
HOUSE BILL 2031

State of Washington

52nd Legislature

1991 Regular Session

By Representatives Grant, Neher, Bray and Ludwig; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission.

Read first time February 19, 1991. Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

1 AN ACT Relating to low-level waste sites; amending RCW 81.04.010,
2 82.16.010, and 82.04.260; adding a new chapter to Title 81 RCW;
3 providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** State and national policy directs that
6 the management of low-level radioactive waste be accomplished by a
7 system of interstate compacts and the development of regional disposal
8 sites. The Northwest regional compact, comprised of the states of
9 Alaska, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Utah, and Washington, has as
10 its disposal facility the low-level radioactive waste disposal site
11 located near Richland, Washington. This site is expected to be the
12 sole site for disposal of low-level radioactive waste for compact
13 members effective January 1, 1993. Future closure of this site will
14 require significant financial resources.

1 Low-level radioactive waste is generated by essential activities
2 and services that benefit the citizens of the state. Washington
3 state's low-level radioactive waste disposal site has been used by the
4 nation and the Northwest compact as a disposal site since 1965. The
5 public has come to rely on access to this site for disposal of low-
6 level radioactive waste, which requires separate handling from other
7 solid and hazardous wastes. The price of disposing of low-level
8 radioactive waste at the Washington state low-level radioactive waste
9 disposal site is anticipated to increase when the federal low-level
10 radioactive waste policy amendments act of 1985 is implemented and
11 waste generated outside the Northwest compact states is excluded.

12 When these events occur, to protect Washington and other Northwest
13 compact states' businesses and services, such as electrical production,
14 medical and university research, and private industries, upon which the
15 public relies, there will be a need to regulate the rates charged by
16 the operator of Washington's low-level radioactive waste disposal site.
17 This chapter is adopted pursuant to section 8, chapter 21, Laws of
18 1990.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** Definitions in this section apply
20 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

21 (1) "Commission" means the Washington utilities and transportation
22 commission.

23 (2) "Effective rate" means the highest permissible rate, calculated
24 as the lowest contract rate plus an administrative fee, if applicable,
25 determined pursuant to section 5 of this act.

26 (3) "Extraordinary volume" means volumes of low-level radioactive
27 waste delivered to a site caused by nonrecurring events, outside normal
28 operations of a generator, which are in excess of twenty thousand cubic

1 feet or twenty percent of the preceding year's total volume at such
2 site, whichever is less.

3 (4) "Extraordinary volume adjustment" means a mechanism that
4 allocates the potential rate reduction benefits of an extraordinary
5 volume between all generators and the generator responsible for such
6 extraordinary volume as described in section 8 of this act.

7 (5) "Generator" means a person, partnership, association,
8 corporation, or any other entity whatsoever that, as a part of its
9 activities, produces low-level radioactive waste.

10 (6) "Inflation adjustment" means a mechanism that adjusts the
11 maximum disposal rate by a percentage equal to the change in price
12 levels in the preceding period, as measured by a common, verifiable
13 price index as determined in section 5 of this act.

14 (7) "Initial rate proceeding" means the proceeding described in
15 section 5 of this act.

16 (8) "Maximum disposal rate" means the rate described in section 6
17 of this act.

18 (9) "Site" means a location, structure, or property used or to be
19 used for the storage, treatment, or disposal of low-level radioactive
20 waste for compensation within the state of Washington.

21 (10) "Site operator" means a low-level radioactive waste site
22 operating company as defined in RCW 81.04.010.

23 (11) "Volume adjustment" means a mechanism which adjusts the
24 maximum disposal rate in response to material changes in volumes of
25 waste deposited at the site during the preceding period so as to
26 provide a level of total revenues sufficient to recover the costs to
27 operate and maintain the site.

28 **Sec. 3.** RCW 81.04.010 and 1981 c 13 s 2 are each amended to read
29 as follows:

1 As used in this title, unless specially defined otherwise or unless
2 the context indicates otherwise:

3 "Commission" means the utilities and transportation commission.

4 "Commissioner" means one of the members of such commission.

