  
19 Confinement of less than thirty-one days imposed as part of a  
20 disposition or modification order may be served consecutively or  
21 intermittently, in the discretion of the court;

22 ((5)) (8) "Court", when used without further qualification, means  
23 the juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);

24 ((6)) (9) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints  
25 against the respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current  
26 offense:

27 (a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent  
28 is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of  
29 conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an  
30 offense for the purposes of this chapter; or

1 (b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to  
2 the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after  
3 an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be  
4 considered as part of the respondent's criminal history;

5 ~~((7))~~ (10) "Department" means the department of social and health  
6 services;

7 ~~((8))~~ (11) "Detention facility" means a facility for the physical  
8 confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an  
9 adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order.  
10 Detention facilities may be secure, semisecure, or nonsecure, and may  
11 include group homes, foster homes, and home detention with electronic  
12 or staff monitoring. Detention foster homes and group homes may not be  
13 used for placement of juveniles who are ordered into rehabilitation  
14 placements pursuant to a community supervision disposition. "Secure  
15 detention" means lockup or staff-secure facilities. "Nonsecure  
16 detention" means residential placement in the community in a physically  
17 nonrestrictive environment under the supervision of and funded by the  
18 local government department of youth services or equivalent department.  
19 "Home detention" means placement of the juvenile in the custody of the  
20 juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian in a physically  
21 nonrestrictive environment under the supervision of and funded by the  
22 local government department of youth services or equivalent department  
23 with electronic monitoring or department staff monitoring;

24 (12) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into  
25 a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other  
26 person or entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom  
27 the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and  
28 supervise such agreements pursuant to RCW ~~((13.04.040, as now or~~  
29 ~~hereafter amended,))~~ 13.40.080, or any person or entity specially

1 funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise diversion agreements  
2 in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;

3 ~~((9))~~ (13) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established  
4 pursuant to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;

5 ~~((10))~~ (14) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual  
6 who is under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not  
7 been previously transferred to adult court;

8 ~~((11))~~ (15) "Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been  
9 found by the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a  
10 person eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been  
11 extended under RCW 13.40.300;

12 ~~((12))~~ (16) "Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would  
13 either impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a  
14 serious, and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this  
15 chapter;

16 ~~((13))~~ (17) "Middle offender" means a person who has committed an  
17 offense and who is neither a minor or first offender nor a serious  
18 offender;

19 ~~((14))~~ (18) "Minor or first offender" means a person sixteen  
20 years of age or younger whose current offense(s) and criminal history  
21 fall entirely within one of the following categories:

22 (a) Four misdemeanors;

23 (b) Two misdemeanors and one gross misdemeanor;

24 (c) One misdemeanor and two gross misdemeanors;

25 (d) Three gross misdemeanors;

26 (e) One class C felony except manslaughter in the second degree and  
27 one misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor;

28 (f) One class B felony except: Any felony which constitutes an  
29 attempt to commit a class A felony; manslaughter in the first degree;  
30 assault in the second degree; extortion in the first degree; indecent

1 liberties; kidnapping in the second degree; robbery in the second  
2 degree; burglary in the second degree; residential burglary; vehicular  
3 homicide; or arson in the second degree.

4 For purposes of this definition, current violations shall be  
5 counted as misdemeanors;

6 ~~((15))~~ (19) "Offense" means an act designated a violation or a  
7 crime if committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any  
8 ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law,  
9 or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state;

10 ~~((16))~~ (20) "Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or  
11 proven to have committed an offense;

12 ~~((17))~~ (21) "Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the  
13 offender to the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable  
14 damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for  
15 medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting  
16 from physical injury, and costs of the victim's counseling reasonably  
17 related to the offense if the offense is a sex offense. Restitution  
18 shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain  
19 and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter  
20 shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the  
21 victim or offender;

22 ~~((18))~~ (22) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of  
23 social and health services;

24 ~~((19))~~ (23) "Services" mean services which provide alternatives  
25 to incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been  
26 adjudicated guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement  
27 pursuant to this chapter;

28 ~~((20))~~ (24) "Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex  
29 offense in RCW 9.94A.030;

1        (~~(21)~~) (25) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes  
2 for which the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of  
3 his or her sexual gratification;

4        (~~(22)~~) (26) "Foster care" means temporary physical care in a  
5 foster family home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020  
6 and licensed by the department, or other legally authorized care;

7        (~~(23)~~) (27) "Violation" means an act or omission, which if  
8 committed by an adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is  
9 punishable by sanctions which do not include incarceration."

10        **"Sec. 103.** RCW 13.40.027 and 1989 c 407 s 2 are each amended to  
11 read as follows:

12        (1) It is the responsibility of the commission to: (a) (i)  
13 Evaluate the effectiveness of existing disposition standards and  
14 related statutes in implementing policies set forth in RCW 13.40.010  
15 generally and (ii) specifically review the guidelines relating to the  
16 confinement of minor and first offenders as well as the use of  
17 diversion; (b) solicit the comments and suggestions of the juvenile  
18 justice community concerning disposition standards; and (c) make  
19 recommendations to the legislature regarding revisions or modifications  
20 of the disposition standards in accordance with RCW 13.40.030. The  
21 evaluations shall be submitted to the legislature by December 1, 1992,  
22 and on December 1 of each even-numbered year thereafter.

23        (2) It is the responsibility of the department to: (a) Provide the  
24 commission with available data concerning the implementation of the  
25 disposition standards and related statutes and their effect on the  
26 performance of the department's responsibilities relating to juvenile  
27 offenders; (b) at the request of the commission, provide technical and  
28 administrative assistance to the commission in the performance of its



1 responsibilities; and (c) provide the commission and legislature with  
2 recommendations for modification of the disposition standards."

3 "Sec. 104. RCW 13.40.0357 and 1989 c 407 s 7 are each amended to  
4 read as follows:

5 SCHEDULE A

6 DESCRIPTION AND OFFENSE CATEGORY

7 JUVENILE

8 JUVENILE

DISPOSITION

9 DISPOSITION

CATEGORY FOR ATTEMPT,

10 OFFENSE

BAILJUMP, CONSPIRACY,

11 CATEGORY

DESCRIPTION (RCW CITATION)

OR SOLICITATION

12 .....

13 **Arson and Malicious Mischief**

14	A	Arson 1 (9A.48.020)	B+
15	B	Arson 2 (9A.48.030)	C
16	C	Reckless Burning 1 (9A.48.040)	D
17	D	Reckless Burning 2 (9A.48.050)	E
18	B	Malicious Mischief 1 (9A.48.070)	C
19	C	Malicious Mischief 2 (9A.48.080)	D
20	D	Malicious Mischief 3 (<\$50 is	
21		E class) (9A.48.090)	E
22	E	Tampering with Fire Alarm	
23		Apparatus (9.40.100)	E
24	A	Possession of Incendiary Device	
25		(9.40.120)	B+

26 **Assault and Other Crimes**

1		<b>Involving Physical Harm</b>	
2	A	Assault 1 (9A.36.011)	B+
3	B+	Assault 2 (9A.36.021)	C+
4	C+	Assault 3 (9A.36.031)	D+
5	D+	Assault 4 (9A.36.041)	E
6	D+	Reckless Endangerment	
7		(9A.36.050)	E
8	C+	Promoting Suicide Attempt	
9		(9A.36.060)	D+
10	D+	Coercion (9A.36.070)	E
11	C+	Custodial Assault (9A.36.100)	D+
12		<b>Burglary and Trespass</b>	
13	B+	Burglary 1 (9A.52.020)	C+
14	B	Burglary 2 (9A.52.030)	C
15	D	Burglary Tools (Possession of)	
16		(9A.52.060)	E
17	D	Criminal Trespass 1 (9A.52.070)	E
18	E	Criminal Trespass 2 (9A.52.080)	E
19	D	Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)	E
20		<b>Drugs</b>	
21	E	Possession/Consumption of Alcohol	
22		(66.44.270)	E
23	C	Illegally Obtaining Legend Drug	
24		(69.41.020)	D
25	C+	Sale, Delivery, Possession of Legend	
26		Drug with Intent to Sell	
27		(69.41.030)	D+

1	E	Possession of Legend Drug	
2		(69.41.030)	E
3	B+	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
4		Substances Act - Narcotic Sale	
5		(69.50.401(a)(1)(i))	B+
6	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
7		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Sale	
8		(69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))	C
9	E	Possession of Marihuana <40 grams	
10		(69.50.401(e))	E
11	C	Fraudulently Obtaining Controlled	
12		Substance (69.50.403)	C
13	C+	Sale of Controlled Substance	
14		for Profit (69.50.410)	C+
15	E	<del>((Glue Sniffing (9.47A.050))</del>	E
16		<u>Unlawful Inhalation (9.47A.020)</u>	
17	B	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
18		Substances Act - Narcotic	
19		Counterfeit Substances	
20		(69.50.401(b)(1)(i))	B
21	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
22		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic	
23		Counterfeit Substances	
24		(69.50.401(b)(1) (ii), (iii), (iv))	C
25	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
26		Substances Act - Possession of a	
27		Controlled Substance	
28		(69.50.401(d))	C
29	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
30		Substances Act - Possession of a	

1		Controlled Substance	
2		(69.50.401(c))	C
3		<b>Firearms and Weapons</b>	
4	<del>((C+</del>	<del>Committing Crime when Armed</del>	
5		<del>(9.41.025)</del>	<del>D+))</del>
6	E	Carrying Loaded Pistol Without	
7		Permit (9.41.050)	E
8	E	Use of Firearms by Minor (<14)	
9		(9.41.240)	E
10	D+	Possession of Dangerous Weapon	
11		(9.41.250)	E
12	D	Intimidating Another Person by use	
13		of Weapon (9.41.270)	E
14		<b>Homicide</b>	
15	A+	Murder 1 (9A.32.030)	A
16	A+	Murder 2 (9A.32.050)	B+
17	B+	Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060)	C+
18	C+	Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070)	D+
19	B+	Vehicular Homicide (46.61.520)	C+
20		<b>Kidnapping</b>	
21	A	Kidnap 1 (9A.40.020)	B+
22	B+	Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030)	C+
23	C+	Unlawful Imprisonment	
24		(9A.40.040)	D+
25	<del>((D</del>	<del>Custodial Interference</del>	
26		<del>(9A.40.050)</del>	<del>E))</del>

