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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1760

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives H. Myers, Brough, Appelwick, Miller, Johanson, Chappell, Ludwig, Scott and Mastin)

Read first time 02/25/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to obligations for child support and spousal
- 2 maintenance; and amending RCW 26.18.010, 26.18.020, 26.18.030,
- 3 26.18.040, 26.18.050, 26.18.070, 26.18.090, 26.18.100, 26.18.110,
- 4 26.18.120, 26.18.140, 26.18.150, 26.18.160, and 26.18.170.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 26.18.010 and 1984 c 260 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 The legislature finds that there is an urgent need for vigorous
- 9 enforcement of child support and spousal maintenance obligations, and
- 10 that stronger and more efficient statutory remedies need to be
- 11 established to supplement and complement the remedies provided in
- 12 chapters 26.09, 26.21, 26.26, 74.20, and 74.20A RCW.
- 13 **Sec. 2.** RCW 26.18.020 and 1989 c 416 s 2 are each amended to read
- 14 as follows:
- 15 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in
- 16 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 17 (1) "Dependent child" means any child for whom a support order has
- 18 been established or for whom a duty of support is owed.

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- 1 (2) "Duty of spousal maintenance" means the duty to provide for the 2 needs of a spouse or former spouse imposed under chapter 26.09 RCW.
- 3 (3) "Duty of support" means the duty to provide for the needs of a 4 dependent child, which may include necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, and health care. The duty includes any obligation to make 5 monetary payments, to pay expenses, including spousal maintenance in 6 7 cases in which there is a dependent child, or to reimburse another 8 person or an agency for the cost of necessary support furnished a 9 dependent child. The duty may be imposed by court order, by operation 10 of law, or otherwise.
- (((3))) (<u>4)</u> "Obligee" means the custodian of a dependent child, <u>the</u>
 spouse or former spouse, or person or agency, to whom a duty of support
 or duty of spousal maintenance is owed, or the person or agency to whom
 the right to receive or collect support <u>or spousal maintenance</u> has been
 assigned.
- 16 $((\frac{4}{}))$ (5) "Obligor" means the person owing a duty of support or duty of spousal maintenance.
- (((5))) <u>(6)</u> "Support <u>or maintenance</u> order" means any judgment, decree, or order of support <u>or spousal maintenance</u> issued by the superior court or authorized agency of the state of Washington; or a judgment, decree, or other order of support <u>or spousal maintenance</u> issued by a court or agency of competent jurisdiction in another state or country, which has been registered or otherwise made enforceable in this state.
- 25 (((6))) <u>(7)</u> "Employer" includes the United States government, a 26 state or local unit of government, and any person or entity who pays or 27 owes earnings or remuneration for employment to the obligor.
- 28 $((\frac{7}{1}))$ (8) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services or remuneration for employment, whether denominated 29 30 as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, 31 32 attachment, or other process to satisfy support or spousal maintenance 33 obligations, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but 34 35 does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW. 36
- (((8))) (9) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld.

- 1 $((\frac{9}{}))$ (10) "Department" means the department of social and health 2 services.
- 3 $((\frac{10}{10}))$ (11) "Health insurance coverage" includes any coverage 4 under which medical services are provided by an employer or a union
- 5 whether that coverage is provided through a self-insurance program,
- 6 under the employee retirement income security act of 1974, a commercial
- 7 insurer pursuant to chapters 48.20 and 48.21 RCW, a health care service
- 8 contractor pursuant to chapter 48.44 RCW, or a health maintenance
- 9 organization pursuant to chapter 48.46 RCW, and the state through
- 10 chapter 41.05 RCW.
- 11 $((\frac{11}{11}))$ <u>(12)</u> "Insurer" means a commercial insurance company
- 12 providing disability insurance under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, a
- 13 health care service contractor providing health care coverage under
- 14 chapter 48.44 RCW, a health maintenance organization providing
- 15 comprehensive health care services under chapter 48.46 RCW, and shall
- 16 also include any employer or union which is providing health insurance
- 17 coverage on a self-insured basis.
- 18 (13) "Remuneration for employment" means moneys due from or
- 19 payable by the United States to an individual within the scope of 42
- 20 <u>U.S.C. Sec. 659 and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 662(f).</u>
- 21 **Sec. 3.** RCW 26.18.030 and 1984 c 260 s 3 are each amended to read
- 22 as follows:
- 23 (1) The remedies provided in this chapter are in addition to, and
- 24 not in substitution for, any other remedies provided by law.
- 25 (2) This chapter applies to any dependent child, whether born
- 26 before or after June 7, 1984, and regardless of the past or current
- 27 marital status of the parents, and to a spouse or former spouse.
- 28 (3) This chapter shall be liberally construed to assure that all
- 29 dependent children are adequately supported.
- 30 **Sec. 4.** RCW 26.18.040 and 1984 c 260 s 4 are each amended to read
- 31 as follows:
- 32 (1) A proceeding to enforce a duty of support or spousal
- 33 <u>maintenance</u> is commenced:
- 34 (a) By filing a petition for an original action; or
- 35 (b) By motion in an existing action or under an existing cause