5 "Corporation" includes a corporation, company, association or joint
6 stock association.

7 "Low-level radioactive waste site operating company" includes every
8 corporation, company, association, joint stock association,
9 partnership, and person, their lessees, trustees, or receivers
10 appointed by any court whatsoever, owning, operating, controlling, or
11 managing a low-level radioactive waste disposal site or sites located
12 within the state of Washington.

13 "Low-level radioactive waste" means low-level waste as defined by
14 RCW 43.145.010.

15 "Person" includes an individual, a firm or copartnership.

16 "Street railroad" includes every railroad by whatsoever power
17 operated, or any extension or extensions, branch or branches thereof,
18 for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire, being
19 mainly upon, along, above or below any street, avenue, road, highway,
20 bridge or public place within any one city or town, and includes all
21 equipment, switches, spurs, tracks, bridges, right of trackage,
22 subways, tunnels, stations, terminals and terminal facilities of every
23 kind used, operated, controlled or owned by or in connection with any
24 such street railroad, within this state.

25 "Street railroad company" includes every corporation, company,
26 association, joint stock association, partnership and person, their
27 lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, and
28 every city or town, owning, controlling, operating or managing any
29 street railroad or any cars or other equipment used thereon or in
30 connection therewith within this state.

1 "Railroad" includes every railroad, other than street railroad, by
2 whatsoever power operated for public use in the conveyance of persons
3 or property for hire, with all bridges, ferries, tunnels, equipment,
4 switches, spurs, tracks, stations and terminal facilities of every kind
5 used, operated, controlled or owned by or in connection with any such
6 railroad.

7 "Railroad company" includes every corporation, company,
8 association, joint stock association, partnership or person, their
9 lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever,
10 owning, operating, controlling or managing any railroad or any cars or
11 other equipment used thereon or in connection therewith within this
12 state.

13 "Express company" includes every corporation, company, association,
14 joint stock association, partnership and person, their lessees,
15 trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, who shall
16 engage in or transact the business of carrying any freight, merchandise
17 or property for hire on the line of any common carrier operated in this
18 state.

19 "Common carrier" includes all railroads, railroad companies, street
20 railroads, street railroad companies, steamboat companies, express
21 companies, car companies, sleeping car companies, freight companies,
22 freight line companies, and every corporation, company, association,
23 joint stock association, partnership and person, their lessees,
24 trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, and every city
25 or town, owning, operating, managing or controlling any such agency for
26 public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire within
27 this state.

28 "Vessel" includes every species of watercraft, by whatsoever power
29 operated, for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for
30 hire over and upon the waters within this state, excepting all

1 towboats, tugs, scows, barges, and lighters, and excepting rowboats and
2 sailing boats under twenty gross tons burden, open steam launches of
3 five tons gross and under, and vessels under five tons gross propelled
4 by gas, fluid, naphtha or electric motors.

5 "Steamboat company" includes every corporation, company,
6 association, joint stock association, partnership and person, their
7 lessees, trustees or receivers, appointed by any court whatsoever,
8 owning, controlling, leasing, operating or managing any vessel over and
9 upon the waters of this state.

10 "Transportation of property" includes any service in connection
11 with the receiving, delivery, elevation, transfer in transit,
12 ventilation, refrigeration, icing, storage and handling of the property
13 transported, and the transmission of credit.

14 "Transportation of persons" includes any service in connection with
15 the receiving, carriage and delivery of the person transported and his
16 baggage and all facilities used, or necessary to be used in connection
17 with the safety, comfort and convenience of the person transported.

18 "Public service company" includes every common carrier.

19 The term "service" is used in this title in its broadest and most
20 inclusive sense.

21 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** (1) The commission shall have
22 jurisdiction over the sites and site operators as set forth in this
23 chapter.

24 (2)(a) The commission shall establish rates to be charged by site
25 operators. In establishing the rates, the commission shall assure that
26 they are fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient considering the value
27 of the site operator's leasehold and license interests, the unique
28 nature of its business operations, the site operator's liability
29 associated with the site, its investment incurred over the term of its

1 operations, and the rate of return equivalent to that earned by
2 comparable enterprises. Such rates shall only take effect following a
3 finding that the site operator is a monopoly pursuant to section 11 of
4 this act.

