## 2 <u>ESSB 6257</u> - H COMM AMD **ADOPTED 2-29-96**

By Committee on Law & Justice

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- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of this act to make
- 8 improvements to the guardian and guardian ad litem systems currently in
- 9 place for the protection of minors and incapacitated persons.
- 10 **Sec. 2.** RCW 2.56.030 and 1994 c 240 s 1 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- The administrator for the courts shall, under the supervision and direction of the chief justice:
- (1) Examine the administrative methods and systems employed in the offices of the judges, clerks, stenographers, and employees of the courts and make recommendations, through the chief justice, for the improvement of the same;
- 18 (2) Examine the state of the dockets of the courts and determine 19 the need for assistance by any court;
- 20 (3) Make recommendations to the chief justice relating to the 21 assignment of judges where courts are in need of assistance and carry 22 out the direction of the chief justice as to the assignments of judges 23 to counties and districts where the courts are in need of assistance;
- (4) Collect and compile statistical and other data and make reports of the business transacted by the courts and transmit the same to the chief justice to the end that proper action may be taken in respect thereto;
- 28 (5) Prepare and submit budget estimates of state appropriations 29 necessary for the maintenance and operation of the judicial system and 30 make recommendations in respect thereto;
- 31 (6) Collect statistical and other data and make reports relating to 32 the expenditure of public moneys, state and local, for the maintenance 33 and operation of the judicial system and the offices connected 34 therewith;

- (7) Obtain reports from clerks of courts in accordance with law or 1 2 rules adopted by the supreme court of this state on cases and other 3 judicial business in which action has been delayed beyond periods of 4 time specified by law or rules of court and make report thereof to 5 supreme court of this state;
- (8) Act as secretary of the judicial conference referred to in RCW 6 7 2.56.060;
- 8 (9) Formulate and submit to the judicial council of this state 9 recommendations of policies for the improvement of the judicial system;
- 10 (10) Submit annually, as of February 1st, to the chief justice and the judicial council, a report of the activities of the administrator's 11 office for the preceding calendar year; 12
- 13 (11) Administer programs and standards for the training and education of judicial personnel; 14
  - (12) Examine the need for new superior court and district judge positions under a weighted caseload analysis that takes into account the time required to hear all the cases in a particular court and the amount of time existing judges have available to hear cases in that court. The results of the weighted caseload analysis shall be reviewed by the board for judicial administration and the judicial council, both of which shall make recommendations to the legislature ((by January 1, It is the intent of the legislature that weighted caseload analysis become the basis for creating additional district court positions, and recommendations should address that objective;
- 25 (13) Provide staff to the judicial retirement account plan under 26 chapter 2.14 RCW;
- 27 (14) Attend to such other matters as may be assigned by the supreme court of this state; 28
- 29 (15) Within available funds, develop a curriculum for a general 30 understanding of child development, placement, and treatment resources, as well as specific legal skills and knowledge of relevant statutes 31 including chapters 13.32A, 13.34, and 13.40 RCW, cases, court rules, 32 interviewing skills, and special needs of the abused or neglected 33 34 child. This curriculum shall be completed and made available to all 35 juvenile court judges, court personnel, and service providers ((by July
- 1, 1988. The curriculum shall)) and be updated yearly to reflect 36
- 37 changes in statutes, court rules, or case law;

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(16) Develop, in consultation with the entities set forth in 38 39 section 3(3) of this act, a comprehensive state-wide curriculum for all

