## \_\_\_\_\_

## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2660

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Anderson and Reams; by request of Secretary of State) Read first time 02/04/94.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to corporations; and amending RCW 24.03.030,
- 2 24.03.070, 24.03.265, 23B.08.080, 24.06.095, 24.06.110, 24.06.245, and
- 3 24.06.300; and adding a new section to chapter 24.06 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 24.03.030 and 1986 c 240 s 4 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 A corporation subject to this chapter:
- 8 (1) Shall not have or issue shares of stock;
- 9 (2) Shall not make any disbursement of income to its members,
- 10 directors, or officers;
- 11 (3) Shall not loan money or credit to its officers or directors;
- 12 (4) May pay compensation in a reasonable amount to its members,
- 13 directors, or officers for services rendered;
- 14 (5) May confer benefits upon its members in conformity with its 15 purposes; ((and))
- 16 (6) That has the authority through its articles of incorporation
- 17 and bylaws to make and collect assessments on members where ownership
- 18 of property is a condition of membership in the corporation or where
- 19 the assessments are based on the value of all or part of the real

p. 1 ESHB 2660

- property owned by members of the corporation, shall not make the 1 assessments except where the assessments are approved by a majority 2 vote of the members, voting in person or by proxy, at an annual or 3 4 special meeting held under RCW 24.03.075 and to which notice of the intent to adopt an assessment has been delivered to all of the members, 5 who are entitled to vote, not less than ten days nor more than fifty 6 7 days before the date of the meeting either personally or by mail; and 8 (7) Upon dissolution or final liquidation may make distributions to 9 its members as permitted by this chapter, and no such payment, benefit, 10 or distribution shall be deemed to be a dividend or a distribution of 11 income.
- 12 **Sec. 2.** RCW 24.03.070 and 1991 c 72 s 43 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- 14 The initial bylaws of a corporation shall be adopted by its board 15 of directors. The power to alter, amend, or repeal the bylaws or adopt new bylaws shall be vested in the board of directors unless otherwise 16 provided in the articles of incorporation or the bylaws. 17 18 may contain any provisions for the regulation and management of the 19 affairs of a corporation not inconsistent with law or the articles of 20 incorporation. The bylaws of any corporation that has the authority through its articles of incorporation to make and collect assessments 21 22 on members where ownership of property is a condition of membership in 23 the corporation or where the assessments are based on the value of all 24 or part of the real property owned by members of the corporation, shall 25 include provisions, consistent with RCW 24.03.030(6), for voting on the assessments and notice of the annual or special meetings at which the 26 assessments are to be considered and approved. The board may adopt 27 28 emergency bylaws in the manner provided by RCW 23B.02.070.
- 29 **Sec. 3.** RCW 24.03.265 and 1986 c 240 s 39 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- 31 Superior courts shall have full power to liquidate the assets and 32 affairs of a corporation:
- 33 (1) In an action by a member, director, or the attorney general 34 when it is made to appear:
- 35 (a) That the directors are deadlocked in the management of the 36 corporate affairs and that irreparable injury to the corporation is 37 being suffered or is threatened by reason thereof, and either that the

ESHB 2660 p. 2

- 1 members are unable to break the deadlock or there are no members having
  2 voting rights; or
- 3 (b) That the acts of the directors or those in control of the 4 corporation are illegal, oppressive or fraudulent; or
  - (c) That the corporate assets are being misapplied or wasted; or
- (d) A corporation has made, collected, or attempted to collect 6 7 assessments on members where ownership of property is a condition of 8 membership in the corporation or where the assessments are based on the 9 value of all or part of the real property owned by members of the 10 corporation without an express authority to make the assessments in its articles of incorporation or without proper notice or approval as 11 required under RCW 24.03.030 and 24.03.080 or in violation of the 12 13 provisions of its bylaws; or
  - (e) That the corporation is unable to carry out its purposes.
  - (2) In an action by a creditor:

5

14 15

- 16 (a) When the claim of the creditor has been reduced to judgment and 17 an execution thereon has been returned unsatisfied and it is 18 established that the corporation is insolvent; or
- 19 (b) When the corporation has admitted in writing that the claim of 20 the creditor is due and owing and it is established that the 21 corporation is insolvent.
- 22 (3) Upon application by a corporation to have its dissolution 23 continued under the supervision of the court.
- (4) When an action has been filed by the attorney general to dissolve a corporation under the provisions of this chapter and it is established that liquidation of its affairs should precede the entry of a decree of dissolution.
- 28 Proceedings under subsections (1), (2), or (3) of this section 29 shall be brought in the county in which the registered office or the 30 principal office of the corporation is situated.
- It shall not be necessary to make directors or members parties to any ((such)) action or proceedings unless relief is sought against them personally.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 24.06 RCW to read as follows:
- A corporation or association subject to this chapter that has the authority through its articles of incorporation and bylaws to make and collect assessments on members where ownership of property is a

p. 3 ESHB 2660

- 1 condition of membership in the corporation or where the assessments are
- 2 based on the value of all or part of the real property owned by
- 3 members, shall not make the assessments except where the assessments
- 4 are approved by a majority vote of the members, voting in person or by
- 5 proxy, at an annual or special meeting held under RCW 24.06.100 and to
- 6 which notice of the intent to adopt an assessment has been delivered to
- 7 all of the members, who are entitled to vote, not less than ten days
- 8 nor more than fifty days before the date of the meeting either
- 9 personally or by mail.
- 10 **Sec. 5.** RCW 23B.08.080 and 1989 c 165 s 87 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- 12 (1) The shareholders may remove one or more directors with or
- 13 without cause unless the articles of incorporation provide that
- 14 directors may be removed only for cause.
- 15 (2) If a director is elected by holders of one or more authorized
- 16 classes or series of shares, only the holders of those classes or
- 17 series of shares may participate in the vote to remove the director.
- 18 (3) If cumulative voting is authorized, ((a)) and if less than the
- 19 entire board is to be removed, no director may ((not)) be removed if
- 20 the number of votes sufficient to elect the director under cumulative
- 21 voting is voted against the director's removal. If cumulative voting
- 22 is not authorized, a director may be removed only if the number of
- 23 votes cast to remove the director exceeds the number of votes cast not
- 24 to remove the director.
- 25 (4) A director may be removed by the shareholders only at a special
- 26 meeting called for the purpose of removing the director and the meeting
- 27 notice must state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the
- 28 meeting is removal of the director.
- 29 **Sec. 6.** RCW 24.06.095 and 1970 ex.s. c 78 s 1 are each amended to
- 30 read as follows:
- 31 The initial bylaws of a corporation shall be adopted by its board
- 32 of directors. The power to alter, amend or repeal the bylaws or adopt
- 33 new bylaws shall be vested in the board of directors unless otherwise
- 34 provided in the articles of incorporation or the bylaws. The bylaws
- 35 may contain any provisions for the regulation and management of the
- 36 affairs of a corporation not inconsistent with law or the articles of
- 37 incorporation((: PROVIDED, That)). Where the bylaws of an existing

corporation prohibit voting by mail or by proxy or attorney-in-fact, 1 and the quorum required by its bylaws for election of directors or 2 transaction of other business has not been obtained at a shareholders' 3 4 or members' meeting, for a period which includes at least two consecutive annual meeting dates, the board of directors shall have 5 power to amend such bylaws to thereafter authorize voting by mail or by 6 7 proxy or attorney-in-fact. The bylaws of any corporation that has the 8 authority through its articles of incorporation to make and collect 9 assessments on members where ownership of property is a condition of membership in the corporation or association or where the assessments 10 are based on the value of all or part of the real property owned by 11 members shall include provisions, consistent with section 4 of this 12 act, for voting on the assessments and for providing notice of the 13 14 annual or special meetings at which the members will consider or vote 15 on the assessments.

16 **Sec. 7.** RCW 24.06.110 and 1969 ex.s. c 120 s 22 are each amended 17 to read as follows:

18

19

20

2122

23

24

2526

27

28 29

30

The right of a class or classes of members or shareholders to vote may be limited, enlarged or denied to the extent specified in the articles of incorporation. Unless so limited, enlarged or denied, each member and each outstanding share of each class shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote of members or shareholders. No member of a class may acquire any interest which will entitle him to a greater vote than any other member of the same class.

A member or shareholder may vote in person or, unless the articles of incorporation or the bylaws otherwise provide, may vote by mail or by proxy executed in writing by the member or shareholder or by his duly authorized attorney-in-fact: PROVIDED, That no proxy shall be valid for more than eleven months from the date of its execution unless otherwise specified in the proxy.