**Obstructing Governmental Operation**

1			
2	E	Obstructing a Public Servant	
3		(9A.76.020)	E
4	E	Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040)	E
5	B	Introducing Contraband 1	
6		(9A.76.140)	C
7	C	Introducing Contraband 2	
8		(9A.76.150)	D
9	E	Introducing Contraband 3	
10		(9A.76.160)	E
11	B+	Intimidating a Public Servant	
12		(9A.76.180)	C+
13	B+	Intimidating a Witness	
14		(9A.72.110)	C+
15	<del>((E</del>	<del>Criminal Contempt</del>	
16		<del>(9.23.010)</del>	<del>E))</del>

**Public Disturbance**

17			
18	C+	Riot with Weapon (9A.84.010)	D+
19	D+	Riot Without Weapon	
20		(9A.84.010)	E
21	E	Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020)	E
22	E	Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030)	E

**Sex Crimes**

23			
24	A	Rape 1 (9A.44.040)	B+
25	A-	Rape 2 (9A.44.050)	B+
26	C+	Rape 3 (9A.44.060)	D+
27	A-	Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073)	B+
28	B	Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076)	C+

1	B	Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1))	C
2	C	Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2))	D
3	D+	(( <del>Public Indecency</del> )) <u>Indecent Exposure</u>	
4		(Victim <14) (9A.88.010)	E
5	E	(( <del>Public Indecency</del> )) <u>Indecent Exposure</u>	
6		(Victim 14 or over) (9A.88.010)	E
7	B+	Promoting Prostitution 1	
8		(9A.88.070)	C+
9	C+	Promoting Prostitution 2	
10		(9A.88.080)	D+
11	E	O & A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030)	E
12	B+	Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100)	C+
13	B+	Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083)	C+
14	C+	Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086)	C
15		<b>Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Forgery</b>	
16	B	Theft 1 (9A.56.030)	C
17	C	Theft 2 (9A.56.040)	D
18	D	Theft 3 (9A.56.050)	E
19	B	Theft of Livestock (9A.56.080)	C
20	C	Forgery (( <del>9A.56.020</del> )) <u>(9A.60.020)</u>	D
21	A	Robbery 1 (9A.56.200)	B+
22	B+	Robbery 2 (9A.56.210)	C+
23	B+	Extortion 1 (9A.56.120)	C+
24	C+	Extortion 2 (9A.56.130)	D+
25	B	Possession of Stolen Property 1	
26		(9A.56.150)	C
27	C	Possession of Stolen Property 2	
28		(9A.56.160)	D
29	D	Possession of Stolen Property 3	

1		(9A.56.170)	E
2	C	Taking Motor Vehicle Without	
3		Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)	D
4		<b>Motor Vehicle Related Crimes</b>	
5	E	Driving Without a License	
6		(46.20.021)	E
7	C	Hit and Run - Injury	
8		(46.52.020(4))	D
9	D	Hit and Run-Attended	
10		(46.52.020(5))	E
11	E	Hit and Run-Unattended	
12		(46.52.010)	E
13	C	Vehicular Assault (46.61.522)	D
14	C	Attempting to Elude Pursuing	
15		Police Vehicle (46.61.024)	D
16	E	Reckless Driving (46.61.500)	E
17	D	Driving While Under the Influence	
18		(46.61.515)	E
19	B+	Negligent Homicide by Motor	
20		Vehicle (46.61.520)	C+
21	D	Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)	E
22	C	Taking Motor Vehicle Without	
23		Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)	D
24		<b>Other</b>	
25	B	Bomb Threat (9.61.160)	C
26	C	Escape 1 (9A.76.110)	C
27	C	Escape 2 (9A.76.120)	C

1	D	Escape 3 (9A.76.130)	E
2	C	Failure to Appear in Court	
3		(10.19.130)	D
4	E	Tampering with Fire Alarm	
5		Apparatus (9.40.100)	E
6	E	Obscene, Harassing, Etc.,	
7		Phone Calls (9.61.230)	E
8	A	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
9		Adult Class A Felony	B+
10	B	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
11		Adult Class B Felony	C
12	C	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
13		Adult Class C Felony	D
14	D	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
15		Adult Gross Misdemeanor	E
16	E	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
17		Adult Misdemeanor	E
18	V	Violation of Order of Restitution,	
19		Community Supervision, or	
20		Confinement (13.40.200)	V

21 Escape 1 and 2 and Attempted Escape 1 and 2 are classed as C offenses  
22 and the standard range is established as follows:

23 1st escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 4 weeks  
24 confinement

25 2nd escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 8 weeks  
26 confinement



1 3rd and subsequent escape or attempted escape during 12-month  
2 period - 12 weeks confinement

3 if the court finds that a respondent has violated terms of an order,  
4 it may impose a penalty of up to 30 days of confinement.

5 **SCHEDULE B**

6 **PRIOR OFFENSE INCREASE FACTOR**

7 For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1,  
8 1989.

9 **TIME SPAN**

10	OFFENSE	0-12	13-24	25 Months
11	CATEGORY	Months	Months	or More
12	.....			
13	A+	.9	.9	.9
14	A	.9	.8	.6
15	A-	.9	.8	.5
16	B+	.9	.7	.4
17	B	.9	.6	.3
18	C+	.6	.3	.2
19	C	.5	.2	.2
20	D+	.3	.2	.1
21	D	.2	.1	.1
22	E	.1	.1	.1

1 Prior history - Any offense in which a diversion agreement or counsel  
 2 and release form was signed, or any offense which has been adjudicated  
 3 by court to be correct prior to the commission of the current  
 4 offense(s).

5 **SCHEDULE C**

6 **CURRENT OFFENSE POINTS**

7 For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1,  
 8 1989.

9 **AGE**

10 OFFENSE	12 &						
11 CATEGORY	Under	13	14	15	16	17	
12 .....							
13 A+	STANDARD	RANGE	180-224	WEEKS			
14 A	250	300	350	375	375	375	
15 A-	150	150	150	200	200	200	
16 B+	110	110	120	130	140	150	
17 B	45	45	50	50	57	57	
18 C+	44	44	49	49	55	55	
19 C	40	40	45	45	50	50	
20 D+	16	18	20	22	24	26	
21 D	14	16	18	20	22	24	
22 E	4	4	4	6	8	10	

1 JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS

2 SCHEDULE D-1

3 This schedule may only be used for minor/first offenders. After the  
4 determination is made that a youth is a minor/first offender, the court  
5 has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C. A  
6 disposition order for a minor/first offender may not include an order  
7 of confinement.

8 MINOR/FIRST OFFENDER

9 OPTION A

10 STANDARD RANGE

11			Community	
12		Community	Service	
13	Points	Supervision	Hours	Fine
14	1-9	(( <del>0-3</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 0-8	and/or 0-\$10
15	10-19	(( <del>0-3</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 0-8	and/or 0-\$10
16	20-29	(( <del>0-3</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 0-16	and/or 0-\$10
17	30-39	(( <del>0-3</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 8-24	and/or 0-\$25
18	40-49	(( <del>3-6</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 16-32	and/or 0-\$25
19	50-59	(( <del>3-6</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 24-40	and/or 0-\$25
20	60-69	(( <del>6-9</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 32-48	and/or 0-\$50
21	70-79	(( <del>6-9</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 40-55	and/or 0-\$50
22	80-89	(( <del>9-12</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 48-64	and/or 10-\$100
23	90-109	(( <del>9-12</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 56-72	and/or 10-\$100

1

OR

2

**OPTION B**

3

**STATUTORY OPTION**

4 0-12 Months Community Supervision

5 0-150 Hours Community Service

6 0-100 Fine

7 A term of community supervision with a maximum of 150 hours, \$100.00  
8 fine, and 12 months supervision.

9

OR

10

**OPTION C**

11

**MANIFEST INJUSTICE**

12 When a term of community supervision would effectuate a manifest  
13 injustice, another disposition may be imposed. When a judge imposes a  
14 sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the  
15 juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW (~~(13.40.030(5))~~)  
16 13.40.030(2), as now or hereafter amended, shall be used to determine  
17 the range.

JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS

SCHEDULE D-2

This schedule may only be used for middle offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a middle offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C.

MIDDLE OFFENDER

OPTION A

STANDARD RANGE

	Community Supervision	Community Service Hours	Fine	Confinement Days Weeks
Points				
.....				
1-9	(( <del>0-3</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 0-8	and/or 0-\$10	and/or 0
10-19	(( <del>0-3</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 0-8	and/or 0-\$10	and/or 0
20-29	(( <del>0-3</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 0-16	and/or 0-\$10	and/or 0
30-39	(( <del>0-3</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 8-24	and/or 0-\$25	and/or ( <del>2-4</del> ) <u>0-10</u>
40-49	(( <del>3-6</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 16-32	and/or 0-\$25	and/or ( <del>2-4</del> ) <u>0-10</u>
50-59	(( <del>3-6</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 24-40	and/or 0-\$25	and/or ( <del>5-10</del> ) <u>0-10</u>
60-69	(( <del>6-9</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 32-48	and/or 0-\$50	and/or ( <del>5-10</del> ) <u>10-20</u>
70-79	(( <del>6-9</del> )) <u>0-12</u> months	and/or 40-56	and/or 0-\$50	and/or 10-20

1	80-89	(( <del>9-12</del> ))	<u>0-12</u> months and/or	48-64	and/or	0-\$100	and/or
2							10-20
3	90-109	(( <del>9-12</del> ))	<u>0-12</u> months and/or	56-72	and/or	0-\$100	and/or
4						(( <del>15-30</del> ))	<u>20-30</u>
5	110-129						8-12
6	130-149						13-16
7	150-199						21-28
8	200-249						30-40
9	250-299						52-65
10	300-374						80-100
11	375+						103-129

12 Middle offenders with more than 110 points do not have to be committed.  
13 They may be assigned community supervision under option B.  
14 All A+ offenses 180-224 weeks

15 OR

16

17 **OPTION B**

18 **STATUTORY OPTION**

19 0-12 Months Community Supervision

20 0-150 Hours Community Service

21 0-100 Fine

22 The court may impose a determinate disposition of community supervision  
23 and/or up to 30 days confinement; in which case, if confinement has  
24 been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating  
25 factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150, as now or hereafter amended.

1 OR

2  
3 **OPTION C**

4 **MANIFEST INJUSTICE**

5 If the court determines that a disposition under A or B would  
6 effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile  
7 to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW (~~(13.40.030(5))~~)  
8 13.40.030(2), as now or hereafter amended, shall be used to determine  
9 range.

10 **JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS**

11 **SCHEDULE D-3**

12 This schedule may only be used for serious offenders. After the  
13 determination is made that a youth is a serious offender, the court has  
14 the discretion to select sentencing option A or B.

