H-3393.1	

HOUSE BILL 2475

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

By Representatives Thibaudeau, Chappell, Johanson, Rayburn and Conway

Read first time 01/17/94. Referred to Committee on Corrections.

Read IIrst time 01/17/94. Referred to Committee on Corrections

- AN ACT Relating to juvenile dispositions; amending RCW 13.40.020,
- 2 13.40.160, 13.40.200, and 13.40.0357; and prescribing penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.40.020 and 1993 c 373 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 For the purposes of this chapter:
- 7 (1) "Serious offender" means a person ((fifteen years of age or
- 8 older)) who has committed an offense which if committed by an adult
- 9 would be:
- 10 (a) A class A felony, or an attempt to commit a class A felony;
- 11 (b) Manslaughter in the first degree; or
- 12 (c) Assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree,
- 13 child molestation in the <u>first or</u> second degree, kidnapping in the
- 14 second degree, robbery in the second degree, residential burglary, or
- 15 burglary in the second degree, where such offenses include the
- 16 infliction of bodily harm upon another or where during the commission
- 17 of or immediate withdrawal from such an offense the perpetrator is
- 18 armed with a deadly weapon or firearm as defined in RCW 9A.04.110;

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- 1 (2) "Community service" means compulsory service, without 2 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 3 offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community service 4 may be performed through public or private organizations or through 5 work crews;
 - (3) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department. A community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to one year for other offenses. Community supervision is an individualized program comprised of one or more of the following:
- 12 (a) Community-based sanctions;

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- (b) Community-based rehabilitation;
- (c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;
- 15 (4) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the 16 following:
 - (a) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars;
- 18 (b) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of 19 service;
 - (5) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the following: Attendance of information classes; counseling, outpatient substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient mental health programs, anger management classes, or other services; or attendance at school or other educational programs appropriate for the juvenile as determined by the school district. Placement in community-based rehabilitation programs is subject to available funds;
- 27 (6) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of the following: Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work, 28 29 court-ordered treatment programs during specified hours; 30 restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas; requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to 31 remain under the probation officer's supervision; and other conditions 32 33 or limitations as the court may require which may not include 34 confinement;
- 35 (7) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of 36 social and health services in a facility operated by or pursuant to a 37 contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention facility 38 operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county. The county may 39 operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention

- 1 facilities. The department may operate or contract to operate
- 2 detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department.
- 3 Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than thirty-one days
- 4 imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served
- 5 consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court and may
- 6 be served in a detention group home, detention foster home, or with
- 7 electronic monitoring. Detention group homes and detention foster
- 8 homes used for confinement shall not also be used for the placement of
- 9 dependent children. Confinement in detention group homes and detention
- 10 foster homes and electronic monitoring are subject to available funds;
- 11 (8) "Court", when used without further qualification, means the 12 juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);
- 13 (9) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against the 14 respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current offense:
- 15 (a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent 16 is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of 17 conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an 18 offense for the purposes of this chapter; or
- 19 (b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to 20 the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after 21 an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be 22 considered as part of the respondent's criminal history;
- 23 (10) "Department" means the department of social and health 24 services;
- 25 (11) "Detention facility" means a county facility for the physical 26 confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an 27 adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order;
- 28 (12) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into 29 a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other 30 person or entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom 31 the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise such agreements pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person or 32 entity specially funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise 33 34 diversion agreements in accordance with the requirements of this 35 chapter;
- 36 (13) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuant 37 to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;

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- 1 (14) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is 2 under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not been 3 previously transferred to adult court;
- 4 (15) "Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by 5 the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person 6 eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been extended 7 under RCW 13.40.300;
- 8 (16) "Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either 9 impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a serious, 10 and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this chapter;
- 11 (17) "Middle offender" means a person who has committed an offense 12 and who is neither a minor or first offender nor a serious offender;
- (18) "Minor or first offender" means a person ((sixteen years of age or younger)) whose current offense(s) and criminal history fall entirely within one of the following categories:
- 16 (a) Four misdemeanors;
- 17 (b) Two misdemeanors and one gross misdemeanor;
- 18 (c) One misdemeanor and two gross misdemeanors;
- 19 (d) Three gross misdemeanors;
- 20 (e) One class C felony except manslaughter in the second degree and 21 one misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor;
- (f) One class B felony except: Any felony which constitutes an attempt to commit a class A felony; manslaughter in the first degree; assault in the second degree; extortion in the first degree; indecent liberties; kidnapping in the second degree; robbery in the second degree; burglary in the second degree; residential burglary; vehicular homicide; or arson in the second degree.
- For purposes of this definition, current violations shall be counted as misdemeanors;
- (19) "Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law, or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state;
- 34 (20) "Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to have 35 committed an offense;
- 36 (21) "Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the offender to 37 the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable damages for 38 injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical 39 treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting from

