S-0720.1			

SENATE BILL 5339

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By Senators A. Smith, McCaslin, Winsley, Deccio, Fraser, M. Rasmussen and Roach

Read first time 01/25/93. Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to drivers' licenses; amending RCW 46.04.580,
- 2 46.20.308, 46.20.311, 46.20.311, 46.20.391, 46.52.130, 46.61.515, and
- 3 46.68.060; adding new sections to chapter 46.04 RCW; adding new
- 4 sections to chapter 46.20 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing
- 5 penalties; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The purpose of this act is:
- 8 (1) To provide safety for all persons using the highways of this
- 9 state by quickly suspending or revoking the driving privilege of those
- 10 persons who have shown themselves to be safety hazards by driving with
- 11 an excessive concentration of alcohol in their bodies; and
- 12 (2) To guard against the potential for any erroneous deprivation of
- 13 the driving privilege by providing an opportunity for administrative
- 14 review prior to the effective date of the suspension or revocation.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW
- 16 to read as follows:

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- 1 "Alcohol concentration" means (1) the grams of alcohol per two
- 2 hundred ten liters of a person's breath, or (2) the percent by weight
- 3 of alcohol in a person's blood.
- 4 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.04.580 and 1990 c 250 s 22 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 "Suspend," in all its forms, means invalidation for any period less
- 7 than one calendar year and thereafter until reinstatement. However,
- 8 under RCW 46.61.515 and section 6 of this act the invalidation may last
- 9 for more than one calendar year.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW
- 11 to read as follows:
- "Test," as the term is used in determining alcohol concentration,
- 13 means the test of a person's breath for alcohol concentration by
- 14 infrared test method consisting of the person insufflating deep lung
- 15 air samples at least twice into the instrument sufficient to allow two
- 16 separate measurements. There must be sufficient time between the
- 17 provision of each sample by the person to permit the instrument to
- 18 measure each sample individually. The two breath samples supplied by
- 19 the individual shall constitute one test. An accurate test is presumed
- 20 if the results of each measurement is within plus or minus ten percent
- 21 of the average of the two measurements.
- 22 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.20.308 and 1989 c 337 s 8 are each amended to read
- 23 as follows:
- 24 (1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state is
- 25 deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of RCW
- 26 46.61.506, to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood for the
- 27 purpose of determining the alcoholic content of his or her breath or
- 28 blood if arrested for any offense where, at the time of the arrest, the
- 29 arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person had been
- 30 driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while
- 31 under the influence of intoxicating liquor.
- 32 (2) The test or tests of breath shall be administered at the
- 33 direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to
- 34 believe the person to have been driving or in actual physical control
- 35 of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of
- 36 intoxicating liquor. However, in those instances where: $((\frac{a}{a}))$ The

person is incapable due to physical injury, physical incapacity, or other physical limitation, of providing a breath sample; or ((\(\frac{b}{as a}\)) 2 result of a traffic accident)) the person is being treated for a 3 4 medical condition in a hospital, clinic, doctor's office, or other 5 similar facility in which a breath testing instrument is not present, a blood test shall be administered by a qualified person as provided in 6 7 RCW 46.61.506(4). The officer shall inform the person of his or her 8 right to refuse the breath or blood test, and of his or her right to 9 have additional tests administered by any qualified person of his or her choosing as provided in RCW 46.61.506. The officer shall warn the 10 driver that (a) his or her privilege to drive will be revoked or denied 11 if he or she refuses to submit to the test, ((and)) (b) that his or her 12 13 privilege to drive will be suspended, revoked, or denied if the test is administered and the test indicates the alcohol concentration of the 14 15 person's breath or blood meets or exceeds the limits set forth in RCW 46.61.502 (1) and (2), and (c) that his or her refusal to take the test 16 may be used in a criminal trial. 17

(3) Except as provided in this section, the test administered shall be of the breath only. If an individual is unconscious or is under arrest for the crime of vehicular homicide as provided in RCW 46.61.520 or vehicular assault as provided in RCW 46.61.522, or if an individual is under arrest for the crime of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs as provided in RCW 46.61.502, which arrest results from an accident in which another person has been injured and there is a reasonable likelihood that such other person may die as a result of injuries sustained in the accident, a breath or blood test may be administered without the consent of the individual so arrested.

