Z-0355.1

HOUSE BILL 1780

State of Washington 52nd Legislature 1991 Regular Session

By Representatives Morris, Padden, Appelwick, Riley, H. Myers, Leonard, Belcher, Phillips, Silver, Holland, Paris, R. Johnson, May, Kremen, Rayburn, Cantwell, Broback, D. Sommers, Vance, Ebersole, Inslee, Morton, Cooper, Winsley, Wynne, Hochstatter, Moyer, Rasmussen, Basich, Van Luven, Neher, P. Johnson, Forner, Casada, Roland, Tate, Brumsickle, Orr and Haugen.

Read first time February 8, 1991. Referred to Committee on Human Services.

1 AN ACT Relating to work crews for offenders; amending RCW 2 9.94A.030, 9.94A.120, 9.94A.180, 9.94A.190, and 9A.76.010; and adding 3 a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1990 c 3 s 602 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in8 this section apply throughout this chapter.

9 (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or 10 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of 11 corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring 12 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal 13 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, 14 consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the 15 superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account. (2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

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2 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 3 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 4 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 5 conditions.

6 (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence 7 of confinement in lieu of earned early release time served in the 8 community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and 9 activities by the department of corrections.

10 (5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or 11 postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the 12 13 term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the 14 offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early Community placement may consist of entirely community 15 release. 16 custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two. 17 (6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 18 19 offender.

20 (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other 21 22 sentence conditions imposed pursuant to this chapter by a court. For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related 23 24 prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). 25 For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the 26 27 functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states. 28

(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined inthis section.

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(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles
 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and
 acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 4 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington 5 6 for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as 7 assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 8 9 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, 10 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. 11

12 (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court 13 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 14 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 15 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to 16 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 17 affirmative conduct.

(12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

(b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and shall also include a defendant's other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(6)(a); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic

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offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the
 time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

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(13) "Department" means the department of corrections.

4 (14) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 5 6 confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or 7 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 8 9 through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of 10 confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence. 11

(15) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 12 individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 13 14 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal 15 services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 16 17 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to 18 satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 19 20 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made 21 22 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, 23 or Title 74 RCW.

24 (16) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of
 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a
 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

(b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or

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(c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws
 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a)
 of this subsection.

4 (17) "Escape" means:

5 (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the 6 second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough 7 (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 8 72.65.070), or willful failure to comply with any limitations on the 9 inmate's movements while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

10 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 11 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 12 under (a) of this subsection.

13 (18) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW
46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hitand-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(19) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specificsum of money over a specific period of time to the court.

(20)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of 22 a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under 23 24 this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or 25 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance 26 classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug, and except as provided in (b) of this subsection, who previously has never been 27 28 convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, 29 and who has never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense. 30

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(b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication 1 2 for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a 3 previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses.

4 (21) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense. 5

6 (22)"Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is 7 less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by 8 9 the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 10 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably. 11

(23) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one 12 13 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract 14 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in the residence of either the 15 defendant or a member of the defendant's immediate family, for a 16 17 substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in 18 the community. Partial confinement includes work release ((and)), home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention 19 20 as defined in this section.

(24) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's 21 22 community placement that is not community custody.

(25) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a 23 24 specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as 25 payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress. 26

(26) "Serious traffic offense" means: 27

(a) Driving while intoxicated (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical 28 29 control while intoxicated (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or 30 HB 1780

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(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for
 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a
 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

4 (27) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense5 and means:

6 (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the 7 second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first 8 degree, or rape in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal 9 solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; 10 or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

14 (28) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary15 range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

16 (29) "Sex offense" means:

(a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;

(b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW9.94A.127; or

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.

26 (30) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 27 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 28 sexual gratification.

(31) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical30 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under

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contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four
 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

3 (32) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional,
4 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as
5 a direct result of the crime charged.

6 (33) "Violent offense" means:

7 (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 8 attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 9 10 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the 11 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, 12 13 arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, extortion in 14 the first degree, robbery in the second degree, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any 15 vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor 16 17 or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; 18

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(34) <u>"Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting</u>
of public works labor of not less than seven hours per day, five days
per week that complies with section 2 of this act.