15 **SERIOUS OFFENDER**

16 **OPTION A**

17 **STANDARD RANGE**

18	<b>Points</b>	<b>Institution Time</b>
19	0-129	8-12 weeks
20	130-149	13-16 weeks
21	150-199	21-28 weeks
22	200-249	30-40 weeks
23	250-299	52-65 weeks
24	300-374	80-100 weeks

1                   375+                                   103-129 weeks  
2                   All A+  
3                   Offenses                                   180-224 weeks

4   OR

5  
6   **OPTION B**  
7   **MANIFEST INJUSTICE**

8 A disposition outside the standard range shall be determined and shall  
9 be comprised of confinement or community supervision or a combination  
10 thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a  
11 sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the  
12 juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW (~~13.40.030(5)~~)  
13 13.40.030(2), as now or hereafter amended, shall be used to determine  
14 the range."

15                   **"Sec. 105.** RCW 13.40.038 and 1986 c 288 s 7 are each amended to  
16 read as follows:

17                   It is the policy of this state that all county juvenile detention  
18 facilities provide a humane, safe, and rehabilitative environment and  
19 that unadjudicated youth remain in the community whenever possible,  
20 consistent with public safety and the provisions of chapter 13.40 RCW.

21                   The counties shall develop and implement detention intake standards  
22 and risk assessment standards to determine whether detention is  
23 warranted and if so whether the juvenile should be placed in secure,  
24 nonsecure, or home detention to implement the goals of this section.  
25 Inability to pay for a less restrictive detention placement shall not  
26 be a basis for denying a respondent a less restrictive placement in the



1 community. The detention and risk assessment standards shall be  
2 developed and implemented no later than December 31, 1992."

3 "Sec. 106. RCW 13.40.050 and 1979 c 155 s 58 are each amended to  
4 read as follows:

5 (1) When a juvenile taken into custody is held in detention:

6 (a) An information, a community supervision modification or  
7 termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition  
8 shall be filed within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and  
9 holidays excluded, or the juvenile shall be released; and

10 (b) A detention hearing, a community supervision modification or  
11 termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition  
12 shall be held within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and  
13 holidays excluded, from the time of filing the information or petition,  
14 to determine whether continued detention is necessary under RCW  
15 13.40.040.

16 (2) Notice of the detention hearing, stating the time, place, and  
17 purpose of the hearing, and stating the right to counsel, shall be  
18 given to the parent, guardian, or custodian if such person can be found  
19 and shall also be given to the juvenile if over twelve years of age.

20 (3) At the commencement of the detention hearing, the court shall  
21 advise the parties of their rights under this chapter and shall appoint  
22 counsel as specified in this chapter.

23 (4) The court shall, based upon the allegations in the information,  
24 determine whether the case is properly before it or whether the case  
25 should be treated as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080. If the case  
26 is not properly before the court the juvenile shall be ordered  
27 released.

28 (5) Notwithstanding a determination that the case is properly  
29 before the court and that probable cause exists, a juvenile shall at

1 the detention hearing be ordered released on the juvenile's personal  
2 recognizance pending further hearing unless the court finds detention  
3 is necessary under RCW 13.40.040 as now or hereafter amended.

4 (6) If detention is not necessary under RCW 13.40.040, as now or  
5 hereafter amended, the court shall impose the most appropriate of the  
6 following conditions or, if necessary, any combination of the following  
7 conditions:

8 (a) Place the juvenile in the custody of a designated person  
9 agreeing to supervise such juvenile;

10 (b) Place restrictions on the travel of the juvenile during the  
11 period of release;

12 (c) Require the juvenile to report regularly to and remain under  
13 the supervision of the juvenile court;

14 (d) Impose any condition other than detention deemed reasonably  
15 necessary to assure appearance as required; or

16 (e) Require that the juvenile return to detention during specified  
17 hours.

18 (7) If the parent, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile in  
19 detention is available, the court shall consult with them prior to a  
20 determination to further detain or release the juvenile or treat the  
21 case as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080."

22 "**Sec. 107.** RCW 13.40.070 and 1989 c 407 s 9 are each amended to  
23 read as follows:

24 (1) Complaints referred to the juvenile court alleging the  
25 commission of an offense shall be referred directly to the prosecutor.  
26 The prosecutor, upon receipt of a complaint, shall screen the complaint  
27 to determine whether:

28 (a) The alleged facts bring the case within the jurisdiction of the  
29 court; and

1 (b) On a basis of available evidence there is probable cause to  
2 believe that the juvenile did commit the offense.

3 (2) If the identical alleged acts constitute an offense under both  
4 the law of this state and an ordinance of any city or county of this  
5 state, state law shall govern the prosecutor's screening and charging  
6 decision for both filed and diverted cases.

7 (3) If the requirements of subsections (1) (a) and (b) of this  
8 section are met, the prosecutor shall either file an information in  
9 juvenile court or divert the case, as set forth in subsections (5),  
10 (6), and (7) of this section. If the prosecutor finds that the  
11 requirements of subsection (1) (a) and (b) of this section are not met,  
12 the prosecutor shall maintain a record, for one year, of such decision  
13 and the reasons therefor. In lieu of filing an information or  
14 diverting an offense a prosecutor may file a motion to modify community  
15 supervision where such offense constitutes a violation of community  
16 supervision.

17 (4) An information shall be a plain, concise, and definite written  
18 statement of the essential facts constituting the offense charged. It  
19 shall be signed by the prosecuting attorney and conform to chapter  
20 10.37 RCW.

21 (5) Where a case is legally sufficient, the prosecutor shall file  
22 an information with the juvenile court if:

23 (a) An alleged offender is accused of a class A felony, a class B  
24 felony, an attempt to commit a class B felony, (~~assault in the third~~  
25 ~~degree, rape in the third degree~~) a class C felony listed in RCW  
26 9.94A.440(2) as a crime against persons, or any other offense listed in  
27 RCW 13.40.020(1) (b) or (c); or

28 (b) An alleged offender is accused of a felony and has a criminal  
29 history of at least one class A or class B felony, or two class C  
30 felonies, or at least two gross misdemeanors, or at least two

1 misdemeanors and one additional misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor, or at  
2 least one class C felony and one misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor; or

3 (c) An alleged offender has previously been committed to the  
4 department; or

5 (d) An alleged offender has been referred by a diversion unit for  
6 prosecution or desires prosecution instead of diversion; or

7 ~~((d))~~ (e) An alleged offender has three or more diversions on the  
8 alleged offender's criminal history ~~((within eighteen months of the~~  
9 ~~current alleged offense))~~.

10 (6) Where a case is legally sufficient the prosecutor shall divert  
11 the case if the alleged offense is a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor  
12 or violation and the alleged offense(s) in combination with the alleged  
13 offender's criminal history do not exceed two offenses or violations  
14 and do not include any felonies: PROVIDED, That if the alleged  
15 offender is charged with a related offense that must or may be filed  
16 under subsections (5) and (7) of this section, a case under this  
17 subsection may also be filed.

18 (7) Where a case is legally sufficient and falls into neither  
19 subsection (5) nor (6) of this section, it may be filed or diverted.  
20 In deciding whether to file or divert an offense under this section the  
21 prosecutor shall be guided only by the length, seriousness, and recency  
22 of the alleged offender's criminal history and the circumstances  
23 surrounding the commission of the alleged offense.

24 (8) Whenever a juvenile is placed in custody or, where not placed  
25 in custody, referred to a diversionary interview, the parent or legal  
26 guardian of the juvenile shall be notified as soon as possible  
27 concerning the allegation made against the juvenile and the current  
28 status of the juvenile. Where a case involves victims of crimes  
29 against persons or victims whose property has not been recovered at the

1 time a juvenile is referred to a diversionary unit, the victim shall be  
2 notified of the referral and informed how to contact the unit.

3 (9) The responsibilities of the prosecutor under subsections (1)  
4 through (8) of this section may be performed by a juvenile court  
5 probation counselor for any complaint referred to the court alleging  
6 the commission of an offense which would not be a felony if committed  
7 by an adult, if the prosecutor has given sufficient written notice to  
8 the juvenile court that the prosecutor will not review such complaints.

9 (10) The prosecutor, juvenile court probation counselor, or  
10 diversion unit may, in exercising their authority under this section or  
11 RCW 13.40.080, refer juveniles to mediation or victim offender  
12 reconciliation programs. Such mediation or victim offender  
13 reconciliation programs shall be voluntary for victims."

14 "Sec. 108. RCW 13.40.080 and 1985 c 73 s 2 are each amended to  
15 read as follows:

16 (1) A diversion agreement shall be a contract between a juvenile  
17 accused of an offense and a diversionary unit whereby the juvenile  
18 agrees to fulfill certain conditions in lieu of prosecution. Such  
19 agreements may be entered into only after the prosecutor, or probation  
20 counselor pursuant to this chapter, has determined that probable cause  
21 exists to believe that a crime has been committed and that the juvenile  
22 committed it. Such agreements shall be entered into as expeditiously  
23 as possible.

24 (2) A diversion agreement shall be limited to:

25 (a) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours, not to  
26 be performed during school hours if the juvenile is attending school;

27 (b) Restitution limited to the amount of actual loss incurred by  
28 the victim, and to an amount the juvenile has the means or potential  
29 means to pay;

1 (c) Attendance at up to (~~two~~) ten hours of counseling and/or up  
2 to (~~ten~~) twenty hours of educational or informational sessions at a  
3 community agency: PROVIDED, That the state shall not be liable for  
4 costs resulting from the diversionary unit exercising the option to  
5 permit diversion agreements to mandate attendance at up to (~~two~~) ten  
6 hours of counseling and/or up to (~~ten~~) twenty hours of educational or  
7 informational sessions; and

8 (d) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars. In determining the  
9 amount of the fine, the diversion unit shall consider only the  
10 juvenile's financial resources and whether the juvenile has the means  
11 to pay the fine. The diversion unit shall not consider the financial  
12 resources of the juvenile's parents, guardian, or custodian in  
13 determining the fine to be imposed.

14 (3) In assessing periods of community service to be performed and  
15 restitution to be paid by a juvenile who has entered into a diversion  
16 agreement, the court officer to whom this task is assigned shall  
17 consult with victims who have contacted the diversionary unit and, to  
18 the extent possible, involve members of the community. Such members of  
19 the community shall meet with the juvenile and advise the court officer  
20 as to the terms of the diversion agreement and shall supervise the  
21 juvenile in carrying out its terms.

22 (4) A diversion agreement may not exceed a period of six months  
23 (~~for a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor or one year for a felony~~) and  
24 may include a period extending beyond the eighteenth birthday of the  
25 divertee. Any restitution assessed during its term may not exceed an  
26 amount which the juvenile could be reasonably expected to pay during  
27 this period. If additional time is necessary for the juvenile to  
28 complete restitution to the victim, the time period limitations of this  
29 subsection may be extended by an additional six months.