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- (4) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a condition rendering him or her incapable of refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (1) of this section and the test or tests may be administered, subject to the provisions of RCW 46.61.506, and the person shall be deemed to have received the warnings required under subsection (2) of this section.
- (5) If, following his or her arrest and receipt of warnings under subsection (2) of this section, the person arrested refuses upon the request of a law enforcement officer to submit to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood, no test shall be given except as authorized under subsection (3) or (4) of this section.

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- (6) If, after arrest and after the other applicable conditions and 1 requirements of this section have been satisfied, a test or tests of 2 3 the person's blood or breath is administered and the test results 4 indicate that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood is 0.10 or more, or the person refuses to submit to a test, the 5 arresting officer or other law enforcement officer at whose direction 6 7 any test has been given, or the department if the arrest is the result 8 of a blood test, shall:
- 9 (a) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the 10 department of its intention to suspend, revoke, or deny the person's 11 license, permit, or privilege to drive as required by subsection (7) of 12 this section;
- (b) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the department of his or her right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or she must take to obtain a hearing. Within ten days after the notice has been given, the person may, in writing, request a formal hearing as provided by subsection (8) of this section. If such request is made by mail it must be postmarked within ten days after the notice has been given;
- 20 (c) Confiscate the person's Washington state license or permit to 21 drive, if any;
- (d) Issue a temporary license to be effective twelve hours after
 the time of arrest and valid for forty-five days from the date of
 arrest or until the suspension, revocation, or denial of the person's
 license, permit, or privilege to drive is sustained at a hearing
 pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first. No
 temporary license is valid to any greater degree than the license or
 permit that it replaces;
- (e) Immediately notify the department of licensing of the arrest and transmit to the department of licensing any confiscated license or permit and a sworn report that states:
- (i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both;
- (ii) That after receipt of the warnings required by subsection (2)
 of this section the person refused to submit to a test of his or her
 blood or breath, or a test was administered and the results indicated

1 that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10
2 or more; and

3 (iii) Any other information that the director may require by rule 4 or regulation.

 (7) The department of licensing, upon the receipt of a sworn report of the law enforcement officer that the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor and that (a) the person had refused to submit to the test or tests upon the request of the law enforcement officer after being informed that refusal would result in the revocation of the person's privilege to drive, or (b) a test was administered and the results indicated that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10 or more, shall suspend, revoke, or deny the person's license or permit to drive or any nonresident operating privilege, such suspension, revocation, or denial to be effective forty-five days from the date of arrest or when sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first.

(((7) Upon revoking the license or permit to drive or the nonresident operating privilege of any person, the department shall immediately notify the person involved in writing by personal service or by certified mail of its decision and the grounds therefor, and of the person's right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or she must take to obtain a hearing. Within fifteen days after the notice has been given, the person may, in writing, request a formal hearing.))

(8) Upon timely receipt of ((such)) a request for a formal hearing, the department shall afford the person an opportunity for a hearing as provided in RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing shall be conducted in the county of the arrest, except that all or part of the hearing may, at the discretion of the department, be conducted by telephone or other electronic means. For the purposes of this section, the scope of ((such)) the hearing shall cover the issues of whether a law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, whether the person was placed under arrest, and whether (a) the person refused to submit to the test or tests upon request of the officer after having been informed that such refusal would result in the