36 number.

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- 1 (2) Venue for the action is in the superior court of the county 2 where the dependent child resides or is present, where the obligor or 3 <u>obligee</u> resides, or where the prior support <u>or maintenance</u> order was 4 entered. The petition or motion may be filed by the obligee, the 5 state, or any agency providing care or support to the dependent child. 6 A filing fee shall not be assessed in cases brought on behalf of the 7 state of Washington.
- 8 (3) The court retains continuing jurisdiction under this chapter 9 until all duties of <u>either</u> support <u>or spousal maintenance</u>, <u>or both</u>, of 10 the obligor, including arrearages, ((with respect to the dependent 11 child)) have been satisfied.
- 12 **Sec. 5.** RCW 26.18.050 and 1989 c 373 s 22 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
 - (1) If an obligor fails to comply with a support or spousal maintenance order, a petition or motion may be filed without notice under RCW 26.18.040 to initiate a contempt action as provided in chapter 7.21 RCW. If the court finds there is reasonable cause to believe the obligor has failed to comply with a support or spousal maintenance order, the court may issue an order to show cause requiring the obligor to appear at a certain time and place for a hearing, at which time the obligor may appear to show cause why the relief requested should not be granted. A copy of the petition or motion shall be served on the obligor along with the order to show cause.
- (2) Service of the order to show cause shall be by personal service, or in the manner provided in the civil rules of superior court or applicable statute.
 - (3) If the order to show cause served upon the obligor included a warning that an arrest warrant could be issued for failure to appear, the court may issue a bench warrant for the arrest of the obligor if the obligor fails to appear on the return date provided in the order.
- 31 (4) If the obligor contends at the hearing that he or she lacked 32 the means to comply with the support <u>or spousal maintenance</u> order, the 33 obligor shall establish that he or she exercised due diligence in 34 seeking employment, in conserving assets, or otherwise in rendering 35 himself or herself able to comply with the court's order.
- 36 (5) As provided in RCW 26.18.040, the court retains continuing 37 jurisdiction under this chapter and may use a contempt action to 38 enforce a support or maintenance order until the obligor satisfies all

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- 1 duties of support, including arrearages, that accrued pursuant to the
- 2 <u>support or maintenance order</u>.

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- 3 **Sec. 6.** RCW 26.18.070 and 1987 c 435 s 18 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- (1) A petition or motion seeking a mandatory wage assignment in an action under RCW 26.18.040 may be filed by an obligee if the obligor is more than fifteen days past due in child support or spousal maintenance payments in an amount equal to or greater than the ((support)) obligation payable for one month. The petition or motion shall include a sworn statement by the obligee, stating the facts authorizing the issuance of the wage assignment order, including:
- 12 (a) That the obligor, stating his or her name and residence, is
 13 more than fifteen days past due in child support or spousal maintenance
 14 payments in an amount equal to or greater than the ((support))
 15 obligation payable for one month;
- 16 (b) A description of the terms of the ((support)) order requiring 17 payment of support or spousal maintenance, and the amount past due;
 - (c) The name and address of the obligor's employer;
- (d) That notice by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt, has been provided to the obligor at least fifteen days prior to the obligee seeking a mandatory wage assignment, unless the order for support or maintenance states that the obligee may seek a mandatory wage assignment without notice to the obligor; and
- (e) In cases not filed by the state, whether the obligee has received public assistance from any source and, if the obligee has received public assistance, that the department of social and health services has been notified in writing of the pending action.
- (2) If the court in which a mandatory wage assignment is sought does not already have a copy of the support <u>or maintenance</u> order in the court file, then the obligee shall attach a copy of the support <u>or maintenance</u> order to the petition or motion seeking the wage assignment.
- 33 **Sec. 7.** RCW 26.18.090 and 1984 c 260 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The wage assignment order in RCW 26.18.080 shall include:

