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## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2649

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State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

By House Committee on Environmental Affairs (originally sponsored by Representatives J. Kohl, Horn, Rust, L. Johnson, Linville, Foreman, Roland and Flemming)

Read first time 02/04/94.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to solid waste and recyclables; amending RCW
- 2 70.95.010 and 70.95.280; prescribing penalties; and declaring an
- 3 emergency.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.95.010 and 1989 c 431 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 The legislature finds:
- 8 (1) Continuing technological changes in methods of manufacture,
- 9 packaging, and marketing of consumer products, together with the
- 10 economic and population growth of this state, the rising affluence of
- 11 its citizens, and its expanding industrial activity have created new
- 12 and ever-mounting problems involving disposal of garbage, refuse, and
- 13 solid waste materials resulting from domestic, agricultural, and
- 14 industrial activities.
- 15 (2) Traditional methods of disposing of solid wastes in this state
- 16 are no longer adequate to meet the ever-increasing problem. Improper
- 17 methods and practices of handling and disposal of solid wastes pollute
- 18 our land, air and water resources, blight our countryside, adversely
- 19 affect land values, and damage the overall quality of our environment.

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1 (3) Considerations of natural resource limitations, energy 2 shortages, economics and the environment make necessary the development 3 and implementation of solid waste recovery and/or recycling plans and 4 programs.

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- (4) Waste reduction must become a fundamental strategy of solid waste management. It is therefore necessary to change manufacturing and purchasing practices and waste generation behaviors to reduce the amount of waste that becomes a governmental responsibility.
- 9 (5) Source separation of waste must become a fundamental strategy 10 of solid waste management. Collection and handling strategies should 11 have, as an ultimate goal, the source separation of all materials with 12 resource value or environmental hazard.
- 13 (6)(a) It is the responsibility of every person to minimize his or 14 her production of wastes and to separate recyclable or hazardous 15 materials from mixed waste.
- 16 (b) It is the responsibility of state, county, and city governments 17 to provide for a waste management infrastructure to fully implement waste reduction and source separation strategies and to process and 18 19 dispose of remaining wastes in a manner that is environmentally safe 20 and economically sound. It is further the responsibility of state, county, and city governments to monitor the cost-effectiveness and 21 environmental safety of combusting separated waste, processing mixed 22 23 waste, and recycling programs.
- (c) It is the responsibility of county and city governments to assume primary responsibility for solid waste management and to develop and implement aggressive and effective waste reduction and source separation strategies.
- (d) It is the responsibility of state government to ensure that 28 local governments are providing adequate source reduction and 29 30 separation opportunities and incentives to all, including persons in both rural and urban areas, and nonresidential waste generators such as 31 commercial, industrial, and institutional entities, recognizing the 32 33 need to provide flexibility to accommodate differing population densities, distances to and availability of recycling markets, and 34 35 collection and disposal costs in each community; and to provide county and city governments with adequate technical resources to accomplish 36 37 this responsibility.
- 38 (7) Environmental and economic considerations in solving the 39 state's solid waste management problems require((s)) strong

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- 1 consideration by local governments of regional solutions and 2 intergovernmental cooperation.
- 3 (8) The following priorities for the collection, handling, and 4 management of solid waste are necessary and should be followed in 5 descending order as applicable:
  - (a) Waste reduction;

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- 7 (b) Recycling, with source separation of recyclable materials as 8 the preferred method;
  - (c) Energy recovery, incineration, or landfill of separated waste;
- 10 (d) Energy recovery, incineration, or landfilling of mixed wastes.
- 11 (9) It is the state's goal to achieve a fifty percent recycling 12 rate by 1995.
- 13 (10) Steps should be taken to make recycling at least as affordable 14 and convenient to the ratepayer as mixed waste disposal.
- (11) It is necessary to compile and maintain adequate data on the types and quantities of solid waste <u>and recyclables</u> that are being generated <u>and collected</u> and to monitor how the various types of solid waste <u>and recyclables</u> are being managed. <u>The availability of timely and accurate information is critical to state and local efforts to plan and develop solid waste and recycling programs.</u>
- 21 (12) Vehicle batteries should be recycled and the disposal of 22 vehicle batteries into landfills or incinerators should be 23 discontinued.
- 24 (13) Excessive and nonrecyclable packaging of products should be 25 avoided.
- 26 (14) Comprehensive education should be conducted throughout the 27 state so that people are informed of the need to reduce, source 28 separate, and recycle solid waste.
- 29 (15) All governmental entities in the state should set an example 30 by implementing aggressive waste reduction and recycling programs at 31 their workplaces and by purchasing products that are made from recycled 32 materials and are recyclable.
- 33 (16) To ensure the safe and efficient operations of solid waste 34 disposal facilities, it is necessary for operators and regulators of 35 landfills and incinerators to receive training and certification.
- 36 (17) It is necessary to provide adequate funding to all levels of 37 government so that successful waste reduction and recycling programs 38 can be implemented.

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- 1 (18) The development of stable and expanding markets for recyclable 2 materials is critical to the long-term success of the state's recycling 3 goals. Market development must be encouraged on a state, regional, and 4 national basis to maximize its effectiveness. The state shall assume 5 primary responsibility for the development of a multifaceted market 6 development program to carry out the purposes of this act.
- 7 (19) There is an imperative need to anticipate, plan for, and 8 accomplish effective storage, control, recovery, and recycling of 9 discarded tires and other problem wastes with the subsequent 10 conservation of resources and energy.
- 11 **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.95.280 and 1989 c 431 s 13 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- (1) The department of ecology shall determine the best management 13 14 practices for categories of solid waste in accordance with the priority 15 solid waste management methods established in RCW 70.95.010. 16 this determination, the department shall conduct a make comprehensive solid waste stream analysis and evaluation. 17 Following 18 establishment of baseline data resulting from an initial in-depth analysis of the waste stream, the department shall develop a less 19 intensive method of monitoring the disposed waste stream including, but 20 21 not limited to, changes in the amount of waste generated and waste type. The department shall monitor curbside collection programs and 22 23 other waste segregation and disposal technologies to determine, to the 24 extent possible, the effectiveness of these programs in terms of cost and participation, their applicability to other locations, and their 25 implications regarding rules adopted under this chapter. 26
- 27 (2) Persons who collect solid waste or recyclables shall annually report to the department the types and quantities of solid waste or 28 29 recyclables that are collected and where ((it is)) they are delivered. 30 The department shall adopt guidelines for reporting and for keeping proprietary information confidential. All reports shall be completed 31 and received by the date specified by the department. The department 32 33 shall endeavor to minimize the amount of time necessary to fulfill the 34 reporting requirements. Upon request, the department shall provide technical assistance to a collector. The department shall provide each 35 late respondent a written notice informing the collector of the 36 37 following:
  - (a) The initial date the report is due;

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- 1 (b) The collector has thirty days to complete and submit the report 2 required under this section;
  - (c) That technical assistance is available; and

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- 4 <u>(d) The penalties for not submitting a complete report within</u> 5 thirty days.
- 6 (3) The department may, by agreement with a city or county,
  7 delegate authority to collect reports required by subsection (2) of
  8 this section to a city or county. A company shall not be required to
  9 complete and submit more than one report. A company that accepts
  10 recyclables from more than one county shall be required to report only
  11 to the department.
- 12 (4) It is a class 4 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for 13 a collector to violate the provisions of subsection (2) of this 14 section. Each day of violation is considered a separate infraction.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

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