- 1 persons who act as paid guardians ad litem under Title 13 or 26 RCW.
- 2 The curriculum shall be made available July 1, 1997, and include
- 3 specialty sections on child development, child sexual abuse, child
- 4 physical abuse, child neglect, clinical and forensic investigative and
- 5 <u>interviewing techniques</u>, family reconciliation and mediation services
- 6 and techniques, and relevant statutory and legal requirements. The
- 7 <u>curriculum shall be made available to all superior court judges, court</u>
- 8 personnel, and all persons who act as guardians ad litem;
- 9 (17) Develop a curriculum for a general understanding of crimes of
- 10 malicious harassment, as well as specific legal skills and knowledge of
- 11 RCW 9A.36.080, relevant cases, court rules, and the special needs of
- 12 malicious harassment victims. This curriculum shall be ((completed
- 13 and)) made available to all superior court and court of appeals judges
- 14 and to all justices of the supreme court ((by July 1, 1989));
- 15  $((\frac{17}{17}))$  (18) Develop, in consultation with the criminal justice
- 16 training commission and the commissions established under chapters
- 17 43.113, 43.115, and 43.117 RCW, a curriculum for a general
- 18 understanding of ethnic and cultural diversity and its implications for
- 19 working with youth of color and their families. The curriculum shall
- 20 be ((completed and made)) available to all superior court judges and
- 21 court commissioners assigned to juvenile court, and other court
- 22 personnel ((by October 1, 1993)). Ethnic and cultural diversity
- 23 training shall be provided annually so as to incorporate cultural
- 24 sensitivity and awareness into the daily operation of juvenile courts
- 25 state-wide;
- 26  $((\frac{18}{18}))$  Authorize the use of closed circuit television and
- 27 other electronic equipment in judicial proceedings. The administrator
- 28 shall promulgate necessary standards and procedures and shall provide
- 29 technical assistance to courts as required.
- 30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 2.56 RCW
- 31 to read as follows:
- 32 (1) The administrator for the courts shall review the advisability
- 33 of the state-wide mandatory use of court-appointed special advocates as
- 34 described in RCW 26.12.175 to act as guardians ad litem in appropriate
- 35 cases under Titles 13 and 26 RCW. The review shall include
- 36 recommendations regarding the increase of court fees or assessments as
- 37 necessary to fully fund implementation and continuation of the possible
- 38 state-wide use of court-appointed special advocates.

- 1 (2) The administrator shall also conduct a study on the feasibility 2 and desirability of requiring all persons who act as guardians ad litem 3 under Titles 11, 13, and 26 RCW to be certified as qualified guardians 4 ad litem prior to their eligibility for appointment.
- 5 (3) In conducting the review and study the administrator shall consult with: (a) The presidents or directors of all public benefit 6 nonprofit corporations that are eligible to receive state funds under 7 8 RCW 43.330.135; (b) the attorney general, or a designee; (c) the 9 secretary of the department of social and health services, or a 10 designee; (d) the superior court judges association; (e) the Washington state bar association; (f) public defenders who represent children 11 under Title 13 or 26 RCW; (g) private attorneys who represent parents 12 13 under Title 13 or 26 RCW; (h) professionals who evaluate families for the purposes of determining the custody or placement decisions of 14 15 children; (i) the office of financial management; (j) persons who act 16 as volunteer or compensated quardians ad litem; and (k) parents who 17 have dealt with guardians ad litem in court cases. For the purposes of studying the feasibility of a certification requirement for guardians 18 19 ad litem acting under Title 11 RCW the administrator shall consult with 20 the advisory group formed under RCW 11.88.090.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** The review and study required under section 3 of this act shall be presented to the governor and to the legislature no later than December 1, 1996.
- 24 **Sec. 5.** RCW 4.08.060 and 1899 c 91 s 1 are each amended to read as 25 follows:
- When an ((insane)) incapacitated person, as defined in RCW 11.88.010, is a party to an action in the superior courts he or she shall appear by guardian, or if he or she has no guardian, or in the opinion of the court the guardian is an improper person, the court shall appoint one to act as guardian ad litem. Said guardian shall be appointed as follows:
- (1) When the ((insane)) incapacitated person is plaintiff, upon the application of a relative or friend of the ((insane)) incapacitated person.
- 35 (2) When the ((insane)) incapacitated person is defendant, upon the 36 application of a relative or friend of such ((insane)) incapacitated 37 person, such application shall be made within thirty days after the

service of summons if served in the state of Washington, and if served out of the state or service is made by publication, then such application shall be made within sixty days after the first publication of summons or within sixty days after the service out of the state. If no such application be made within the time above limited, application may be made by any party to the action.