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1 (a) The maximum amount of current support or spousal maintenance, 2 if any, to be withheld from the obligor's earnings each month, or from 3 each earnings disbursement; and

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- (b) The total amount of the arrearage or reimbursement judgment previously entered by the court, if any, together with interest, if any.
- 7 (2) The total amount to be withheld from the obligor's earnings 8 each month, or from each earnings disbursement, shall not exceed fifty 9 percent of the disposable earnings of the obligor. If the amounts to 10 be paid toward the arrearage are specified in the support or spousal maintenance order, then the maximum amount to be withheld is the sum 11 of: Either the current support or spousal maintenance ordered, or 12 both; and the amount ordered to be paid toward the arrearage, or fifty 13 percent of the disposable earnings of the obligor, whichever is less. 14
- 15 (3) The provisions of RCW 6.27.150 do not apply to wage assignments 16 for child support <u>or spousal maintenance</u> authorized under this chapter, 17 but fifty percent of the disposable earnings of the obligor are exempt, 18 and may be disbursed to the obligor.
 - (4) If an obligor is subject to two or more attachments for <u>either</u> child support <u>or spousal maintenance</u>, <u>or both</u>, on account of different obligees, the employer shall, if the nonexempt portion of the obligor's earnings is not sufficient to respond fully to all the attachments, apportion the obligor's nonexempt disposable earnings between or among the various obligees equally. Any obligee may seek a court order reapportioning the obligor's nonexempt disposable earnings upon notice to all interested obligees. Notice shall be by personal service, or in the manner provided by the civil rules of superior court or applicable statute.
- 29 **Sec. 8.** RCW 26.18.100 and 1991 c 367 s 20 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- The wage assignment order shall be substantially in the following form:

1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
2	STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE
3	COUNTY OF
4	,
5	Obligee No
6	vs.
7	, WAGE ASSIGNMENT
8	Obligor ORDER
9	,
LO	Employer
L1	THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO:
L2	Employer
L3	AND TO:
L4	Obligor
L5	The above-named obligee claims that the above-named obligor is more
L6	than fifteen days past due in <u>either</u> child support <u>or spousal</u>
L7	maintenance payments, or both, in an amount equal to or greater than
L8	the child support or spousal maintenance payable for one month. The
L9	amount of the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt as of
20	this date is dollars, the amount of arrearage payments
21	specified in the support or spousal maintenance order (if applicable)
22	is dollars per, and the amount of the current
23	and continuing support or spousal maintenance obligation under the
24	((support)) order is dollars per
25	You are hereby commanded to answer this order by filling in the
26	attached form according to the instructions, and you must mail or
27	deliver the original of the answer to the court, one copy to the
28	Washington state support registry, one copy to the obligee or obligee's
29	attorney, and one copy to the obligor within twenty days after service
30	of this wage assignment order upon you.
31	If you possess any earnings or other remuneration for employment
32	due and owing to the obligor, then you shall do as follows:
33	(1) Withhold from the obligor's earnings or remuneration each
34	month, or from each regular earnings disbursement, the lesser of:
35	(a) The sum of the accrued support or spousal maintenance debt and

the current support or spousal maintenance obligation;