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revocation of the person's privilege to drive or, (b) if a test was 1 administered, whether the applicable requirements of this section were 2 3 satisfied before the administration of the test or tests, whether the 4 person submitted to the test or tests, or whether a test was administered without express consent as permitted under this section, 5 and whether the test or tests indicated that the alcohol concentration 6 of the person's breath or blood was 0.10 or more. The sworn report 7 8 submitted by a law enforcement officer shall be prima facie evidence 9 that the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within 10 this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, that the 11 officer complied with the requirements of this section, and that the 12 testing instrument was in proper working condition. ((The department 13 14 shall order that the revocation either be rescinded or sustained. Any decision by the department revoking a person's driving privilege shall 15 be stayed and shall not take effect while a formal hearing is pending 16 as provided in this section or during the pendency of a subsequent 17 appeal to superior court so long as there is no conviction for a moving 18 19 violation or no finding that the person has committed a traffic 20 infraction that is a moving violation during pendency of the hearing 21 and appeal.

(8))) (9) Failure of the person to request a hearing within the time limit established by subsection (6) of this section, or failure to attend or participate in such a hearing, constitutes a default and results in the loss of that person's right to a hearing.

(10) If the <u>suspension</u>, revocation, <u>or denial</u> is sustained after such a hearing, the person whose license, privilege, or permit is <u>suspended</u>, revoked, <u>or denied</u> has the right to file a petition in the superior court of the county of arrest to review the final order of <u>suspension</u>, revocation, <u>or denial</u> by the department in the manner provided in RCW 46.20.334. The filing of the appeal does not stay the effective date of the suspension, revocation, or denial. A petition <u>filed</u> under this subsection must include the petitioner's grounds for requesting review. Upon granting petitioner's request for review, the court shall review the department's final order of suspension, revocation, or denial as expeditiously as possible. If judicial relief is sought for a stay or other temporary remedy from the department's action, the court shall not grant such relief unless the court finds that:

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- 1 (a) The petitioner is likely to prevail when the court finally 2 disposes of the matter;
- 3 (b) Without relief the petitioner will suffer irreparable injury;
 4 and
- 5 (c) The threat to the safety of persons on the public highways is 6 not sufficiently serious to justify the department's action in the 7 circumstances.
- 8 ((\(\frac{(\(\frac{9}{}\)}\))) (11) When it has been finally determined under the 9 procedures of this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a 10 motor vehicle in this state has been <u>suspended</u>, revoked, <u>or denied</u> the 11 department shall give information in writing of the action taken to the 12 motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and 13 of any state in which he or she has a license.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW to read as follows:
- 16 (1) Pursuant to RCW 46.20.308, the department shall suspend, 17 revoke, or deny the arrested person's license, permit to drive, driving 18 privilege, or any nonresident privilege as follows:
- 19 (a) In the case of a person who has refused a test or tests:
- 20 (i) For a first refusal within five years preceding the date of 21 refusal, revocation or denial for one year;
- (ii) For a second or subsequent refusal within five years preceding the date of refusal, revocation or denial for two years.
- (b) In the case of an incident where a person has submitted to or been administered a test or tests indicating that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10 or more:

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- (i) For a first incident within five years, where there has been no previous conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 within the five-year period preceding the current incident, suspension, or denial until the person reaches age nineteen or for ninety days, whichever is longer;
- (ii) For a second incident within five years, revocation or denial for one year. A previous conviction under RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 within the five-year period preceding the current incident, that did not result in a suspension or denial under this subsection, shall be considered a previous incident for purposes of this subsection;
- (iii) For a third or subsequent incident within five years, revocation or denial for two years. Previous convictions under RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522 within the five-year

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period preceding the current incident, that did not result in a suspension, revocation, or denial under this subsection, shall be considered previous incidents for purposes of this subsection.

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4 (2) A diagnostic evaluation and treatment recommendation shall be 5 prepared by an alcoholism agency approved by the department of social and health services or a qualified probation department approved by the 6 7 department of social and health services. A copy of the report shall 8 be forwarded to the department of licensing. The department shall not 9 grant or reinstate a person's privilege to drive that has been 10 suspended, revoked, or denied under subsection (1) of this section until it has determined the person's eligibility for licensing based 11 12 upon the report provided by an approved alcoholism agency or probation 13 department and shall deny reinstatement until enrollment participation in an approved program has been established and the 14 15 person is otherwise qualified.