1 (5) The juvenile shall retain the right to be referred to the court  
2 at any time prior to the signing of the diversion agreement.

3 (6) Divertees and potential divertees shall be afforded due process  
4 in all contacts with a diversionary unit regardless of whether the  
5 juveniles are accepted for diversion or whether the diversion program  
6 is successfully completed. Such due process shall include, but not be  
7 limited to, the following:

8 (a) A written diversion agreement shall be executed stating all  
9 conditions in clearly understandable language;

10 (b) Violation of the terms of the agreement shall be the only  
11 grounds for termination;

12 (c) No diverttee may be terminated from a diversion program without  
13 being given a court hearing, which hearing shall be preceded by:

14 (i) Written notice of alleged violations of the conditions of the  
15 diversion program; and

16 (ii) Disclosure of all evidence to be offered against the diverttee;

17 (d) The hearing shall be conducted by the juvenile court and shall  
18 include:

19 (i) Opportunity to be heard in person and to present evidence;

20 (ii) The right to confront and cross-examine all adverse witnesses;

21 (iii) A written statement by the court as to the evidence relied on  
22 and the reasons for termination, should that be the decision; and

23 (iv) Demonstration by evidence that the diverttee has substantially  
24 violated the terms of his or her diversion agreement.

25 (e) The prosecutor may file an information on the offense for which  
26 the diverttee was diverted:

27 (i) In juvenile court if the diverttee is under eighteen years of  
28 age; or

29 (ii) In superior court or the appropriate court of limited  
30 jurisdiction if the diverttee is eighteen years of age or older.

1        (7) The diversion unit shall, subject to available funds, be  
2 responsible for providing interpreters when juveniles need interpreters  
3 to effectively communicate during diversion unit hearings or  
4 negotiations.

5        (8) The diversion unit shall be responsible for advising a divertee  
6 of his or her rights as provided in this chapter.

7        ~~((+8+))~~ (9) The diversion unit may refer a juvenile to community-  
8 based counseling or treatment programs.

9        (10) The right to counsel shall inure prior to the initial  
10 interview for purposes of advising the juvenile as to whether he or she  
11 desires to participate in the diversion process or to appear in the  
12 juvenile court. The juvenile may be represented by counsel at any  
13 critical stage of the diversion process, including intake interviews  
14 and termination hearings. The juvenile shall be fully advised at the  
15 intake of his or her right to an attorney and of the relevant services  
16 an attorney can provide. For the purpose of this section, intake  
17 interviews mean all interviews regarding the diversion agreement  
18 process.

19        The juvenile shall be advised that a diversion agreement shall  
20 constitute a part of the juvenile's criminal history as defined by RCW  
21 13.40.020~~((+6+))~~(9) as now or hereafter amended. A signed  
22 acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the juvenile,  
23 and the document shall be maintained by the diversionary unit together  
24 with the diversion agreement, and a copy of both documents shall be  
25 delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The  
26 supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth the content of such  
27 advisement in simple language.

28        ~~((+9+))~~ (11) When a juvenile enters into a diversion agreement, the  
29 juvenile court may receive only the following information for  
30 dispositional purposes:



- 1 (a) The fact that a charge or charges were made;
- 2 (b) The fact that a diversion agreement was entered into;
- 3 (c) The juvenile's obligations under such agreement;
- 4 (d) Whether the alleged offender performed his or her obligations
- 5 under such agreement; and
- 6 (e) The facts of the alleged offense.

7 ~~((10))~~ (12) A diversionary unit may refuse to enter into a

8 diversion agreement with a juvenile. When a diversionary unit refuses

9 to enter a diversion agreement with a juvenile, it shall immediately

10 refer such juvenile to the court for action and shall forward to the

11 court the criminal complaint and a detailed statement of its reasons

12 for refusing to enter into a diversion agreement. The diversionary

13 unit shall also immediately refer the case to the prosecuting attorney

14 for action if such juvenile violates the terms of the diversion

15 agreement.

16 ~~((11))~~ (13) A diversionary unit may, in instances where it

17 determines that the act or omission of an act for which a juvenile has

18 been referred to it involved no victim, or where it determines that the

19 juvenile referred to it has no prior criminal history and is alleged to

20 have committed an illegal act involving no threat of or instance of

21 actual physical harm and involving not more than fifty dollars in

22 property loss or damage and that there is no loss outstanding to the

23 person or firm suffering such damage or loss, counsel and release or

24 release such a juvenile without entering into a diversion agreement(~~(+~~

25 ~~PROVIDED, That~~)). A diversion unit's authority to counsel and release

26 a juvenile under this subsection shall include the authority to refer

27 the juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment programs. Any

28 juvenile ~~((so handled))~~ released under this subsection shall be advised

29 that the act or omission of any act for which he or she had been

30 referred shall constitute a part of the juvenile's criminal history as

1 defined by RCW 13.40.020(~~((+6+))~~)(9) as now or hereafter amended. A  
2 signed acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the  
3 juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the unit, and a copy  
4 of the document shall be delivered to the prosecutor if requested by  
5 the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth  
6 the content of such advisement in simple language(~~((:—PROVIDED FURTHER,~~  
7 ~~That))~~). A juvenile determined to be eligible by a diversionary unit  
8 for ((such)) release as provided in this subsection shall retain the  
9 same right to counsel and right to have his or her case referred to the  
10 court for formal action as any other juvenile referred to the unit.

11 ~~((+12+))~~ (14) A diversion unit may supervise the fulfillment of a  
12 diversion agreement entered into before the juvenile's eighteenth  
13 birthday and which includes a period extending beyond the diverttee's  
14 eighteenth birthday.

15 ~~((+13+))~~ (15) If a fine required by a diversion agreement cannot  
16 reasonably be paid due to a change of circumstance, the diversion  
17 agreement may be modified at the request of the diverttee and with the  
18 concurrence of the diversion unit to convert an unpaid fine into  
19 community service. The modification of the diversion agreement shall  
20 be in writing and signed by the diverttee and the diversion unit. The  
21 number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty  
22 shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per  
23 hour.

24 ~~((+14+))~~ (16) Fines imposed under this section shall be collected  
25 and paid into the county general fund in accordance with procedures  
26 established by the juvenile court administrator under RCW 13.04.040 and  
27 may be used only for juvenile services. In the expenditure of funds  
28 for juvenile services, there shall be a maintenance of effort whereby  
29 counties exhaust existing resources before using amounts collected  
30 under this section."

1       **"Sec. 109.** RCW 13.40.150 and 1990 c 3 s 605 are each amended to  
2 read as follows:

3       (1) In disposition hearings all relevant and material evidence,  
4 including oral and written reports, may be received by the court and  
5 may be relied upon to the extent of its probative value, even though  
6 such evidence may not be admissible in a hearing on the information.  
7 The youth or the youth's counsel and the prosecuting attorney shall be  
8 afforded an opportunity to examine and controvert written reports so  
9 received and to cross-examine individuals making reports when such  
10 individuals are reasonably available, but sources of confidential  
11 information need not be disclosed. The prosecutor and counsel for the  
12 juvenile may submit recommendations for disposition.

13       (2) For purposes of disposition:

14       (a) Violations which are current offenses count as misdemeanors;

15       (b) Violations may not count as part of the offender's criminal  
16 history;

17       (c) In no event may a disposition for a violation include  
18 confinement.

19       (3) Before entering a dispositional order as to a respondent found  
20 to have committed an offense, the court shall hold a disposition  
21 hearing, at which the court shall:

22       (a) Consider the facts supporting the allegations of criminal  
23 conduct by the respondent;

24       (b) Consider information and arguments offered by parties and their  
25 counsel;

26       (c) Consider any predisposition reports;

27       (d) Consult with the respondent's parent, guardian, or custodian on  
28 the appropriateness of dispositional options under consideration and  
29 afford the respondent and the respondent's parent, guardian, or  
30 custodian an opportunity to speak in the respondent's behalf;

1 (e) Allow the victim or a representative of the victim and an  
2 investigative law enforcement officer to speak;

3 (f) Determine the amount of restitution owing to the victim, if  
4 any;

5 (g) Determine whether the respondent is a serious offender, a  
6 middle offender, or a minor or first offender;

7 (h) Consider whether or not any of the following mitigating factors  
8 exist:

9 (i) The respondent's conduct neither caused nor threatened serious  
10 bodily injury or the respondent did not contemplate that his or her  
11 conduct would cause or threaten serious bodily injury;

12 (ii) The respondent acted under strong and immediate provocation;

13 (iii) The respondent was suffering from a mental or physical  
14 condition that significantly reduced his or her culpability for the  
15 offense though failing to establish a defense;

16 (iv) Prior to his or her detection, the respondent compensated or  
17 made a good faith attempt to compensate the victim for the injury or  
18 loss sustained; and

19 (v) There has been at least one year between the respondent's  
20 current offense and any prior criminal offense;

21 (i) Consider whether or not any of the following aggravating  
22 factors exist:

23 (i) In the commission of the offense, or in flight therefrom, the  
24 respondent inflicted or attempted to inflict serious bodily injury to  
25 another;

26 (ii) The offense was committed in an especially heinous, cruel, or  
27 depraved manner;

28 (iii) The victim or victims were particularly vulnerable;

1 (iv) The respondent has a recent criminal history or has failed to  
2 comply with conditions of a recent dispositional order or diversion  
3 agreement;

4 (v) The current offense included a finding of sexual motivation  
5 pursuant to RCW 9.94A.127;

6 (vi) The respondent was the leader of a criminal enterprise  
7 involving several persons; and

8 (vii) There are other complaints which have resulted in diversion  
9 or a finding or plea of guilty but which are not included as criminal  
10 history.

11 (4) The following factors may not be considered in determining the  
12 punishment to be imposed:

13 (a) The sex of the respondent;

14 (b) The race or color of the respondent or the respondent's family;

15 (c) The creed or religion of the respondent or the respondent's  
16 family;

17 (d) The economic or social class of the respondent or the  
18 respondent's family; and

19 (e) Factors indicating that the respondent may be or is a dependent  
20 child within the meaning of this chapter.

21 (5) A court may not commit a juvenile to a state institution solely  
22 because of the lack of facilities, including treatment facilities,  
23 existing in the community."

24 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. (1) The counties are expressly  
25 authorized to implement and operate a youthful offender discipline  
26 program to provide an intensive educational and physical training and  
27 rehabilitative program for appropriate children.