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- (b) The sum of the specified arrearage payment amount and the 1 2 current support or spousal maintenance obligation; or
- 3 (c) Fifty percent of the disposable earnings or remuneration of the 4 obligor.
- 5 (2) The total amount withheld above is subject to the wage assignment order, and all other sums may be disbursed to the obligor. 6
- 7 (3) Upon receipt of this wage assignment order you shall make 8 immediate deductions from the obligor's earnings or remuneration and 9 remit to the Washington state support registry or other address specified below the proper amounts at each regular pay interval.
- You shall continue to withhold the ordered amounts from nonexempt 11 earnings or remuneration of the obligor until notified by: 12
- 13 (a) The court that the wage assignment has been modified or terminated; 14
- 15 (b) The Washington state support registry, office of support enforcement that the accrued child support debt has been paid; or 16
- 17 (c) The court that has entered an order delaying, modifying, or terminating the wage assignment order and has approved an alternate 18 19 payment plan as provided in RCW 26.23.050(2).
- 20 You shall promptly notify the court and the Washington state support registry if and when the employee is no longer employed by you, 21 22 or if the obligor no longer receives earnings or remuneration from you. 23 If you no longer employ the employee, the wage assignment order shall 24 remain in effect for one year after the employee has left your 25 employment or ((your [you])) you are no longer in possession of any
- 26 earnings or remuneration owed to the employee, whichever is later. You
- 27 shall continue to hold the wage assignment order during that ((one-
- year)) period. If the employee returns to your employment during the 28
- 29 one-year period you shall immediately begin to withhold the employee's
- 30 earnings according to the terms of the wage assignment order.
- 31 employee has not returned to your employment within one year, the wage
- assignment will cease to have effect at the expiration of the one-year 32
- period, unless you still owe the employee earnings or other 33
- 34 remuneration.

- You shall deliver the withheld earnings or remuneration to the 35 Washington state support registry or other address stated below at each 36
- 37 regular pay interval.
- 38 You shall deliver a copy of this order to the obligor as soon as is 39 reasonably possible. This wage assignment order has priority over any

other wage assignment or garnishment, except for another wage assignment or garnishment for child support or spousal maintenance, or 2 order to withhold or deliver under chapter 74.20A RCW. 3 4 WHETHER OR NOT YOU OWE ANYTHING TO THE OBLIGOR, YOUR FAILURE TO ANSWER AS REQUIRED MAY MAKE YOU LIABLE FOR OBLIGOR'S CLAIMED 5 SUPPORT OR SPOUSAL MAINTENANCE DEBT TO THE OBLIGEE OR SUBJECT б 7 TO CONTEMPT OF COURT. NOTICE TO OBLIGOR: YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO REQUEST A HEARING IN THE 8 9 SUPERIOR COURT THAT ISSUED THIS WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER, TO REQUEST THAT 10 THE COURT QUASH, MODIFY, OR TERMINATE THE WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER. 11 DATED THIS . . . day of, 19. . . 12 . 13 Obligee, Judge/Court Commissioner 14 or obligee's attorney 15 Send withheld payments to: 16 17 18 19 **Sec. 9.** RCW 26.18.110 and 1991 c 367 s 21 are each amended to read 20 as follows: 21 (1) An employer upon whom service of a wage assignment order has 22 been made shall answer the order by sworn affidavit within twenty days after the date of service. The answer shall state whether the obligor 23 is employed by or receives earnings or other remuneration from the 24 employer, whether the employer will honor the wage assignment order, 25 and whether there are <u>either</u> multiple child support <u>or spousal</u> 26 27 maintenance attachments, or both, against the obligor. (2) If the employer possesses any earnings or remuneration due and 28 29 owing to the obligor, the earnings subject to the wage assignment order 30 shall be withheld immediately upon receipt of the wage assignment The withheld earnings shall be delivered to the Washington 31 32 state support registry or, if the wage assignment order is to satisfy a duty of spousal maintenance, to the addressee specified in the 33 34 <u>assignment</u> at each regular pay interval.

