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- 3 By Committee on Law & Justice
- 4 ADOPTED AS AMENDED 4/7/95
- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:

7 "PART I - IMPLIED CONSENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE REVOCATION

- 8 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.20.308 and 1994 c 275 s 13 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- (1)(a) Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state is 10 11 deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of RCW 12 46.61.506, to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood for the 13 purpose of determining the ((alcoholic content of)) 14 concentration or presence of any drug in his or her breath or blood if 15 arrested for any offense where, at the time of the arrest, the 16 arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while 17

under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug.

- (b) A person under the age of twenty-one who drives or is in physical control of a motor vehicle within this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to the relevant portions of RCW 46.61.506, to be detained long enough, and be transported if necessary, to take a test or tests of that person's blood or breath for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration in his or her system if requested or signaled to stop by a law enforcement officer pursuant to RCW 46.20.309 (as recodified by this act) where, at the time of the stop, the officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person is under the age of twenty-one and had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in a concentration of 0.02 or more in his or her system.
- 31 (2) The test or tests of breath shall be administered at the 32 direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to 33 believe the person to have been driving or in actual physical control 34 of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of 35 intoxicating liquor or the person to have been driving or in actual

- physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in a 1 concentration of 0.02 or more in his or her system and being under the 2 age of twenty-one. However, in those instances where $((\div (a)))$ the 3 4 person is incapable due to physical injury, physical incapacity, or other physical limitation, of providing a breath sample((; or (b) as a 5 result of a traffic accident)) or where the person is being treated 6 7 ((for a medical condition)) in a hospital, clinic, doctor's office, 8 emergency medical vehicle, ambulance, or other similar facility in 9 which a breath testing instrument is not present or where the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is under the 10 influence of a drug, a blood test shall be administered by a qualified 11 person as provided in RCW 46.61.506(4). The officer shall inform the 12 13 person of his or her right to refuse the breath or blood test, and of his or her right to have additional tests administered by any qualified 14 15 person of his or her choosing as provided in RCW 46.61.506. The officer shall warn the driver that: 16
- 17 (a) <u>His or her license, permit, or privilege to drive will be</u>
 18 revoked or denied if he or she refuses to submit to the test((, and (b)
 19 that)) and that a knowing refusal to submit to the test is a crime
 20 punishable as a gross misdeamanor;
- 21 (b) His or her license, permit, or privilege to drive will be 22 suspended, revoked, denied, or placed in probationary status if the 23 test is administered and the test indicates the alcohol concentration 24 of the person's breath or blood is 0.10 or more, in the case of a 25 person age twenty-one or over, or 0.02 or more in the case of a person 26 under age twenty-one; and
- 27 <u>(c) H</u>is or her refusal to take the test may be used in a criminal 28 trial.
- 29 (3) Except as provided in this section, the test administered shall 30 be of the breath only. If an individual is unconscious or is under arrest for the crime of vehicular homicide as provided in RCW 46.61.520 31 or vehicular assault as provided in RCW 46.61.522, or if an individual 32 is under arrest for the crime of driving while under the influence of 33 34 intoxicating liquor or drugs as provided in RCW 46.61.502 or is under 35 detention for driving with alcohol in his or her system as provided in RCW 46.20.309 (as recodified by this act), which arrest or detention 36 37 results from an accident in which there has been serious bodily injury to another person ((has been injured and there is a reasonable 38 39 likelihood that such other person may die as a result of injuries

sustained in the accident)), a breath or blood test may be administered without the consent of the individual so arrested or detained.

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- (4) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a condition rendering him or her incapable of refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (1) of this section and the test or tests may be administered, subject to the provisions of RCW 46.61.506, and the person shall be deemed to have received the warnings required under subsection (2) of this section.
- 9 (5) If, following his or her arrest <u>or detention</u> and receipt of 10 warnings under subsection (2) of this section, the person arrested <u>or</u> 11 <u>detained</u> refuses upon the request of a law enforcement officer to 12 submit to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood, no test shall 13 be given except as authorized under subsection (3) or (4) of this 14 section.
 - (6) If, after arrest or detention and after the other applicable conditions and requirements of this section have been satisfied, a test or tests of the person's blood or breath is administered and the test results indicate that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood is 0.10 or more if the person is age twenty-one or over, or is 0.02 or more if the person is under the age of twenty-one, or the person refuses to submit to a test, the arresting officer or other law enforcement officer at whose direction any test has been given, or the department, where applicable, if the arrest or detention results in a test of the person's blood, shall:
- 25 (a) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the 26 department of its intention to suspend, revoke, deny, or place in 27 probationary status the person's license, permit, or privilege to drive 28 as required by subsection (7) of this section;
- (b) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the department of his or her right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or she must take to obtain a hearing. Within thirty days after the notice has been given, the person may, in writing, request a formal hearing as provided by subsection (8) of this section. If such request is made by mail it must be postmarked within thirty days after the notice has been given;
- 36 (c) Mark the person's Washington state driver's license or permit
 37 to drive, if any, in a manner authorized by the department;
- 38 <u>(d) Serve notice in writing that the marked license or permit, if</u> 39 any, is a temporary license that is valid for sixty days from the date

- of arrest or detention or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, or until the suspension, revocation, or denial of the person's license, permit, or privilege to drive is sustained at a hearing pursuant to
- 5 <u>subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first.</u> No temporary
- 6 <u>license is valid to any greater degree than the license or permit that</u>
 7 <u>it replaces; and</u>
- 8 (e) Immediately notify the department of the arrest or detention
 9 and transmit to the department within seventy-two hours, except as
 10 delayed as the result of a blood test, a sworn report or report under
 11 a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 that states:
- (i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested or detained person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both, or was under the age of twenty-one years and had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more;
- (ii) That after receipt of the warnings required by subsection (2)
 of this section the person refused to submit to a test of his or her
 blood or breath, or a test was administered and the results indicated
 that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10
 or more if the person is age twenty-one or over, or was 0.02 or more if
 the person is under the age of twenty-one; and

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(iii) Any other information that the director may require by rule. (7) The department of licensing, upon the receipt of a sworn report ((of the law enforcement officer that the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor and that the person had refused to submit to the test or tests upon the request of the law enforcement officer after being informed that refusal would result in the revocation of the person's privilege to drive)) or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 under subsection (6)(e) of this section, shall suspend, revoke, deny, or place in probationary status the person's license ((or)), permit, or privilege to drive or any nonresident operating privilege, as provided in section 3 of this act, such suspension, revocation, denial, or placement in probationary status to be effective beginning sixty days from the date of arrest or detention or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is

given by the department following a blood test, or when sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first.

