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## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1259

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Locke, Appelwick, J. Kohl, Wang, Reams, Veloria, Johanson, L. Johnson, Flemming and Pruitt)

Read first time 03/03/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to forfeiture of firearms; and amending RCW 2 9.41.098.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.41.098 and 1989 c 222 s 8 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) The superior courts and the courts of limited jurisdiction of 7 the state may order forfeiture of a firearm which is proven to be:
- 8 (a) Found concealed on a person not authorized by RCW 9.41.060 or
- 9 9.41.070 to carry a concealed pistol: PROVIDED, That it is an absolute
- 10 defense to forfeiture if the person possessed a valid Washington
- 11 concealed pistol license within the preceding two years and has not
- 12 become ineligible for a concealed pistol license in the interim.
- 13 Before the firearm may be returned, the person must pay the past due
- 14 renewal fee and the current renewal fee;
- 15 (b) Commercially sold to any person without an application as 16 required by RCW 9.41.090;
- 17 (c) Found in the possession or under the control of a person at the
- 18 time the person committed or was arrested for committing a crime of
- 19 violence or a crime in which a firearm was used or displayed or a

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- 1 felony violation of the uniform controlled substances act, chapter 2 69.50 RCW;
- 3 (d) Found concealed on a person who is in any place in which a 4 concealed pistol license is required, and who is under the influence of 5 any drug or under the influence of intoxicating liquor, having 0.10 6 grams or more of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath or 0.10 7 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, as shown by 8 analysis of the person's breath, blood, or other bodily substance;
- 9 (e) Found in the possession of a person prohibited from possessing 10 the firearm under RCW 9.41.040;
- (f) Found in the possession of a person free on bail or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal, or sentencing for a crime of violence or a crime in which a firearm was used or displayed, except that violations of Title 77 RCW shall not result in forfeiture under this section;
- 16 (g) Found in the possession of a person found to have been mentally 17 incompetent while in possession of a firearm when apprehended or who is 18 thereafter committed pursuant to chapter 10.77 or 71.05 RCW;
- 19 (h) Known to have been used or displayed by a person in the 20 violation of a proper written order of a court of general jurisdiction; 21 or
- (i) Known to have been used in the commission of a crime of violence or a crime in which a firearm was used or displayed or a felony violation of the uniformed controlled substances act, chapter 69.50 RCW.
- 26 (2) Upon order of forfeiture, the court in its discretion shall 27 order destruction of any firearm that is illegal for any person to ((All firearms legal for citizen possession that are 28 judicially forfeited or forfeited due to failure to make a claim under 29 30 RCW 63.32.010, 63.40.010, or 63.35.020 shall be submitted for auction to commercial sellers once a year if the submitting agency has 31 accumulated at least ten firearms authorized for sale. Law enforcement 32 33 agencies may conduct joint auctions for the purpose of maximizing efficiency. A maximum of ten percent of such firearms may be retained 34 35 for use by local law enforcement agencies and the Washington state patrol. Before submission for auction, a court may temporarily retain 36 37 forfeited firearms if needed for evidence. The proceeds from any sale shall be divided as follows: The local jurisdiction and the Washington 38 39 state patrol shall retain its costs, including actual costs of storage

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and sale, and shall forward the remainder to the state department of wildlife for use in its firearms training program pursuant to RCW 77.32.155.

 If a firearm is delivered to a law enforcement agency and the agency no longer requires use of the firearm, the agency shall dispose of the firearm by auction as provided by this subsection. The public auctioning agency shall, as a minimum, maintain a record of all forfeited firearms by manufacturer, model, caliber, serial number, date and circumstances of forfeiture, and final disposition. The records shall be open to public inspection and copying.)) A court may temporarily retain forfeited firearms needed for evidence.

(a) Except as provided in (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection, firearms that are judicially forfeited or forfeited due to a failure to make a claim under RCW 63.32.010, 63.35.020, or 63.40.010, or that are no longer needed for evidence, may be disposed of in any manner determined by the local legislative authority. Any proceeds of an auction or trade may be retained by the legislative authority. This subsection (2)(a) applies only to firearms that come into the possession of the law enforcement agency after June 30, 1993.

By midnight, June 30, 1993, every law enforcement agency shall prepare an inventory, under oath, of every firearm that has been judicially forfeited, has been seized and may be subject to judicial forfeiture, or that has been, or may be, forfeited due to a failure to make a claim under RCW 63.32.010, 63.35.020, or 63.40.010, or that is no longer needed for evidence.

(b) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, for every firearm in the inventory required under (a) of this subsection, a law enforcement agency shall destroy illegal firearms, may retain a maximum of ten percent of legal forfeited firearms for agency use, and shall either:

(i) Comply with the provisions for the auction of firearms in RCW 9.41.098 that were in effect immediately preceding the effective date of this act; or

(ii) Trade, auction, or arrange for the auction of, rifles and shotguns. In addition, the law enforcement agency shall either trade, auction, or arrange for the auction of, short firearms, or shall pay a fee of twenty-five dollars to the state treasurer for every short firearm neither auctioned nor traded, to a maximum of fifty thousand dollars. The fees shall be accompanied by an inventory, under oath, of

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- 1 every short firearm listed in the inventory required by (a) of this
- 2 <u>subsection</u>, that has been neither traded nor auctioned. The state
- 3 treasurer shall credit the fees to the firearms range account
- 4 <u>established in RCW 77.12.720</u>. All trades or auctions of firearms under
- 5 this subsection shall be to commercial sellers. Proceeds of any
- 6 auction less costs, including actual costs of storage and sale, shall
- 7 be forwarded to the firearms range account established in RCW
- 8 77.12.720.
- 9 <u>(c) Except as provided in (d) of this subsection, antique firearms</u>
- 10 as defined by RCW 9.41.150 and firearms recognized as curios, relics,
- 11 and firearms of particular historical significance by the United States
- 12 treasury department bureau of alcohol, tobacco, and firearms are exempt
- 13 from destruction and shall be disposed of by auction or trade to
- 14 commercial sellers.
- 15 (d) Firearms in the possession of the Washington state patrol on or
- 16 after the effective date of this act that are judicially forfeited or
- 17 forfeited due to a failure to make a claim under RCW 63.32.010,
- 18 63.35.020, or 63.40.010, and that are no longer needed for evidence,
- 19 <u>must be disposed of as follows: (i) Firearms illegal for any person to</u>
- 20 possess must be destroyed; (ii) the Washington state patrol may retain
- 21 a maximum of ten percent of legal firearms for agency use; and (iii)
- 22 <u>all other legal firearms must be auctioned to commercial sellers. The</u>
- 23 Washington state patrol may retain any proceeds of an auction.
- 24 (3) The court shall order the firearm returned to the owner upon a
- 25 showing that there is no probable cause to believe a violation of
- 26 subsection (1) of this section existed or the firearm was stolen from
- 27 the owner or the owner neither had knowledge of nor consented to the
- 28 act or omission involving the firearm which resulted in its forfeiture.
- 29 (4) A law enforcement officer of the state or of any county or
- 30 municipality may confiscate a firearm found to be in the possession of
- 31 a person under circumstances specified in subsection (1) of this
- 32 section. After confiscation, the firearm shall not be surrendered
- 33 except: (a) To the prosecuting attorney for use in subsequent legal
- 34 proceedings; (b) for disposition according to an order of a court
- 35 having jurisdiction as provided in subsection (1) of this section; or
- 36 (c) to the owner if the proceedings are dismissed or as directed in
- 37 subsection (3) of this section.