28 (2) A child may be placed in a youth offender discipline program if  
29 he is at least fourteen years of age but less than eighteen years of

1 age at the time of adjudication and has been committed to the  
2 department as:

3 (a) A serious offender, as defined in RCW 13.40.020(1); or

4 (b) A minor or first offender, as defined in RCW 13.40.020(14)."

5 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. (1) Each county establishing a youth  
6 offender discipline program shall screen children sent to the program,  
7 so that only those children who have medical and psychological profiles  
8 conducive to successfully completing an intensive work, educational,  
9 and disciplinary program may be admitted to the program. A  
10 participating county shall adopt rules for screening such admissions.

11 (2) The program shall include educational assignments, work  
12 assignments, and physical training exercises. Children shall be  
13 required to participate in educational, vocational, and substance abuse  
14 programs."

15 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. Each county establishing a youth  
16 offender discipline program shall:

17 (1) Provide an aftercare component for monitoring and assisting the  
18 release of program participants into the community;

19 (2) Adopt rules for the program and aftercare which provide for at  
20 least six months of participation in the program and aftercare for  
21 successful completion and which also provide disciplinary sanctions and  
22 restrictions on the privileges of the general population of children in  
23 the program; and

24 (3) Keep records and monitor criminal activity, educational  
25 progress, and employment placement of program participants after their  
26 release from the program. An outcome evaluation study shall be  
27 published no later eighteen months after the program becomes  
28 operational, which includes a comparison of criminal activity,

1 educational progress, and employment placements of children completing  
2 the program with the criminal activity, educational progress, and  
3 employment records of children completing other types of programs."

4 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. A participating county may also contract  
5 with private organizations for the operation of the youth offender  
6 discipline program and aftercare."

7 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. (1) If a child in the youth offender  
8 discipline program becomes unmanageable or medically or psychologically  
9 ineligible, the participating county shall remove the child from the  
10 program.

11 (2) A participating county shall either establish criteria for  
12 training contract staff or provide a special training program for  
13 county personnel selected for the youth offender discipline program,  
14 which shall include appropriate methods of dealing with children who  
15 have been placed in such a stringent program."

16 "Sec. 115. RCW 2.56.030 and 1989 c 95 s 2 are each amended to read  
17 as follows:

18 The administrator for the courts shall, under the supervision and  
19 direction of the chief justice:

20 (1) Examine the administrative methods and systems employed in the  
21 offices of the judges, clerks, stenographers, and employees of the  
22 courts and make recommendations, through the chief justice, for the  
23 improvement of the same;

24 (2) Examine the state of the dockets of the courts and determine  
25 the need for assistance by any court;

26 (3) Make recommendations to the chief justice relating to the  
27 assignment of judges where courts are in need of assistance and carry

1 out the direction of the chief justice as to the assignments of judges  
2 to counties and districts where the courts are in need of assistance;

3 (4) Collect and compile statistical and other data and make reports  
4 of the business transacted by the courts and transmit the same to the  
5 chief justice to the end that proper action may be taken in respect  
6 thereto;

7 (5) Prepare and submit budget estimates of state appropriations  
8 necessary for the maintenance and operation of the judicial system and  
9 make recommendations in respect thereto;

10 (6) Collect statistical and other data and make reports relating to  
11 the expenditure of public moneys, state and local, for the maintenance  
12 and operation of the judicial system and the offices connected  
13 therewith;

14 (7) Obtain reports from clerks of courts in accordance with law or  
15 rules adopted by the supreme court of this state on cases and other  
16 judicial business in which action has been delayed beyond periods of  
17 time specified by law or rules of court and make report thereof to  
18 supreme court of this state;

19 (8) Act as secretary of the judicial conference referred to in RCW  
20 2.56.060;

21 (9) Formulate and submit to the judicial council of this state  
22 recommendations of policies for the improvement of the judicial system;

23 (10) Submit annually, as of February 1st, to the chief justice and  
24 the judicial council, a report of the activities of the administrator's  
25 office for the preceding calendar year;

26 (11) Administer programs and standards for the training and  
27 education of judicial personnel;

28 (12) Examine the need for new superior court and district judge  
29 positions under a weighted caseload analysis that takes into account  
30 the time required to hear all the cases in a particular court and the



1 amount of time existing judges have available to hear cases in that  
2 court. The results of the weighted caseload analysis shall be reviewed  
3 by the board for judicial administration and the judicial council, both  
4 of which shall make recommendations to the legislature by January 1,  
5 1989. It is the intent of the legislature that weighted caseload  
6 analysis become the basis for creating additional district court  
7 positions, and recommendations should address that objective;

8 (13) Provide staff to the judicial retirement account plan under  
9 chapter 2.14 RCW;

10 (14) Attend to such other matters as may be assigned by the supreme  
11 court of this state;

12 (15) Within available funds, develop a curriculum for a general  
13 understanding of child development, placement, and treatment resources,  
14 as well as specific legal skills and knowledge of relevant statutes  
15 including chapters 13.32A ((and)), 13.34, and 13.40 RCW, cases, court  
16 rules, interviewing skills, and special needs of the abused or  
17 neglected child. This curriculum shall be completed and made available  
18 to all juvenile court judges, court personnel, and service providers by  
19 July 1, 1988. The curriculum shall be updated yearly to reflect  
20 changes in statutes, court rules, or case law;

21 (16) Develop a curriculum for a general understanding of ((~~hate or~~  
22 ~~bias~~)) crimes of malicious harassment, as well as specific legal skills  
23 and knowledge of RCW 9A.36.080, relevant cases, court rules, and the  
24 special needs of malicious harassment victims. This curriculum shall  
25 be completed and made available to all superior court and court of  
26 appeals judges and to all justices of the supreme court by July 1,  
27 1989."

28 "Sec. 116. RCW 4.24.190 and 1977 ex.s. c 145 s 1 are each amended  
29 to read as follows:

1       The parent or parents of any minor child under the age of eighteen  
2 years who is living with the parent or parents and who shall willfully  
3 or maliciously destroy property, real or personal or mixed, or who  
4 shall willfully and maliciously inflict personal injury on another  
5 person, shall be liable to the owner of such property or to the person  
6 injured in a civil action at law for damages in an amount not to exceed  
7 ((three)) five thousand dollars. This section shall in no way limit  
8 the amount of recovery against the parent or parents for their own  
9 common law negligence."

10       **"Sec. 117.** RCW 9.41.010 and 1983 c 232 s 1 are each amended to  
11 read as follows:

12       (1) "Short firearm" or "pistol" as used in this chapter means any  
13 firearm with a barrel less than twelve inches in length.

14       (2) "Crime of violence" as used in this chapter means:

15       (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter  
16 amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an  
17 attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or  
18 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the  
19 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if  
20 committed by forcible compulsion, rape in the second degree, kidnapping  
21 in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second  
22 degree, extortion in the first degree, burglary in the second degree,  
23 and robbery in the second degree;

24       (b) Any conviction or adjudication for a felony offense in effect  
25 at any time prior to July 1, 1976, which is comparable to a felony  
26 classified as a crime of violence in subsection (2)(a) of this section;  
27 and

1 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction or adjudication for an  
2 offense comparable to a felony classified as a crime of violence under  
3 subsection (2) (a) or (b) of this section.

4 (3) "Firearm" as used in this chapter means a weapon or device from  
5 which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

6 (4) "Commercial seller" as used in this chapter means a person who  
7 has a federal firearms license."

8 **"Sec. 118.** RCW 9.41.040 and 1983 c 232 s 2 are each amended to  
9 read as follows:

10 (1) A person is guilty of the crime of unlawful possession of a  
11 short firearm or pistol, if, having previously been convicted or, as a  
12 juvenile, adjudicated in this state or elsewhere of a crime of violence  
13 or of a felony in which a firearm was used or displayed, the person  
14 owns or has in his possession any short firearm or pistol.

15 (2) Unlawful possession of a short firearm or pistol shall be  
16 punished as a class C felony under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

17 (3) As used in this section, a person has been "convicted or  
18 adjudicated" at such time as a plea of guilty has been accepted or a  
19 verdict of guilty has been filed, notwithstanding the pendency of any  
20 future proceedings including but not limited to sentencing or  
21 disposition, post-trial or post-factfinding motions, and appeals. A  
22 person shall not be precluded from possession if the conviction or  
23 adjudication has been the subject of a pardon, annulment, certificate  
24 of rehabilitation, or other equivalent procedure based on a finding of  
25 the rehabilitation of the person convicted or adjudicated or the  
26 conviction or disposition has been the subject of a pardon, annulment,  
27 or other equivalent procedure based on a finding of innocence.

28 (4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a person  
29 is guilty of the crime of unlawful possession of a short firearm or

1 pistol if, after having been convicted or adjudicated of any felony  
2 violation of the uniform controlled substances act, chapter 69.50 RCW,  
3 or equivalent statutes of another jurisdiction, or after any period of  
4 confinement under RCW 71.05.320 or an equivalent statute of another  
5 jurisdiction, or following a record of commitment pursuant to chapter  
6 10.77 RCW or equivalent statutes of another jurisdiction, he owns or  
7 has in his possession or under his control any short firearm or pistol.

8 (5) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a person  
9 convicted of an offense other than murder, manslaughter, robbery, rape,  
10 indecent liberties, arson, assault, kidnapping, extortion, burglary, or  
11 violations with respect to controlled substances under RCW 69.50.401(a)  
12 and 69.50.410, who received a probationary sentence under RCW 9.95.200,  
13 and who received a dismissal of the charge under RCW 9.95.240, shall  
14 not be precluded from ownership, possession, or control of a firearm as  
15 a result of the conviction."

16 "Sec. 119. RCW 13.04.011 and 1979 c 155 s 1 are each amended to  
17 read as follows:

18 For purposes of this title:

19 (1) Except as specifically provided in RCW 13.40.020 and chapter  
20 13.24 RCW, as now or hereafter amended, "juvenile," "youth," and  
21 "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of  
22 eighteen years;

23 (2) "Juvenile offender" and "juvenile offense" have the meaning  
24 ascribed in RCW (~~13.40.010 through 13.40.240~~) 13.40.020;

25 (3) "Court" when used without further qualification means the  
26 juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);

27 (4) "Parent" or "parents," except as used in chapter 13.34 RCW, as  
28 now or hereafter amended, means that parent or parents who have the  
29 right of legal custody of the child. "Parent" or "parents" as used in

1 chapter 13.34 RCW, means the biological or adoptive parents of a child  
2 unless the legal rights of that person have been terminated by judicial  
3 proceedings;

4 (5) "Custodian" means that person who has the legal right to  
5 custody of the child."