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(((7) Upon revoking the license or permit to drive or the nonresident operating privilege of any person, the department shall immediately notify the person involved in writing by personal service or by certified mail of its decision and the grounds therefor, and of the person's right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or she must take to obtain a hearing. Within fifteen days after the notice has been given, the person may, in writing, request a formal hearing. The person shall pay a fee of one hundred dollars as part of the request.)) (8) Upon timely receipt of ((such)) a request ((and such fee)) for a formal hearing, the department shall afford the person an opportunity for a hearing ((as provided in)). Except as otherwise provided in this section, the hearing is subject to and shall be scheduled and conducted in accordance with RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing shall be conducted in the county of the arrest or detention, except that all or part of the hearing may, at the discretion of the department, be conducted by telephone or other electronic means. The hearing shall be held within sixty days following the arrest or detention or following the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, unless otherwise agreed to by the department and the person, in which case the action by the department shall be stayed, and any valid temporary license marked under subsection (6)(c) of this section extended, if the person is otherwise eligible for licensing. For the purposes of this section, the scope of the hearing shall cover the issues of whether a law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while having alcohol in his or her system in a concentration of 0.02 or more and was under the age of twenty-one, whether the person was placed under arrest, and (a) whether the person refused to submit to the test or tests upon request of the officer after having been informed that such refusal would result in the revocation of the person's license, permit, or privilege to drive, or (b) if a test or tests were administered, whether the applicable requirements of this section were satisfied before the administration

of the test or tests, whether the person submitted to the test or 1 tests, or whether a test was administered without express consent as 2 permitted under this section, and whether the test or tests indicated 3 4 that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10 5 or more if the person was age twenty-one or over at the time of the arrest, or was 0.02 or more if the person was under the age of twenty-6 one at the time of the arrest or detention. The sworn report or report 7 under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 submitted by a law 8 9 enforcement officer is prima facie evidence that the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in 10 actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while 11 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both, or the 12 person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor 13 14 vehicle within this state while having alcohol in his or her system in 15 a concentration of 0.02 or more and was under the age of twenty-one and that the officer complied with the requirements of this section. 16

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A hearing officer shall conduct the hearing, may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and shall administer oaths to witnesses. The hearing officer shall not issue a subpoena for the attendance of a witness at the request of the person unless the request is accompanied by the fee required by RCW 5.56.010 for a witness in district court. The sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 of the law enforcement officer and any other evidence accompanying the report shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation and the certifications authorized by the criminal rules for courts of limited jurisdiction shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. The person may be represented by counsel, may question witnesses, may present evidence, and may testify. The department shall order that the <u>suspension</u>, revocation, <u>denial</u>, or <u>placement in</u> probationary status either be rescinded or sustained. ((Any decision by the department revoking a person's driving privilege shall be stayed and shall not take effect while a formal hearing is pending as provided in this section or during the pendency of a subsequent appeal to superior court so long as there is no conviction for a moving violation or no finding that the person has committed a traffic infraction that is a moving violation during pendency of the hearing and appeal.

(8))) (9) If the <u>suspension</u>, revocation, <u>denial</u>, <u>or placement in</u> <u>probationary status</u> is sustained after such a hearing, the person whose

license, privilege, or permit is suspended, revoked, denied, or placed 1 2 in probationary status has the right to file a petition in the superior 3 court of the county of arrest or detention to review the final order of 4 revocation by the department in the same manner ((provided in RCW 46.20.334)) as an appeal from a decision of a court of limited 5 jurisdiction. The appellant must pay the costs associated with 6 obtaining the record of the hearing before the hearing officer plus an 7 8 additional one hundred dollars to the department. The filing of the 9 appeal does not stay the effective date of the suspension, revocation, denial, or placement in probationary status. A petition filed under 10 this subsection must include the petitioner's grounds for requesting 11 12 review. Upon granting petitioner's request for review, the court shall review the department's final order of suspension, revocation, denial, 13 14 or placement in probationary status as expeditiously as possible. If judicial relief is sought for a stay or other temporary remedy from the 15 department's action, the court shall not grant such relief unless the 16 court finds that the appellant is likely to prevail in the appeal and 17 18 that without a stay the appellant will suffer irreparable injury. If 19 the court stays the suspension, revocation, denial, or placement in probationary status it may impose conditions on such stay. 20

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(10) If a person whose driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive has been or will be suspended, revoked, denied, or placed in probationary status under subsection (7) of this section, other than as a result of a breath test refusal, and who has not committed an offense within the last five years for which he or she was granted a deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW, petitions a court for a deferred prosecution on criminal charges arising out of the arrest for which action has been or will be taken under subsection (7) of this section, the court may direct the department to stay any actual or proposed suspension, revocation, denial, or placement in probationary status for at least forty-five days but not more than ninety days. If the court stays the suspension, revocation, denial, or placement in probationary status, it may impose conditions on such stay. If the person is otherwise eligible for licensing, the department shall issue a temporary license, or extend any valid temporary license marked under subsection (6) of this section, for the period of the stay. If a deferred prosecution treatment plan is not recommended in the report made under RCW 10.05.050, or if treatment is rejected by the court, or if the person declines to accept an offered treatment plan, or if the

person violates any condition imposed by the court, then the court

shall immediately direct the department to cancel the stay and any

temporary marked license or extension of a temporary license issued

under this subsection.

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A suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this section, other than as a result of a breath test refusal, shall be stayed if the person is accepted for deferred prosecution as provided in chapter 10.05 RCW for the incident upon which the suspension, revocation, or denial is based. If the deferred prosecution is terminated, the stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or denial reinstated. If the deferred prosecution is completed, the stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or denial canceled.

((+9+)) (11) When it has been finally determined under the procedures of this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been <u>suspended</u>, revoked, or <u>denied</u>, the department shall give information in writing of the action taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and of any state in which he or she has a license.

- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.20.309 and 1994 c 275 s 10 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
- $((\frac{1}{1}))$ Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a person under the age of twenty-one may not drive, operate, or be in physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in his or her system in a concentration of 0.02 or $(\frac{above}{1})$ more.
- (((2) A person under the age of twenty-one who drives or is in physical control of a motor vehicle within this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to the relevant portions of RCW 46.61.506, to be detained long enough, and be transported if necessary, to take a test or tests of that person's blood or breath for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration in his or her system.
- 31 (3) A test or tests may be administered at the direction of a law 32 enforcement officer, who after stopping or detaining the driver, has 33 reasonable grounds to believe that the driver was driving or in actual 34 physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in his or her 35 system.
- 36 (4) The law enforcement officer requesting the test or tests under 37 subsection (2) of this section shall warn the person requested to

submit to the test that a refusal to submit will result in that person's driver's license or driving privilege being revoked.