16 **Sec. 7.** RCW 46.20.311 and 1990 c 250 s 45 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

- 18 (1) The department shall not suspend a driver's license or 19 privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways for a fixed period of more than one year, except as permitted under RCW 46.20.342 20 or 46.61.515. Whenever the license or driving privilege of any person 21 is suspended by reason of a conviction, a finding that a traffic 22 23 infraction has been committed, pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, or 24 pursuant to RCW 46.20.291, the suspension shall remain in effect until 25 the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. 26 27 department shall not issue to the person a new, duplicate, or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. 28 29 suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, 30 the reissue fee shall be ((fifty)) one hundred dollars.
- (2) Any person whose license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle 31 on the public highways has been revoked, unless the revocation was for 32 33 a cause which has been removed, is not entitled to have the license or 34 privilege renewed or restored until: (a) After the expiration of one year from the date the license or privilege to drive was revoked; (b) 35 36 after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.61.515(3) (b) or (c); (c) after the expiration of two years for 37 persons convicted of vehicular homicide; (d) after the expiration of 38

one year in cases of revocation for the first refusal within five years 1 to submit to a chemical test under RCW 46.20.308; (e) after the 2 expiration of two years in cases of revocation for the second refusal 3 4 within five years to submit to a chemical test under RCW 46.20.308; or 5 (f) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.265. After the expiration of the appropriate period, the 6 7 person may make application for a new license as provided by law 8 together with a reissue fee in the amount of twenty dollars, but if the 9 revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.20.308, 46.61.502, or 10 46.61.504, the reissue fee shall be ((fifty)) one hundred dollars. Except for a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not 11 then issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of 12 13 the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways, and until 14 15 person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial 16 responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. For a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not issue a new 17 license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving 18 19 ability of the person that it will be safe to grant that person the 20 privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways.

- (3) Whenever the driver's license of any person is suspended 21 pursuant to Article IV of the nonresident violators compact or RCW 22 46.23.020, the department shall not issue to the person any new or 23 24 renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. 25 If the suspension is the result of a violation of the laws of another 26 state, province, or other jurisdiction involving (a) the operation or 27 physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or (b) the refusal 28 to submit to a chemical test or tests of the driver's breath or blood 29 30 alcohol content, the reissue fee shall be ((fifty)) one hundred 31 dollars.
- 32 **Sec. 8.** RCW 46.20.311 and 1993 c ... s 7 (section 7 of this act) 33 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department shall not suspend a driver's license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways for a fixed period of more than one year, except as permitted under RCW 46.20.342 ((er)), 46.61.515, or section 6 of this act. Except for a suspension under section 6(1)(b)(i) of this act, whenever the license or driving

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privilege of any person is suspended by reason of a conviction, a finding that a traffic infraction has been committed, pursuant to 2 chapter 46.29 RCW, or pursuant to RCW 46.20.291 ((or 46.20.308)), the 3 4 suspension shall remain in effect until the person gives and thereafter 5 maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. The department shall not issue to the person a 6 7 new, duplicate, or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee 8 of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a violation of 9 RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or was imposed under RCW 46.20.308, the 10 reissue fee shall be one hundred dollars. If the suspension was imposed under section 6(1)(b)(i) of this act, the suspension shall 11 remain in effect and the department shall not issue any new, duplicate, 12 or renewal license until the person pays a reinstatement fee of one 13 14 hundred dollars.

