CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1077

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

Passed by the House April 19, 1993 CERTIFICATE Yeas 96 Nays 0 I, Alan Thompson, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the Speaker of the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1077** passed by the House House of Representatives as Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth. Passed by the Senate April 12, 1993 Yeas 44 Nays 0 President of the Senate Chief Clerk Approved FILED

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State

State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1077

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

Вy Committee Judiciary (originally sponsored House on by Representatives Ludwig, Padden, Appelwick, Orr, Johanson and Karahalios)

Read first time 02/05/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the revocation of nonprobate asset arrangements
- 2 for divorce or invalidation of marriage; amending RCW 41.26.510,
- 3 41.32.805, and 41.40.700; and adding a new chapter to Title 11 RCW.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 4
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) This section applies to all nonprobate assets, wherever situated, held at the time of entry by a superior 6 court of this state of a decree of dissolution of marriage or a declaration of invalidity. 8
- (2)(a) If a marriage is dissolved or invalidated, a provision made 9 10 prior to that event that relates to the payment or transfer at death of the decedent's interest in a nonprobate asset in favor of or granting 11 12 an interest or power to the decedent's former spouse is revoked.
- 13 provision affected by this section must be interpreted, and the
- 14 nonprobate asset affected passes, as if the former spouse failed to
- 15 survive the decedent, having died at the time of entry of the decree of
- dissolution or declaration of invalidity. 16
- 17 (b) This subsection does not apply if and to the extent that:
- (i) The instrument governing disposition of the nonprobate asset 18
- 19 expressly provides otherwise;

- (ii) The decree of dissolution or declaration of invalidity requires that the decedent maintain a nonprobate asset for the benefit of a former spouse or children of the marriage, payable on the decedent's death either outright or in trust, and other nonprobate assets of the decedent fulfilling such a requirement for the benefit of the former spouse or children of the marriage do not exist at the decedent's death; or
- (iii) If not for this subsection, the decedent could not have effected the revocation by unilateral action because of the terms of the decree or declaration, or for any other reason, immediately after the entry of the decree of dissolution or declaration of invalidity.
- (3)(a) A payor or other third party in possession or control of a nonprobate asset at the time of the decedent's death is not liable for making a payment or transferring an interest in a nonprobate asset to a decedent's former spouse whose interest in the nonprobate asset is revoked under this section, or for taking another action in reliance on the validity of the instrument governing disposition of the nonprobate asset, before the payor or other third party has actual knowledge of the dissolution or other invalidation of marriage. A payor or other third party is liable for a payment or transfer made or other action taken after the payor or other third party has actual knowledge of a revocation under this section.
- (b) This section does not require a payor or other third party to pay or transfer a nonprobate asset to a beneficiary designated in a governing instrument affected by the dissolution or other invalidation of marriage, or to another person claiming an interest in the nonprobate asset, if the payor or third party has actual knowledge of the existence of a dispute between the former spouse and the beneficiaries or other persons concerning rights of ownership of the nonprobate asset as a result of the application of this section among the former spouse and the beneficiaries or among other persons, or if the payor or third party is otherwise uncertain as to who is entitled to the nonprobate asset under this section. In such a case, the payor or third party may, without liability, notify in writing all beneficiaries or other persons claiming an interest in the nonprobate asset of either the existence of the dispute or its uncertainty as to who is entitled to payment or transfer of the nonprobate asset. The payor or third party may also, without liability, refuse to pay or

transfer a nonprobate asset in such a circumstance to a beneficiary or other person claiming an interest until the time that either:

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- 3 (i) All beneficiaries and other interested persons claiming an 4 interest have consented in writing to the payment or transfer; or
- 5 (ii) The payment or transfer is authorized or directed by a court 6 of proper jurisdiction.
 - (c) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2) of this section and (a) and (b) of this subsection, a payor or other third party having actual knowledge of the existence of a dispute between beneficiaries or other persons concerning rights to a nonprobate asset as a result of the application of this section may condition the payment or transfer of the nonprobate asset on execution, in a form and with security acceptable to the payor or other third party, of a bond in an amount that is double the fair market value of the nonprobate asset at the time of the decedent's death or the amount of an adverse claim, whichever is the lesser, or of a similar instrument to provide security to the payor or other third party, indemnifying the payor or other third party for any liability, loss, damage, costs, and expenses for and on account of payment or transfer of the nonprobate asset.
 - (d) As used in this subsection, "actual knowledge" means, for a payor or other third party in possession or control of the nonprobate asset at or following the decedent's death, written notice to the payor or other third party, or to an officer of a payor or third party in the course of his or her employment, received after the decedent's death and within a time that is sufficient to afford the payor or third party a reasonable opportunity to act upon the knowledge. The notice must identify the nonprobate asset with reasonable specificity. The notice also must be sufficient to inform the payor or other third party of the revocation of the provisions in favor of the decedent's spouse by reason of the dissolution or invalidation of marriage, or to inform the payor or third party of a dispute concerning rights to a nonprobate asset as a result of the application of this section. Receipt of the notice for a period of more than thirty days is presumed to be received within a time that is sufficient to afford the payor or third party a reasonable opportunity to act upon the knowledge, but receipt of the notice for a period of less than five business days is presumed not to be a sufficient time for these purposes. These presumptions may be rebutted only by clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.

