H-3407.1			

HOUSE BILL 2543

State of Washington 1994 Regular Session 53rd Legislature

By Representatives Wang, R. Fisher, Long, Mielke and Wood Read first time 01/17/94. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to awards to persons found not guilty by reason of 2 self defense; and amending RCW 9A.16.110.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 Sec. 1. RCW 9A.16.110 and 1989 c 94 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) No person in the state shall be placed in legal jeopardy of any kind whatsoever for protecting by any reasonable means necessary, himself or herself, his or her family, or his or her real or personal 8 9 property, or for coming to the aid of another who is in imminent danger of or the victim of assault, robbery, kidnapping, arson, burglary,
- 10 rape, murder, or any other heinous crime. 11
- (2) When a substantial question of self-defense in such a case 12 13 shall exist which needs legal investigation or court action for the 14 full determination of the facts, and the defendant's actions are 15 subsequently found justified under the intent of this section, the state of Washington shall indemnify or reimburse such defendant for all 16 17 loss of time, legal fees, or other expenses involved in his or her This indemnification or reimbursement is an award of 18 19 reasonable costs which include loss of time, legal fees, or other

HB 2543 p. 1

expenses and is not an independent cause of action. The determination 1 of an award shall be by the judge or jury at the discretion of the 2 judge in the criminal proceeding. To award these reasonable costs the 3 4 trier of fact must find that the defendant's claim of self-defense was sustained by a preponderance of the evidence((: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, 5 That nothing shall preclude)). Notwithstanding a finding that a 6 7 defendant's actions were justified by self defense, no award may be 8 made under this section if the judge determines that the defendant was 9 engaged in criminal conduct substantially related to the events giving rise to the charges filed against the defendant. Nothing in this 10 section precludes the legislature from ((granting a higher award 11 12 through)) using the sundry claims process to grant an award where none was granted under this section or to grant a higher award than one 13 granted under this section. 14

- (3) Whenever the issue of self-defense under this section is decided by a judge or whenever a judge exercises the discretion authorized under subsection (2) of this section in determining an award, the judge shall consider the same questions as must be answered in the special verdict under subsection (4) of this section.
- 20 (4) Whenever the issue of self-defense under this section has been submitted to a jury, and the jury has found the defendant not guilty, 22 and the judge has submitted an award determination to the jury, the 23 court shall instruct the jury to return a special verdict in 24 substantially the following form:

25 answer 26 yes or no 27 1. Was the finding of not guilty based upon self-defense? 28 2. If your answer to question 1 is no, do not 29 30 answer the remaining question. 3. If your answer to question 1 is yes, was the 31 32 defendant: a. Protecting himself or herself? 33 b. Protecting his or her family? 34 c. Protecting his or her property? 35 d. Coming to the aid of another who was in imminent 36 37 danger of a heinous crime?

HB 2543 p. 2

15

16

17

18 19

1	e.	Coming	to	the	aid	of	another	who	was	the	victim				
2		of a he	eino	ous (crime	e?						•	•	•	•

--- END ---

p. 3 HB 2543