28 (35) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement 29 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 30 regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall

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be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly
 defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

"Home detention" 3 $((\frac{35}{35}))$ (36) means a program of partial 4 confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance. Home detention 5 б may not be imposed for offenders convicted of a violent offense, any sex offense, any drug offense, reckless burning in the first or second 7 degree as defined in RCW 9A.48.040 or 9A.48.050, assault in the third 8 degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.031, unlawful imprisonment as defined in 9 RCW 9A.40.040, or harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020. Home 10 detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of possession of a 11 12 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a 13 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403) if the offender fulfills the 14 participation conditions set forth in this subsection and is monitored 15 for drug use by treatment alternatives to street crime (TASC) or a comparable court or agency-referred program. Home detention may be 16 17 imposed for offenders convicted of burglary in the second degree as 18 defined in RCW 9A.52.030 or residential burglary conditioned upon the 19 offender: (a) Successfully completing twenty-one days in a work 20 release program, (b) having no convictions for burglary in the second degree or residential burglary during the preceding two years and not 21 more than two prior convictions for burglary or residential burglary, 22 (c) having no convictions for a violent felony offense during the 23 24 preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense, (d) having no prior charges of escape, and (e) 25 26 fulfilling the other conditions of the home detention program.

Participation in a home detention program shall be conditioned upon: (((a))) <u>(i)</u> The offender obtaining or maintaining current employment or attending a regular course of school study at regularly defined hours, or the offender performing parental duties to offspring

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or minors normally in the custody of the offender, (((b))) (ii) abiding 1 2 by the rules of the home detention program, and $\left(\left(\frac{+}{+}\right)\right)$ (iii) 3 compliance with court-ordered legal financial obligations. The home 4 detention program may also be made available to offenders whose charges 5 and convictions do not otherwise disqualify them if medical or healthб related conditions, concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home detention program, or where the health and welfare of 7 the offender, other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the 8 9 offender's incarceration. Participation in the home detention program 10 for medical or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the rules of the home detention program and complying with 11 court-ordered restitution. 12

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW 14 to read as follows:

Participation in a work crew is conditioned upon the offender's 15 16 abstinence from alcohol and controlled substances as demonstrated by urinalysis and breathalyzer monitoring, with the cost of monitoring to 17 18 be paid by the offender, unless indigent; and upon compliance with the 19 rules of the program, which rules shall include the requirements that 20 the offender work to the best of his or her abilities and that he or she provide the program with accurate, verified residence information. 21 Work crew may be imposed simultaneously with electronic home detention. 22 23 Where work crew is imposed as part of a sentence of nine months or 24 more, the offender must serve a minimum of thirty days of total confinement before being eligible for work crew. 25

26 An offender who serves thirty days of work crew shall thereafter 27 receive credit toward the work crew sentence of up to thee days per 28 week for each seven-hour day of approved, verified employment, 29 provided, however, that every such offender shall complete not less

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than two days per week of work crew in addition to any credit for
 approved, verified employment.

3 The seven hours per day of work crew may include substance abuse 4 counseling and/or job skills training.

5 The public works labor performed by offenders on work crew shall be 6 unskilled labor for the benefit of the community as determined by the 7 head of the county executive branch or his or her designee. Public 8 works labor shall not be done on private property.

9 Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.120 and 1990 c 3 s 705 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

11 When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose 12 punishment as provided in this section.

(1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (5), and (7) of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range for the offense.

16 (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence 17 range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this 18 chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying 19 an exceptional sentence.

(3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range shall be a determinate sentence.

(4) An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of

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the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of 1 2 total confinement not less than five years, and shall not be eligible for furlough, work release or other authorized leave of absence from 3 4 the correctional facility during such minimum five-year term except for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility. The 5 б foregoing minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this 7 section. 8

(5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the 9 imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a 10 sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a 11 facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a 12 requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. 13 14 The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, 15 which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the 16 17 following:

18 (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;

(c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocationaltraining;

(d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

(e) Report as directed to the court and a community correctionsofficer; or

(f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided
in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.

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1 (6) If a sentence range has not been established for the 2 defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement, community service 3 4 work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence 5 б which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and 7 compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence. 8

9 (7)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than 10 a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious 11 violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any 12 other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing 13 court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, 14 may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable 15 to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the 16 17 following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official 18 version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of 19 problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's 20 social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information. 21 The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's 22 amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. 23 Α 24 proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a 25 minimum:

(A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
(B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and
description of planned treatment modalities;

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(C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living
 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members
 and others;

4 (D) Anticipated length of treatment; and

5 (E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

6 The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state 7 shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability 8 to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the 9 motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination 10 ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which 11 case the state shall pay the cost.

(ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether 12 the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special 13 14 sexual offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition 15 under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex 16 17 offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then 18 impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less 19 than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of 20 the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:

(A) The court shall place the defendant on community supervision for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is greater; and

(B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the

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prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall 1 not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the 2 3 prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In 4 addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, 5 б not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform 7 any one or more of the following: 8

9 (I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

13 (III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 14 officer;

(IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination thereof; or

(V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counselingrequired as a result of the offender's crime.

(iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at sentencing.

(iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall

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submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the 1 2 defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and 3 recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including 4 proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request 5 and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability 6 of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to 7 be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. At the 8 9 treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of 10 community supervision, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community 11 supervision. 12

(v) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community supervision and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community supervision shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(vi) After July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.

For purposes of this subsection, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

29 (b) When an offender is convicted of any felony sex offense 30 committed before July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of HB 1780 p. 16 of 26

confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the 1 2 sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, order the offender committed for up to thirty 3 4 days to the custody of the secretary of social and health services for evaluation and report to the court on the offender's amenability to 5 treatment at these facilities. If the secretary of social and health б services cannot begin the evaluation within thirty days of the court's 7 order of commitment, the offender shall be transferred to the state for 8 9 confinement pending an opportunity to be evaluated at the appropriate 10 facility. The court shall review the reports and may order that the term of confinement imposed be served in the sexual offender treatment 11 program at the location determined by the secretary of social and 12 13 health services or the secretary's designee, only if the report indicates that the offender is amenable to the treatment program 14 provided at these facilities. The offender shall be transferred to the 15 state pending placement in the treatment program. Any offender who has 16 17 escaped from the treatment program shall be referred back to the 18 sentencing court.

19 If the offender does not comply with the conditions of the 20 treatment program, the secretary of social and health services may 21 refer the matter to the sentencing court. The sentencing court shall 22 commit the offender to the department of corrections to serve the 23 balance of the term of confinement.

If the offender successfully completes the treatment program before the expiration of the term of confinement, the court may convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and may place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

30 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

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(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify
 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in
 the offender's address or employment;

4 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections5 officer;

6 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

7 If the offender violates any of the terms of community supervision, 8 the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of the 9 community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the 10 department of corrections.

11 After June 30, 1993, this subsection (b) shall cease to have 12 effect.

(c) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his term of confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

27 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

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(iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
 officer;

3 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

4 If the offender violates any of the terms of his community 5 supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance 6 of his community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the 7 department of corrections.

8 Nothing in (c) of this subsection shall confer eligibility for such 9 programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense 10 committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (c) does not apply to 11 any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

12 (d) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an 13 14 evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be 15 amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a 16 17 treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the 18 department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to 19 available funds.

20 (8)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an 21 offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense 22 committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the 23 24 second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was 25 26 armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1, 27 28 1988, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, 29 sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such 30

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time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of 1 earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). 2 When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the 3 4 statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of such community 5 б custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually 7 8 served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the 9 sentence.

10 (b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense 11 categorized as a sex offense or serious violent offense committed on or 12 after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the 13 14 sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 15 16 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement 17 shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at 18 such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu 19 of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the 20 statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement 21 portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody 22 to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 23 24 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served 25 shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of 26 27 community placement for offenders sentenced pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions: 28

(i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact withthe assigned community corrections officer as directed;

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(ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved
 education, employment, and/or community service;

3 (iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances except
4 pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;

5 (iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possess
6 controlled substances; and

7 (v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the8 department of corrections.

9 (c) The court may also order any of the following special 10 conditions:

(i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specifiedgeographical boundary;

13 (ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with 14 the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;

15 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 16 counseling services;

17 (iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;

18 (v) The residence location and living arrangements of a sex 19 offender shall be subject to the prior approval of the department of 20 corrections; or

(vi) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions.
(d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any
conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not
to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of
the department of corrections.

(9) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on

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consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered
 intermittent sentences as space permits.