- l physical injury, and costs of the victim's counseling reasonably
- 2 related to the offense if the offense is a sex offense. Restitution
- 3 shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain
- 4 and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter
- 5 shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the
- 6 victim or offender;
- 7 (22) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social
- 8 and health services;
- 9 (23) "Services" mean services which provide alternatives to
- 10 incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been adjudicated
- 11 guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement pursuant to
- 12 this chapter;
- 13 (24) "Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex offense in RCW
- 14 9.94A.030;
- 15 (25) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which
- 16 the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of his or her
- 17 sexual gratification;
- 18 (26) "Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster family
- 19 home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and licensed by
- 20 the department, or other legally authorized care;
- 21 (27) "Violation" means an act or omission, which if committed by an
- 22 adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is punishable by
- 23 sanctions which do not include incarceration.
- 24 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.40.160 and 1992 c 45 s 6 are each amended to read
- 25 as follows:
- 26 (1) When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the
- 27 court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard
- 28 range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of
- 29 schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsection (5) of
- 30 this section.
- If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that
- 32 disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest
- 33 injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard
- 34 range, as indicated in option B of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357. The
- 35 court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and
- 36 convincing evidence.
- 37 A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and
- 38 shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a

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combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and 1 imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court 2 shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of 3 4 RCW 13.40.030(2), as now or hereafter amended, shall be used to 5 determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230, as now or hereafter amended, by the 6 7 state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is 8 not appealable under RCW 13.40.230 as now or hereafter amended.

(2) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsection (5) of this section. the court determines that a disposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of 19 community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2), as now or hereafter amended, shall be used to determine the range. The court's 24 finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

Except for disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, a disposition may be appealed as provided in RCW 13.40.230, as now or hereafter amended, by the state or the respondent. A disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may not be appealed under RCW 13.40.230 as now or hereafter amended.

- (3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW 13.40.080(2) as now or hereafter amended.
 - (4) If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:
- (a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the 38 standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of 39

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- schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsection (5) of this section: PROVIDED, That if the standard range includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement; or
- 5 (b) The court shall impose a determinate disposition of community 6 supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in 7 option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement 8 has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or 9 mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150 as now or hereafter 10 amended.
- (c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4)(a) or (b) of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2), as now or hereafter amended, shall be used to determine the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.
- (d) A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section is appealable under RCW 13.40.230, as now or hereafter amended, by the state or the respondent. A disposition pursuant to subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230 as now or hereafter amended.

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- (5) When a serious, middle, or minor first offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.
- The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent's social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.
- The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

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- 1 (a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and 2 therapist;
- 3 (ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 4 description of planned treatment modalities;
- 5 (iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living 6 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, 7 legal guardians, or others;
 - (iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and
- 9 (v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

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The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section. If the court determines that this special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range for the offense, and the court may suspend the execution of the disposition and place the offender on community supervision for up to two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions, including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following:

- 29 (b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or 30 occupation;
- (ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to 31 two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the 32 standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental 33 34 health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an 35 appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or 36 37 treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers 38

without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation
counselor object to the change;

- 3 (iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 4 the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the 5 offender's address, educational program, or employment;
- 6 (iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to 7 any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall 8 have prior approval by the court;
 - (v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;
- 10 (vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform 11 community service, or any combination thereof; or
- 12 (vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling 13 reasonably related to the offense.
- The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent's progress in treatment to the court and the parties.
- 16 The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum
- 17 the following: Dates of attendance, respondent's compliance with
- 18 requirements, treatment activities, the respondent's relative progress
- 19 in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time
- 20 of the disposition.