The articles of incorporation may provide that whenever proposals or directors or officers are to be voted upon, such vote may be taken by mail if the name of each candidate and the text of each proposal to be so voted upon are set forth in a writing accompanying or contained in the notice of meeting. Persons voting by mail shall be deemed present for all purposes of quorum, count of votes and percentages of total voting power voting.

p. 5 ESHB 2660

- The articles of incorporation or the bylaws may provide that in all elections for directors every person entitled to vote shall have the right to cumulate his vote and to give one candidate a number of votes equal to his vote multiplied by the number of directors to be elected, or by distributing such votes on the same principle among any number of such candidates.
- The articles of incorporation or the bylaws shall provide that
  whenever proposals to make and collect assessments are to be voted
  upon, the assessments must be approved by a majority vote of the
  members voting in person or by proxy.
- 11 **Sec. 8.** RCW 24.06.245 and 1969 ex.s. c 120 s 49 are each amended 12 to read as follows:
- Any member or shareholder of a corporation shall have the right to dissent from any of the following corporate actions:
- 15 (1) Any plan of merger or consolidation to which the corporation is 16 a party; or
- (2) Any sale or exchange of all or substantially all of the 17 18 property and assets of the corporation not made in the usual and regular course of its business, including a sale in dissolution, but 19 not including a sale pursuant to an order of a court having 20 jurisdiction in the premises or a sale for cash on terms requiring that 21 22 all or substantially all of the net proceeds of sale be distributed to 23 the shareholders in accordance with their respective interests within 24 one year after the date of sale; or
- 25 (3) Any amendment to the articles of incorporation which changes 26 voting or property rights of members or shareholders other than by 27 changing the number of memberships or shares or classes of either 28 thereof; or
- 29 (4) Any amendment to the articles of incorporation which 30 reorganizes a corporation under the provisions of this chapter; or
- 31 (5) Any assessments on members where ownership of property is a 32 condition of membership in the corporation or association or where the 33 assessments are based on the value of all or part of the real property 34 owned by members.
- The provisions of this section shall not apply to the members or shareholders of the surviving corporation in a merger if such corporation is on the date of the filing of the articles of merger the where of all the outstanding shares of the other corporations, domestic

ESHB 2660 p. 6

- 1 or foreign, which are parties to the merger, or if a vote of the
- 2 members and shareholders of such corporation is not necessary to
- 3 authorize such merger.

16

17

2223

24

25

2627

28 29

30

- 4 **Sec. 9.** RCW 24.06.300 and 1969 ex.s. c 120 s 60 are each amended 5 to read as follows:
- The superior court shall have full power to liquidate the assets and to provide for the dissolution of a corporation when:
- 8 (1) In any action by a member, shareholder or director it is made 9 to appear that:
- 10 (a) The directors are deadlocked in the management of the corporate affairs and that irreparable injury to the corporation is being 12 suffered or is threatened by reason thereof, and that the members or 13 shareholders are unable to break the deadlock; or
- 14 (b) The acts of the directors or those in control of the 15 corporation are illegal, oppressive, or fraudulent; or
  - (c) The corporate assets are being misapplied or wasted; or
  - (d) The corporation is unable to carry out its purposes; or
- (e) The shareholders have failed, for a period which includes at least two consecutive annual meeting dates, to elect successors to directors whose terms have expired or would have expired upon the election of their successors; or
  - (f) The corporation has made, collected, or attempted to collect assessments on members where ownership of property is a condition of membership in the corporation or association or where the assessments are based on the value of all or part of the real property owned by members, without express authority to make the assessments in its articles of incorporation or without proper notice or approval as required under section 4 of this act and RCW 24.06.105, or in violation of the provisions of its bylaws.
  - (2) In an action by a creditor:
- 31 (a) The claim of the creditor has been reduced to judgment and an 32 execution thereon has been returned unsatisfied, and it is established 33 that the corporation is insolvent; or
- 34 (b) The corporation has admitted in writing that the claim of the 35 creditor is due and owing, and it is established that the corporation 36 is insolvent.
- 37 (3) A corporation applies to have its dissolution continued under 38 the supervision of the court.

p. 7 ESHB 2660

1 (4) An action has been filed by the attorney general to dissolve 2 the corporation and it is established that liquidation of its affairs 3 should precede the entry of a decree of dissolution.

Proceedings under subsections (1), (2) or (3) of this section shall be brought in the county in which the registered office or the principal office of the corporation is situated.

It shall not be necessary to make directors, members or 8 shareholders party to any such action or proceedings unless relief is 9 sought against them personally.

--- END ---

4

5

6