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- 1 (3) The employer shall continue to withhold the ordered amounts 2 from nonexempt earnings <u>or remuneration</u> of the obligor until notified 3 by:
- 4 (a) The court that the wage assignment has been modified or 5 terminated;
- (b) The Washington state support registry or oblique that the 6 7 accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt has been paid, 8 provided the wage assignment order contains the language set forth 9 under RCW 26.18.100($(\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)})$) (3)(b). The employer shall promptly 10 notify the Washington state support registry when the employee is no 11 longer employed. If the employer no longer employs the employee, the wage assignment order shall remain in effect for one year after the 12 13 employee has left the employment or the employer has been in possession of any earnings or remuneration owed to the employee, whichever is 14 15 <u>later</u>. The employer shall continue to hold the wage assignment order 16 during that ((one-year)) period. If the employee returns to the employer's employment during the one-year period the employer shall 17 immediately begin to withhold the employee's earnings or remuneration 18 19 according to the terms of the wage assignment order. If the employee 20 has not returned within one year, the wage assignment shall cease to have effect at the expiration of the one-year period, unless the 21 22 employer continues to owe remuneration for employment to the obligor; 23 or
- (c) The court that has entered an order delaying, modifying, or terminating the wage assignment order and has approved an alternate payment plan as provided in RCW 26.23.050(2).
 - (4) The employer may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the employee's earnings after withholding under the wage assignment order, even if the remainder is exempt under RCW 26.18.090. The processing fee may not exceed (a) ten dollars for the first disbursement made by the employer to the Washington state support registry; and (b) one dollar for each subsequent disbursement to the clerk.
- 34 (5) An order for wage assignment for support <u>or spousal maintenance</u> 35 entered under this chapter shall have priority over any other wage 36 assignment or garnishment, except for another wage assignment or 37 garnishment for child support <u>or spousal maintenance</u>, or order to 38 withhold and deliver under chapter 74.20A RCW.

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- 1 (6) An employer who fails to withhold earnings as required by a 2 wage assignment issued under this chapter may be held liable to the 3 obligee for one hundred percent of the support or spousal maintenance 4 debt, or the amount of support or spousal maintenance moneys that 5 should have been withheld from the employee's earnings whichever is the 6 lesser amount, if the employer:
- 7 (a) Fails or refuses, after being served with a wage assignment 8 order, to deduct and promptly remit from the unpaid earnings the 9 amounts of money required in the order;
- 10 (b) Fails or refuses to submit an answer to the notice of wage 11 assignment after being served; or
- 12 (c) Is unwilling to comply with the other requirements of this 13 section.
- Liability may be established in superior court. Awards in superior court shall include costs, interest under RCW 19.52.020 and 4.56.110, and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- 17 (7) No employer who complies with a wage assignment issued under 18 this chapter may be liable to the employee for wrongful withholding.
- 19 (8) No employer may discharge, discipline, or refuse to hire an 20 employee because of the entry or service of a wage assignment issued and executed under this chapter. If an employer discharges, 21 disciplines, or refuses to hire an employee in violation of this 22 section, the employee or person shall have a cause of action against 23 24 the employer. The employer shall be liable for double the amount of 25 damages suffered as a result of the violation and for costs and 26 reasonable attorneys' fees, and shall be subject to a civil penalty of 27 not more than two thousand five hundred dollars for each violation. 28 The employer may also be ordered to hire, rehire, or reinstate the 29 aggrieved individual.
- (9) For wage assignments payable to the Washington state support registry, an employer may combine amounts withheld from various employees into a single payment to the Washington state support registry, if the payment includes a listing of the amounts attributable to each employee and other information as required by the registry.
- 35 (10) An employer shall deliver a copy of the wage assignment order 36 to the obligor as soon as is reasonably possible.
- 37 **Sec. 10.** RCW 26.18.120 and 1984 c 260 s 12 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

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1 2	The answer of the employer shall be made on forms, served on the employer with the wage assignment order, substantially as follows:
3 4 5	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF
6 7	No
8 9 10	vs. ANSWER TO WAGE Obligor ASSIGNMENT ORDER
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	1. At the time of the service of the wage assignment order on the employer, was the above-named obligor employed by or receiving earnings or other remuneration for employment from the employer? Yes No (check one). 2. Are there any other attachments for child support or spousal maintenance currently in effect against the obligor? Yes No (check one). 3. If the answer to question one is yes and the employer cannot comply with the wage assignment order, provide an explanation:
22 23 24 25	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the foregoing is true and correct.
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27 28 29	Signature of person Address for future notice answering for employer to employer
30 31	Connection with employer