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- At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.
- 23 Except as provided in this subsection (5), after July 1, 1991,
- 24 examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall
- 25 only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the
- 26 department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender
- 27 therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to
- 28 this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of
- 29 health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The
- 30 offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another
- 31 state for reasons other than circumventing the certification
- 32 requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment
- 33 within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and
- 34 (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (5)
- 35 and the rules adopted by the department of health.
- If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the 37 court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory
- 38 progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order
- 39 execution of the ((sentence)) disposition. In addition, the court may

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impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. The penalty imposed for violating conditions of the disposition shall run consecutively with the period of confinement imposed under the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

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For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim" may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

- 12 (6) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time 13 spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional 14 order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time 15 served.
- (7) Except as provided for in subsection (5) of this section and RCW 13.40.0357 concerning option B for middle offenders, the court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of the disposition.
- 20 (8) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the 22 same offense.
- 23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 13.40.200 and 1986 c 288 s 5 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
- (1) When a respondent fails to comply with an order of restitution, community supervision, penalty assessments, or confinement of less than thirty days, the court upon motion of the prosecutor or its own motion, may modify the order after a hearing on the violation.
- 29 (2) The hearing shall afford the respondent the same due process of 30 law as would be afforded an adult probationer. The court may issue a summons or a warrant to compel the respondent's appearance. The state 31 32 shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the 33 fact of the violation. The respondent shall have the burden of showing 34 that the violation was not a wilful refusal to comply with the terms of the order. If a respondent has failed to pay a fine, penalty 35 36 assessments, or restitution or to perform community service hours, as required by the court, it shall be the respondent's burden to show that 37 he or she did not have the means and could not reasonably have acquired 38

1 the means to pay the fine, penalty assessments, or restitution or 2 perform community service.

- 3 (3)(a) If the court finds that a respondent has wilfully violated 4 the terms of an order pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this 5 section, it may impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement or other conditions of community supervision the court considers 6 7 appropriate. Penalties for multiple violations occurring prior to the 8 hearing shall not be aggregated to exceed thirty days' confinement. 9 Regardless of the number of times a respondent is brought to court for 10 violations of the terms of a single disposition order, the combined total number of days spent by the respondent in detention shall never 11 exceed the maximum term to which an adult could be sentenced for the 12 13 underlying offense.
- (b) If the violation of the terms of the order under (a) of this subsection is failure to pay fines, penalty assessments, complete community service, or make restitution, the term of confinement imposed under (a) of this subsection shall be assessed at a rate of one day of confinement for each twenty-five dollars or eight hours owed.
 - (4) If a respondent has been ordered to pay a fine or monetary penalty and due to a change of circumstance cannot reasonably comply with the order, the court, upon motion of the respondent, may order that the unpaid fine or monetary penalty be converted to community service. The number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty or fine shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour. The monetary penalties or fines collected shall be deposited in the county general fund. A failure to comply with an order under this subsection shall be deemed a failure to comply with an order of community supervision and may be proceeded against as provided in this section.
- 30 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.40.0357 and 1989 c 407 s 7 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

32 SCHEDULE A
33 DESCRIPTION AND OFFENSE CATEGORY

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JUVENILE

JUVENILE

DISPOSITION

OFFENSE

DISPOSITION

CATEGORY FOR ATTEMPT,

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1		DESCRIPTION (RCW CITATION)	
2			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3		Arson and Malicious Mischief	
4	А	Arson 1 (9A.48.020)	B+
5	В	Arson 2 (9A.48.030)	С
6	С	Reckless Burning 1 (9A.48.040)	D
7	D	Reckless Burning 2 (9A.48.050)	E
8	В	Malicious Mischief 1 (9A.48.070)	С
9	С	Malicious Mischief 2 (9A.48.080)	D
10	D	Malicious Mischief 3 (<\$50 is	
11		E class) (9A.48.090)	E
12	E	Tampering with Fire Alarm	
13		Apparatus (9.40.100)	E
14	А	Possession of Incendiary Device	
15		(9.40.120)	B+
16		Assault and Other Crimes	
17		Involving Physical Harm	
18	A	Assault 1 (9A.36.011)	B+
19	B+	Assault 2 (9A.36.021)	C+
20	C+	Assault 3 (9A.36.031)	D+
21	D+	Assault 4 (9A.36.041)	E
22	D+	Reckless Endangerment	
23		(9A.36.050)	E
24	C+	Promoting Suicide Attempt	
25		(9A.36.060)	D+
26	D+	Coercion (9A.36.070)	E
27	C+	Custodial Assault (9A.36.100)	D+
28		Burglary and Trespass	
29	B+	Burglary 1 (9A.52.020)	C+
30	В	Burglary 2 (9A.52.030)	C
31	D	Burglary Tools (Possession of)	
32		(9A.52.060)	E
33	D	Criminal Trespass 1 (9A.52.070)	E
34	E	Criminal Trespass 2 (9A.52.080)	E
35	D	Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)	E