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- (4)(a) A person who purchases a nonprobate asset from a former 1 spouse or other person, for value and without actual knowledge, or who 2 3 receives from a former spouse or other person payment or transfer of a 4 nonprobate asset without actual knowledge and in partial or full 5 satisfaction of a legally enforceable obligation, is neither obligated under this section to return the payment, property, or benefit nor is 6 7 liable under this section for the amount of the payment or the value of 8 the nonprobate asset. However, a former spouse or other person who, 9 with actual knowledge, not for value, or not in satisfaction of a legally enforceable obligation, receives payment or transfer of a 10 nonprobate asset to which that person is not entitled under this 11 section is obligated to return the payment or nonprobate asset, or is 12 13 personally liable for the amount of the payment or value of the nonprobate asset, to the person who is entitled to it under this 14 15 section.
 - (b) As used in this subsection, "actual knowledge" means, for a person described in (a) of this subsection who purchases or receives a nonprobate asset from a former spouse or other person, personal knowledge or possession of documents relating to the revocation upon dissolution or invalidation of marriage of provisions relating to the payment or transfer at the decedent's death of the nonprobate asset, received within a time after the decedent's death and before the purchase or receipt that is sufficient to afford the person purchasing or receiving the nonprobate asset reasonable opportunity to act upon the knowledge. Receipt of the personal knowledge or possession of the documents for a period of more than thirty days is presumed to be received within a time that is sufficient to afford the payor or third party a reasonable opportunity to act upon the knowledge, but receipt of the notice for a period of less than five business days is presumed not to be a sufficient time for these purposes. These presumptions may be rebutted only by clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.
- 32 (5) As used in this section, "nonprobate asset" means those rights 33 and interests of a person having beneficial ownership of an asset that 34 pass on the person's death under only the following written instruments 35 or arrangements other than the decedent's will:
- 36 (a) A payable-on-death provision of a life insurance policy, 37 employee benefit plan, annuity or similar contract, or individual 38 retirement account;

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- 1 (b) A payable-on-death, trust, or joint with right of survivorship 2 bank account;
- 3 (c) A trust of which the person is a grantor and that becomes 4 effective or irrevocable only upon the person's death; or
- 5 (d) Transfer on death beneficiary designations of a transfer on 6 death or pay on death security, if such designations are authorized 7 under Washington law.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** Section 1 of this act shall constitute a new 9 chapter in Title 11 RCW.
- 10 **Sec. 3.** RCW 41.26.510 and 1991 c 365 s 31 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- 12 (1) Except as provided in section 1 of this act, if a member or a 13 vested member who has not completed at least ten years of service dies, 14 the amount of the accumulated contributions standing to such member's 15 credit in the retirement system at the time of such member's death, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of 16 17 accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 18 41.50.670, shall be paid to such person or persons having an insurable interest in such member's life as the member shall have nominated by 19 written designation duly executed and filed with the department. 20 21 there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time 22 of the member's death, such member's accumulated contributions standing 23 to such member's credit in the retirement system, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated 24 contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, 25 shall be paid to the member's surviving spouse as if in fact such 26 27 spouse had been nominated by written designation, or if there be no 28 such surviving spouse, then to such member's legal representatives.
 - (2) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies, the surviving spouse or eligible child or children shall elect to receive either:

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32 (a) A retirement allowance computed as provided for in RCW 41.26.430(1), actuarially reduced by the amount of any lump sum benefit identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670 and actuarially adjusted to reflect a joint and one hundred percent survivor option under RCW 41.26.460 and if the member was not eligible

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- for normal retirement at the date of death a further reduction as 1 described in RCW 41.26.430(2); if a surviving spouse who is receiving 2 a retirement allowance dies leaving a child or children of the member 3 4 under the age of majority, then such child or children shall continue 5 to receive an allowance in an amount equal to that which was being received by the surviving spouse, share and share alike, until such 6 7 child or children reach the age of majority; if there is no surviving 8 spouse eligible to receive an allowance at the time of the member's 9 death, such member's child or children under the age of majority shall 10 receive an allowance share and share alike calculated as herein provided making the assumption that the ages of the spouse and member 11 were equal at the time of the member's death; or 12
- 13 (b) The member's accumulated contributions, less any amount 14 identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated 15 contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670.
- (3) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies after October 1, 1977, and is not survived by a spouse or an eligible child, then the accumulated contributions standing to the member's credit, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid:
- 23 (a) To a person or persons, having an insurable interest in the 24 member's life, as the member shall have nominated by written 25 designation duly executed and filed with the department; or
- (b) If there is no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, then to the member's legal representatives.
- 29 **Sec. 4.** RCW 41.32.805 and 1991 c 365 s 30 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in section 1 of this act, if a member or a 31 32 vested member who has not completed at least ten years of service dies, the amount of the accumulated contributions standing to such member's 33 34 credit in the retirement system, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a 35 36 court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, at the time of such member's death shall be paid to such person or persons having an insurable 37 interest in such member's life as the member shall have nominated by 38

