S-3976.2

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6210

State of Washington 52nd Legislature 1992 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Thorsness, Niemi, Nelson, Erwin, Newhouse and M. Kreidler)

Read first time 02/07/92.

1 AN ACT Relating to sentencing options for select nonviolent 2 offenders; amending RCW 9.94A.150; reenacting and amending RCW 3 9.94A.030 and 9.94A.120; creating a new section; and prescribing 4 penalties.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1991 c 348 s 4, 1991 c 290 s 3, and 1991
c 181 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and,

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consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the
 superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

(2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

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4 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 5 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 6 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 7 conditions.

8 (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence 9 of confinement in lieu of earned early release time, or a sentence 10 <u>under RCW 9.94A.120(9)</u>, served in the community subject to controls 11 placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the department of 12 corrections.

(5) "Community placement" means that period during which the 13 14 offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the 15 term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the 16 17 offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early 18 Community placement may consist of entirely community release. custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two. 19 20 "Community service" means compulsory service, without (6) compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 21 offender. 22

23 (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a 24 convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other 25 sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 46.61.524. For first-time offenders and others sentenced under RCW 26 9.94A.120(5), the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions 27 28 and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For 29 purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the 30

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functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as
 probation by other states.

3 (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in4 this section.

5 (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 6 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and 7 acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 8 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington 9 10 for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the 11 victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 12 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, 13 14 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. 15

16 (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court 17 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 18 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 19 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to 20 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 21 affirmative conduct.

(12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

(b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions
 for sex offenses and shall also include a defendant's other prior
 convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an

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offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(6)(a); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

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(13) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(14) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with 9 10 exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the 11 number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or 12 13 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 14 through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of 15 confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a 16 determinate sentence.

17 (15) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 18 individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 19 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 20 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 21 22 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the 23 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to 24 satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 25 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, 26 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made 27 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW. 28

29 (16) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of
 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a
 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

4 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 5 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 6 controlled substance; or

7 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws
8 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a)
9 of this subsection.

10 (17) "Escape" means:

(a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to comply with any limitations on the inmate's movements while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.

19 (18) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW
46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hitand-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(19) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specificsum of money over a specific period of time to the court.

(20)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or

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possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance 1 classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or the selling 2 3 for profit ((<del>[of]</del>)) <u>of</u> any controlled substance or counterfeit 4 substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, and except as provided in (b) of this 5 б subsection, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated 7 in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense. 8

9 (b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication 10 for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a 11 previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses.

12 (21) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent13 offense.

14 (22)"Offender" means a person who has committed a felony 15 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is 16 less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by 17 the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 18 Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" 13.40.110. and 19 "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(23) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one 20 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract 21 22 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for 23 24 a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. 25 Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention 26 27 as defined in this section.

(24) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender'scommunity placement that is not community custody.

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1 (25) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a 2 specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as 3 payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. 4 The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.

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(26) "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any
drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence
of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving
(RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5));
or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

14 (27) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense
15 and means:

16 (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the 17 second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first 18 degree, or rape in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal 19 solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; 20 or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

(28) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionaryrange in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

26 (29) "Sex offense" means:

(a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW
9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal
attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such
crimes;

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(b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW
 9.94A.127; or

3 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 4 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 5 offense under (a) of this subsection.

6 (30) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 7 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 8 sexual gratification.

9 (31) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 10 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 11 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 12 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

13 (32) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 14 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 15 a direct result of the crime charged.

16 (33) "Violent offense" means:

17 (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 18 attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 19 20 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if 21 committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, 22 arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, extortion in 23 24 the first degree, robbery in the second degree, vehicular assault, and 25 vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor 26 or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any 27 28 vehicle in a reckless manner;

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior
 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent
 offense in (a) of this subsection; and

4 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 5 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent 6 offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

7 (34) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less 8 9 than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The 10 civic improvement tasks shall be performed on public property or on 11 private property owned or operated by nonprofit entities, except that, for emergency purposes only, work crews may perform snow removal on any 12 The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal 13 private property. 14 negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. 15 The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people 16 17 with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops 18 as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced to a 19 facility operated or utilized under contract by a county are eligible 20 to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection (29) of this section are not eligible for the 21 22 work crew program.

(35) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

(36) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance. Home detention may not

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be imposed for offenders convicted of a violent offense, any sex 1 2 offense, any drug offense, reckless burning in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.48.040 or 9A.48.050, assault in the third 3 degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.031, unlawful imprisonment as defined in 4 RCW 9A.40.040, or harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020. 5 Home б detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a 7 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403) if the offender fulfills the 8 participation conditions set forth in this subsection and is monitored 9 10 for drug use by treatment alternatives to street crime (TASC) or a 11 comparable court or agency-referred program.