6 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 120.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600  
7 RCW to read as follows:

8 School districts may participate in the exchange of information  
9 with law enforcement and juvenile court officials to the extent  
10 permitted by the family educational and privacy rights act of 1974, 20  
11 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g. When directed by court order or pursuant to any  
12 lawfully issued subpoena, a school district shall make student records  
13 and information available to law enforcement officials, probation  
14 officers, court personnel, and others legally entitled to the  
15 information. Parents and students shall be notified by the school  
16 district of all such orders or subpoenas in advance of compliance with  
17 them."

18 **"PART II - FAMILIES AT RISK"**

19 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 201.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.225  
20 RCW to read as follows:

21 Each school within a school district shall inform the students and  
22 the parents of the students enrolled in the school about the compulsory  
23 education requirements under this chapter. The school shall distribute  
24 the information at least annually."

25 "**Sec. 202.** RCW 28A.225.020 and 1986 c 132 s 2 are each amended to  
26 read as follows:

1        If a juvenile required to attend school under the laws of the state  
2 of Washington fails to attend school without valid justification  
3 (~~recurrently or for an extended period of time~~), the juvenile's  
4 school(~~(, where appropriate,)~~) shall:

5        (1) Inform the juvenile's custodial parent, parents or guardian by  
6 a notice in writing (~~in English and, if different, in the primary~~  
7 ~~language of the custodial parent, parents or guardian and by other~~  
8 ~~means reasonably necessary to achieve notice of the fact~~) or by  
9 telephone that the juvenile has failed to attend school without valid  
10 justification (~~recurrently or for an extended period of time~~) after  
11 one unexcused absence within any month during the current school year;

12        (2) Schedule a conference or conferences with the custodial parent,  
13 parents or guardian and juvenile at a time and place reasonably  
14 convenient for all persons included for the purpose of analyzing the  
15 causes of the juvenile's absences after two unexcused absences within  
16 any month during the current school year. If a regularly scheduled  
17 parent-teacher conference day is to take place within thirty days of  
18 the second unexcused absence, then the school district may schedule  
19 this conference on that day; and

20        (3) Take steps to eliminate or reduce the juvenile's absences.  
21 These steps shall include, where appropriate, adjusting the juvenile's  
22 school program or school or course assignment, providing more  
23 individualized or remedial instruction, preparing the juvenile for  
24 employment with specific vocational courses or work experience, or  
25 both, and assisting the parent or student to obtain supplementary  
26 services that might eliminate or ameliorate the cause or causes for the  
27 absence from school."

28        "**Sec. 203.** RCW 28A.225.030 and 1990 c 33 s 220 are each amended to  
29 read as follows:

1        If action taken by a school pursuant to RCW 28A.225.020 is not  
2 successful in substantially reducing a student's absences from school,  
3 any of the following actions may be taken after five or more unexcused  
4 absences during the current school year: (1) The attendance officer of  
5 the school district through its attorney may petition the juvenile  
6 court to assume jurisdiction under RCW 28A.200.010, 28A.200.020, and  
7 28A.225.010 through 28A.225.150 for the purpose of alleging a violation  
8 of RCW 28A.225.010 by the parent; or (2) a petition alleging a  
9 violation of RCW 28A.225.010 by a child may be filed with the juvenile  
10 court by the parent of such child or by the attendance officer of the  
11 school district through its attorney at the request of the parent. If  
12 the court assumes jurisdiction in such an instance, the provisions of  
13 RCW 28A.200.010, 28A.200.020, and 28A.225.010 through 28A.225.150,  
14 except where otherwise stated, shall apply."

15        "**Sec. 204.** RCW 28A.225.090 and 1990 c 33 s 226 are each amended to  
16 read as follows:

17        Any person violating any of the provisions of either RCW  
18 28A.225.010 or 28A.225.080 shall be fined not more than twenty-five  
19 dollars for each day of unexcused absence from school. However, a  
20 child found to be in violation of RCW 28A.225.010 shall be required to  
21 attend school and shall not be fined. If the child fails to comply  
22 with the court order to attend school, the court may order the child be  
23 punished by detention or may impose alternatives to detention such as  
24 community service hours or participation in dropout prevention programs  
25 or referral to a community truancy board, if available. Failure by a  
26 child to comply with an order issued under this section shall not be  
27 punishable by detention for a period greater than that permitted  
28 pursuant to a contempt proceeding against a child under chapter 13.32A  
29 RCW. It shall be a defense for a parent charged with violating RCW

1 28A.225.010 to show that he or she exercised reasonable diligence in  
2 attempting to cause a child in his or her custody to attend school or  
3 that the juvenile's school did not perform its duties as required in  
4 RCW 28A.225.020. Any fine imposed pursuant to this section may be  
5 suspended upon the condition that a parent charged with violating RCW  
6 28A.225.010 shall participate with the school and the juvenile in a  
7 supervised plan for the juvenile's attendance at school or upon  
8 condition that the parent attend a conference or conferences scheduled  
9 by a school for the purpose of analyzing the causes of a child's  
10 absence.

11 Attendance officers shall make complaint for violation of the  
12 provisions of RCW 28A.225.010 through 28A.225.140 to a judge of the  
13 superior or district court."

14 "**Sec. 205.** RCW 28A.225.150 and 1990 c 33 s 232 are each amended to  
15 read as follows:

16 The school district attendance officer shall report biannually to  
17 the educational service district superintendent, in the instance of  
18 petitions filed alleging a violation by a child under RCW 28A.225.030:

19 (1) The number of petitions filed by a school district or by a  
20 parent;

21 (2) The frequency of each action taken under RCW 28A.225.020 prior  
22 to the filing of such petition;

23 (3) When deemed appropriate under RCW 28A.225.020, the frequency of  
24 delivery of supplemental services; and

25 (4) Disposition of cases filed with the juvenile court, including  
26 the frequency of contempt orders issued to enforce a court's order  
27 under RCW 28A.225.090.

28 The educational service district superintendent shall compile such  
29 information and report annually to the superintendent of public



1 instruction. The superintendent of public instruction shall compile  
2 such information and report to the committees of the house of  
3 representatives and the senate by (~~January 1, 1988~~) September 1 of  
4 each year."

5 "Sec. 206. RCW 13.32A.130 and 1990 c 276 s 8 are each amended to  
6 read as follows:

7 A child admitted to a crisis residential center under this chapter  
8 who is not returned to the home of his or her parent or who is not  
9 placed in an alternative residential placement under an agreement  
10 between the parent and child, shall, except as provided for by RCW  
11 13.32A.140 and 13.32A.160(2), reside in such placement under the rules  
12 and regulations established for the center for a period not to exceed  
13 (~~seventy two hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays,~~) five  
14 consecutive days from the time of intake, except as otherwise provided  
15 by this chapter. Crisis residential center staff shall make a  
16 concerted effort to achieve a reconciliation of the family. If a  
17 reconciliation and voluntary return of the child has not been achieved  
18 within forty-eight hours(~~(, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and~~  
19 ~~holidays,~~) from the time of intake, and if the person in charge of the  
20 center does not consider it likely that reconciliation will be achieved  
21 within the (~~seventy two hour~~) five-day period, then the person in  
22 charge shall inform the parent and child of (1) the availability of  
23 counseling services; (2) the right to file a petition for an  
24 alternative residential placement, the right of a parent to file an at-  
25 risk youth petition, and the right of the parent and child to obtain  
26 assistance in filing the petition; and (3) the right to request a  
27 review of any alternative residential placement: PROVIDED, That at no  
28 time shall information regarding a parent's or child's rights be  
29 withheld if requested: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the department shall

1 develop and distribute to all law enforcement agencies and to each  
2 crisis residential center administrator a written statement delineating  
3 such services and rights. Every officer taking a child into custody  
4 shall provide the child and his or her parent(s) or responsible adult  
5 with whom the child is placed with a copy of such statement. In  
6 addition, the administrator of the facility or his or her designee  
7 shall provide every resident and parent with a copy of such statement."

8 "Sec. 207. RCW 13.32A.140 and 1990 c 276 s 9 are each amended to  
9 read as follows:

10 The department shall file a petition to approve an alternative  
11 residential placement on behalf of a child under any of the following  
12 sets of circumstances:

13 (1) The child has been admitted to a crisis residential center or  
14 has been placed with a responsible person other than his or her parent,  
15 and:

16 (a) The parent has been notified that the child was so admitted or  
17 placed;

18 (b) (~~Seventy two hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and~~  
19 ~~holidays,~~) Five consecutive days have passed since such notification;

20 (c) No agreement between the parent and the child as to where the  
21 child shall live has been reached;

22 (d) No petition requesting approval of an alternative residential  
23 placement has been filed by either the child or parent or legal  
24 custodian;

25 (e) The parent has not filed an at-risk youth petition; and

26 (f) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of  
27 his or her parent.

28 (2) The child has been admitted to a crisis residential center and:

1 (a) (~~Seventy two hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and~~  
2 ~~holidays,~~) Five consecutive days have passed since such placement;

3 (b) The staff, after searching with due diligence, have been unable  
4 to contact the parent of such child; and

5 (c) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of  
6 his or her parent.

7 (3) An agreement between parent and child made pursuant to RCW  
8 13.32A.090(2)(e) or pursuant to RCW 13.32A.120(1) is no longer  
9 acceptable to parent or child, and:

10 (a) The party to whom the arrangement is no longer acceptable has  
11 so notified the department;

12 (b) (~~Seventy two hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and~~  
13 ~~holidays,~~) Five consecutive days have passed since such notification;

14 (c) No new agreement between parent and child as to where the child  
15 shall live has been reached;

16 (d) No petition requesting approval of an alternative residential  
17 placement has been filed by either the child or the parent;

18 (e) The parent has not filed an at-risk youth petition; and

19 (f) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of  
20 his or her parent.

21 Under the circumstances of subsections (1), (2), or (3) of this  
22 section, the child shall remain in a licensed child care facility,  
23 including but not limited to a crisis residential center, or in any  
24 other suitable residence to be determined by the department until an  
25 alternative residential placement petition filed by the department on  
26 behalf of the child is reviewed by the juvenile court and is resolved  
27 by such court. The department may authorize emergency medical or  
28 dental care for a child placed under this section. The state, when the  
29 department files a petition for alternative residential placement under  
30 this section, shall be represented as provided for in RCW 13.04.093."

1       **"Sec. 208.** RCW 13.32A.150 and 1990 c 276 s 10 are each amended to  
2 read as follows:

3       (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section the juvenile court  
4 shall not accept the filing of an alternative residential placement  
5 petition by the child or the parents or the filing of an at-risk youth  
6 petition by the parent, unless verification is provided that a family  
7 assessment has been completed by the department. The family assessment  
8 shall be aimed at family reconciliation and avoidance of the out-of-  
9 home placement of the child. If the department is unable to complete  
10 an assessment within two working days following a request for  
11 assessment the child or the parents may proceed under subsection (2) of  
12 this section or the parent may proceed under subsection (3) of this  
13 section.