1		Drugs	
2	E	Possession/Consumption of Alcohol	
3		(66.44.270)	E
4	С	Illegally Obtaining Legend Drug	
5		(69.41.020)	D
6	C+	Sale, Delivery, Possession of Legend	
7		Drug with Intent to Sell	
8		(69.41.030)	D+
9	E	Possession of Legend Drug	
10		(69.41.030)	E
11	B+	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
12		Substances Act - Narcotic Sale	
13		(69.50.401(a)(1)(i))	B+
14	С	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
15		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Sale	
16		(69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))	С
17	E	Possession of Marihuana <40 grams	
18		(69.50.401(e))	E
19	C	Fraudulently Obtaining Controlled	
20		Substance (69.50.403)	С
21	C+	Sale of Controlled Substance	
22		for Profit (69.50.410)	C+
23	E	((Glue Sniffing (9.47A.050)))	E
24		Unlawful Inhalation (9.47A.020)	
25	В	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
26		Substances Act - Narcotic	
27		Counterfeit Substances	
28		(69.50.401(b)(1)(i))	В
29	С	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
30		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic	
31		Counterfeit Substances	
32		(69.50.401(b)(1) (ii), (iii), (iv))	С
33	С	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
34		Substances Act - Possession of a	
35		Controlled Substance	
36		(69.50.401(d))	С
37	С	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
38		Substances Act - Possession of a	

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1		Controlled Substance	
2		(69.50.401(c))	С
3		Firearms and Weapons	
4	((C+	Committing Crime when Armed	
5		(9.41.025)	—— D+))
6	E	Carrying Loaded Pistol Without	
7		Permit (9.41.050)	E
8	E	Use of Firearms by Minor (<14)	
9		(9.41.240)	E
10	D+	Possession of Dangerous Weapon	
11		(9.41.250)	E
12	D	Intimidating Another Person by use	
13		of Weapon (9.41.270)	E
14		Homicide	
15	A+	Murder 1 (9A.32.030)	A
16	A+	Murder 2 (9A.32.050)	B+
17	B+	Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060)	C+
18	C+	Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070)	D+
19	B+	Vehicular Homicide (46.61.520)	C+
20		Kidnapping	
21	A	Kidnap 1 (9A.40.020)	B+
22	B+	Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030)	C+
23	C+	Unlawful Imprisonment	
24		(9A.40.040)	D+
25	((D	Custodial Interference	
26		(9A.40.050)	E))
27		Obstructing Governmental Operation	
28	E	Obstructing a Public Servant	
29		(9A.76.020)	E
30	E	Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040)	E
31	В	Introducing Contraband 1	
32		(9A.76.140)	С
33	С	Introducing Contraband 2	
34		(9A.76.150)	D

1	E	Introducing Contraband 3	
2		(9A.76.160)	E
3	B+	Intimidating a Public Servant	
4		(9A.76.180)	C+
5	B+	Intimidating a Witness	
6		(9A.72.110)	C+
7	((E	Criminal Contempt	
8		(9.23.010)	- E))
9		Public Disturbance	
10	C+	Riot with Weapon (9A.84.010)	D+
11	D+	Riot Without Weapon	
12		(9A.84.010)	E
13	E	Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020)	E
14	E	Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030)	E
15		Sex Crimes	
16	A	Rape 1 (9A.44.040)	B+
17	A-	Rape 2 (9A.44.050)	B+
18	C+	Rape 3 (9A.44.060)	D+
19	A-	Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073)	B+
20	В	Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076)	C+
21	В	Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1))	C
22	С	Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2))	D
23	D+	((Public Indecency)) <u>Indecent Exposure</u>	
24		(Victim <14) (9A.88.010)	E
25	E	((Public Indecency))	
26		(Victim 14 or over) (9A.88.010)	E
27	B+	Promoting Prostitution 1	
28		(9A.88.070)	C+
29	C+	Promoting Prostitution 2	
30		(9A.88.080)	D+
31	E	O & A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030)	E
32	B+	Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100)	C+
33	B+	Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083)	C+
34	C+	Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086)	С
35		Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Forgery	
36	В	Theft 1 (9A.56.030)	С