- written designation duly executed and filed with the department. 1 2 there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, such member's accumulated contributions standing 3 4 to such member's credit in the retirement system, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated 5 contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, 6 7 shall be paid to the member's surviving spouse as if in fact such 8 spouse had been nominated by written designation, or if there be no 9 such surviving spouse, then to such member's legal representatives.
 - (2) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies, the surviving spouse or eligible children shall elect to receive either:

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- (a) A retirement allowance computed as provided for in RCW 13 14 41.32.765(1), actuarially reduced by the amount of any lump sum benefit 15 identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670 and 16 actuarially adjusted to reflect a joint and one hundred percent 17 survivor option under RCW 41.32.785 and if the member was not eligible 18 19 for normal retirement at the date of death a further reduction as described in RCW 41.32.765(2); if a surviving spouse who is receiving 20 a retirement allowance dies leaving a child or children of the member 21 under the age of majority, then such child or children shall continue 22 to receive an allowance in an amount equal to that which was being 23 24 received by the surviving spouse, share and share alike, until such 25 child or children reach the age of majority; if there is no surviving 26 spouse eligible to receive an allowance at the time of the member's death, such member's child or children under the age of majority shall 27 28 receive an allowance share and share alike calculated as herein 29 provided making the assumption that the ages of the spouse and member 30 were equal at the time of the member's death; or
- 31 (b) The member's accumulated contributions, less any amount 32 identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated 33 contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670.
 - (3) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies after October 1, 1977, and is not survived by a spouse or an eligible child, then the accumulated contributions standing to the member's credit, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated

- 1 contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, 2 shall be paid:
- 3 (a) To a person or persons, having an insurable interest in the 4 member's life, as the member shall have nominated by written 5 designation duly executed and filed with the department; or
- 6 (b) If there is no such designated person or persons still living 7 at the time of the member's death, then to the member's legal 8 representatives.
- 9 **Sec. 5.** RCW 41.40.700 and 1991 c 365 s 28 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in section 1 of this act, if a member or a 11 12 vested member who has not completed at least ten years of service dies, 13 the amount of the accumulated contributions standing to such member's 14 credit in the retirement system at the time of such member's death, 15 less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of 16 accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid to such person or persons having an insurable 17 18 interest in such member's life as the member shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department. 19 there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time 20 of the member's death, such member's accumulated contributions standing 21 to such member's credit in the retirement system, less any amount 22 23 identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated 24 contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, 25 shall be paid to the member's surviving spouse as if in fact such spouse had been nominated by written designation, or if there be no 26 such surviving spouse, then to such member's legal representatives. 27
 - (2) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies, the surviving spouse or eligible child or children shall elect to receive either:
- (a) A retirement allowance computed as provided for in RCW 31 41.40.630(1), actuarially reduced by the amount of any lump sum benefit 32 33 identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670 and 34 actuarially adjusted to reflect a joint and one hundred percent 35 36 survivor option under RCW 41.40.660 and if the member was not eligible 37 for normal retirement at the date of death a further reduction as 38 described in RCW 41.40.630(2); if a surviving spouse who is receiving

- a retirement allowance dies leaving a child or children of the member 1 under the age of majority, then such child or children shall continue 2 to receive an allowance in an amount equal to that which was being 3 4 received by the surviving spouse, share and share alike, until such child or children reach the age of majority; if there is no surviving 5 spouse eligible to receive an allowance at the time of the member's 6 7 death, such member's child or children under the age of majority shall 8 receive an allowance share and share alike calculated as herein 9 provided making the assumption that the ages of the spouse and member 10 were equal at the time of the member's death; or
- 11 (b) The member's accumulated contributions, less any amount 12 identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated 13 contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670.
- (3) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies after October 1, 1977, and is not survived by a spouse or an eligible child, then the accumulated contributions standing to the member's credit, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid:
- 21 (a) To a person or persons, having an insurable interest in the 22 member's life, as the member shall have nominated by written 23 designation duly executed and filed with the department; or
- (b) If there is no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, then to the member's legal representatives.

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