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- 3 (5) If the person refuses testing, or submits to a test that 4 discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more, the law enforcement 5 officer shall:
- 6 (a) Serve the person notice in writing on behalf of the department
 7 of licensing of its intention to suspend, revoke, or deny the person's
 8 license, permit, or privilege to drive;
 - (b) Serve the person notice in writing on behalf of the department of licensing of the person's right to a hearing, specifying the steps required to obtain a hearing;
- 12 (c) Confiscate the person's Washington state license or permit to 13 drive, if any, and issue a temporary license to replace any confiscated license or permit. The temporary license shall be valid for thirty 14 15 days from the date of the traffic stop or until the suspension or revocation of the person's license or permit is sustained at a hearing 16 as provided by subsection (7) of this section, whichever occurs first. 17 18 No temporary license is valid to any greater degree than the license or 19 permit it replaces;
- 20 (d) Notify the department of licensing of the traffic stop, and 21 transmit to the department any confiscated license or permit and a 22 sworn report stating:
 - (i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state with alcohol in his or her system;
- (ii) That pursuant to this section a test of the person's alcohol concentration was administered or that the person refused to be tested;
 - (iii) If administered, that the test indicated the person's alcohol concentration was 0.02 or higher; and
- 30 (iv) Any other information that the department may require by rule.
 - (6) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer under subsection (5) of this section, the department shall suspend or revoke the driver's license or driving privilege beginning thirty days from the date of the traffic stop or beginning when the suspension, revocation, or denial is sustained at a hearing as provided by subsection (7) of this section. Within fifteen days after notice of a suspension or revocation has been given, the person may, in writing, request a formal hearing. If such a request is not made within the prescribed time the right to a hearing is waived. Upon receipt of such

request, the department shall afford the person an opportunity for a 1 hearing as provided in RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing shall 2 be conducted in the county of the arrest. For the purposes of this 3 4 section, the hearing shall cover the issues of whether a law 5 enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 6 within this state while having alcohol in his or her system, whether 7 8 the person refused to submit to the test or tests upon request of the 9 officer after having been informed that the refusal would result in the 10 revocation of the person's driver's license or driving privilege, and, if the test or tests of the person's breath or blood was administered, 11 12 whether the results indicated an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more. The department shall order that the suspension or revocation of the 13 14 person's driver's license or driving privilege either be rescinded or 15 sustained. Any decision by the department suspending or revoking a person's driver's license or driving privilege is stayed and does not 16 take effect while a formal hearing is pending under this section or 17 18 during the pendency of a subsequent appeal to superior court so long as 19 there is no conviction for a moving violation or no finding that the person has committed a traffic infraction that is a moving violation 20 during the pendency of the hearing and appeal. If the suspension or 21 revocation of the person's driver's license or driving privilege is 22 23 sustained after the hearing, the person may file a petition in the 24 superior court of the county of arrest to review the final order of 25 suspension or revocation by the department in the manner provided in 26 RCW 46.20.334.

(7) The department shall suspend or revoke the driver's license or driving privilege of a person as required by this section as follows:

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- (a) In the case of a person who has refused a test or tests:
- 30 (i) For a first refusal within five years, revocation for one year;
- 31 (ii) For a second or subsequent refusal within five years, 32 revocation or denial for two years.
- 33 (b) In the case of an incident where a person has submitted to a 34 test or tests indicating an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more:
- 35 (i) For a first incident within five years, suspension for ninety 36 $days\dot{\tau}$
- (ii) For a second or subsequent incident within five years, revocation for one year or until the person reaches age twenty-one whichever occurs later.

- 1 (8) For purposes of this section, "alcohol concentration" means (a)
 2 grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of a person's breath, or
 3 (b) the percent by weight of alcohol in a person's blood.))
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW 5 to read as follows:
- Pursuant to RCW 46.20.308, the department shall suspend, revoke, or deny the arrested or detained person's license, permit, or privilege to drive as follows:
 - (1) In the case of a person who has refused a test or tests:

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- 10 (a) For a first refusal within five years, where there has not been 11 a previous incident within five years that resulted in administrative 12 action under this section, revocation or denial for one year;
 - (b) For a second or subsequent refusal within five years, or for a first refusal where there has been one or more previous incidents within five years that have resulted in administrative action under this section, revocation or denial for two years or until the person reaches age twenty-one, whichever is longer. A revocation imposed under this subsection (1)(b) shall run consecutively to the period of any suspension, revocation, or denial imposed pursuant to a criminal conviction arising out of the same incident.
- 21 (2) In the case of an incident where a person has submitted to or 22 been administered a test or tests indicating that the alcohol 23 concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10 or more:
- (a) For a first incident within five years, where there has not been a previous incident within five years that resulted in administrative action under this section, placement in probationary status as provided in RCW 46.20.355;
- 28 (b) For a second or subsequent incident within five years, 29 revocation or denial for two years.
- 30 (3) In the case of an incident where a person under age twenty-one 31 has submitted to or been administered a test or tests indicating that 32 the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.02 or 33 more:
- 34 (a) For a first incident within five years, suspension or denial 35 for ninety days;
- 36 (b) For a second or subsequent incident within five years, 37 revocation or denial for one year or until the person reaches age 38 twenty-one, whichever is longer.

- 1 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.20.355 and 1994 c 275 s 8 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 (1) Upon ((notification of a conviction under RCW 46.61.502 or 4 46.61.504 for which the issuance of a probationary driver's license is required)) placing a license, permit, or privilege to drive in 5 probationary status pursuant to section 3(2)(a) of this act, or upon 6 receipt of an abstract indicating a deferred prosecution has been 7 granted under RCW 10.05.060, the department of licensing shall order 8 9 the person to surrender ((his or her)) any Washington state driver's license that may be in his or her possession. 10 The department shall revoke the license, permit, or privilege to drive of any person who 11 fails to surrender it as required by this section for one year, unless 12 the license has been previously surrendered to the department, a law 13 14 enforcement officer, or a court, or the person has completed an affidavit of lost, stolen, destroyed, or previously surrendered 15 license, such revocation to take effect thirty days after notice is 16 given of the requirement for license surrender. 17
- 18 (2) ((Upon receipt of the surrendered license, and following the 19 expiration of any period of license suspension or revocation, or following receipt of a sworn statement under RCW 46.20.365 that 20 requires issuance of a probationary license, the department shall issue 21 22 the person a probationary license if otherwise qualified. The probationary license shall be renewed on the same cycle as the person's 23 24 regular license would have been renewed until five years after the date of its issuance.)) The department shall place a person's driving 25 privilege in probationary status as required by RCW 10.05.060 or 26 46.20.308 for a period of five years from the date the probationary 27 status is required to go into effect. 28
- 29 (3) Following receipt of an abstract indicating a deferred 30 prosecution has been granted under RCW 10.05.060, or following receipt of a sworn report under RCW 46.20.308 that requires immediate placement 31 in probationary status under section 3(2)(a) of this act, the 32 department shall require the person to obtain a probationary license in 33 34 order to operate a motor vehicle in the state of Washington, except as otherwise exempt under RCW 46.20.025. The department shall not issue 35 the probationary license unless the person is otherwise qualified for 36 licensing, and the person must renew the probationary license on the 37 same cycle as the person's regular license would have been renewed 38

- 1 <u>until the expiration of the five-year probationary status period</u> 2 <u>imposed under subsection (2) of this section.</u>
- 3 <u>(4)</u> For each <u>original</u> issue or ((reissue)) <u>renewal</u> of a 4 <u>probationary</u> license under this section, the department ((may)) <u>shall</u>
- 5 charge (($\frac{\text{the}}{\text{o}}$)) <u>a</u> fee (($\frac{\text{authorized under RCW 46.20.311 for the}}{\text{or the}}$
- 6 reissuance of a license following a revocation for a violation of RCW
- 7 46.61.502 or 46.61.504)) of fifty dollars in addition to any other
- 8 <u>licensing fees required</u>. Except for when renewing a probationary
- 9 license, the department shall waive the fifty-dollar fee if the person
- 10 has a probationary license in his or her possession at the time a new
- 11 probationary license is required.
- 12 (((4))) (5) A probationary license shall enable the department and
- 13 law enforcement personnel to determine that the person is on
- 14 probationary status((, including the period of that status, for a
- 15 violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or 46.20.365)). ((That)) The
- 16 fact that a person's driving privilege is in probationary status or
- 17 that the person has been issued a probationary license shall not be a
- 18 part of the person's record that is available to insurance companies.