5 (b) In exercising the power in this subsection the commission may
6 use any standard, formula, method, or theory of valuation reasonably
7 calculated to arrive at the objective of prescribing and authorizing
8 fair, just, reasonable, and sufficient rates. The relation of site
9 operator expenses to site operator revenues may be deemed the proper
10 test of a reasonable return.

11 (3) In all respects in which the commission has power and authority
12 under this chapter, applications and complaints may be made and filed
13 with it, process issued, hearings held, opinions, orders, and decisions
14 made and filed, petitions for rehearing filed and acted upon, and
15 petitions for review to the superior court filed therewith, appeals
16 filed with the appellate courts of this state, considered and disposed
17 of by said courts in the manner, under the conditions, and subject to
18 the limitations, and with the effect specified in this title for public
19 service companies generally.

20 (4) The commission may: (a) Prescribe a system of accounts for
21 site operators using as a starting point the existing system used by
22 site operators; (b) audit the books of site operators; (c) obtain books
23 and records from site operators; (d) assess penalties; and (e) require
24 semiannual reports regarding the results of operations for the site.

25 (5) The commission may adopt rules necessary to carry out its
26 functions under this chapter.

27 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** (1) On or before March 1, 1992, site
28 operators shall file a request with the commission to establish an
29 initial maximum disposal rate. The filing shall include at a minimum

1 testimony, exhibits, workpapers, summaries, annual reports, cost
2 studies, proposed tariffs, and other documents as required by the
3 commission in rate cases generally under its jurisdiction.

4 (2) After receipt of a request, the commission shall set the
5 request for a hearing and require the site operator to provide for
6 notice to all known customers that ship or deliver waste to the site.
7 The proceedings before the commission shall be conducted in accordance
8 with chapter 34.05 RCW and rules of procedure established by the
9 commission.

10 (3) No later than January 1, 1993, the commission shall establish
11 the initial maximum disposal rates that may be charged by site
12 operators.

13 (4) In the initial rate proceeding the commission also shall
14 determine the factors necessary to calculate the inflation, volume, and
15 extraordinary volume adjustments.

16 (5) The commission also shall determine the administrative fee,
17 which shall be a percentage or an amount that represents increased
18 administrative costs associated with acceptance of small volumes of
19 waste by a site operator. The administrative fee may be revised by the
20 commission from time to time upon its own motion or upon the petition
21 of an interested person.

22 (6) The rates specified in this section shall only take effect
23 following a finding that the site operator is a monopoly pursuant to
24 section 11 of this act.

25 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** (1) The maximum disposal rates that a
26 site operator may charge generators shall be determined in accordance
27 with this section. The rates shall include all charges for disposal
28 services at the site.

1 (2) Initially, the maximum disposal rates shall be the initial
2 rates established pursuant to section 5 of this act.

3 (3) Subsequently, the maximum disposal rates shall be adjusted
4 semiannually in January and July of each year to incorporate inflation
5 and volume adjustments. Such adjustments shall take effect thirty days
6 after filing with the commission unless the commission authorizes that
7 the adjustments take effect earlier, or the commission contests the
8 calculation of the adjustments, in which case the commission may
9 suspend the filing. A site operator shall provide notice to its
10 customers concurrent with the filing.

11 (4)(a) Subsequently, a site operator may also file for revisions to
12 the maximum disposal rates due to:

13 (i) Changes in any governmentally imposed fee, surcharge, or tax
14 assessed on a volume or a gross revenue basis against or collected by
15 the site operator, including site closure fees, perpetual care and
16 maintenance fees, business and occupation taxes, site surveillance
17 fees, leasehold excise taxes, commission regulatory fees, municipal
18 taxes, and a tax or payment in lieu of taxes authorized by the state to
19 compensate the county in which a site is located for that county's
20 legitimate costs arising out of the presence of that site within that
21 county; or

22 (ii) Factors outside the control of the site operator such as a
23 material change in regulatory requirements regarding the physical
24 operation of the site.