7 **Sec. 6.** RCW 8.25.270 and 1977 ex.s. c 80 s 12 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

When it ((shall)) appears in any petition or otherwise at any time 9 10 during the proceedings for condemnation brought pursuant to chapters 8.04, 8.08, 8.12, 8.16, 8.20, and 8.24 RCW((<del>, each as now or hereafter</del> 11 12 amended,)) that any ((infant)) minor, or ((allegedly incompetent or disabled)) alleged incapacitated person, as defined in RCW 11.88.010, 13 14 is interested in any property that is to be taken or damaged, the court 15 shall appoint a quardian ad litem for ((such infant)) the minor or ((allegedly incompetent or disabled)) alleged incapacitated person to 16 appear and assist in ((his, her or their)) the person's defense, unless 17 18 a guardian or limited guardian has previously been appointed, in which 19 case the duty to appear and assist shall be delegated to the properly qualified guardian or limited guardian. The court shall make such 20 21 orders or decrees as it shall deem necessary to protect and secure the 22 interest of the ((infant)) minor or ((allegedly incompetent or 23 disabled)) alleged incapacitated person ((in the property sought to be 24 condemned or the compensation which shall be awarded therefore)).

Sec. 7. RCW 11.16.083 and 1977 ex.s. c 234 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

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Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no notice of any hearing in probate or probate proceeding need be given to any legally competent person who is interested in any hearing in any probate as an heir, legatee, or devisee of the decedent who has in person or by attorney waived in writing notice of such hearing or proceeding. Such waiver of notice may apply to either a specific hearing or proceeding, or to any and all hearings and proceedings to be held during the administration of the estate in which event such waiver of notice shall be of continuing effect unless subsequently revoked by the filing of a written notice of revocation of the waiver and the mailing of a copy thereof to the personal representative and his or her attorney. Unless

- notice of a hearing is required to be given by publication, if all 1 persons entitled to notice thereof shall have waived such notice, the 2 court may hear the matter forthwith. A quardian of the estate or a 3 4 guardian ad litem may make such waivers on behalf of ((his incompetent)) an incapacitated person, as defined in RCW 11.88.010, and 5 a trustee may make such waivers on behalf of any competent or 6 7 ((incompetent)) incapacitated beneficiary of his or her trust. 8 consul or other representative of a foreign government, whose 9 appearance has been entered as provided by law on behalf of any person 10 residing in a foreign country, may make such waiver of notice on behalf of such person. Any person who submits to the jurisdiction of the 11 12 court in any hearing shall be deemed to have waived notice thereof.
- 13 **Sec. 8.** RCW 11.88.030 and 1995 c 297 s 1 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
- 15 (1) Any person or entity may petition for the appointment of a qualified person, trust company, national bank, or 16 corporation authorized in RCW 11.88.020 ((as now or hereafter amended)) 17 18 as the guardian or limited guardian of an incapacitated person. 19 liability for filing a petition for guardianship or quardianship shall attach to a petitioner acting in good faith and upon 20 21 reasonable basis. A petition for guardianship or limited guardianship 22 shall state:
- 23 (a) The name, age, residence, and post office address of the 24 alleged incapacitated person;
- 25 (b) The nature of the alleged incapacity in accordance with RCW 26 11.88.010;
- (c) The approximate value and description of property, including any compensation, pension, insurance, or allowance, to which the alleged incapacitated person may be entitled;
- (d) Whether there is, in any state, a guardian or limited guardian, or pending guardianship action for the person or estate of the alleged incapacitated person;
- (e) The residence and post office address of the person whom petitioner asks to be appointed guardian or limited guardian;
- 35 (f) The names and addresses, and nature of the relationship, so far 36 as known or can be reasonably ascertained, of the persons most closely 37 related by blood or marriage to the alleged incapacitated person;