19 PART II - CRIMINAL SANCTIONS

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW,
- 21 to be codified between RCW 46.61.500 and 46.61.520, to read as follows:
- 22 (1) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or
- 23 46.61.504 and who has no prior offense within five years shall be
- 24 punished as follows:
- 25 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less
- 26 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to
- 27 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
- 28 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
- 29 (i) By imprisonment for not less than one day nor more than one
- 30 year. Twenty-four consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be
- 31 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of
- 32 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the
- 33 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory
- 34 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in
- 35 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the
- 36 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and

- (ii) By a fine of not less than three hundred fifty dollars nor 1 more than five thousand dollars. Three hundred fifty dollars of the 2 fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 3 4 offender to be indigent; and
- (iii) By suspension of the offender's license or permit to drive, 5 or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 6 7 ninety days. The court may suspend all or part of the ninety-day 8 period of suspension. The court shall notify the department of 9 licensing of the conviction and of any period of license, permit, or 10 privilege suspension and shall notify the department of the person's completion of any such period of suspension; or 11
- (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 12 13 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 14 15 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
- 16 (i) By imprisonment for not less than two days nor more than one year. Two consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or 17 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 18 19 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 20 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 21 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 22 23 suspension or deferral is based; and
- 24 (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be 26 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be 27 indigent; and

- (iii) By suspension of the offender's license or permit to drive, 28 or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 29 30 one hundred twenty days. The period of license, permit, or privilege suspension may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department 31 of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the 32 33 conviction the department shall suspend the offender's license, permit, or privilege. 34
- (2) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 35 46.61.504 and who has one prior offense within five years shall be 36 37 punished as follows:
- (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less 38 39 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to

1 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
2 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

- (i) By imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one year. Thirty days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and
- (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and
- (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of one year. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or privilege; or
- (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
 - (i) By imprisonment for not less than forty-five days nor more than one year. Forty-five days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and
- (ii) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and
- (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of

- four hundred fifty days. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or privilege.
- 6 (3) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 7 46.61.504 and who has two or more prior offenses within five years 8 shall be punished as follows:
- 9 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less 10 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to 11 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 12 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
- 13 (i) By imprisonment for not less than ninety days nor more than one year. Ninety days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred 14 15 unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum 16 sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or 17 mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for 18 19 granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 20 suspension or deferral is based; and
- (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and
- (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of two years. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or privilege; or
- 32 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 33 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a 34 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 35 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
- (i) By imprisonment for not less than one hundred twenty days nor more than one year. One hundred twenty days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to

- the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and
- 5 (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars 6 nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand five hundred dollars 7 of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 8 offender to be indigent; and
- 9 (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, 10 or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 11 three years. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation 12 may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of 13 licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the 14 conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, 15 or privilege.
- (4) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties within the limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly consider whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was responsible for injury or damage to another or another's property.
- 20 (5) An offender punishable under this section is subject to the 21 alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of RCW 46.61.5056.
- (6)(a) In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail 22 sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than 23 24 one year in jail, the court shall also suspend but shall not defer a 25 period of confinement for a period not exceeding two years. The court 26 shall impose conditions of probation that include: (i) Not driving a motor vehicle within this state without a valid license to drive and 27 proof of financial responsibility for the future; (ii) not driving a 28 motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration 29 30 of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing to submit to a test of his or her breath or blood to determine alcohol 31 concentration upon request of a law enforcement officer who has 32 reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual 33 34 physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the 35 influence of intoxicating liquor. The court may impose conditions of probation that include nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, 36 37 supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a 38 39 condition of probation during the suspension period.

- (b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under (a) (i) and (ii) or (a) (i) and (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be suspended or deferred.
- (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory 5 condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license, 6 permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the 7 court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to 8 drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding 9 10 of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. 11 The court shall 12 notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any 13 extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this 14 subsection.
- 15 (7)(a) A "prior offense" means any of the following:
- 16 (i) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or an equivalent 17 local ordinance;
- 18 (ii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.504 or an equivalent 19 local ordinance;
- 20 (iii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed while 21 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;
- (iv) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;
- (v) An out-of-state conviction for a violation that would have been a violation of (a)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this subsection if committed in this state; or
- (vi) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance.
- 30 (b) "Within five years" means that the arrest for a prior offense 31 occurred within five years of the arrest for the current offense.
- 32 **Sec. 6.** RCW 46.61.5058 and 1994 c 139 s 1 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
- (1) Upon the arrest of a person or upon the filing of a complaint, citation, or information in a court of competent jurisdiction, based upon probable cause to believe that a person has violated RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or any similar municipal ordinance, if such person has a ((previous conviction for violation of either RCW 46.61.502 or

46.61.504 or other similar municipal ordinance, and where the offense 1 2 occurs within a five year period of the previous conviction)) prior offense within five years as defined in section 5 of this act, and 3 4 where the person has been provided written notice that any transfer, 5 sale, or encumbrance of such person's interest in the vehicle over which that person was actually driving or had physical control when the 6 violation occurred, is unlawful pending either acquittal, dismissal, 7 sixty days after conviction, or other termination of the charge, such 8 person shall be prohibited from encumbering, selling, or transferring 9 10 his or her interest in such vehicle, except as otherwise provided in (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection, until either acquittal, 11 dismissal, sixty days after conviction, or other termination of the 12 13 charge. The prohibition against transfer of title shall not be stayed pending the determination of an appeal from the conviction. 14

- 15 (a) A vehicle encumbered by a bona fide security interest may be 16 transferred to the secured party or to a person designated by the 17 secured party;
- 18 (b) A leased or rented vehicle may be transferred to the lessor, 19 rental agency, or to a person designated by the lessor or rental 20 agency; and

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- (c) A vehicle may be transferred to a third party or a vehicle dealer who is a bona fide purchaser or may be subject to a bona fide security interest in the vehicle unless it is established that (i) in the case of a purchase by a third party or vehicle dealer, such party or dealer had actual notice that the vehicle was subject to the prohibition prior to the purchase, or (ii) in the case of a security interest, the holder of the security interest had actual notice that the vehicle was subject to the prohibition prior to the encumbrance of title.
- 30 (2) On ((a second or subsequent)) conviction for a violation of either RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or any similar municipal ordinance 31 where ((such offense was committed within a five-year period of the 32 previous conviction)) the person convicted has a prior offense within 33 34 five years as defined in section 5 of this act, the motor vehicle the 35 person was driving or over which the person had actual physical control at the time of the offense, if the person has a financial interest in 36 37 the vehicle, is subject to seizure and forfeiture pursuant to this section. 38

(3) A vehicle subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by a law enforcement officer of this state upon process issued by a court of competent jurisdiction. Seizure of a vehicle may be made without process if the vehicle subject to seizure has been the subject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a forfeiture proceeding based upon this section.

