# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1128

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

Passed by the House April 19, 1993 Yeas 96 Nays 0	CERTIFICATE
	I, Alan Thompson, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that
Speaker of the	the attached is <b>SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL</b>
House of Representatives	1128 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the
Passed by the Senate April 14, 1993 Yeas 41 Nays 1	dates hereon set forth.
President of the Senate	Chief Clerk
Approved	FILED
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary of State
-	State of Washington

### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1128

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

### State of Washington

53rd Legislature

1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on Revenue (originally sponsored by Representatives G. Fisher, Holm, Silver, Vance, Edmondson, Heavey, Foreman, Ballard, Brough, Long, Miller and Brumsickle; by request of Washington State Patrol)

Read first time 03/08/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to fees to fund blood and breath alcohol content
- 2 testing; amending RCW 46.61.515; creating a new section; prescribing
- 3 penalties; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date;
- 4 and declaring an emergency.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.61.515 and 1985 c 352 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 (1) Every person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502
- 9 or 46.61.504 shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than
- 10 twenty-four consecutive hours nor more than one year, and by a fine of
- 11 not less than two hundred fifty dollars and not more than one thousand
- 12 dollars. Unless the judge finds the person to be indigent, two hundred
- 13 fifty dollars of the fine shall not be suspended or deferred. Twenty-
- 14 four consecutive hours of the jail sentence shall not be suspended or
- 15 deferred unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail
- 16 sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental well-
- 17 being. Whenever the mandatory jail sentence is suspended or deferred,
- 18 the judge must state, in writing, the reason for granting the
- 19 suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or

deferral is based. The court may impose conditions of probation that 1 2 may include nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The convicted 3 4 person shall, in addition, be required to complete a course in an 5 alcohol information school approved by the department of social and health services or more intensive treatment in a program approved by 6 7 the department of social and health services, as determined by the 8 court. A diagnostic evaluation and treatment recommendation shall be 9 prepared under the direction of the court by an alcoholism agency 10 approved by the department of social and health services or a qualified probation department approved by the department of social and health 11 12 services. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the department of 13 Based on the diagnostic evaluation, the court shall licensing. determine whether the convicted person shall be required to complete a 14 15 course in an alcohol information school approved by the department of 16 social and health services or more intensive treatment in a program approved by the department of social and health services. 17 for approval for alcohol treatment programs shall be prescribed by rule 18 19 under the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The courts 20 shall periodically review the costs of alcohol information schools and treatment programs within their jurisdictions. 21

(2) On a second or subsequent conviction for driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs within a five-year period a person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than seven days nor more than one year and by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars and not more than two thousand dollars. District courts and courts organized under chapter 35.20 RCW are authorized to impose such fine. Unless the judge finds the person to be indigent, five hundred dollars of the fine shall not be suspended or deferred. The jail sentence shall not be suspended or deferred unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental Whenever the mandatory jail sentence is suspended or deferred, the judge must state, in writing, the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based. If, at the time of a second or subsequent conviction, the driver is without a license or permit because of a previous suspension or revocation, the minimum mandatory sentence shall be ninety days in jail and a two hundred dollar fine. The penalty so

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imposed shall not be suspended or deferred. The person shall, in 1 addition, be required to complete a diagnostic evaluation by an 2 alcoholism agency approved by the department of social and health 3 4 services or a qualified probation department approved by the department of social and health services. The report shall be forwarded to the 5 department of licensing. If the person is found to have an alcohol or 6 7 drug problem requiring treatment, the person shall complete treatment 8 at an approved alcoholism treatment ((facility)) program or approved 9 drug treatment center.

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In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail sentence required by this subsection, the court shall sentence a person to a term of imprisonment not exceeding one hundred eighty days and shall suspend but shall not defer the sentence for a period not exceeding two years. The suspension of the sentence may be conditioned upon nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a condition of suspension during the suspension period.

- (3) The license or permit to drive or any nonresident privilege of any person convicted of driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs shall:
- (a) On the first conviction under either offense, be suspended by
  the department until the person reaches age nineteen or for ninety
  days, whichever is longer. The department of licensing shall determine
  the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided
  by the designated alcoholism agency or probation department and shall
  deny reinstatement until enrollment and participation in an approved
  program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified;
- 30 (b) On a second conviction under either offense within a five-year period, be revoked by the department for one year. The department of licensing shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the designated alcoholism agency or probation department and shall deny reinstatement until satisfactory progress in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified;
- 37 (c) On a third or subsequent conviction of driving or being in 38 physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of 39 intoxicating liquor or drugs, vehicular homicide, or vehicular assault,

- or any combination thereof within a five-year period, be revoked by the department for two years.
- 3 (4) In any case provided for in this section, where a driver's 4 license is to be revoked or suspended, the revocation or suspension 5 shall be stayed and shall not take effect until after the determination 6 of any appeal from the conviction which may lawfully be taken, but in 7 case the conviction is sustained on appeal the revocation or suspension 8 takes effect as of the date that the conviction becomes effective for 9 other purposes.
- (5)(a) In addition to penalties set forth in this section, a one hundred twenty-five dollar fee shall be assessed to a person who is either convicted, sentenced to a lesser charge, or given deferred prosecution, as a result of an arrest for violating RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522. This fee is for the purpose of funding the Washington state toxicology laboratory and the Washington state patrol breath test program.
- (b) Upon a verified petition by the person assessed the fee, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the person does not have the ability to pay.
- (c) When a minor has been adjudicated a juvenile offender for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522, the court shall assess the one hundred twenty-five dollar fee under (a) of this subsection. Upon a verified petition by a minor assessed the fee, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the minor does not have the ability to pay the fee.
- 27 <u>(6) The fee assessed under subsection (5) of this section shall be</u> 28 collected by the clerk of the court and distributed as follows:
- 29 <u>(a) Forty percent shall be subject to distribution under RCW</u>
  30 <u>3.62.020, 3.62.040, or 10.82.040.</u>
- 31 (b) If the case involves a blood test by the state toxicology
  32 laboratory, the remainder of the fee shall be forwarded to the state
  33 treasurer for deposit in the death investigations account to be used
  34 solely for funding the state toxicology laboratory blood testing
  35 program.
- 36 (c) Otherwise, the remainder of the fee shall be forwarded to the 37 state treasurer for deposit in the state patrol highway account to be 38 used solely for funding the Washington state patrol breath test 39 program.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. The Washington state patrol in conjunction 1 with the traffic safety commission shall use a small percentage of the 2 revenues generated under the 1993 amendments to RCW 46.61.515 contained 3 4 in section 1, chapter ..., Laws of 1993 (section 1 of this act), to perform a study to determine a mechanism for evaluating the best 5 practice for increasing the conviction rate for persons driving under 6 the influence of alcohol or drugs. The study must be completed and a report made to the appropriate committees of the legislature by June 8 9 30, 1995.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The 1993 amendments to section 1 of this act expire June 30, 1995.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect July 1, 1993.

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