14       (2) A child or a child's parent may file with the juvenile court a  
15 petition to approve an alternative residential placement for the child  
16 outside the parent's home. The department shall, when requested,  
17 assist either a parent or child in the filing of the petition. The  
18 petition shall only ask that the placement of a child outside the home  
19 of his or her parent be approved. The filing of a petition to approve  
20 such placement is not dependent upon the court's having obtained any  
21 prior jurisdiction over the child or his or her parent, and confers  
22 upon the court a special jurisdiction to approve or disapprove an  
23 alternative residential placement.

24       (3) A child's parent may file with the juvenile court a petition in  
25 the interest of a child alleged to be an at-risk youth. The department  
26 shall, when requested, assist the parent in filing the petition. The  
27 petition shall be filed in the county where the petitioning parent  
28 resides. The petition shall set forth the name, age, and residence of  
29 the child and the names and residence of the child's parents and shall  
30 allege that:

- 1 (a) The child is an at-risk youth as defined in this chapter;
- 2 (b) The petitioning parent has the right to legal custody of the  
3 child;
- 4 (c) Court intervention and supervision are necessary to assist the  
5 parent to maintain the care, custody, and control of the child; and
- 6 (d) Alternatives to court intervention have been attempted or there  
7 is good cause why such alternatives have not been attempted.

8 The petition shall set forth facts that support the allegations in  
9 this subsection and shall generally request relief available under this  
10 chapter. The petition need not specify any proposed disposition  
11 following adjudication of the petition. The filing of an at-risk youth  
12 petition is not dependent upon the court's having obtained any prior  
13 jurisdiction over the child or his or her parent and confers upon the  
14 court the special jurisdiction to assist the parent in maintaining  
15 parental authority and responsibility for the child. An at-risk youth  
16 petition may not be filed if the court has approved an alternative  
17 residential placement petition regarding the child or if the child is  
18 the subject of a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW. A petition may be  
19 accepted for filing only if alternatives to court intervention have  
20 been attempted (~~or if there is good cause why they were not~~  
21 ~~attempted~~). Juvenile court personnel may screen all at-risk youth  
22 petitions and may refuse to allow the filing of any petition that lacks  
23 merit, fails to comply with the requirements of this section, or fails  
24 to allege sufficient facts in support of allegations in the petition."

25 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. To the extent possible within existing  
26 funds, the department of social and health services shall transfer  
27 children who are inappropriately housed in crisis residential centers  
28 to residential and treatment services designed to meet their specific,  
29 unique needs by June 30, 1993."

1        "NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. A new section is added to chapter 13.32A  
2 RCW to read as follows:

3        The department of social and health services shall not  
4 administratively split-code staff responsible for family reconciliation  
5 services between separate and distinct functions, except in remote  
6 rural offices where to do otherwise proves impractical."

7        "NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. A new section is added to chapter 13.32A  
8 RCW to read as follows:

9        All placements into crisis residential centers shall be approved by  
10 and coordinated through the family reconciliation services supervisor.  
11 The department of social and health services shall establish uniform  
12 procedures for the use of crisis residential centers, which shall be  
13 adhered to by all family reconciliation services supervisors. The  
14 department shall ensure procedures established under this section will  
15 facilitate and complement law enforcement officer's existing  
16 responsibility to pick up and transport children to crisis residential  
17 centers and other places authorized by law under this chapter."

18        "**Sec. 212.** RCW 74.13.032 and 1979 c 155 s 78 are each amended to  
19 read as follows:

20        (1) The department (~~(shall establish, by contracts with private~~  
21 ~~vendors,)) may operate or contract to operate not less than eight  
22 regional crisis residential centers, which shall be structured group  
23 care facilities licensed under rules adopted by the department. Each  
24 regional center shall have (~~(an average of at least four adult staff~~  
25 ~~members and in no event less than)) three adult staff members to every  
26 (~~(eight)) nine children. The staff shall be trained so that they may~~  
27 effectively counsel juveniles admitted to the centers, provide~~~~

1 treatment, supervision, and structure to the juveniles, and carry out  
2 the responsibilities outlined in RCW 13.32A.090.

3 (2) The department shall, in addition to the regional facilities  
4 established under subsection (1) of this section, establish not less  
5 than thirty additional crisis residential centers pursuant to contract  
6 with licensed private group care or specialized foster home facilities.  
7 The staff at the facilities shall be trained so that they may  
8 effectively counsel juveniles admitted to the centers, provide  
9 treatment, supervision, and structure to the juveniles, and carry out  
10 the responsibilities stated in RCW 13.32A.090. The responsibilities  
11 stated in RCW 13.32A.090 may, in any of the centers, be carried out by  
12 the department.

13 Crisis residential facilities shall be operated as semi-secure  
14 facilities."

15 "Sec. 213. RCW 74.13.033 and 1979 c 155 s 79 are each amended to  
16 read as follows:

17 (1) If a resident of a center becomes by his or her behavior  
18 disruptive to the facility's program, such resident may be immediately  
19 removed to a separate area within the facility and counseled on an  
20 individual basis until such time as the child regains his or her  
21 composure. The department may set rules and regulations establishing  
22 additional procedures for dealing with severely disruptive children on  
23 the premises, which procedures are consistent with the federal juvenile  
24 justice and delinquency prevention act of 1974 and regulations and  
25 clarifying instructions promulgated thereunder. Nothing in this  
26 section shall prohibit a center from referring any child who, as the  
27 result of a mental or emotional disorder, or intoxication by alcohol or  
28 other drugs, is suicidal, seriously assaultive or seriously destructive  
29 toward others, or otherwise similarly evidences an immediate need for

1 emergency medical evaluation and possible care, (~~to a community mental~~  
2 ~~health center~~) for evaluation pursuant to chapter 71.34 RCW  
3 (~~72.23.070~~) or to a mental health professional pursuant to chapter  
4 71.05 RCW whenever such action is deemed appropriate and consistent  
5 with law.

6 (2) When the juvenile resides in this facility, all services deemed  
7 necessary to the juvenile's reentry to normal family life shall be made  
8 available to the juvenile as required by chapter 13.32A RCW. In  
9 providing these services, the facility shall:

10 (a) Interview the juvenile as soon as possible;

11 (b) Contact the juvenile's parents and arrange for a counseling  
12 interview with the juvenile and his or her parents as soon as possible;

13 (c) Conduct counseling interviews with the juvenile and his or her  
14 parents, to the end that resolution of the child/parent conflict is  
15 attained and the child is returned home as soon as possible; and

16 (d) Provide additional crisis counseling as needed, to the end that  
17 placement of the child in the crisis residential center will be  
18 required for the shortest time possible, but not to exceed (~~seventy-~~  
19 ~~two hours~~) five consecutive days.

20 (3) A juvenile taking unauthorized leave from this residence may be  
21 apprehended and returned to it by law enforcement officers or other  
22 persons designated as having this authority as provided in RCW  
23 13.32A.050. If returned to the facility after having taken  
24 unauthorized leave for a period of more than twenty-four hours a  
25 juvenile may be supervised by such a facility for a period, pursuant to  
26 this chapter, which, unless where otherwise provided, may not exceed  
27 (~~seventy-two hours~~) five consecutive days on the premises. Costs of  
28 housing juveniles admitted to crisis residential centers shall be  
29 assumed by the department for a period not to exceed (~~seventy-two~~  
30 ~~hours~~) five consecutive days."



1       **"Sec. 214.** RCW 74.13.034 and 1991 c 364 s 5 are each amended to  
2 read as follows:

3       (1) A child taken into custody and taken to a crisis residential  
4 center established pursuant to RCW 74.13.032(2) may, if the center is  
5 unable to provide appropriate treatment, supervision, and structure to  
6 the child, be taken at department expense to another crisis residential  
7 center or the nearest regional crisis residential center. Placement in  
8 both centers shall not exceed (~~seventy-two hours~~) five consecutive  
9 days from the point of intake as provided in RCW 13.32A.130.

10       (2) A child taken into custody and taken to a crisis residential  
11 center established by this chapter may be placed physically by the  
12 department or the department's designee and, at departmental expense  
13 and approval, in a secure juvenile detention facility operated by the  
14 county in which the center is located for a maximum of forty-eight  
15 hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, if the child has  
16 taken unauthorized leave from the center and the person in charge of  
17 the center determines that the center cannot provide supervision and  
18 structure adequate to ensure that the child will not again take  
19 unauthorized leave. Juveniles placed in such a facility pursuant to  
20 this section may not, to the extent possible, come in contact with  
21 alleged or convicted juvenile or adult offenders.

22       (3) Any child placed in secure detention pursuant to this section  
23 shall, during the period of confinement, be provided with appropriate  
24 treatment by the department or the department's designee, which shall  
25 include the services defined in RCW 74.13.033(2). If the child placed  
26 in secure detention is not returned home or if an alternative living  
27 arrangement agreeable to the parent and the child is not made within  
28 twenty-four hours after the child's admission, the child shall be taken  
29 at the department's expense to a crisis residential center. Placement  
30 in the crisis residential center or centers plus placement in juvenile

1 detention shall not exceed (~~seventy-two hours~~) five consecutive days  
2 from the point of intake as provided in RCW 13.32A.130.

3 (4) Juvenile detention facilities used pursuant to this section  
4 shall first be certified by the department to ensure that juveniles  
5 placed in the facility pursuant to this section are provided with  
6 living conditions suitable to the well-being of the child. Where space  
7 is available, juvenile courts, when certified by the department to do  
8 so, shall provide secure placement for juveniles pursuant to this  
9 section, at department expense.

10 (5) It is the intent of the legislature that by July 1, 1982,  
11 crisis residential centers, supplemented by community mental health  
12 programs and mental health professionals, will be able to respond  
13 appropriately to children admitted to centers under this chapter and  
14 will be able to respond to the needs of such children with appropriate  
15 treatment, supervision, and structure."

16 **"PART III - INVOLUNTARY COMMITMENT AND TREATMENT"**

17 **"Sec. 301.** RCW 74.04.055 and 1991 c 126 s 2 are each amended to  
18 read as follows:

19 In furtherance of the policy of this state to cooperate with the  
20 federal government in the programs included in this title the secretary  
21 shall issue such rules and regulations as may become necessary to  
22 entitle this state to participate in federal grants-in-aid, goods,  
23 commodities and services unless the same be expressly prohibited by  
24 this title. The secretary shall ensure that the department's services  
25 and programs are designed and implemented to maximize the allocation of  
26 federal funds to the state.