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- 7 (4) Seizure under subsection (3) of this section automatically commences proceedings for forfeiture. The law enforcement agency under whose authority the seizure was made shall cause notice of the seizure and intended forfeiture of the seized vehicle to be served within fifteen days after the seizure on the owner of the vehicle seized, on the person in charge of the vehicle, and on any person having a known right or interest in the vehicle, including a community property interest. The notice of seizure may be served by any method authorized by law or court rule, including but not limited to service by certified mail with return receipt requested. Service by mail is complete upon mailing within the fifteen-day period after the seizure. Notice of seizure in the case of property subject to a security interest that has been perfected on a certificate of title shall be made by service upon the secured party or the secured party's assignee at the address shown on the financing statement or the certificate of title.
- 22 (5) If no person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in 23 writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of 24 the seized vehicle within forty-five days of the seizure, the vehicle 25 is deemed forfeited.
- 26 (6) If a person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in 27 writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of the seized vehicle within forty-five days of the seizure, the law 28 29 enforcement agency shall give the person or persons a reasonable 30 opportunity to be heard as to the claim or right. The hearing shall be before the chief law enforcement officer of the seizing agency or the 31 chief law enforcement officer's designee, except where the seizing 32 33 agency is a state agency as defined in RCW 34.12.020, the hearing shall be before the chief law enforcement officer of the seizing agency or an 34 35 administrative law judge appointed under chapter 34.12 RCW, except that any person asserting a claim or right may remove the matter to a court 36 37 of competent jurisdiction. Removal may only be accomplished according to the rules of civil procedure. The person seeking removal of the 38 39 matter must serve process against the state, county, political

subdivision, or municipality that operates the seizing agency, and any 1 2 other party of interest, in accordance with RCW 4.28.080 or 4.92.020, within forty-five days after the person seeking removal has notified 3 4 the seizing law enforcement agency of the person's claim of ownership 5 or right to possession. The court to which the matter is to be removed shall be the district court when the aggregate value of the vehicle is 6 within the jurisdictional limit set forth in RCW 3.66.020. A hearing 7 8 before the seizing agency and any appeal therefrom shall be under Title 9 In a court hearing between two or more claimants to the 10 vehicle involved, the prevailing party shall be entitled to a judgment for costs and reasonable attorneys' fees. 11 The burden of producing 12 evidence shall be upon the person claiming to be the legal owner or the 13 person claiming to have the lawful right to possession of the vehicle. The seizing law enforcement agency shall promptly return the vehicle to 14 15 the claimant upon a determination by the administrative law judge or 16 court that the claimant is the present legal owner under Title 46 RCW 17 or is lawfully entitled to possession of the vehicle.

(7) When a vehicle is forfeited under this chapter the seizing law enforcement agency may sell the vehicle, retain it for official use, or upon application by a law enforcement agency of this state release the vehicle to that agency for the exclusive use of enforcing this title; provided, however, that the agency shall first satisfy any bona fide security interest to which the vehicle is subject under subsection (1) (a) or (c) of this section.

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- 25 (8) When a vehicle is forfeited, the seizing agency shall keep a 26 record indicating the identity of the prior owner, if known, a 27 description of the vehicle, the disposition of the vehicle, the value 28 of the vehicle at the time of seizure, and the amount of proceeds 29 realized from disposition of the vehicle.
- 30 (9) Each seizing agency shall retain records of forfeited vehicles 31 for at least seven years.
- 32 (10) Each seizing agency shall file a report including a copy of 33 the records of forfeited vehicles with the state treasurer each 34 calendar quarter.
- 35 (11) The quarterly report need not include a record of a forfeited 36 vehicle that is still being held for use as evidence during the 37 investigation or prosecution of a case or during the appeal from a 38 conviction.

- 1 (12) By January 31st of each year, each seizing agency shall remit 2 to the state treasurer an amount equal to ten percent of the net 3 proceeds of vehicles forfeited during the preceding calendar year. 4 Money remitted shall be deposited in the public safety and education 5 account.
- 6 (13) The net proceeds of a forfeited vehicle is the value of the
 7 forfeitable interest in the vehicle after deducting the cost of
 8 satisfying a bona fide security interest to which the vehicle is
 9 subject at the time of seizure; and in the case of a sold vehicle,
 10 after deducting the cost of sale, including reasonable fees or
 11 commissions paid to independent selling agents.
- (14) The value of a sold forfeited vehicle is the sale price. 12 value of a retained forfeited vehicle is the fair market value of the 13 vehicle at the time of seizure, determined when possible by reference 14 15 to an applicable commonly used index, such as the index used by the 16 department of licensing. A seizing agency may, but need not, use an 17 independent qualified appraiser to determine the value of retained vehicles. If an appraiser is used, the value of the vehicle appraised 18 19 is net of the cost of the appraisal.

20 PART III - TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

- 21 **Sec. 7.** RCW 3.62.090 and 1994 c 275 s 34 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- (1) There shall be assessed and collected in addition to any fines, forfeitures, or penalties assessed, other than for parking infractions, by all courts organized under Title 3 or 35 RCW a public safety and education assessment equal to sixty percent of such fines, forfeitures, or penalties, which shall be remitted as provided in chapters 3.46, 3.50, 3.62, and 35.20 RCW. The assessment required by this section shall not be suspended or waived by the court.
- (2) There shall be assessed and collected in addition to any fines, 30 31 forfeitures, or penalties assessed, other than for parking infractions 32 and for fines levied under ((RCW 46.61.5051, 46.61.5052, and 46.61.5053)) section 5 of this act, and in addition to the public 33 safety and education assessment required under subsection (1) of this 34 35 section, by all courts organized under Title 3 or 35 RCW, an additional public safety and education assessment equal to fifty percent of the 36 public safety and education assessment required under subsection (1) of 37