12 (a) Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of burglary in the second degree as defined in RCW 13 9A.52.030 or 14 residential burglary conditioned upon the offender: (i) Successfully completing twenty-one days in a work release program, (ii) having no 15 16 convictions for burglary in the second degree or residential burglary 17 during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions 18 for burglary or residential burglary, (iii) having no convictions for a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more 19 20 than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense, (iv) having no prior charges of escape, and (v) fulfilling the other conditions of the 21 22 home detention program.

23 (b) Participation in a home detention program shall be conditioned 24 upon: (i) The offender obtaining or maintaining current employment or 25 attending a regular course of school study at regularly defined hours, or the offender performing parental duties to offspring or minors 26 normally in the custody of the offender, (ii) abiding by the rules of 27 the home detention program, and (iii) compliance with court-ordered 28 29 legal financial obligations. The home detention program may also be made available to offenders whose charges and convictions do not 30

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otherwise disqualify them if medical or health-related conditions, 1 concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home 2 detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, 3 other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's 4 incarceration. Participation in the home detention program for medical 5 6 or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the rules of the home detention program and complying with court-ordered 7 restitution. 8

9 Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.120 and 1991 c 221 s 2, 1991 c 181 s 3, and 1991
 10 c 104 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

11 When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose 12 punishment as provided in this section.

(1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (5), ((and)) (7), and (9) of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range for the offense.

16 (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence 17 range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this 18 chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying 19 an exceptional sentence.

(3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range shall be a determinate sentence.

(4) An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of

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the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of 1 2 total confinement not less than five years, and shall not be eligible for furlough, work release or other authorized leave of absence from 3 4 the correctional facility during such minimum five-year term except for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility. 5 The б foregoing minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this 7 section. 8

9 (5)(a) In sentencing a first-time offender ((the court may waive 10 the imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a 11 sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a 12 facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a 13 requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. 14 The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, 15 which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the 16 17 following:

18 (a)) when the offense seriousness level is I, II, or III, the 19 court shall waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range 20 and impose a sentence with a confinement term not to exceed one-half of that prescribed in the standard range or ninety days, whichever is 21 less, to be served in a facility operated or utilized under contract by 22 the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing 23 new offenses. The sentence shall also include up to one year of 24 community supervision, that, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, 25 may include one or more of the requirements listed in (c) of this 26 27 subsection.

28 (b) In sentencing a first time offender when the offense 29 seriousness level is IV or above, or an offender with only one prior 30 conviction provided the offender met the definition of first time SSB 6210 p. 12 of 31

offender and the standard range for the present offense is twelve 1 2 months or less and is not a sex offense or violent offender, the court 3 may waive the imposition of a sentence within the standard range and 4 impose a sentence with a confinement term not to exceed one-half of that prescribed in the standard range or ninety days, whichever is 5 б less, to be served in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing 7 new offenses. The sentence shall also include up to one year of 8 9 community supervision, that, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, 10 may include one or more of the requirements listed in (c) of this subsection. 11

12 (c) Sentences under (a) or (b) of this subsection shall require 13 offenders to pay a ten dollar first time offender penalty fee to the 14 department of corrections and may include one or more of the following 15 requirements:

16 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

17 (((<del>b)</del>)) <u>(ii)</u> Undergo available outpatient treatment ((<del>for up to two</del> 18 <del>years,</del>)) or inpatient treatment ((<del>not to exceed the standard range of</del> 19 <del>confinement for that offense;</del>

20 (c))) for up to one year. Offenders convicted of an offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW who are eligible for a sentence under this 21 subsection that includes a treatment requirement are responsible for 22 all treatment costs unless outpatient treatment is the required 23 treatment and they are determined to be indigent according to 24 department of corrections guidelines and are not eligible for drug 25 treatment assistance from other public or private agencies. When the 26 offenders are determined to be indigent and are not eligible for other 27 28 public or private assistance the department shall spend such funds as 29 may be appropriated or as available from the first time offender

penalty fees collected to cover the costs of outpatient drug treatment
for indigent offenders;

3 <u>(iii)</u> Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational 4 training;

5 ((<del>(d)</del>)) <u>(iv)</u> Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and 6 notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any 7 change in the offender's address or employment;

8 ((<del>(e)</del>)) <u>(v)</u> Report as directed to the court and a community
9 corrections officer; or

10 ((<del>(f)</del>)) <u>(vi)</u> Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as 11 provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.

