H-1119.1		

HOUSE BILL 1690

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By Representatives Rust, Hansen, Chandler and Bray

Read first time 02/05/93. Referred to Committee on Environmental Affairs.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to implementing the state hazardous waste
- 2 management plan; amending RCW 70.105.150 and 70.105.215; and adding new
- 3 sections to chapter 70.105 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.105.150 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 70 s 1 are each 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 The legislature hereby declares that:
- 8 (1) The health and welfare of the people of the state depend on
- 9 clean and pure environmental resources unaffected by hazardous waste
- 10 contamination. Management and regulation of hazardous waste disposal
- 11 should encourage practices which result in the least amount of waste
- 12 being produced. Towards that end, the legislature finds that the
- 13 following priorities in the management of hazardous waste are necessary
- 14 and should be followed in order of descending priority as applicable:
- 15 (a) Waste reduction;
- 16 (b) Waste recycling;
- 17 (c) <u>Energy recovery;</u>
- 18 (d) Physical, chemical, and biological treatment;
- 19 $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (e) Incineration;

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- 1 (((e))) <u>(f)</u> Solidification/stabilization treatment;
- 2 $((\frac{f}{f}))$ (q) Landfill.
- 3 (2) As used in this section:
- 4 (a) "Waste reduction" means reducing waste so that hazardous 5 byproducts are not produced;
- 6 (b) "Waste recycling" means ((reusing waste)) materials ((and extracting valuable materials from a waste stream)) reuse, recovery, and reclamation;
- 9 (c) <u>"Energy recovery" means burning a hazardous waste as an</u>
 10 alternative fuel in order to recover heat content of the waste;
- (d) "Physical, chemical, and biological treatment" means processing the waste to render it completely innocuous, produce a recyclable byproduct, reduce toxicity, or substantially reduce the volume of material requiring disposal;
- 15 ((\(\frac{(d)}{(d)}\)) (e) "Incineration" means reducing the volume or toxicity of
 16 wastes by use of an enclosed device using controlled flame combustion;
 17 ((\(\frac{(e)}{(e)}\))) (f) "Solidification/stabilization treatment" means the use
 18 of encapsulation techniques to solidify wastes and make them less
 19 permeable or leachable; and
- $((\frac{f}{f}))$ (g) "Landfill" means a disposal facility, or part of a facility, at which waste is placed in or on land and which is not a land treatment facility, surface impoundment, or injection well.
- 23 **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.105.215 and 1986 c 210 s 3 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
- 25 (1) The legislature recognizes the need for new, modified, or 26 expanded facilities to store, treat, incinerate, or otherwise process or dispose of hazardous ((substances)) <u>wastes</u> safely. 27 In order to ((encourage)) plan for the development of such facilities, the 28 29 department shall adopt rules as necessary regarding the sizing and permitting of such facilities to ensure the most expeditious permit 30 processing possible consistent with the need for such facilities and 31 32 the substantive requirements of applicable law.
- 33 (2) If owners and operators are not the same entity, the operator 34 shall be the permit applicant and responsible for the development of 35 the permit application and all accompanying materials, as long as the 36 owner also signs the application and certifies its ownership of the 37 real property described in the application, and acknowledges its

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1 awareness of the contents of the application and receipt of a copy 2 thereof.

- (3) The department may issue a draft permit for a new hazardous waste incinerator or landfill only if the department determines that the proposed facility is sized no larger than is necessary to meet current and future needed capacity of the region, as determined pursuant to this subsection. The department may impose conditions on or deny a permit application based on the results of this determination.
- 10 (a) Once adopted, the facility-specific needs assessment shall be based on criteria defined by rule and shall include, at a minimum, the 11 present and projected demand on incineration or disposal capacity from 12 hazardous waste generators within the northwest region, including 13 14 Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington. The assessment shall be conducted following the receipt of a notice of intent by the applicant 15 and shall review and be based upon all appropriate hazardous waste 16 generation and projection information available, including resources 17 from state waste management offices and the applicant. The assessment 18 19 shall also take into account any existing permitted management capacity at similar facilities within the region. The department shall render 20 a draft needs assessment within one hundred eighty days of receipt of 21 a notice of intent for a permit application. The draft needs 22 assessment shall be followed by public review and administrative 23 24 processing by the department.
 - (b) For any notice of intent or application for a hazardous waste incinerator or landfill which has already been submitted to the department prior to rules adoption, the department shall use its most recent state hazardous waste needs assessment as part of the needs assessment consideration. The department shall follow all other criteria and procedures required by this subsection as part of its needs determination process. The department shall render a draft needs assessment within one hundred eighty days following the effective date of this act.

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- 34 (4) The department shall review and update the needs assessment for 35 all operating hazardous waste incinerator and land disposal facilities 36 in the state on a five-year cycle.
 - Should the department's updated needs assessment determine that the existing or projected need for the facility has significantly changed from the previous assessment, the department may change the facility's

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- 1 permitted handling capacity to reflect the need for capacity identified
- 2 in the updated needs assessment.

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- 3 (5) The department shall adopt rules as necessary to implement this 4 section.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 70.105 RCW 6 to read as follows:
- 7 (1) The department shall assess a reasonable service-based permit 8 review fee upon any hazardous waste facility or applicant that requires 9 a permit under RCW 70.105.215.
- 10 (2) The department shall assess a reasonable service-based permit review fee to compensate for all program costs associated with the 11 12 development, review, issuance, or denial of a hazardous waste permit. Program elements or activities for which service-based fees shall be 13 14 assessed include: Direct and indirect staff salaries and expenses, 15 office costs, facility-specific needs assessments, and contractual support for the purposes of technical reviews, approvals or denials, 16 permit issuances and oversight of activities associated with hazardous 17 18 waste permits, hazardous waste permit modifications, closure and 19 postclosure activities, and other permit activities related to these facilities. 20
 - (3) Funds collected through the imposition of such permit review fees shall be deposited in the hazardous waste permit account. Funds collected from each hazardous waste permit applicant shall reflect only those costs associated with that permit's processing. The department may withhold permit processing and/or issuance for nonpayment of permit review fees.
- 27 (4) The department shall adopt rules as necessary to implement this 28 section. The department may assess and collect fees prior to initial 29 rule making only to recover direct costs associated with consultant 30 fees applicable to a hazardous waste permit's review and processing.
- 31 (5) Funds for rule-making expenses and the department's resources 32 necessary to implement this section, prior to the initial collection of 33 fees, shall come from the state toxics control account. Once the 34 permit fee rules are established, all permit-related costs shall be 35 recovered by the permit fees and deposited into the dedicated hazardous 36 waste permit account.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 70.105 RCW 2 to read as follows: The hazardous waste permit account is created in the custody of the 3 4 state treasurer. All receipts from hazardous waste permit review fees shall be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may 5 be used only for processing and review of hazardous waste permits. 6

8 expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment

Only the director of ecology or the director's designee may authorize

9 procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required

10 for expenditures.

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