25 (b) Revisions to the maximum disposal rate shall take effect thirty
26 days after filing with the commission unless the commission suspends
27 the filing or authorizes the proposed adjustments to take effect
28 earlier.

29 (5) Upon establishment of a contract rate pursuant to section 7 of
30 this act for a disposal fee, the site operator may not collect a

1 disposal fee that is greater than the effective rate. The effective
2 rate shall be in effect so long as such contract rate remains in
3 effect. Adjustments to the maximum disposal rates may be made during
4 the time an effective rate is in place. Contracts for disposal of
5 extraordinary volumes pursuant to section 8 of this act shall not be
6 considered in determining the effective rate.

7 (6) The site operator may petition the commission for new maximum
8 disposal rates at any time. Upon receipt of such a petition, the
9 commission shall set the matter for hearing and shall issue an order
10 within seven months of the filing of the petition. The petition shall
11 be accompanied by the documents required to accompany the filing for
12 initial rates. The hearing on the petition shall be conducted in
13 accordance with the commission's rules of practice and procedure.

14 (7) This section shall only take effect following a finding that
15 the site operator is a monopoly pursuant to section 11 of this act.

16 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** (1) At any time, a site operator may
17 contract with any person to provide a contract disposal rate lower than
18 the maximum disposal rate.

19 (2) A contract or contract amendment shall be submitted to the
20 commission for approval at least thirty days before its effective date.
21 The commission may approve the contract or suspend the contract and set
22 it for hearing. If the commission takes no action within thirty days
23 of filing, the contract or amendment shall go into effect according to
24 its terms. Each contract filing shall be accompanied with
25 documentation to show that the contract does not result in
26 discrimination between generators receiving like and contemporaneous
27 service under substantially similar circumstances and provides for the
28 recovery of all costs associated with the provision of the service.

1 (3) This section shall only take effect following a finding that
2 the site operator is a monopoly pursuant to section 11 of this act.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** (1) In establishing the extraordinary
4 volume adjustment, unless the parties agree to a contract disposal
5 rate, one-half of the extraordinary volume delivery shall be priced at
6 the maximum disposal rate and one-half shall be priced at the site
7 operator's incremental cost to receive the delivery. Such incremental
8 cost shall be determined in the initial rate proceeding.

9 (2) For purposes of the subsequent calculation of the volume
10 adjustment, one-half of the total extraordinary volume shall be
11 included in the calculation.

12 (3) This section shall only take effect following a finding that
13 the site operator is a monopoly pursuant to section 11 of this act.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** (1) At any time, the commission or an
15 interested person may file a complaint against a site operator alleging
16 that the rates charged are not in conformity with the standards set
17 forth in section 4 of this act or that the site operator is otherwise
18 not acting in conformity with the requirements of this chapter. Upon
19 filing of the complaint, the commission shall cause a copy thereof to
20 be served upon the site operator. The complaining party shall have the
21 burden of proving that the maximum disposal rates determined pursuant
22 to section 6 of this act are not just, fair, reasonable, or sufficient.
23 The hearing shall conform to the rules of practice and procedure of the
24 commission for other complaint cases.

25 (2) The commission shall encourage alternate forms of dispute
26 resolution to resolve disputes between a site operator and any other
27 person regarding matters covered by this chapter.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** (1) A site operator shall, on or before
2 May 1, 1992, and each year thereafter, file with the commission a
3 statement showing its gross operating revenue from intrastate
4 operations for the preceding calendar year, or portion thereof, and pay
5 to the commission a fee equal to one percent of the amount of the gross
6 operating revenue, exclusive of site surveillance fees, perpetual care
7 and maintenance fees, site closure fees, and state or federally imposed
8 out-of-region surcharges.

9 (2) Fees collected under this chapter shall reasonably approximate
10 the cost of supervising and regulating site operators. The commission
11 may order a decrease in fees by March 1st of any year in which it
12 determines that the moneys then in the radioactive waste disposal
13 companies account of the public service revolving fund and the fees
14 currently to be paid will exceed the reasonable cost of supervising and
15 regulating site operators.