- 1 this section, which shall be remitted to the state treasurer and
- 2 deposited as provided in RCW 43.08.250. The additional assessment
- 3 required by this subsection shall not be suspended or waived by the
- 4 court.
- 5 **Sec. 8.** RCW 35.21.165 and 1994 c 275 s 36 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 Except as limited by the maximum penalties authorized by law, no
- 8 city or town may establish a penalty for an act that constitutes the
- 9 crime of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
- 10 any drug, as provided in RCW 46.61.502, or the crime of being in actual
- 11 physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of
- 12 intoxicating liquor or any drug, as provided in RCW 46.61.504, that is
- 13 less than the penalties prescribed for those crimes in ((RCW
- 14 46.61.5051, 46.61.5052, and 46.61.5053)) section 5 of this act.
- 15 **Sec. 9.** RCW 36.32.127 and 1994 c 275 s 37 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
- 17 No county may establish a penalty for an act that constitutes the
- 18 crime of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
- 19 any drug, as provided for in RCW 46.61.502, or the crime of being in
- 20 actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of
- 21 intoxicating liquor or any drug, as provided in RCW 46.61.504, that is
- 22 less than the penalties prescribed for those crimes in ((RCW
- 23 46.61.5051, 46.61.5052, and 46.61.5053)) section 5 of this act.
- 24 Sec. 10. RCW 46.04.480 and 1994 c 275 s 38 are each amended to
- 25 read as follows:
- 26 "Revoke," in all its forms, means the invalidation for a period of
- 27 one calendar year and thereafter until reissue: PROVIDED, That under
- 28 the provisions of RCW 46.20.285, 46.20.311, 46.20.265, ((46.61.5051,
- 29 46.61.5052, or 46.61.5053)) or section 5 of this act, and chapter 46.65
- 30 RCW the invalidation may last for a period other than one calendar
- 31 year.
- 32 **Sec. 11.** RCW 46.20.311 and 1994 c 275 s 27 are each amended to
- 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) The department shall not suspend a driver's license or
- 35 privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways for a fixed

period of more than one year, except as specifically permitted under 1 RCW 46.20.342 or other provision of law. Except for a suspension under 2 RCW 46.20.289 and 46.20.291(5), whenever the license or driving 3 4 privilege of any person is suspended by reason of a conviction, a finding that a traffic infraction has been committed, pursuant to 5 chapter 46.29 RCW, or pursuant to RCW 46.20.291 or 46.20.308, the 6 7 suspension shall remain in effect until the person gives and thereafter 8 maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided 9 in chapter 46.29 RCW. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the 10 person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by 11 12 the alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW 46.61.5056 and shall deny reinstatement until enrollment and 13 14 participation in an approved program has been established and the 15 person is otherwise qualified. The department shall not issue to the person a new, duplicate, or renewal license until the person pays a 16 17 reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or is the result of 18 19 administrative action under RCW 46.20.308, the reissue fee shall be 20 fifty dollars.

(2) Any person whose license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle 21 on the public highways has been revoked, unless the revocation was for 22 a cause which has been removed, is not entitled to have the license or 23 24 privilege renewed or restored until: (a) After the expiration of one 25 year from the date the license or privilege to drive was revoked; (b) 26 after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by ((RCW 46.20.308 or 46.61.5052, 46.61.5053, or 46.20.365)) section 3 or 27 28 5 of this act; (c) after the expiration of two years for persons 29 convicted of vehicular homicide; or (d) after the expiration of the 30 applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.265. 31 expiration of the appropriate period, the person may make application for a new license as provided by law together with a reissue fee in the 32 amount of twenty dollars, but if the revocation is the result of a 33 34 violation of RCW 46.20.308, 46.61.502, or 46.61.504 ((or is the result 35 of administrative action under RCW 46.20.365)), the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars. If the revocation is the result of a violation of 36 37 RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the person's 38 eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the 39 alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW

- 46.61.5056 and shall deny reissuance of a license, permit, or privilege 1 to drive until enrollment and participation in an approved program has 2 been established and the person is otherwise qualified. Except for a 3 4 revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not then issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving 5 ability of the person that it will be safe to grant the privilege of 6 7 driving a motor vehicle on the public highways, and until the person 8 gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for 9 the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. For a revocation under 10 RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person 11 12 that it will be safe to grant that person the privilege of driving a 13 motor vehicle on the public highways.
- 14 (3) Whenever the driver's license of any person is suspended 15 pursuant to Article IV of the nonresident violators compact or RCW 46.23.020 or 46.20.289 or 46.20.291(5), the department shall not issue 16 17 to the person any new or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a 18 19 violation of the laws of this or any other state, province, or other 20 jurisdiction involving (a) the operation or physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways while under the influence of 21 intoxicating liquor or drugs, or (b) the refusal to submit to a 22 chemical test of the driver's blood alcohol content, the reissue fee 23 24 shall be fifty dollars.
- 25 **Sec. 12.** RCW 46.20.391 and 1994 c 275 s 29 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

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(1) Any person licensed under this chapter who is convicted of an offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation of the driver's license is mandatory, other than vehicular homicide or vehicular assault, may submit to the department an application for an occupational driver's license. The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining that the petitioner is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes it essential that the petitioner operate a motor vehicle, may issue an occupational driver's license and may set definite restrictions as provided in RCW 46.20.394. No person may petition for, and the department shall not issue, an occupational driver's license that is effective during the first thirty days of any suspension or revocation imposed for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or

- 1 46.61.504. ((No person may petition for, and the department shall not
- 2 issue, an occupational driver's license if the person is ineligible for
- 3 such a license under RCW 46.61.5052 or 46.61.5053.)) A person
- 4 aggrieved by the decision of the department on the application for an
- 5 occupational driver's license may request a hearing as provided by rule
- 6 of the department.
- 7 (2) An applicant for an occupational driver's license is eligible
- 8 to receive such license only if:
- 9 (a) Within one year immediately preceding the date of the offense
- 10 that gave rise to the present conviction, the applicant has not
- 11 committed ((of)) any $(({committed any}))$ offense relating to motor
- 12 vehicles for which suspension or revocation of a driver's license is
- 13 mandatory; and
- 14 (b) Within five years immediately preceding the date of the offense
- 15 that gave rise to the present conviction, the applicant has not
- 16 committed any of the following offenses: (i) Driving or being in
- 17 actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of
- 18 intoxicating liquor; (ii) vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520; or
- 19 (iii) vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and
- 20 (c) The applicant is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes
- 21 it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle; and
- 22 (d) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial
- 23 responsibility pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW.
- 24 (3) The director shall cancel an occupational driver's license upon
- 25 receipt of notice that the holder thereof has been convicted of
- 26 operating a motor vehicle in violation of its restrictions, or of an
- 27 offense that pursuant to chapter 46.20 RCW would warrant suspension or
- 28 revocation of a regular driver's license. The cancellation is
- 29 effective as of the date of the conviction, and continues with the same
- 30 force and effect as any suspension or revocation under this title.
- 31 **Sec. 13.** RCW 46.61.5054 and 1994 c 275 s 7 are each amended to
- 32 read as follows:
- 33 (1)(a) In addition to penalties set forth in RCW 46.61.5051 through
- 34 46.61.5053 until September 1, 1995, and section 5 of this act
- 35 <u>thereafter</u>, a one hundred twenty-five dollar fee shall be assessed to
- 36 a person who is either convicted, sentenced to a lesser charge, or
- 37 given deferred prosecution, as a result of an arrest for violating RCW
- 38 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522. This fee is for the