12 (6) If a sentence range has not been established for the defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which 13 14 may include not more than one year of confinement, community service work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or 15 16 other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence 17 which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, 18 considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and 19 compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(7)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's

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1 social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used.
2 The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.
3 The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's
4 amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A
5 proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a
6 minimum:

7 (A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
8 (B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and
9 description of planned treatment modalities;

10 (C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living 11 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members 12 and others;

13 (D) Anticipated length of treatment; and

14 (E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether 21 the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special 22 sexual offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's 23 24 opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex 25 offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then 26 impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less 27 than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of 28 29 the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:

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1 (A) The court shall place the defendant on community supervision 2 for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is 3 greater; and

4 (B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient 5 б sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such 7 treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex 8 9 offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender 10 treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall 11 not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the 12 prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In 13 14 addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, 15 16 not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, 17 crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following: 18

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(I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

(III) Report as directed to the court and a community correctionsofficer;

(IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination thereof; or

(V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counselingrequired as a result of the offender's crime.

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1 (iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on 2 the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. 3 The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum 4 the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with 5 requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress 6 in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at 7 sentencing.

(iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment 8 9 termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for 10 completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall 11 submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the 12 defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and 13 14 recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request 15 and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability 16 17 of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to 18 19 be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. At the 20 treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community supervision, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) 21 extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community 22 supervision. 23

(v) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community supervision and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community supervision shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

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1 (vi) After July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered 2 pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender 3 treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to 4 chapter 18.155 RCW.

5 For purposes of this subsection, "victim" means any person who has 6 sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to 7 person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also 8 means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the 9 parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(b) When an offender is convicted of any felony sex offense 10 committed before July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of 11 confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the 12 sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the 13 offender or the state, order the offender committed for up to thirty 14 days to the custody of the secretary of social and health services for 15 evaluation and report to the court on the offender's amenability to 16 17 treatment at these facilities. If the secretary of social and health services cannot begin the evaluation within thirty days of the court's 18 19 order of commitment, the offender shall be transferred to the state for 20 confinement pending an opportunity to be evaluated at the appropriate facility. The court shall review the reports and may order that the 21 term of confinement imposed be served in the sexual offender treatment 22 program at the location determined by the secretary of social and 23 24 health services or the secretary's designee, only if the report indicates that the offender is amenable to the treatment program 25 provided at these facilities. The offender shall be transferred to the 26 27 state pending placement in the treatment program. Any offender who has 28 escaped from the treatment program shall be referred back to the 29 sentencing court.

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1 If the offender does not comply with the conditions of the 2 treatment program, the secretary of social and health services may 3 refer the matter to the sentencing court. The sentencing court shall 4 commit the offender to the department of corrections to serve the 5 balance of the term of confinement.

6 If the offender successfully completes the treatment program before 7 the expiration of the term of confinement, the court may convert the 8 balance of confinement to community supervision and may place 9 conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and 10 requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the 11 following:

12 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

16 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 17 officer;

18 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

19 If the offender violates any of the terms of community supervision, 20 the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of the 21 community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the 22 department of corrections.

After June 30, 1993, this subsection (b) shall cease to have effect.

(c) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable

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to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment
 program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW A 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his <u>or her</u> term of confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

10 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

14 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 15 officer;

16 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

17 If the offender violates any of the terms of his <u>or her</u> community 18 supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance 19 of his community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the 20 department of corrections.

Nothing in (c) of this subsection shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (c) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

(d) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the SSB 6210 p. 20 of 31 department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to
 available funds.

3 (8)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total 4 confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense 5 б committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in 7 accordance with RCW 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was 8 9 armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony 10 offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1, 1988, when such sentence is not imposed under subsection (9)(a)(ii) of 11 this section, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the 12 sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term of community 13 14 placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement 15 or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and 16 17 (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement 18 19 portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of such community 20 custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually 21 22 served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the 23 sentence.

(b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense or serious violent offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement

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shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at 1 such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu 2 of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). 3 4 When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement 5 portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody 6 to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 7 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served 8 9 shall be credited against the community placement portion of the 10 sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced pursuant to this section 11 shall include the following conditions: 12

(i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact withthe assigned community corrections officer as directed;

(ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved
education, employment, and/or community service;

(iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances exceptpursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;

(iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possesscontrolled substances; and

(v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by thedepartment of corrections.