15 (2) Any person whose license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle 16 on the public highways has been revoked, unless the revocation was for 17 a cause which has been removed, is not entitled to have the license or privilege renewed or restored until: (a) After the expiration of one 18 19 year from the date the license or privilege to drive was revoked; (b) 20 after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.61.515(3) (b) or (c); (c) after the expiration of two years for 21 persons convicted of vehicular homicide; (d) after the expiration of 22 ((one year in cases of revocation for the first refusal within five 23 24 years to submit to a chemical test under RCW 46.20.308; (e) after the 25 expiration of two years in cases of revocation for the second refusal 26 within five years to submit to a chemical test under RCW 46.20.308; or (f))) the applicable revocation period provided by section 6 of this 27 act; or (e) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period 28 29 provided by RCW 46.20.265. After the expiration of the appropriate 30 period, the person may make application for a new license as provided by law together with a reissue fee in the amount of twenty dollars, but 31 if the revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.20.308, 32 46.61.502, or 46.61.504 or was imposed under RCW 46.20.308, the reissue 33 34 fee shall be one hundred dollars. Except for a revocation under RCW 35 46.20.265, the department shall not then issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person 36 37 that it will be safe to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways, and until the person gives and thereafter 38 39 maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided

- in chapter 46.29 RCW. For a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant that person the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways.
- 6 (3) Whenever the driver's license of any person is suspended 7 pursuant to Article IV of the nonresident violators compact or RCW 8 46.23.020, the department shall not issue to the person any new or 9 renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a violation of the laws of another 10 state, province, or other jurisdiction involving (a) the operation or 11 physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways while 12 13 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or (b) the refusal to submit to a chemical test or tests of the driver's breath or blood 14 15 alcohol content, the reissue fee shall be one hundred dollars.
- 16 **Sec. 9.** RCW 46.20.391 and 1985 c 407 s 5 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- 18 (1) Any person licensed under this chapter whose driving privilege has been suspended under section 6 (1)(b)(i) of this act or who is 19 convicted of an offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension 20 or revocation of the driver's license is mandatory, other than 21 vehicular homicide or vehicular assault, may submit to the department 22 23 an application for an occupational driver's license. The department, 24 upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining that the petitioner is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes it essential 25 26 that the petitioner operate a motor vehicle, may issue an occupational 27 driver's license and may set definite restrictions as provided in RCW 46.20.394. No person may petition for, and the department shall not 28 29 issue, an occupational driver's license that is effective during the 30 first thirty days of any suspension or revocation imposed under RCW 46.61.515 or section 6 (1)(b)(i) of this act. A person aggrieved by 31 32 the decision of the department on the application for an occupational 33 driver's license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the 34 department.
- 35 (2) An applicant for an occupational driver's license is eligible 36 to receive such license only if:
- 37 (a) Within one year immediately preceding the present conviction or 38 administrative action, the applicant has not been convicted of any

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offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation of a driver's license is mandatory; and

- 3 (b) Within five years immediately preceding the present conviction 4 or administrative action, the applicant has not been convicted of 5 driving or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while 6 under the influence of intoxicating liquor under RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, of vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520, or of vehicular 8 assault under RCW 46.61.522, or had a license administratively 9 suspended or revoked under section 6 (1)(b)(i) of this act; and
- 10 (c) The applicant is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes 11 it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle; and
- 12 (d) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial 13 responsibility pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, unless the suspension was 14 imposed under section 6(1)(b)(i) of this act.
 - (3) The director shall cancel an occupational driver's license upon receipt of notice that the holder thereof has had a driver's license administratively suspended or revoked under RCW 46.20.308 or has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of its restrictions, or of an offense that pursuant to chapter 46.20 RCW would warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license. The cancellation is effective as of the date of the conviction, and continues with the same force and effect as any suspension or revocation under this title.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Any person licensed under this chapter or any nonresident granted the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the highways of this state, whose driver's license or driving privilege has been suspended or revoked, other than for vehicular homicide, vehicular assault, or under section 6(1)(a) of this act, or for a physical or mental disability that would affect that person's ability to operate a motor vehicle with safety upon the highways, may submit to the department an application for a provisional driver's license for purposes of participation in an alcohol or drug abuse treatment program approved by the department of social and health services. The department, upon receipt of the fee prescribed by this section and upon determining that the applicant is engaged in a treatment program approved by the department of social and health services that makes it