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1	С	Theft 2 (9A.56.040)	D
2	D	Theft 3 (9A.56.050)	E
3	В	Theft of Livestock (9A.56.080)	С
4	С	Forgery (((9A.56.020))) <u>(9A.60.020)</u>	D
5	A	Robbery 1 (9A.56.200)	B+
6	B+	Robbery 2 (9A.56.210)	C+
7	B+	Extortion 1 (9A.56.120)	C+
8	C+	Extortion 2 (9A.56.130)	D+
9	В	Possession of Stolen Property 1	
10		(9A.56.150)	С
11	С	Possession of Stolen Property 2	
12		(9A.56.160)	D
13	D	Possession of Stolen Property 3	
14		(9A.56.170)	E
15	C	Taking Motor Vehicle Without	
16		Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)	D
17		Motor Vehicle Related Crimes	
18	E	Driving Without a License	
19		(46.20.021)	E
20	C	Hit and Run - Injury	
21		(46.52.020(4))	D
22	D	Hit and Run-Attended	
23		(46.52.020(5))	E
24	E	Hit and Run-Unattended	
25		(46.52.010)	E
26	С	Vehicular Assault (46.61.522)	D
27	С	Attempting to Elude Pursuing	
28		Police Vehicle (46.61.024)	D
29	E	Reckless Driving (46.61.500)	E
30	D	Driving While Under the Influence	
31		(46.61.515)	E
32	((B+	Negligent Homicide by Motor	
33		Vehicle (46.61.520)	C+))
34	D	Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)	E
35	С	Taking Motor Vehicle Without	
36		Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)	D

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1		Other	
2	В	Bomb Threat (9.61.160)	С
3	С	Escape 1 (9A.76.110)	С
4	С	Escape 2 (9A.76.120)	С
5	D	Escape 3 (9A.76.130)	E
6	C	Failure to Appear in Court	
7		(10.19.130)	D
8	((E	Tampering with Fire Alarm	
9		Apparatus (9.40.100)	_ E))
10	E	Obscene, Harassing, Etc.,	
11		Phone Calls (9.61.230)	E
12	A	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
13		Adult Class A Felony	B+
14	В	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
15		Adult Class B Felony	С
16	C	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
17		Adult Class C Felony	D
18	D	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
19		Adult Gross Misdemeanor	E
20	E	Other Offense Equivalent to an	
21		Adult Misdemeanor	E
22	V	Violation of Order of Restitution,	
23		Community Supervision, or	
24		Confinement 2(13.40.200)	V

25 Escape 1 and 2 and Attempted Escape 1 and 2 are classed as C offenses 26 and the standard range is established as follows:

- 1st escape or attempted escape during 12-month period 4 weeks confinement
- 29 2nd escape or attempted escape during 12-month period 8 weeks 30 confinement
- 31 3rd and subsequent escape or attempted escape during 12-month 32 period - 12 weeks confinement
- 33 If the court finds that a respondent has violated terms of an order, 34 it may impose a penalty of up to 30 days of confinement.

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1 SCHEDULE B

2 PRIOR OFFENSE INCREASE FACTOR

For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 4 1989.

5 TIME SPAN

6	OFFENSE	0-12	13-24	25 Months
7	CATEGORY	Months	Months	or More
8				
9	A+	.9	.9	.9
10	А	.9	.8	.6
11	A-	.9	.8	.5
12	B+	.9	.7	. 4
13	В	.9	.6	.3
14	C+	.6	.3	.2
15	C	.5	.2	.2
16	D+	.3	.2	.1
17	D	.2	.1	.1
18	E	.1	.1	.1

19 Prior history - Any offense in which a diversion agreement or counsel

23 SCHEDULE C
24 CURRENT OFFENSE POINTS

For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 26 1989.

²⁰ and release form was signed, or any offense which has been adjudicated

²¹ by court to be correct prior to the commission of the current

²² offense(s).