23 (c) The court may also order any of the following special 24 conditions:

(i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specifiedgeographical boundary;

(ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact withthe victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;

29 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 30 counseling services;

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(iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;

2 (v) The residence location and living arrangements of a sex 3 offender shall be subject to the prior approval of the department of 4 corrections; or

5 (vi) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions. 6 (d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any 7 conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not 8 to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of 9 the department of corrections.

10 (9)(a)(i) When (A) a person is convicted of a violation of RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i) through (iv) that is not the manufacture of 11 methamphetamine, RCW 69.50.401(b) through (d), 69.50.403, or 12 69.52.030(1) and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement 13 14 under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (5); (B) the person has no previous or other 15 current convictions of a violent offense or a sex offense; and (C) the 16 applicable sentence range is more than twelve months and not more than 17 sixty months, the court may order a presentence investigation and special evaluation to determine whether the offender was a user of 18 19 illegal controlled substances at the time the crime occurred and is in 20 need of treatment for the use of illegal controlled substances. The court may waive the presentence investigation and special evaluation 21 and forego the use of this drug offender treatment option if, based 22 23 upon specific findings, the court determines that this treatment option 24 is not appropriate.

The report of the special evaluation shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's offense history, a qualified chemical dependency assessment, including current and historical involvement with alcohol and other drugs, substance use-related physiological and behavioral problems, any prior alcohol or drug treatment or education, employment history, and social support system, noting any additional

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evaluation instruments or tools used. The evaluation report shall note 1 2 sources of information. The evaluator shall assess and report regarding the defendant's 3 amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A 4 proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a 5 6 minimum: 7 (I) Recommended treatment modality/modalities; (II) Frequency of treatment contacts; 8 9 (III) Specific problems or issues to be addressed in treatment and 10 method or description of treatment interventions; (IV) Specific plan for monitoring compliance, including urinalysis 11 12 testing and confirmation of positives via alternate testing methodology, breath analysis, any requirements regarding living 13 14 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members 15 and others; (V) Anticipated length of treatment; 16 17 (VI Recommended crime-related prohibitions; 18 (VII) Offender's ability to self-pay postrelease treatment service 19 costs; and (VIII) Vocational rehabilitation issues. 20 The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state 21 shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability 22 23 to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the 24 motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination 25 ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. 26 (ii) After receipt of the report, the court shall consider whether 27 28 the offender and the community will benefit from the use of the sentencing option for drug offender treatment. If the court determines 29 that this sentencing option is appropriate, the court shall impose a 30 SSB 6210 p. 24 of 31

sentence within the applicable sentence range plus one additional year of confinement to be served on community custody and shall direct that: (A) If the sentence is not more than thirty-six months that the offender shall serve at least six months in total confinement, with at least three months of total confinement served in a facility operated by the department; or

7 (B) If the sentence is more than thirty-six months but not more 8 than sixty months that the offender shall serve at least twelve months 9 of total confinement, with at least six months of total confinement 10 served in a facility operated by the department.

11 The balance of the sentence shall be served in total confinement, 12 partial confinement, or community custody at the direction of the 13 department.

14 (b) The department shall provide a program of drug treatment to all persons sentenced under this subsection and shall adopt rules governing 15 16 (i) the nature of the treatment program to be provided during total 17 confinement, partial confinement, and community custody, (ii) the decision as to whether, after the initial six or twelve month period of 18 19 total confinement the balance of the sentence shall be served in total 20 confinement, partial confinement, or community custody, (iii) the conditions to be imposed upon offenders sentenced under this 21 subsection, and (iv) the procedures to be employed and the sanctions to 22 23 be imposed in the event of violation of the conditions.

(10) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.

1 ((((10))) (11) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal 2 financial obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to 3 4 pay a specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of 5 monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed 6 by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver 7 the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's 8 9 compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be 10 supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from 11 12 confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered. Independent of the department, the party or entity to 13 14 whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to 15 utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the 16 17 department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other 18 persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the 19 payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes 20 restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. 21

(((11))) (12) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(((12))) (13) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the secretary of the department of corrections or such person as the secretary may designate

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and shall follow explicitly the instructions of the secretary including reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender's address or employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.

6 (((<del>(13)</del>))) (14) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, or community placement under the 7 supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or 8 possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found 9 10 to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. 11 "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power 12 and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in 13 14 this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder. 15

16 ((<del>(14)</del>)) <u>(15)</u> The sentencing court shall give the offender credit 17 for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that 18 confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender 19 is being sentenced.

20 (((15))) (16) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or 21 concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in 22 subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the 23 24 defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6). (((16))) (17) The court shall order restitution whenever the 25 offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person 26 27 or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary 28 29 circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's

judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in 1 2 the record if it does not order restitution.