- 1 (g) The name and address of the person or facility having the care 2 and custody of the alleged incapacitated person;
- 3 (h) The reason why the appointment of a guardian or limited 4 guardian is sought and the interest of the petitioner in the 5 appointment, and whether the appointment is sought as guardian or 6 limited guardian of the person, the estate, or both((, and why no alternative to guardianship is appropriate));
- 8 (i) A description of any alternate arrangements previously made by
  9 the alleged incapacitated person, such as trusts or powers of attorney,
  10 including identifying any guardianship nominations contained in a power
  11 of attorney, and why a quardianship is nevertheless necessary;
- 12 <u>(j)</u> The nature and degree of the alleged incapacity and the 13 specific areas of protection and assistance requested and the 14 limitation of rights requested to be included in the court's order of 15 appointment;
- 16  $((\frac{(j)}{j}))$  (k) The requested term of the limited guardianship to be 17 included in the court's order of appointment;
- $((\frac{k}{k}))$  (1) Whether the petitioner is proposing a specific individual to act as guardian ad litem and, if so, the individual's knowledge of or relationship to any of the parties, and why the individual is proposed.

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- (2)(a) The attorney general may petition for the appointment of a guardian or limited guardian in any case in which there is cause to believe that a guardianship is necessary and no private party is able and willing to petition.
- (b) Prepayment of a filing fee shall not be required in any guardianship or limited guardianship brought by the attorney general. Payment of the filing fee shall be ordered from the estate of the incapacitated person at the hearing on the merits of the petition, unless in the judgment of the court, such payment would impose a hardship upon the incapacitated person, in which case the filing shall be waived.
- 33 (3) No filing fee shall be charged by the court for filing either 34 a petition for guardianship or a petition for limited guardianship if 35 the petition alleges that the alleged incapacitated person has total 36 assets of a value of less than three thousand dollars.
- 37 (4)(a) Notice that a guardianship proceeding has been commenced 38 shall be personally served upon the alleged incapacitated person and 39 the guardian ad litem along with a copy of the petition for appointment

- of a guardian. Such notice shall be served not more than five court days after the petition has been filed.
- 3 (b) Notice under this subsection shall include a clear and easily 4 readable statement of the legal rights of the alleged incapacitated 5 person that could be restricted or transferred to a guardian by a 6 guardianship order as well as the right to counsel of choice and to a 7 jury trial on the issue of incapacity. Such notice shall be in
- 8 substantially the following form and shall be in capital letters,
- 9 double-spaced, and in a type size not smaller than ten-point type:
- 10 IMPORTANT NOTICE
- 11 PLEASE READ CAREFULLY
- 12 A PETITION TO HAVE A GUARDIAN APPOINTED FOR YOU HAS BEEN FILED IN THE
- 13 . . . . . COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT BY . . . . . . IF A GUARDIAN IS
- 14 APPOINTED, YOU COULD LOSE ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS:
- 15 (1) TO MARRY OR DIVORCE;
- 16 (2) TO VOTE OR HOLD AN ELECTED OFFICE;
- 17 (3) TO ENTER INTO A CONTRACT OR MAKE OR REVOKE A WILL;
- 18 (4) TO APPOINT SOMEONE TO ACT ON YOUR BEHALF;
- 19 (5) TO SUE AND BE SUED OTHER THAN THROUGH A GUARDIAN;
- 20 (6) TO POSSESS A LICENSE TO DRIVE;
- 21 (7) TO BUY, SELL, OWN, MORTGAGE, OR LEASE PROPERTY;
- 22 (8) TO CONSENT TO OR REFUSE MEDICAL TREATMENT;
- 23 (9) TO DECIDE WHO SHALL PROVIDE CARE AND ASSISTANCE;
- 24 (10) TO MAKE DECISIONS REGARDING SOCIAL ASPECTS OF YOUR LIFE.
- 25 UNDER THE LAW, YOU HAVE CERTAIN RIGHTS.
- 26 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE REPRESENTED BY A LAWYER OF YOUR OWN CHOOSING.
- 27 THE COURT WILL APPOINT A LAWYER TO REPRESENT YOU IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO
- 28 PAY OR PAYMENT WOULD RESULT IN A SUBSTANTIAL HARDSHIP TO YOU.
- 29 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO ASK FOR A JURY TO DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT YOU NEED
- 30 A GUARDIAN TO HELP YOU.
- 31 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE PRESENT IN COURT AND TESTIFY WHEN THE HEARING
- 32 IS HELD TO DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT YOU NEED A GUARDIAN.
- 33 (5) All petitions filed under the provisions of this section shall
- 34 be heard within sixty days unless an extension of time is requested by
- 35 a party or the guardian ad litem within such sixty day period and