- 1 **Sec. 11.** RCW 26.18.140 and 1991 c 367 s 22 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, in a 4 hearing to quash, modify, or terminate the wage assignment order, the 5 court may grant relief only upon a showing that the wage assignment order causes extreme hardship or substantial injustice. Satisfaction 6 7 by the obligor of all past due payments subsequent to the issuance of 8 the wage assignment order is not grounds to quash, modify, or terminate 9 the wage assignment order. If a wage assignment order has been in 10 operation for twelve consecutive months and the obligor's support or spousal maintenance obligation is current, the court may terminate the 11 12 order upon motion of the obligor unless the obligee can show good cause 13 as to why the wage assignment order should remain in effect.
- 14 (2) The court may enter an order delaying, modifying, or 15 terminating the wage assignment order and order the obligor to make 16 payments directly to the obligee if the court approves an alternate 17 payment plan as provided in RCW 26.23.050(2).
- 18 **Sec. 12.** RCW 26.18.150 and 1984 c 260 s 15 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
- (1) In any action to enforce a support or spousal maintenance order 20 under Title 26 RCW, the court may, in its discretion, order a parent 21 obligated to pay support for a minor child or person owing a duty of 22 23 spousal maintenance to post a bond or other security with the court. 24 The bond or other security shall be in the amount of support or spousal 25 maintenance due for a two-year period. The bond or other security is subject to approval by the court. The bond shall include the name and 26 27 address of the issuer. If the bond is canceled, any person issuing a bond under this section shall notify the court and the person entitled 28 29 to receive payment under the order.
 - (2) If the ((parent obligated to pay support)) obligor fails to make payments as required under the court order, the person entitled to receive payment may recover on the bond or other security in the existing proceeding. The court may, after notice and hearing, increase the amount of the bond or other security. Failure to comply with the court's order to obtain and maintain a bond or other security may be treated as contempt of court.

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- 1 **Sec. 13.** RCW 26.18.160 and 1984 c 260 s 25 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- In any action to enforce a support <u>or maintenance</u> order under this chapter, the prevailing party is entitled to a recovery of costs,
- 5 including an award for reasonable attorney fees. An obligor may not be
- 6 considered a prevailing party under this section unless the obligee has
- 7 acted in bad faith in connection with the proceeding in question.
- 8 **Sec. 14.** RCW 26.18.170 and 1989 c 416 s 5 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- (1) Whenever an obligor parent who has been ordered to provide health insurance coverage for a dependent child fails to provide such coverage or lets it lapse, the department or the obligee may seek enforcement of the coverage order as provided under this section.
- 14 (2)(a) If the obligor parent's order to provide health insurance 15 coverage contains language notifying the obligor that failure to provide such coverage may result in direct enforcement of the order and 16 orders payments through, or has been submitted to, the Washington state 17 18 support registry for enforcement, then the department may, without 19 further notice to the obligor, send a notice of enrollment to the 20 obligor's employer or union by certified mail, return receipt 21 requested.
- The notice shall require the employer or union to enroll the child in the health insurance plan as provided in subsection (3) of this section.
- 25 (b) If the obligor parent's order to provide health insurance 26 coverage does not order payments through, and has not been submitted 27 to, the Washington state support registry for enforcement:
- (i) The obligee may, without further notice to the obligor send a certified copy of the order requiring health insurance coverage to the obligor's employer or union by certified mail, return receipt requested; and
- (ii) The obligee shall attach a notarized statement to the order declaring that the order is the latest order addressing coverage entered by the court and require the employer or union to enroll the child in the health insurance plan as provided in subsection (3) of this section.
- 37 (3) Upon receipt of an order that provides for health insurance 38 coverage, or a notice of enrollment:

- 1 (a) The obligor's employer or union shall answer the party who sent 2 the order or notice within thirty-five days and confirm that the child:
 - (i) Has been enrolled in the health insurance plan;

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- 4 (ii) Will be enrolled in the next open enrollment period; or
- 5 (iii) Cannot be covered, stating the reasons why such coverage 6 cannot be provided;
- 7 (b) The employer or union shall withhold any required premium from 8 the obligor's income or wages;
- 9 (c) If more than one plan is offered by the employer or union, and 10 each plan may be extended to cover the child, then the child shall be 11 enrolled in the obligor's plan. If the obligor's plan does not provide 12 coverage which is accessible to the child, the child shall be enrolled 13 in the least expensive plan otherwise available to the obligor parent;
 - (d) The employer or union shall provide information about the name of the health insurance coverage provider or insurer and the extent of coverage available to the obligee or the department and shall make available any necessary claim forms or enrollment membership cards.
 - (4) If the order for coverage contains no language notifying the obligor that failure to provide health insurance coverage may result in direct enforcement of the order, the department or the obligee may serve a written notice of intent to enforce the order on the obligor by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service. If the obligor fails to provide written proof that such coverage has been obtained or applied for within twenty days of service of the notice, or within twenty days of coverage becoming available the department or the obligee may proceed to enforce the order directly as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
 - (5) If the obligor ordered to provide health insurance coverage elects to provide coverage that will not be accessible to the child because of geographic or other limitations when accessible coverage is otherwise available, the department or the obligee may serve a written notice of intent to purchase health insurance coverage on the obligor by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall also specify the type and cost of coverage.
- 35 (6) If the department serves a notice under subsection (5) of this 36 section the obligor shall, within twenty days of the date of service:
 - (a) File an application for an adjudicative proceeding; or
- 38 (b) Provide written proof to the department that the obligor has 39 either applied for, or obtained, coverage accessible to the child.

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(7) If the obligee serves a notice under subsection (5) of this section, within twenty days of the date of service the obligor shall provide written proof to the obligee that the obligor has either applied for, or obtained, coverage accessible to the child.

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- (8) If the obligor fails to respond to a notice served under subsection (5) of this section to the party who served the notice, the party who served the notice may purchase the health insurance coverage specified in the notice directly. The amount of the monthly premium shall be added to the support debt and be collectible without further notice. The amount of the monthly premium may be collected or accrued until the obligor provides proof of the required coverage.
- (9) The signature of the obligee or of a department employee shall 12 13 be a valid authorization to the coverage provider or insurer for purposes of processing a payment to the child's health services 14 15 provider. An order for health insurance coverage shall operate as an 16 assignment of all benefit rights to the obligee or to the child's 17 health services provider, and in any claim against the coverage provider or insurer, the obligee or the obligee's assignee shall be 18 19 subrogated to the rights of the obligor. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section regarding assignment of benefits, this 20 section shall not require a health care service contractor authorized 21 under chapter 48.44 RCW or a health maintenance organization authorized 22 under chapter 48.46 RCW to deviate from their contractual provisions 23 24 and restrictions regarding reimbursement for covered services. 25 coverage is terminated, the employer shall mail a notice of termination 26 to the department or the obligee at the obligee's last known address 27 within thirty days of the termination date.
- 28 (10) This section shall not be construed to limit the right of the 29 obligor or the obligee to bring an action in superior court at any time 30 to enforce, modify, or clarify the original support order.
- 31 (11) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a health 32 maintenance organization, or health care service contractor, to extend 33 coverage to a child who resides outside its service area.
- (12) If an obligor fails to pay his or her portion of any deductible required under the health insurance coverage or fails to pay his or her portion of medical expenses incurred in excess of the coverage provided under the plan, the department or the obligee may enforce collection of the obligor's portion of the deductible or the additional medical expenses through a wage assignment order. The

- 1 amount of the deductible or additional medical expenses shall be added
- 2 to the support debt and be collectible without further notice if the
- 3 <u>obligor's share of the amount of the deductible or additional expenses</u>
- 4 <u>is reduced to a sum certain in a court order.</u>

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