16 (3) Fees collected under this section or under any other provision
17 of this chapter shall be paid to the commission and shall be
18 transmitted to the state treasurer within thirty days to be deposited
19 to the credit of the public service revolving fund.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** (1) A low-level waste disposal site
21 operator is exempt as specified in sections 4(2)(a), 5(6), 6(7), 7(3),
22 and 8(3) of this act unless a monopoly situation exists with respect to
23 the site operated by such site operator. A monopoly situation exists
24 if either of the following is present:

25 (a) No disposal facility is available to Northwest compact
26 generators of low-level radioactive waste other than the site or sites
27 operated by such site operator or its affiliates; or

28 (b) Disposal rates at other sites are not reasonable alternatives
29 for Northwest compact generators, considering: Disposal rates at other

1 facilities; current disposal rates charged by the site operator;
2 historic relationships between the site operator's rates and rates at
3 other facilities; and changes in the operator's rates considering
4 changes in waste volumes, taxes, and fees; provided, however, that a
5 monopoly situation does not exist if either of the following facilities
6 operates or is projected to operate after December 31, 1992:

7 (i) Any existing low-level radioactive waste disposal site outside
8 the state of Washington, other than facilities operated by affiliates
9 of a site operator, provided that such site or sites do not charge
10 disposal rates that discriminate against Northwest compact generators
11 except to the extent such discrimination is authorized by federal law;
12 or

13 (ii) An existing facility within the Northwest compact not
14 authorized to receive low-level radioactive waste becomes authorized to
15 receive such waste.

16 (2) Such exemption shall be in effect until such time as the
17 commission finds, after notice and hearing, upon motion by the
18 commission or upon petition by any interested party, that a monopoly
19 situation exists or will exist as of January 1, 1993. Such finding
20 shall be based upon application of the criteria set forth in this
21 section. The commission may assess a site operator for all of the
22 commission's costs of supervision and regulation prior to and relative
23 to determining whether such exemption applies to the site operator. If
24 the commission determines that a site operator is not subject to such
25 exemption, it shall collect its costs of supervision and regulation
26 under section 10 of this act.

27 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** At any time after this chapter has been
28 implemented with respect to a site operator, such site operator may
29 petition the commission to be classified as competitive. The

1 commission may initiate classification proceedings on its own motion.
2 The commission shall enter its final order with respect to
3 classification within seven months from the date of filing of a
4 company's petition or the commission's motion.

5 (2) The commission shall classify a site operator as a competitive
6 company if the commission finds, after notice and hearing, that the
7 disposal services offered are subject to competition because the
8 company's customers have reasonably available alternatives. In
9 determining whether a company is competitive, the commission's
10 consideration shall include, but not be limited to:

11 (a) Whether the system of interstate compacts and regional disposal
12 sites established by federal law has been implemented so that the
13 Northwest compact site located near Richland, Washington is the
14 exclusive site option for disposal by customers within the Northwest
15 compact states;

16 (b) Whether waste generated outside the Northwest compact states is
17 excluded; and

18 (c) The ability of alternative disposal sites to make functionally
19 equivalent services readily available at competitive rates, terms, and
20 conditions.

21 (3) The commission may reclassify a competitive site operator if
22 reclassification would protect the public interest as set forth in this
23 section.

24 (4) Competitive low-level radioactive waste disposal companies
25 shall be exempt from commission regulation and fees during the time
26 they are so classified.

27 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** Nothing in this chapter shall be
28 construed to affect the jurisdiction of another state agency.

1 **Sec. 14.** RCW 82.16.010 and 1989 c 302 s 203 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

3 For the purposes of this chapter, unless otherwise required by the
4 context:

5 (1) "Railroad business" means the business of operating any
6 railroad, by whatever power operated, for public use in the conveyance
7 of persons or property for hire. It shall not, however, include any
8 business herein defined as an urban transportation business.

9 (2) "Express business" means the business of carrying property for
10 public hire on the line of any common carrier operated in this state,
11 when such common carrier is not owned or leased by the person engaging
12 in such business.