27 Any section or provision of this title which may be susceptible to  
28 more than one construction shall be interpreted in favor of the

1 construction most likely to satisfy federal laws entitling this state  
2 to receive federal matching or other funds for the various programs of  
3 public assistance. If any part of this chapter is found to be in  
4 conflict with federal requirements which are a prescribed condition to  
5 the receipts of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of  
6 this chapter is hereby inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict  
7 with respect to the agencies directly affected, and such finding or  
8 determination shall not affect the operation of the remainder of this  
9 chapter."

10 "Sec. 302. RCW 71.34.010 and 1985 c 354 s 1 are each amended to  
11 read as follows:

12 It is the purpose of this (~~legislation~~) chapter to ensure that  
13 minors in need of mental health care and treatment receive an  
14 appropriate continuum of culturally relevant care and treatment, ((and  
15 to enable treatment decisions to be made in response to clinical needs  
16 and in accordance with sound professional judgment while also  
17 recognizing parents' rights to participate in treatment decisions for  
18 their minor children, and to protect minors against needless  
19 hospitalization and deprivations of liberty)) from prevention and early

20 intervention to involuntary treatment. To facilitate the continuum of  
21 care and treatment to minors in out-of-home placements, all divisions  
22 of the department that provide mental health services to minors shall  
23 jointly plan and deliver those services.

24 It is also the purpose of this chapter to protect the rights of  
25 minors against needless hospitalization and deprivations of liberty and  
26 to enable treatment decisions to be made in response to clinical needs  
27 in accordance with sound professional judgment. The mental health care  
28 and treatment providers shall encourage the use of voluntary services  
29 and, whenever clinically appropriate, the providers shall offer less

1 restrictive alternatives to inpatient treatment. Additionally, all  
2 mental health care and treatment providers shall ensure that minors'  
3 parents are given an opportunity to participate in the treatment  
4 decisions for their minor children. The mental health care and  
5 treatment providers shall, to the extent possible, offer services that  
6 involve minors' parents or family."

7 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 303.** A new section is added to chapter 71.34  
8 RCW to read as follows:

9 For the purpose of encouraging the expansion of existing evaluation  
10 and treatment facilities and the creation of new facilities, the  
11 department shall endeavor to redirect federal Title XIX funds which are  
12 expended on out-of-state placements to fund placements within the  
13 state."

14 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 304.** A new section is added to chapter 71.34  
15 RCW to read as follows:

16 The department shall ensure that the provisions of this chapter are  
17 applied by the counties in a consistent and uniform manner. The  
18 department shall also ensure that, to the extent possible within  
19 available funds, the county-designated mental health professionals are  
20 specifically trained in adolescent mental health issues, the mental  
21 health civil commitment laws, and the criteria for civil commitment."

22 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 305.** A new section is added to chapter 71.34  
23 RCW to read as follows:

24 Whenever a county-designated mental health professional makes a  
25 determination under RCW 71.34.050 that a minor, thirteen years or  
26 older, does not meet the criteria for an involuntary detention at an

1 evaluation and treatment facility, the county-designated mental health  
2 professional shall:

3 (1) Provide written notice to the minor's parent of the parent's  
4 right to file petitions and obtain services available under chapter  
5 13.32A RCW;

6 (2) Provide a written evaluation to the minor's parent detailing  
7 the county-designated mental health professional's reasons for not  
8 detaining the minor at an evaluation and treatment facility. The  
9 evaluation shall include the specific facts investigated, the  
10 credibility of the person or persons providing the information, and the  
11 criteria for an involuntary detention; and

12 (3) Refer the minor and the parents to other available services."

13 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 306. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A  
14 RCW to read as follows:

15 The department shall ensure that the provisions of this chapter are  
16 applied by the counties in a consistent and uniform manner. The  
17 department shall also ensure that, to the extent possible within  
18 available funds, the county-designated chemical dependency specialists  
19 are specifically trained in adolescent chemical dependency issues, the  
20 chemical dependency commitment laws, and the criteria for commitment."

21 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 307. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A  
22 RCW to read as follows:

23 Whenever a county-designated chemical dependency specialist makes  
24 a determination under RCW 70.96A.140 that a minor does not meet the  
25 criteria for a commitment to a chemical dependency program, the county-  
26 designated chemical dependency specialist shall:

1 (1) Provide written notice to the minor's parent of the parent's  
2 right to file petitions and obtain services available under chapter  
3 13.32A RCW;

4 (2) Provide a written evaluation to the minor's parent detailing  
5 the county-designated chemical dependency specialist's reasons for not  
6 committing the minor in a chemical dependency program. The evaluation  
7 shall include the specific facts investigated, the credibility of the  
8 person or persons providing the information, and the criteria for a  
9 commitment to a chemical dependency treatment program; and

10 (3) Refer the minor and the parents to other available services."

11 **"PART IV - MISCELLANEOUS"**

12 **"Sec. 401.** 1991 c 234 s 1 (uncodified) is amended to read as  
13 follows:

14 A joint select committee on juvenile issues (~~task force~~) is  
15 created to review the operation of the 1977 Juvenile Justice Act, the  
16 Family Reconciliation Act, the 1990 "at-risk" youth legislation, and to  
17 study related issues. The (~~task force~~) joint select committee is  
18 charged with issuing a report and making recommendations to the  
19 legislature by December 15, (~~1991~~) 1992.

20 The (~~task force~~) joint select committee shall consist of the  
21 following members:

22 (1) (~~Three~~) Two co-chairs, one from the state senate appointed by  
23 the president of the senate(~~;~~) and one from the state house of  
24 representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of  
25 representatives(~~;~~ ~~and one appointed by the governor from among the~~  
26 ~~members of the task force named in subsection (3) of this section~~)).

27 (2) Eight legislators in addition to the two legislative cochairs  
28 selected under subsection (1) of this section, two each from the

1 majority and minority caucuses of the senate and two each from the  
2 majority and minority caucuses of the house of representatives.

3       ~~((The governor shall appoint the following members of the task  
4 force))~~ Advisory committees shall be composed of the following:

5       ~~((Three))~~ Two superior court judges;

6       ~~((Two))~~ One prosecuting attorney~~((s))~~;

7       ~~((Two))~~ One juvenile public defender~~((s))~~;

8       (d) The secretary of social and health services or the secretary's  
9 designee;

10       ~~((Two))~~ One juvenile court administrator~~((s))~~;

11       (f) One police chief or county sheriff;

12       ~~((One child psychologist;~~

13       ~~(h) One child psychiatrist;~~

14       ~~(i))~~ Two directors of ~~((a))~~ youth service organizations;

15       ~~((j))~~ (h) One person from the Washington council on crime and  
16 delinquency;

17       ~~((k))~~ (i) One person from a parents' organization;

18       ~~((l) One person from a crisis residential center;~~

19       ~~(m))~~ (j) One juvenile court caseworker;

20       ~~((n) One representative of the executive branch;~~

21       ~~(o) One))~~ (k) Two members of the mental health treatment community;

22       ~~((and~~

23       ~~(p))~~ (l) One member from the substance abuse treatment community;

24       (m) One member from the education system;

25       (n) One member from local government; and

26       (o) One member representing the employees of state institutions.

27       ~~((The department of social and health services shall fund the task  
28 force in an amount sufficient to meet its mission. The task force  
29 shall be staffed, to the extent possible, by staff available from the  
30 membership of the task force.~~

1       ~~The governor shall ensure that the racial diversity of the task~~  
2 ~~force membership appointed by the governor reflects the racial~~  
3 ~~diversity of juveniles served under the Family Reconciliation Act, the~~  
4 ~~1977 Juvenile Justice Act, and the 1990 "at-risk" youth legislation.)~~

5       The joint select committee shall develop a statutory community-  
6 based planning, allocation, and service system for children and  
7 families, including at-risk youth, runaways, and families in conflict,  
8 and submit it to the appropriate legislative committees no later than  
9 December 1, 1992. The joint select committee shall: (i) Identify  
10 which state agencies, programs, and services should be included in the  
11 system; (ii) identify the various youth populations to be served by the  
12 system; and (iii) determine how to coordinate this system with existing  
13 community-based planning and coordination requirements, including, but  
14 not limited to, chapter 326, Laws of 1991, and chapter 13.06 RCW."

15       **"Sec. 402.** 1991 c 234 s 2 (uncodified) is amended to read as  
16 follows:

17       The department of social and health services, in cooperation with  
18 the commission on African American affairs, shall contract for an  
19 independent study of racial disproportionality in the juvenile justice  
20 system. The study shall identify key decision points in the juvenile  
21 justice system where race and/or ethnicity-based disproportionality  
22 exists in the treatment and incarceration of juvenile offenders. The  
23 study shall identify the causes of disproportionality, and propose new  
24 policies and procedures to address disproportionality.

25       ~~((The department shall submit the study's preliminary findings and~~  
26 ~~recommendations to the juvenile justice task force established under~~  
27 ~~section 1 of this act by September 13, 1991.))~~ The final report shall  
28 be submitted to the appropriate committees of the legislature by  
29 December ~~((1, 1991))~~ 15, 1992.



1       The juvenile justice task force shall utilize the information on  
2       disproportionality in developing its report and recommendations to the  
3       legislature required under section ((1)) 401 of this act. ((If by June  
4       30, 1991, the omnibus operating budget appropriations act for the 1991-  
5       93 biennium does not provide specific funding for this section,  
6       referencing this section by bill number and section, this section is  
7       null and void.))"

8       "NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. A new section is added to chapter 13.40  
9       RCW to read as follows:

10       The department shall within existing funds collect such data as may  
11       be necessary to monitor any disparity in processing or disposing of  
12       cases involving juvenile offenders due to economic, gender, geographic,  
13       or racial factors that may result from implementation of chapter ...,  
14       Laws of 1992 (this act). Beginning December 1, 1993, the department  
15       shall report annually to the legislature on economic, gender,  
16       geographic, or racial disproportionality in the rates of arrest,  
17       detention, trial, treatment, and disposition in the state's juvenile  
18       justice system. The report shall cover the preceding calendar year.  
19       The annual report shall identify the causes of such disproportionality  
20       and shall specifically point out any economic, gender, geographic, or  
21       racial disproportionality resulting from implementation of chapter ...,  
22       Laws of 1992 (this act)."

23       "NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. Sections 110 through 114 of this act are  
24       each added to chapter 13.16 RCW."

25       "NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. Part headings as used in this act do not  
26       constitute any part of the law."



1 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 13.32A RCW; adding new sections to  
2 chapter 71.34 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 70.96A RCW; adding a  
3 new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing  
4 penalties; and providing an effective date."