- 1 purpose of funding the Washington state toxicology laboratory and the 2 Washington state patrol breath test program.
- 3 (b) Upon a verified petition by the person assessed the fee, the 4 court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that 5 the person does not have the ability to pay.
- 6 (c) When a minor has been adjudicated a juvenile offender for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522, the court shall assess the one hundred twenty-five dollar fee under (a) of this subsection. Upon a verified petition by a minor assessed the fee, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the minor does not have the ability to pay the fee.
- 13 (2) The fee assessed under subsection (1) of this section shall be 14 collected by the clerk of the court and distributed as follows:
- 15 (a) Forty percent shall be subject to distribution under RCW 16 3.46.120, 3.50.100, 35.20.220, 3.62.020, 3.62.040, or 10.82.070.
- 17 (b) If the case involves a blood test by the state toxicology 18 laboratory, the remainder of the fee shall be forwarded to the state 19 treasurer for deposit in the death investigations account to be used 20 solely for funding the state toxicology laboratory blood testing 21 program.
- (c) Otherwise, the remainder of the fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the state patrol highway account to be used solely for funding the Washington state patrol breath test program.
- 26 (3) This section applies to any offense committed on or after July 27 1, 1993.
- 28 **Sec. 14.** RCW 46.61.5056 and 1994 c 275 s 9 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- 30 (1) A person subject to alcohol assessment and treatment under ((RCW 46.61.5051, 46.61.5052, or 46.61.5053)) section 5 of this act 31 shall be required by the court to complete a course in an alcohol 32 33 information school approved by the department of social and health 34 services or to complete more intensive treatment in a program approved by the department of social and health services, as determined by the 35 36 court. The court shall notify the department of licensing whenever it orders a person to complete a course or treatment program under this 37 38 section.

(2) A diagnostic evaluation and treatment recommendation shall be prepared under the direction of the court by an alcoholism agency approved by the department of social and health services or a qualified 4 probation department approved by the department of social and health services. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the department of Based on the diagnostic evaluation, the court shall licensing. determine whether the person shall be required to complete a course in an alcohol information school approved by the department of social and health services or more intensive treatment in a program approved by the department of social and health services.

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- (3) Standards for approval for alcohol treatment programs shall be 11 prescribed by the department of social and health services. 12 13 department of social and health services shall periodically review the costs of alcohol information schools and treatment programs. 14
- 15 (4) Any agency that provides treatment ordered under ((RCW 46.61.5051, 46.61.5052, or 46.61.5053)) section 5 of this act, shall 16 17 immediately report to the appropriate probation department where applicable, otherwise to the court, and to the department of licensing 18 19 any noncompliance by a person with the conditions of his or her ordered 20 treatment. The court shall notify the department of licensing and the department of social and health services of any failure by an agency to 21 22 so report noncompliance. Any agency with knowledge of noncompliance that fails to so report shall be fined two hundred fifty dollars by the 23 24 department of social and health services. Upon three such failures by 25 an agency within one year, the department of social and health services 26 shall revoke the agency's approval under this section.
- 27 (5) The department of licensing and the department of social and 28 health services may adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out this 29 section.
- 30 **Sec. 15.** RCW 46.61.5151 and 1994 c 275 s 39 are each amended to read as follows: 31
- A sentencing court may allow persons convicted of violating RCW 32 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 to fulfill the terms of the sentence provided in 33 34 ((RCW 46.61.5051, 46.61.5052, or 46.61.5053)) section 5 of this act in nonconsecutive or intermittent time periods. However, any mandatory 35 36 minimum sentence under ((RCW 46.61.5051, 46.61.5052, or 46.61.5053)) 37 section 5 of this act shall be served consecutively unless suspended or 38 deferred as otherwise provided by law.

1 **Sec. 16.** RCW 46.63.020 and 1994 c 275 s 33 and 1994 c 141 s 2 are 2 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

3 Failure to perform any act required or the performance of any act 4 prohibited by this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution relating to traffic 5 including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses, is 6 designated as a traffic infraction and may not be classified as a 7 8 criminal offense, except for an offense contained in the following 9 provisions of this title or a violation of an equivalent administrative 10 regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution:

- 11 (1) RCW 46.09.120(2) relating to the operation of a nonhighway 12 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a 13 controlled substance;
 - (2) RCW 46.09.130 relating to operation of nonhighway vehicles;
- 15 (3) RCW 46.10.090(2) relating to the operation of a snowmobile 16 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or 17 habit-forming drugs or in a manner endangering the person of another;
 - (4) RCW 46.10.130 relating to the operation of snowmobiles;
- 19 (5) Chapter 46.12 RCW relating to certificates of ownership and 20 registration;
- 21 (6) RCW 46.16.010 relating to initial registration of motor 22 vehicles;
- 23 (7) RCW 46.16.011 relating to permitting unauthorized persons to 24 drive;
- 25 (8) RCW 46.16.160 relating to vehicle trip permits;

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- (9) RCW 46.16.381 (6) or (9) relating to unauthorized use or acquisition of a special placard or license plate for disabled persons' parking;
- 29 (10) RCW 46.20.021 relating to driving without a valid driver's 30 license;
- 31 (11) RCW 46.20.336 relating to the unlawful possession and use of 32 a driver's license;
- 33 (12) RCW 46.20.342 relating to driving with a suspended or revoked 34 license or status;
- 35 (13) RCW 46.20.410 relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational driver's license;
- 37 (14) RCW 46.20.420 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle 38 with a suspended or revoked license;

- 1 (15) RCW 46.20.750 relating to assisting another person to start a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;
- 3 (16) RCW 46.25.170 relating to commercial driver's licenses;
- 4 (17) Chapter 46.29 RCW relating to financial responsibility;
- 5 (18) RCW 46.30.040 relating to providing false evidence of 6 financial responsibility;
- 7 (19) RCW 46.37.435 relating to wrongful installation of 8 sunscreening material;
- 9 (20) RCW 46.44.180 relating to operation of mobile home pilot 10 vehicles;
- 11 (21) RCW 46.48.175 relating to the transportation of dangerous 12 articles;
- 13 (22) RCW 46.52.010 relating to duty on striking an unattended car 14 or other property;
- 15 (23) RCW 46.52.020 relating to duty in case of injury to or death 16 of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;
- 17 (24) RCW 46.52.090 relating to reports by repairmen, storagemen, 18 and appraisers;
- 19 (25) RCW 46.52.100 relating to driving under the influence of 20 liquor or drugs;
- (26) RCW 46.52.130 relating to confidentiality of the driving record to be furnished to an insurance company, an employer, and an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency;
- 24 (27) RCW 46.55.020 relating to engaging in the activities of a 25 registered tow truck operator without a registration certificate;
- 26 (28) RCW 46.55.035 relating to prohibited practices by tow truck 27 operators;
- 28 (29) RCW 46.61.015 relating to obedience to police officers, 29 flagmen, or fire fighters;
- 30 (30) RCW 46.61.020 relating to refusal to give information to or 31 cooperate with an officer;
- 32 (31) RCW 46.61.022 relating to failure to stop and give 33 identification to an officer;
- 34 (32) RCW 46.61.024 relating to attempting to elude pursuing police vehicles;
- 36 (33) RCW 46.61.500 relating to reckless driving;
- 37 (34) RCW 46.61.502((-)) and 46.61.504((-)46.61.5051, 46.61.5052,
- 38 and 46.61.5053)) relating to persons under the influence of
- 39 intoxicating liquor or drugs;