13 (3) "Railroad car business" means the business of renting, leasing
14 or operating stock cars, furniture cars, refrigerator cars, fruit cars,
15 poultry cars, tank cars, sleeping cars, parlor cars, buffet cars,
16 tourist cars, or any other kinds of cars used for transportation of
17 property or persons upon the line of any railroad operated in this
18 state when such railroad is not owned or leased by the person engaging
19 in such business.

20 (4) "Water distribution business" means the business of operating
21 a plant or system for the distribution of water for hire or sale.

22 (5) "Light and power business" means the business of operating a
23 plant or system for the generation, production or distribution of
24 electrical energy for hire or sale and/or for the wheeling of
25 electricity for others.

26 (6) "Telegraph business" means the business of affording
27 telegraphic communication for hire.

28 (7) "Gas distribution business" means the business of operating a
29 plant or system for the production or distribution for hire or sale of
30 gas, whether manufactured or natural.

1 (8) "Motor transportation business" means the business (except
2 urban transportation business) of operating any motor propelled vehicle
3 by which persons or property of others are conveyed for hire, and
4 includes, but is not limited to, the operation of any motor propelled
5 vehicle as an auto transportation company (except urban transportation
6 business), common carrier or contract carrier as defined by RCW
7 81.68.010 and 81.80.010: PROVIDED, That "motor transportation
8 business" shall not mean or include the transportation of logs or other
9 forest products exclusively upon private roads or private highways.

10 (9) "Urban transportation business" means the business of operating
11 any vehicle for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for
12 hire, insofar as (a) operating entirely within the corporate limits of
13 any city or town, or within five miles of the corporate limits thereof,
14 or (b) operating entirely within and between cities and towns whose
15 corporate limits are not more than five miles apart or within five
16 miles of the corporate limits of either thereof. Included herein, but
17 without limiting the scope hereof, is the business of operating
18 passenger vehicles of every type and also the business of operating
19 cartage, pickup, or delivery services, including in such services the
20 collection and distribution of property arriving from or destined to a
21 point within or without the state, whether or not such collection or
22 distribution be made by the person performing a local or interstate
23 line-haul of such property.

24 (10) "Public service business" means any of the businesses defined
25 in subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) or any
26 business subject to control by the state, or having the powers of
27 eminent domain and the duties incident thereto, or any business
28 hereafter declared by the legislature to be of a public service nature,
29 except telephone business as defined in RCW 82.04.065 and low-level
30 radioactive waste site operating companies as defined in RCW 81.04.010.

1 It includes, among others, without limiting the scope hereof: Airplane
2 transportation, boom, dock, ferry, log patrol, pipe line, toll bridge,
3 toll logging road, water transportation and wharf businesses.

4 (11) "Tugboat business" means the business of operating tugboats,
5 towboats, wharf boats or similar vessels in the towing or pushing of
6 vessels, barges or rafts for hire.

7 (12) "Gross income" means the value proceeding or accruing from the
8 performance of the particular public service or transportation business
9 involved, including operations incidental thereto, but without any
10 deduction on account of the cost of the commodity furnished or sold,
11 the cost of materials used, labor costs, interest, discount, delivery
12 costs, taxes, or any other expense whatsoever paid or accrued and
13 without any deduction on account of losses.

14 (13) The meaning attributed, in chapter 82.04 RCW, to the term "tax
15 year," "person," "value proceeding or accruing," "business," "engaging
16 in business," "in this state," "within this state," "cash discount" and
17 "successor" shall apply equally in the provisions of this chapter.

18 **Sec. 15.** RCW 82.04.260 and 1990 c 21 s 2 are each amended to read
19 as follows:

20 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of
21 buying wheat, oats, dry peas, dry beans, lentils, triticale, corn, rye
22 and barley, but not including any manufactured or processed products
23 thereof, and selling the same at wholesale; the tax imposed shall be
24 equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the
25 rate of one-hundredth of one percent.

26 (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of
27 manufacturing wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into
28 soybean oil, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons
29 the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the

1 value of the flour, pearl barley, or oil manufactured, multiplied by
2 the rate of one-eighth of one percent.