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- essential that the applicant operate a motor vehicle, may issue a provisional driver's license. No person may petition for, and the department shall not issue, a provisional driver's license that is effective during the first thirty days of any suspension or revocation imposed under RCW 46.61.515 or section 6 of this act.
- 6 (2) An applicant for a provisional driver's license is eligible to 7 receive such license only if:
- 8 (a) The applicant is engaged in a program of treatment that makes 9 it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle; and
- 10 (b) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial 11 responsibility pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, unless the suspension was 12 imposed under section 6(1)(b)(i) of this act; and

- (c) The applicant pays to the department a treatment assessment fee of twenty-five dollars, such fee to be deposited in a special sober or suspended account, within the department of social and health services, to be administered by the division of alcohol and substance abuse, to be used to pay the cost of the diagnostic evaluation or assessment required under section 6(2) of this act for indigent or low-income individuals.
- (3) In issuing a provisional driver's license under this section, the department shall set forth in detail the specific hours of the day during which the person may drive to and from his or her place of treatment; the days of the week during which the license may be used; the general routes over which the person may travel; and the expiration date of the license, such date to correspond to the ending date of any suspension or revocation of the person's driver's license or driving privilege, or the date the person's treatment program is to be concluded, whichever occurs first. These restrictions shall be prepared in written form by the department, such document to be carried in the vehicle at all times and presented to a law enforcement officer under the same terms as the provisional driver's license. Any violation of the restrictions constitutes a violation of RCW 46.20.342 and subjects the person to all procedures and penalties therefor.
- (4) The department shall cancel a provisional driver's license upon receipt of notice that the holder thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of its restrictions, or of an offense that pursuant to this chapter would warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license, or upon the recommendation of a treatment agency for nonparticipation in a treatment program. The

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- 1 cancellation is effective as of the date of the conviction, or the date
- 2 a recommendation is accepted from a treatment agency, and continues
- 3 with the same force and effect as any suspension or revocation under
- 4 this title.

5 **Sec. 11.** RCW 46.52.130 and 1991 c 243 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 A certified abstract of the driving record shall be furnished only to the individual named in the abstract, an employer, the insurance 8 carrier that has insurance in effect covering the employer or a 9 prospective employer, the insurance carrier that has insurance in 10 effect covering the named individual, the insurance carrier to which 11 the named individual has applied, or an alcohol/drug assessment or 12 treatment agency approved by the department of social and health 13 14 services, to which the named individual has applied or been assigned 15 for evaluation or treatment. City attorneys and county prosecuting attorneys may provide the driving record to alcohol/drug assessment or 16 treatment agencies approved by the department of social and health 17 18 services to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for 19 evaluation or treatment. The director, upon proper request, shall furnish a certified abstract covering the period of not more than the 20 last three years to insurance companies, and covering a period of not 21 22 more than the last five years to state approved alcohol/drug assessment 23 or treatment agencies. A certified abstract of the full driving record 24 maintained by the department shall be furnished to individuals and 25 employers or prospective employers. The abstract, whenever possible, shall include an enumeration of motor vehicle accidents in which the 26 person was driving; the total number of vehicles involved; whether the 27 vehicles were legally parked or moving; whether the vehicles were 28 29 occupied at the time of the accident; any reported convictions, 30 forfeitures of bail, or findings that an infraction was committed based upon a violation of any motor vehicle law; any charges for which the 31 driver has been granted entry into a deferred prosecution program, as 32 33 provided by chapter 10.05 RCW; and the status of the person's driving privilege in this state. The enumeration shall include any reports of 34 failure to appear in response to a traffic citation or failure to 35 36 respond to a notice of infraction served upon the named individual by an arresting officer. 37

The abstract provided to the insurance company shall exclude any information except that related to the commission of misdemeanors or felonies by the individual pertaining to law enforcement officers or fire fighters as defined in RCW 41.26.030, or any officer of the Washington state patrol, while driving official vehicles in the performance of occupational duty.