(((17))) (18) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and 3 4 enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the 5 б offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum 7 allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the 8 9 offender's term of community supervision or community placement.

10 ((<del>(18)</del>)) <u>(19)</u> In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may 11 require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program 12 of work crew and home detention. 13

14 (((<del>(19)</del>)) <u>(20)</u> All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be 15 credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be 16 paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations. 17

18 sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.150 and 1990 c 3 s 202 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

20 No person serving a sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the department shall leave the confines of 21 22 the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the 23 sentence except as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided for in subsection (2) of this 24 section, the term of the sentence of an offender committed to a 25 26 correctional facility operated by the department, may be reduced by earned early release time in accordance with procedures that shall be 27 28 developed and promulgated by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The earned early 29 SSB 6210

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release time shall be for good behavior and good performance during 1 2 total or partial confinement, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency shall not credit the 3 4 offender with earned early release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits. Any program established pursuant to this 5 б section shall allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred from a county 7 jail to the department of corrections, the county jail facility shall 8 certify to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the 9 10 facility and the amount of earned early release time. In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense or a sex offense 11 12 that is a class A felony committed on or after July 1, 1990, the 13 aggregate earned early release time may not exceed fifteen percent of In no other case shall the aggregate earned early 14 the sentence. release time exceed one-third of the total sentence; 15

(2) A person convicted of a sex offense or an offense categorized 16 17 as a serious violent offense, assault in the second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 18 19 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly 20 weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW may become eligible, in accordance with a program 21 developed by the department, for transfer to community custody status 22 in lieu of earned early release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this 23 24 section;

(3) An offender may leave a correctional facility pursuant to an authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, offenders may leave a correctional facility when in the custody of a corrections officer or officers;

(4) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and pardonsboard, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of serious health

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1 problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary meritorious acts, or 2 other extraordinary circumstances;

3 (5) No more than the final six months of the sentence may be served 4 in partial confinement designed to aid the offender in finding work and 5 reestablishing him or herself in the community, but this subsection 6 shall not apply to a sentence imposed under RCW 9.94A.120(9);

7 (6) The governor may pardon any offender;

8 (7) The department of corrections may release an offender from 9 confinement any time within ten days before a release date calculated 10 under this section; and

11 (8) An offender may leave a correctional facility prior to 12 completion of his <u>or her</u> sentence if the sentence has been reduced as 13 provided in RCW 9.94A.160.

14 Sec. 4. RCW 9.94A.210 and 1989 c 214 s 1 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

16 (1) A sentence within the standard range for the offense shall not be appealed. For purposes of this section, a sentence imposed ((on a 17 18 first offender)) under RCW 9.94A.120(5) or (9) shall also be deemed to 19 be within the standard range for the offense and shall not be appealed. (2) A sentence outside the sentence range for the offense is 20 subject to appeal by the defendant or the state. The appeal shall be 21 22 to the court of appeals in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme 23 court.

(3) Pending review of the sentence, the sentencing court or the
 court of appeals may order the defendant confined or placed on
 conditional release, including bond.

(4) To reverse a sentence which is outside the sentence range, the reviewing court must find: (a) Either that the reasons supplied by the sentencing judge are not supported by the record which was before the

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1 judge or that those reasons do not justify a sentence outside the 2 standard range for that offense; or (b) that the sentence imposed was 3 clearly excessive or clearly too lenient.

4 (5) A review under this section shall be made solely upon the 5 record that was before the sentencing court. Written briefs shall not 6 be required and the review and decision shall be made in an expedited 7 manner according to rules adopted by the supreme court.

8 (6) The court of appeals shall issue a written opinion in support 9 of its decision whenever the judgment of the sentencing court is 10 reversed and may issue written opinions in any other case where the 11 court believes that a written opinion would provide guidance to 12 sentencing judges and others in implementing this chapter and in 13 developing a common law of sentencing within the state.

14 (7) The department may petition for a review of a sentence 15 committing an offender to the custody or jurisdiction of the department. The review shall be limited to errors of law. 16 Such 17 petition shall be filed with the court of appeals no later than ninety 18 days after the department has actual knowledge of terms of the 19 sentence. The petition shall include a certification by the department that all reasonable efforts to resolve the dispute at the superior 20 court level have been exhausted. 21

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. If specific funding to the department of 23 corrections for the purposes of providing drug treatment and 24 supervision for offenders sentenced under RCW 9.94A.120(5) and (9), as 25 amended by this act, is not provided by June 30, 1992, in the 26 supplemental omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

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