1 AGE

2	OFFENSE	12 &					
3	CATEGORY	Under	13	14	15	16	17
4							
5	A+	SI	ANDARD	RANGE	180-224	WEEKS	
6	A	250	300	350	375	375	375
7	A-	150	150	150	200	200	200
8	B+	110	110	120	130	140	150
9	В	45	45	50	50	57	57
10	C+	44	44	49	49	55	55
11	С	40	40	45	45	50	50
12	D+	16	18	20	22	24	26
13	D	14	16	18	20	22	24
14	E	4	4	4	6	8	10

15 JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS

16 SCHEDULE D-1

- 17 This schedule may only be used for minor/first offenders. After the
- 18 determination is made that a youth is a minor/first offender, the court
- 19 has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C.

20 MINOR/FIRST OFFENDER

21 OPTION A 22 STANDARD RANGE

23			Community	
24		Community	Service	
25	Points	Supervision	Hours	Fine
26	1-9	0-3 months	and/or $0-8$	and/or 0-\$10
27	10-19	0-3 months	and/or $0-8$	and/or 0-\$10
28	20-29	0-3 months	and/or $0-16$	and/or 0-\$10
29	30-39	0-3 months	and/or 8-24	and/or 0-\$25
30	40-49	3-6 months	and/or 16-32	and/or 0-\$25
31	50-59	3-6 months	and/or 24-40	and/or 0-\$25

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1	60-69	6-9 months	an	nd/or	32-48	and/or 0-\$50
2	70-79	6-9 months			40-55	and/or 0-\$50
3	80-89	9-12 months			48-64	and/or 10-\$100
4	90-109	9-12 months			56-72	and/or 10-\$100
5			OR			
6		C	OPTION B			
7			JTORY OPTION			
8	0-12 Months Com	munity Supervisi	on			
9	0-150 Hours Com	munity Service				
10	0-100 Fine					
11		nity supervision		imum	of 150	hours, \$100.00
12	fine, and 12 mo	nths supervision	•			
13			OR			
13			OK			
14	OPTION C					
15		MANIFE	EST INJUSTICE	E		
16	When a term of	f community supe	ervision wou	ıld e	effectua	te a manifest
17	injustice, another disposition may be imposed. When a judge imposes a					
18	sentence of con	finement exceedin	ng 30 days, tl	he co	urt shal	ll sentence the
19	juvenile to a ma	aximum term and th	he provisions	s of	RCW ((13	3.40.030(5), as
20	now or hereafte:	$r = \frac{13.4}{1}$	0.030(2) sha	ill be	used to	determine the
21	range.					
22		TINTENITI E CE		זכו ע כונע	o.C	
23			NTENCING STA HEDULE D-2	MDARI	05	
43		SCE				
24	This schedule	may only be use	ed for midd:	le o	ffenders	s. After the
25		s made that a you				
26		to select senten				

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If the middle offender has less than 110 points, the court may impose 1 a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to 30 days 2 confinement; in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court 3 4 shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150((, as now or hereafter amended)). If the middle offender 5 has more than 110 points, the court may impose a disposition under 6 7 option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the 8 offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender fails to comply 9 with the terms of community supervision the court may impose sanctions 10 pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspended disposition and 11 order execution of the sentence. If the court imposes confinement 12 under this option B, the court shall state either aggravating or 13 mitigating factors set forth in RCW 13.40.150. 14

15 OR 16 17 OPTION C

18 MANIFEST INJUSTICE

19 If the court determines that a disposition under A or B would 20 effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile 21 to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW ((13.40.030(5), as now or 22 hereafter amended,)) 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS

24 SCHEDULE D-3

25 This schedule may only be used for serious offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a serious offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A or B.

1	SERIOUS OFFENDER					
2		OPTION A				
3		STANDARD RANGE				
4	Points	Institution Time				
5	0-129	8-12 weeks				
6	130-149	13-16 weeks				
7	150-199	21-28 weeks				
8	200-249	30-40 weeks				
9	250-299	52-65 weeks				
10	300-374	80-100 weeks				
11	375+	103-129 weeks				
12	All A+					
13	Offenses	180-224 weeks				
14		OR				
15						
16		OPTION B				
17		MANIFEST INJUSTICE				

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determined and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW ((13.40.030(5), as now or hereafter amended,)) 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

--- END ---

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