The director shall collect for each abstract the sum of four dollars and fifty cents which shall be deposited in the highway safety fund.

10 Any insurance company or its agent receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for its own underwriting purposes and shall 11 not divulge any of the information contained in it to a third party. 12 13 No policy of insurance may be canceled, nonrenewed, denied, or have the rate increased on the basis of such information unless the policyholder 14 15 was determined to be at fault. No insurance company or its agent for 16 underwriting purposes relating to the operation of commercial motor 17 vehicles may use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person's operation of motor vehicles while not engaged in such 18 19 employment, nor may any insurance company or its agent for underwriting 20 purposes relating to the operation of noncommercial motor vehicles use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person's 21 operation of commercial motor vehicles. 22

Any employer or prospective employer receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for his <u>or her</u> own purpose to determine whether the licensee should be permitted to operate a commercial vehicle or school bus upon the public highways of this state and shall not divulge any information contained in it to a third party.

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Any alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency approved by the department of social and health services receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for the purpose of assisting its employees in making a determination as to what level of treatment, if any, is appropriate. The agency, or any of its employees, shall not divulge any information contained in the abstract to a third party.

Any violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.

35 **Sec. 12.** RCW 46.61.515 and 1985 c 352 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

37 (1) Every person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 38 or 46.61.504 shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than

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twenty-four consecutive hours nor more than one year, and by a fine of 1 2 not less than two hundred fifty dollars and not more than one thousand dollars. Unless the judge finds the person to be indigent, two hundred 3 4 fifty dollars of the fine shall not be suspended or deferred. Twenty-5 four consecutive hours of the jail sentence shall not be suspended or deferred unless the judge finds that the imposition of the jail 6 7 sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental well-8 being. Whenever the mandatory jail sentence is suspended or deferred, 9 the judge must state, in writing, the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or 10 deferral is based. The court may impose conditions of probation that 11 may include nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised 12 13 probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The convicted person shall, in addition, be required to complete a course in an 14 alcohol information school approved by the department of social and 15 health services or more intensive treatment in a program approved by 16 17 the department of social and health services, as determined by the court. A diagnostic evaluation and treatment recommendation shall be 18 19 prepared under the direction of the court by an alcoholism agency approved by the department of social and health services or a qualified 20 probation department approved by the department of social and health 21 services. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the department of 22 Based on the diagnostic evaluation, the court shall 23 24 determine whether the convicted person shall be required to complete a 25 course in an alcohol information school approved by the department of 26 social and health services or more intensive treatment in a program approved by the department of social and health services. 27 for approval for alcohol treatment programs shall be prescribed by rule 28 29 under the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The courts 30 shall periodically review the costs of alcohol information schools and treatment programs within their jurisdictions. 31 32

(2) On a second or subsequent conviction for driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs within a five-year period a person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than seven days nor more than one year and by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars and not more than two thousand dollars. District courts and courts organized under chapter 35.20 RCW are authorized to impose such fine. Unless the judge finds the person to be indigent, five hundred dollars of the fine

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shall not be suspended or deferred. The jail sentence shall not be 1 suspended or deferred unless the judge finds that the imposition of the 2 3 jail sentence will pose a risk to the defendant's physical or mental 4 Whenever the mandatory jail sentence is suspended or 5 deferred, the judge must state, in writing, the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or 6 deferral is based. 7 If, at the time of a second or subsequent 8 conviction, the driver is without a license or permit because of a 9 previous suspension or revocation, the minimum mandatory sentence shall 10 be ninety days in jail and a two hundred dollar fine. The penalty so imposed shall not be suspended or deferred. The person shall, in 11 addition, be required to complete a diagnostic evaluation by an 12 alcoholism agency approved by the department of social and health 13 services or a qualified probation department approved by the department 14 15 of social and health services. The report shall be forwarded to the 16 department of licensing. If the person is found to have an alcohol or 17 drug problem requiring treatment, the person shall complete treatment at an approved alcoholism treatment facility or approved drug treatment 18 19 center.