- 1 granted for good cause shown. If an extension is granted, the court 2 shall set a new hearing date.
- 3 **Sec. 9.** RCW 11.88.045 and 1995 c 297 s 3 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- 5 (1)(a) Alleged incapacitated individuals shall have the right to be represented by counsel of their choosing at any stage in quardianship 6 7 proceedings. The court shall provide counsel to represent any alleged 8 incapacitated person at public expense when either: (i) The individual 9 is unable to afford counsel, or (ii) the expense of counsel would result in substantial hardship to the individual, or (iii) the 10 individual does not have practical access to funds with which to pay 11 If the individual can afford counsel but lacks practical 12 counsel. access to funds, the court shall provide counsel and may impose a 13 14 reimbursement requirement as part of a final order. When, in the opinion of the court, the rights and interests of an alleged or 15 16 adjudicated incapacitated person cannot otherwise be adequately protected and represented, the court on its own motion shall appoint an 17 18 attorney at any time to represent such person. Counsel shall be provided as soon as practicable after a petition is filed and long 19 enough before any final hearing to allow adequate time for consultation 20 and preparation. Absent a convincing showing in the record to the 21 contrary, a period of less than three weeks shall be presumed by a 22 23 reviewing court to be inadequate time for consultation and preparation.
  - (b) Counsel for an alleged incapacitated individual shall act as an advocate for the client and shall not substitute counsel's own judgment for that of the client on the subject of what may be in the client's best interests. Counsel's role shall be distinct from that of the guardian ad litem, who is expected to promote the best interest of the alleged incapacitated individual, rather than the alleged incapacitated individual's expressed preferences.

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- (c) If an alleged incapacitated person is represented by counsel and does not communicate with counsel, counsel may ask the court for leave to withdraw for that reason. If satisfied, after affording the alleged incapacitated person an opportunity for a hearing, that the request is justified, the court may grant the request and allow the case to proceed with the alleged incapacitated person unrepresented.
- 37 (2) During the pendency of any guardianship, any attorney 38 purporting to represent a person alleged or adjudicated to be

- incapacitated shall petition to be appointed to represent the incapacitated or alleged incapacitated person. Fees for representation described in this section shall be subject to approval by the court pursuant to the provisions of RCW 11.92.180.
  - (3) The alleged incapacitated person is further entitled to testify and present evidence and, upon request, entitled to a jury trial on the issues of his or her alleged incapacity. The standard of proof to be applied in a contested case, whether before a jury or the court, shall be that of clear, cogent, and convincing evidence.
- 10 (4) In all proceedings for appointment of a guardian or limited guardian, the court must be presented with a written report from a 11 physician licensed to practice under chapter 18.71 or 18.57 RCW or 12 13 licensed or certified psychologist selected by the guardian ad litem. If the alleged incapacitated person opposes the health care 14 professional selected by the guardian ad litem to prepare the medical 15 report, then the quardian ad litem must either use the health care 16 professional selected by the alleged incapacitated person or obtain 17 18 court approval, following a hearing, for the quardian ad litem's 19 selection. The physician or psychologist shall have personally 20 examined and interviewed the alleged incapacitated person within thirty days of preparation of the report to the court and shall have expertise 21 22 in the type of disorder or incapacity the alleged incapacitated person 23 is believed to have. The report shall contain the following 24 information and shall be set forth in substantially the following 25 format:
- 26 (a) The name and address of the examining physician or 27 psychologist;
- (b) The education and experience of the physician or psychologist pertinent to the case;
  - (c) The dates of examinations of the alleged incapacitated person;
- 31 (d) A summary of the relevant medical, functional, neurological, 32 psychological, or psychiatric history of the alleged incapacitated 33 person as known to the examining physician or psychologist;
- (e) The findings of the examining physician or psychologist as to the condition of the alleged incapacitated person;
  - (f) Current medications;

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37 (g) The effect of current medications on the alleged incapacitated 38 person's ability to understand or participate in guardianship 39 proceedings;