- 1 (35) RCW 46.61.520 relating to vehicular homicide by motor vehicle;
- 2 (36) RCW 46.61.522 relating to vehicular assault;
- 3 (37) RCW 46.61.525 relating to negligent driving;
- 4 (38) RCW 46.61.527(4) relating to reckless endangerment of roadway 5 workers;
- 6 (39) RCW 46.61.530 relating to racing of vehicles on highways;
- 7 (40) RCW 46.61.685 relating to leaving children in an unattended 8 vehicle with the motor running;
- 9 (41) RCW 46.64.010 relating to unlawful cancellation of or attempt to cancel a traffic citation;
- 11 (42) RCW 46.64.048 relating to attempting, aiding, abetting, 12 coercing, and committing crimes;
- 13 (43) Chapter 46.65 RCW relating to habitual traffic offenders;
- 14 (44) Chapter 46.70 RCW relating to unfair motor vehicle business 15 practices, except where that chapter provides for the assessment of 16 monetary penalties of a civil nature;
- 17 (45) Chapter 46.72 RCW relating to the transportation of passengers 18 in for hire vehicles;
- 19 (46) Chapter 46.80 RCW relating to motor vehicle wreckers;
- 20 (47) Chapter 46.82 RCW relating to driver's training schools;
- 21 (48) RCW 46.87.260 relating to alteration or forgery of a cab card,
- 22 letter of authority, or other temporary authority issued under chapter
- 23 46.87 RCW;
- 24 (49) RCW 46.87.290 relating to operation of an unregistered or 25 unlicensed vehicle under chapter 46.87 RCW.
- 26 **Sec. 17.** RCW 46.04.015 and 1994 c 275 s 1 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
- 28 "Alcohol concentration" means (1) grams of alcohol per two hundred
- 29 ten liters of a person's breath, or (2) ((the percent by weight of
- 30 alcohol in)) grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of a person's
- 31 blood.
- 32 **Sec. 18.** RCW 46.61.506 and 1994 c 275 s 26 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) Upon the trial of any civil or criminal action or proceeding
- 35 arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person while
- 36 driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the
- 37 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, if the person's alcohol

- 1 concentration is less than 0.10, it is evidence that may be considered 2 with other competent evidence in determining whether the person was 3 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug.
- 4 (2) The breath analysis shall be based upon grams of alcohol per 5 two hundred ten liters of breath. The foregoing provisions of this 6 section shall not be construed as limiting the introduction of any 7 other competent evidence bearing upon the question whether the person 8 was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug.
- 9 (3) Analysis of the person's blood or breath to be considered valid 10 under the provisions of this section or RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 shall have been performed according to methods approved by the state 11 12 toxicologist and by an individual possessing a valid permit issued by 13 the state toxicologist for this purpose. The state toxicologist is directed to approve satisfactory techniques or methods, to supervise 14 15 the examination of individuals to ascertain their qualifications and 16 competence to conduct such analyses, and to issue permits which shall 17 be subject to termination or revocation at the discretion of the state 18 toxicologist.
- (4) When a blood test is administered under the provisions of RCW 46.20.308, the withdrawal of blood for the purpose of determining its alcoholic or drug content may be performed only by a physician, a registered nurse, or a qualified technician. This limitation shall not apply to the taking of breath specimens.
- (5) The person tested may have a physician, or a qualified technician, chemist, registered nurse, or other qualified person of his or her own choosing administer one or more tests in addition to any administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a person shall not preclude the admission of evidence relating to the test or tests taken at the direction of a law enforcement officer.
- 31 (6) Upon the request of the person who shall submit to a test or 32 tests at the request of a law enforcement officer, full information 33 concerning the test or tests shall be made available to him or her or 34 his or her attorney.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 19.** A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW to read as follows:
- 37 "Reasonable grounds", when used in the context of a law enforcement 38 officer's decision to make an arrest, means probable cause.

- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** RCW 46.20.309 is recodified as a section in
- 2 chapter 46.61 RCW.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** The following acts or parts of acts are
- 4 each repealed:
- 5 (1) RCW 46.20.365 and 1994 c 275 s 12;
- 6 (2) RCW 46.61.5051 and 1994 c 275 s 4;
- 7 (3) RCW 46.61.5052 and 1994 c 275 s 5; and
- 8 (4) RCW 46.61.5053 and 1994 c 275 s 6.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 22.** 1994 c 275 s 44 (uncodified) is hereby
- 10 repealed.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 23.** If any provision of this act or its
- 12 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 13 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 14 persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 24.** This act shall take effect September 1,
- 16 1995, except for sections 13 and 22 of this act which are necessary for
- 17 the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or
- 18 support of the state government and its existing public institutions,
- 19 and shall take effect immediately.
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 25.** A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW
- 21 to read as follows:
- 22 Upon the filing of any citation or complaint alleging a violation
- 23 of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, upon which there is probable cause to
- 24 believe a violation has occurred, the prosecuting attorney or city
- 25 attorney shall not subsequently reduce or amend the charge to any
- 26 equivalent or lesser criminal offense. This provision shall not affect
- 27 an attorney's obligations under rules of professional conduct or court
- 28 rules.
- 29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 26.** A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW
- 30 to read as follows:
- 31 (1) A person is guilty of refusal to submit to a breath alcohol
- 32 test when he or she:

- 1 (a) Is arrested for any offense where, at the time of the arrest, 2 the arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe the arrested 3 person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor 4 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants; and
 - (b) Receives the warnings under RCW 46.20.308(2); and
- 6 (c) Knowingly, as defined in RCW 9A.08.010(1)(b), refuses to submit 7 to the test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308.
- 8 (2) Refusal to submit to a breath alcohol test is a gross 9 misdemeanor."

10 **SSB 5141** - H COMM AMD

11 By Committee on Law & Justice

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13 On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "drugs;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 46.20.308, 46.20.309, 46.20.355, 14 46.61.5058, 3.62.090, 35.21.165, 36.32.127, 46.04.480, 46.20.311, 15 46.20.391, 46.61.5054, 46.61.5056, 46.61.5151, 46.04.015, 16 17 46.61.506; reenacting and amending RCW 46.63.020; adding new sections to chapter 46.20 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 46.61 RCW; adding 18 a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; recodifying RCW 46.20.309; 19 repealing RCW 46.20.365, 46.61.5051, 46.61.5052, and 46.61.5053; 20 repealing 1994 c 275 s 44 (uncodified); prescribing penalties; 21 22 providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

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