In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail sentence required by this subsection, the court shall sentence a person to a term of imprisonment not exceeding one hundred eighty days and shall suspend but shall not defer the sentence for a period not exceeding two years. The suspension of the sentence may be conditioned upon nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a condition of suspension during the suspension period.

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- (3) The license or permit to drive or any nonresident privilege of any person convicted of driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs shall:
- 33 (a) On the first conviction under either offense, where there has
 34 been no previous suspension or denial imposed under section 6(1)(b) of
 35 this act for the incident upon which the conviction is based, or where
 36 there has been no previous incident resulting in a suspension,
 37 revocation, or denial under section 6(1)(b) of this act within the
 38 five-year period preceding the current conviction, be suspended by the
 39 department until the person reaches age nineteen or for ninety days,

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whichever is longer. The department of licensing shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the designated alcoholism agency, drug treatment center, or probation department and shall deny reinstatement until enrollment and participation in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified;

- (b) On a second conviction under either offense within a five-year period, where there has been no previous revocation or denial imposed under section 6(1)(b) of this act for the incident upon which the conviction is based, be revoked by the department for one year. A previous incident resulting in a suspension, revocation, or denial under section 6(1)(b) of this act within the five-year period preceding the current conviction shall be considered a previous conviction for purposes of this subsection. The department of licensing shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the designated alcoholism agency, drug treatment center, or probation department and shall deny reinstatement until satisfactory progress in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified;
- (c) On a third or subsequent conviction of driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, vehicular homicide, or vehicular assault, or any combination thereof within a five-year period, where there has been no previous revocation or denial imposed under section 6(1)(b) of this act for the incident upon which the conviction is based, be revoked by the department for two years. Previous incidents resulting in suspension, revocation, or denial under section 6(1)(b) of this act within the five-year period preceding the current conviction shall be considered previous convictions for purposes of this subsection.
- 30 (4) In any case provided for in this section, where a driver's 31 license is to be revoked or suspended, the revocation or suspension 32 shall be stayed and shall not take effect until after the determination 33 of any appeal from the conviction which may lawfully be taken, but in 34 case the conviction is sustained on appeal the revocation or suspension 35 takes effect as of the date that the conviction becomes effective for 36 other purposes.

Sec. 13. RCW 46.68.060 and 1969 c 99 s 11 are each amended to read 38 as follows:

- (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund to be 1 known as the highway safety fund to the credit of which shall be 2 deposited all moneys directed by law to be deposited therein. 3 4 fund shall be used for carrying out the provisions of law relating to driver licensing, driver improvement, financial responsibility, cost of 5 furnishing abstracts of driving records ((and)), maintaining ((such)) 6 the case records((, and)) necessary to carry out the purposes set forth 7 8 in RCW 43.59.010, and as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this 9 section.
- 10 (2) The sum of ten dollars shall be paid from the highway safety
 11 fund to law enforcement agencies for each reissue fee collected under
 12 RCW 46.20.311 due to a suspension or revocation arising from an arrest
 13 under RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 as reimbursement for the required
 14 administrative procedures.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** The traffic safety commission shall undertake a study of the effectiveness of this act and shall report its finding to the governor and the appropriate legislative committees within thirty months of the effective date of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. The department of licensing may adopt rules necessary to carry out this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect July 1, 1993, except for section 7 of this act, which shall take effect immediately. The director of licensing may immediately take such steps as are necessary to ensure that all sections of this act are implemented on their respective effective dates.

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