- 1 (h) Opinions on the specific assistance the alleged incapacitated 2 person needs;
- 3 (i) Identification of persons with whom the physician or 4 psychologist has met or spoken regarding the alleged incapacitated 5 person.
- The court shall not enter an order appointing a guardian or limited quardian until a medical or psychological report meeting the above requirements is filed.
- 9 The requirement of filing a medical report is waived if the basis 10 of the guardianship is minority.
- 11 (5) During the pendency of an action to establish a guardianship,
- 12 <u>a petitioner or any person may move for temporary relief under chapter</u>
- 13 7.40 RCW, to protect the alleged incapacitated person from abuse,
- 14 neglect, abandonment, or exploitation, as those terms are defined in
- 15 RCW 74.34.020, or to address any other emergency needs of the alleged
- 16 <u>incapacitated person</u>. Any alternative arrangement executed before
- 17 <u>filing the petition for guardianship shall remain effective unless the</u>
- 18 court grants the relief requested under chapter 7.40 RCW, or unless,
- 19 <u>following notice and a hearing at which all parties directly affected</u>
- 20 by the arrangement are present, the court finds by clear, cogent, and
- 21 convincing evidence that the alternative arrangement should not remain
- 22 <u>effective.</u>
- 23 **Sec. 10.** RCW 11.88.090 and 1995 c 297 s 4 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
- 25 (1) Nothing contained in RCW 11.88.080 through 11.88.120, 11.92.010
- 26 through 11.92.040, 11.92.060 through 11.92.120, 11.92.170, and
- 27 11.92.180((, as now or hereafter amended,)) shall affect or impair the
- 28 power of any court to appoint a guardian ad litem to defend the
- 29 interests of any incapacitated person interested in any suit or matter
- 30 pending therein, or to commence and prosecute any suit in his or her
- 31 behalf.
- 32 (2) Upon receipt of a petition for appointment of guardian or
- 33 limited guardian, except as provided herein, the court shall appoint a
- 34 guardian ad litem to represent the best interests of the alleged
- 35 incapacitated person, who shall be a person found or known by the court
- 36 to<u>:</u>
- 37 (a) Be free of influence from anyone interested in the result of
- 38 the proceeding; and

1 (b)  $\underline{H}$  ave the requisite knowledge, training, or expertise to perform 2 the duties required by this section.

The guardian ad litem shall within five days of receipt of notice of appointment file with the court and serve each party with a statement including: His or her background and qualifications; his or her hourly rate, if compensated; and whether or not he or she is or has been a quardian, a quardian ad litem, or an attorney in another action under Title 11, 13, or 26 RCW in which any of the attorneys for the parties were involved. Upon receipt of such statement, any party or the court may, within three days, move for substitution of the quardian ad litem upon a showing of lack of expertise necessary for the proceeding, an hourly rate higher than what is reasonable for the particular proceeding, or a conflict of interest. 

No guardian ad litem need be appointed when a parent is petitioning for a guardian or a limited guardian to be appointed for his or her minor child and the minority of the child, as defined by RCW 11.92.010, is the sole basis of the petition. The order appointing the guardian ad litem shall recite the duties set forth in subsection ((+5)) (4) of this section. The appointment of a guardian ad litem shall have no effect on the legal competency of the alleged incapacitated person and shall not overcome the presumption of competency or full legal and civil rights of the alleged incapacitated person.

- (3)(a) The superior court of each county shall develop ((by September 1, 1991,)) and maintain a registry of persons who are willing and qualified to serve as guardians ad litem in guardianship matters. The court shall choose as guardian((s)) ad litem ((only)) a person((s)) whose name((s)) appears on the registry in a system of consistent rotation, except in extraordinary circumstances such as the need for particular expertise. The court shall develop procedures for periodic review of the persons on the registry and for probation, suspension, or removal of persons on the registry for failure to perform properly their duties as guardian ad litem. In the event the court does not select the person next on the list, it shall include in the order of appointment a written reason for its decision.
  - (b) To be eligible for the registry a person shall:
- (i) Present a written statement ((of)) outlining his or her background and qualifications ((describing)). The background statement shall include, but is not limited to, the following information:
  - (A) Level of formal education;