3 (3) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of
4 splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of
5 tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the
6 peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of one-quarter of one
7 percent.

8 (4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of
9 manufacturing seafood products which remain in a raw, raw frozen, or
10 raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing by that person;
11 as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business
12 shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured, multiplied by
13 the rate of one-eighth of one percent.

14 (5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of
15 manufacturing by canning, preserving, freezing or dehydrating fresh
16 fruits and vegetables; as to such persons the amount of tax with
17 respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products
18 canned, preserved, frozen or dehydrated multiplied by the rate of
19 three-tenths of one percent.

20 (6) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association
21 engaging within this state in research and development, as to such
22 corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such
23 activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such
24 activities multiplied by the rate of forty-four one-hundredths of one
25 percent.

26 (7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business
27 of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products
28 and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such
29 persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived
30 from such sales multiplied by the rate of twenty-five one-hundredths of

1 one percent through June 30, 1986, and one-eighth of one percent
2 thereafter.

3 (8) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business
4 of making sales, at retail or wholesale, of nuclear fuel assemblies
5 manufactured by that person, as to such persons the amount of tax with
6 respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales
7 of the assemblies multiplied by the rate of twenty-five one-hundredths
8 of one percent.

9 (9) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business
10 of manufacturing nuclear fuel assemblies, as to such persons the amount
11 of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the
12 products manufactured multiplied by the rate of twenty-five one-
13 hundredths of one percent.

14 (10) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business
15 of acting as a travel agent; as to such persons the amount of the tax
16 with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income
17 derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of twenty-five one-
18 hundredths of one percent.

19 (11) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as
20 an international steamship agent, international customs house broker,
21 international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in
22 foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such
23 persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international
24 activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such
25 activities multiplied by the rate of thirty-three one-hundredths of one
26 percent.

27 (12) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business
28 of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of
29 goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as
30 to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall

1 be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied
2 by the rate of thirty-three one hundredths of one percent. Persons
3 subject to taxation under this subsection shall be exempt from payment
4 of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their
5 business subject to taxation under this subsection. Stevedoring and
6 associated activities pertinent to the conduct of goods and commodities
7 in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce are defined as all
8 activities of a labor, service or transportation nature whereby cargo
9 may be loaded or unloaded to or from vessels or barges, passing over,
10 onto or under a wharf, pier, or similar structure; cargo may be moved
11 to a warehouse or similar holding or storage yard or area to await
12 further movement in import or export or may move to a consolidation
13 freight station and be stuffed, unstuffed, containerized, separated or
14 otherwise segregated or aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode
15 of transportation for delivery to its consignee. Specific activities
16 included in this definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading,
17 unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the
18 consignee or a convenient place for further movement to export mode;
19 documentation services in connection with the receipt, delivery,
20 checking, care, custody and control of cargo required in the transfer
21 of cargo; imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee;
22 terminal stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not
23 limited to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers,
24 trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship
25 hatch covers.

26 (13) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business
27 of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to
28 such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall
29 be equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees

1 imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of fifteen
2 percent.

3 (a) The rate specified in this subsection shall be reduced to ten
4 percent (~~((upon the effective date of legislation adopted pursuant to~~
5 ~~RCW 81.04.520 governing regulation of the business of low level~~
6 ~~radioactive waste disposal))~~ on July 1, 1991.

7 (b) The rate specified in this subsection shall be further reduced
8 to five percent on January 1, 1992(~~(, if (a) of this subsection has~~
9 ~~taken effect))~~).

10 If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to activities
11 both within and without this state, the gross income attributable to
12 this state shall be determined in accordance with the methods of
13 apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

14 (14) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance
15 agent, insurance broker, or insurance solicitor licensed under chapter
16 48.17 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to
17 such licensed activities shall be equal to the gross income of such
18 business multiplied by the rate of one percent.

19 NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. Sections 1, 2, and 4 through 13 of this
20 act shall constitute a new chapter in Title 81 RCW.

21 NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. This act is necessary for the immediate
22 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
23 state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take
24 effect July 1, 1991.