CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5056

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate April 19, 1993 CERTIFICATE YEAS 41 NAYS 0 I, Marty Brown, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5056 as passed President of the Senate by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon Passed by the House April 13, 1993 set forth. YEAS 96 NAYS 2 Speaker of the Secretary House of Representatives Approved FILED

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5056

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Senator Haugen)

Read first time 01/28/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to seaweed; amending RCW 75.10.010; adding new
- 2 sections to chapter 79.01 RCW; creating new sections; and prescribing
- 3 penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that the plant
- 6 resources of marine aquatic ecosystems have inherent value and provide
- 7 essential habitat. These resources are also becoming increasingly
- 8 valuable as economic commodities and may be declining. The legislature
- 9 further finds that the regulation of harvest of these resources is
- 10 currently inadequate to afford necessary protection.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** Unless the context clearly requires
- 12 otherwise, the definition in this section applies throughout this
- 13 chapter.
- 14 "Marine aquatic plants" means saltwater marine plant species that
- 15 are dependent upon the marine aquatic or tidal environment, and exist
- 16 in either an attached or free-floating state. Marine aquatic plants
- 17 include but are not limited to seaweed of the classes Chlorophyta,
- 18 Phaeophyta, and Rhodophyta.

- 1 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ Sec. 3. The maximum daily wet weight harvest or
- 2 possession of seaweed for personal use from all private and public
- 3 tidelands and state bedlands is ten pounds per person. The department
- 4 of natural resources in cooperation with the department of fisheries
- 5 may establish seaweed harvest limits of less than ten pounds for
- 6 conservation purposes. This section shall in no way affect the ability
- 7 of any state agency to prevent harvest of any species of marine aquatic
- 8 plant from lands under its control, ownership, or management.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A violation of section 3 of this act is an
- 10 infraction under chapter 7.84 RCW, punishable by a penalty of one
- 11 hundred dollars.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** The department of fisheries may enforce the
- 13 provisions of sections 3 and 4 of this act.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** Section 3 of this act does not apply to
- 15 commercial harvest of marine aquatic plants.
- 16 Sec. 7. RCW 75.10.010 and 1985 c 155 s 1 are each amended to read
- 17 as follows:
- 18 (1) Fisheries patrol officers and ex officio fisheries patrol
- 19 officers within their respective jurisdictions, shall enforce this
- 20 title, rules of the director, and other statutes as prescribed by the
- 21 legislature.
- 22 (2) When acting within the scope of subsection (1) of this section
- 23 and when an offense occurs in the presence of the fisheries patrol
- 24 officer who is not an ex officio fisheries patrol officer, the
- 25 fisheries patrol officer may enforce all criminal laws of the state.
- 26 The fisheries patrol officer must have successfully completed the basic
- 27 law enforcement academy course sponsored by the criminal justice
- 28 training commission, or a supplemental course in criminal law
- 29 enforcement as approved by the department and the criminal justice
- 30 training commission and provided by the department or the criminal
- 31 justice training commission, prior to enforcing the criminal laws of
- 32 the state.
- 33 (3) Any liability or claim of liability which arises out of the
- 34 exercise or alleged exercise of authority by a fisheries patrol officer
- 35 rests with the department of fisheries unless the fisheries patrol

- 1 officer acts under the direction and control of another agency or
- 2 unless the liability is otherwise assumed under a written agreement
- 3 between the department of fisheries and another agency.
- 4 (4) Fisheries patrol officers may serve and execute warrants and
- 5 processes issued by the courts.
- 6 (5) Fisheries patrol officers may enforce the provisions of sections 3 and 4 of this act.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** By December 31, 1993, the department of 9 natural resources in cooperation with the department of fisheries shall
- 10 develop and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on
- 11 a process and budget necessary to accomplish the following:
- 12 (1) Inventory and monitor the seaweed resource for seaweed species
- 13 that are or have the potential to be harvested for recreational or
- 14 tribal ceremonial and subsistence purposes;
- 15 (2) Develop a management plan that will address the appropriate
- 16 level of recreational harvest of seaweed while conserving the seaweed
- 17 resource;
- 18 (3) Identify the respective state and tribal roles in managing the
- 19 seaweed resource; and
- 20 (4) Involve interested parties in development of the inventory and
- 21 management plan, including the state parks and recreation commission,
- 22 affected counties, private tideland owners, the tribes, and
- 23 representatives of those who harvest seaweed for personal use. The
- 24 department of natural resources shall also involve these interested
- 25 parties in development of the process and budget.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Sections 2 through 6 of this act are each
- 27 added to chapter 79.01 RCW.

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