(10) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial 3 4 obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a 5 б specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of 7 monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed 8 by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver 9 the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's 10 compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be 11 supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be 12 paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from 13 14 confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence 15 was entered. Independent of the department, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to 16 17 utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect 18 the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the 19 department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other 20 persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes 21 restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall 22 make disbursements to victims named in the order. 23

(11) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

28 (12) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community 29 supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial 30 obligation shall be under the supervision of the secretary of the

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department of corrections or such person as the secretary may designate and shall follow explicitly the instructions of the secretary including reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, and notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender's address or employment.

7 (13) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all 8 confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was 9 solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being 10 sentenced.

(14) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) 11 governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or 12 concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in 13 14 subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the 15 defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6). (15) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is 16 17 convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to 18 or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary 19 or 20 circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in 21 the record if it does not order restitution. 22

(16) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision or community placement.

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(17) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require
 the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release ((or)),
 in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program
 of work crew and home detention.

5 (18) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the 6 department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid 7 where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any 8 other payments of monetary obligations.

9 Sec. 4. RCW 9.94A.180 and 1988 c 154 s 4 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

(1) An offender sentenced to a term of partial confinement shall be confined in the facility for at least eight hours per day. The offender shall be required as a condition of partial confinement to report to the facility at designated times. An offender may be required to comply with crime-related prohibitions during the period of partial confinement.

17 (2) An offender in a county jail ordered to serve all or part of a 18 term of less than one year in work release, work crew, or a program of 19 home detention who violates the rules of the work release facility_ work crew, or program of home detention or fails to remain employed or 20 21 enrolled in school may be transferred to the appropriate county detention facility without further court order but shall, upon request, 22 23 be notified of the right to request an administrative hearing on the 24 issue of whether or not the offender failed to comply with the order and relevant conditions. Pending such hearing, or in the absence of a 25 26 request for the hearing, the offender shall serve the remainder of the term of confinement as total confinement. This subsection shall not 27 28 affect transfer or placement of offenders committed to the state department of corrections. 29

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1 Sec. 5. RCW 9.94A.190 and 1988 c 154 s 5 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

(1) A sentence that includes a term or terms of confinement 3 4 totaling more than one year shall be served in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state. Except 5 б as provided for in subsection (3) of this section, a sentence of not more than one year of confinement shall be served in a facility 7 operated, licensed, or utilized under contract, by the county, or if 8 9 home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in the 10 residence of either the defendant or a member of the defendant's immediate family. 11

12 (2) If a county uses a state partial confinement facility for the partial confinement of a person sentenced to confinement for not more 13 14 than one year, the county shall reimburse the state for the use of the facility as provided for in this subsection. The office of financial 15 management shall set the rate of reimbursement based upon the average 16 17 per diem cost per offender in the facility. The office of financial management shall determine to what extent, if any, reimbursement shall 18 19 be reduced or eliminated because of funds provided by the legislature 20 to the department of corrections for the purpose of covering the cost of county use of state partial confinement facilities. The office of 21 financial management shall reestablish reimbursement rates each even-22 numbered year. 23

(3) A person who is sentenced for a felony to a term of not more than one year, and who is committed or returned to incarceration in a state facility on another felony conviction, either under the indeterminate sentencing laws, chapter 9.95 RCW, or under this chapter shall serve all terms of confinement, including a sentence of not more than one year, in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under

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1 contract, by the state, consistent with the provisions of RCW
2 9.94A.400.

3 Sec. 6. RCW 9A.76.010 and 1979 c 155 s 35 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 The following definitions are applicable in this chapter unless the 6 context otherwise requires:

7 (1) "Custody" means restraint pursuant to a lawful arrest or an 8 order of a court<u>, or any period of service on a work crew</u>: PROVIDED, 9 That custody pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW and RCW 74.13.020 and 10 74.13.031 and chapter 13.32A RCW shall not be deemed custody for 11 purposes of this chapter;

12 (2) "Detention facility" means any place used for the confinement 13 of a person (a) arrested for, charged with or convicted of an offense, or (b) charged with being or adjudicated to be a juvenile offender as 14 defined in RCW 13.40.020 as now existing or hereafter amended, or (c) 15 16 held for extradition or as a material witness, or (d) otherwise confined pursuant to an order of a court, except an order under chapter 17 18 13.34 RCW or chapter 13.32A RCW, or (e) in any work release, furlough, 19 or other such facility or program;

(3) "Contraband" means any article or thing which a person confined
in a detention facility is prohibited from obtaining or possessing by
statute, rule, regulation, or order of a court.

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