1 (B) Training related to the guardian's duties;

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- 2 (C) Number of years' experience as a quardian ad litem;
- 3 <u>(D) Number of appointments as a guardian ad litem and the county or</u> 4 counties of appointment;
  - (E) Criminal history, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030; and
- 6 <u>(F) Evidence of</u> the person's knowledge, training, and experience in 7 each of the following: Needs of impaired elderly people, physical 8 disabilities, mental illness, developmental disabilities, and other 9 areas relevant to the needs of incapacitated persons, legal procedure, 10 and the requirements of chapters 11.88 and 11.92 RCW.
- The written statement of qualifications shall include a statement of the number of times the guardian ad litem has been removed for failure to perform his or her duties as guardian ad litem; and
- (ii) Complete ((a training program adopted by the court, or, in the absence of a locally adopted program, a candidate for inclusion upon the registry shall have completed a)) the model training program as described in (d) of this subsection.
- 18 (c) ((The superior court of each county shall approve training 19 programs designed to:
- 20 (i) Train otherwise qualified human service professionals in those 21 aspects of legal procedure and the requirements of chapters 11.88 and 22 11.92 RCW with which a quardian ad litem should be familiar;
  - (ii) Train otherwise qualified legal professionals in those aspects of medicine, social welfare, and social service delivery systems with which a guardian ad litem should be familiar.)) The background and qualification information shall be updated annually.
- 27 (d) ((The superior court of each county may approve a guardian ad 28 litem training program on or before June 1, 1991.)) The department of 29 health services((<del>, aging and adult services</del> social and 30 administration,)) shall convene an advisory group to develop a model 31 quardian ad litem training program and shall update the program biennially. The advisory group shall consist of representatives from 32 advocacy, and professional groups knowledgeable 33 consumer, 34 developmental disabilities, neurological impairment, physical 35 disabilities, mental illness, aging, legal, court administration, the Washington state bar association, and other interested parties. 36
- (e) ((Any)) The superior court ((that has not adopted a guardian ad litem training program by September 1, 1991,)) shall require utilization of ((a)) the model program developed by the advisory group

- as described in (d) of this subsection, to assure that candidates applying for registration as a qualified guardian ad litem shall have satisfactorily completed training to attain these essential minimum qualifications to act as guardian ad litem.
- 5 (4) ((The guardian ad litem's written statement of qualifications 6 required by RCW 11.88.090(3)(b)(i) shall be made part of the record in 7 each matter in which the person is appointed guardian ad litem.
- 8 (5))) The guardian ad litem appointed pursuant to this section 9 shall have the following duties:
- 10 (a) To meet and consult with the alleged incapacitated person as soon as practicable following appointment and explain, in language 11 which such person can reasonably be expected to understand, the 12 substance of the petition, the nature of the resultant proceedings, the 13 person's right to contest the petition, the identification of the 14 15 proposed guardian or limited guardian, the right to a jury trial on the 16 issue of his or her alleged incapacity, the right to independent legal counsel as provided by RCW 11.88.045, and the right to be present in 17 court at the hearing on the petition; 18
- (b) To obtain a written report according to RCW 11.88.045; and such other written or oral reports from other qualified professionals as are necessary to permit the guardian ad litem to complete the report required by this section;
- (c) To meet with the person whose appointment is sought as guardian or limited guardian and ascertain:
- (i) The proposed guardian's knowledge of the duties, requirements, and limitations of a guardian; and
- 27 (ii) The steps the proposed guardian intends to take or has taken 28 to identify and meet the needs of the alleged incapacitated person;
- 29 (d) To consult as necessary to complete the investigation and 30 report required by this section with those known relatives, friends, or 31 other persons the guardian ad litem determines have had a significant, 32 continuing interest in the welfare of the alleged incapacitated person;

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(e) To investigate alternate arrangements made, or which might be created, by or on behalf of the alleged incapacitated person, such as revocable or irrevocable trusts, or durable powers of attorney; whether good cause exists for any such arrangements to be discontinued; and why such arrangements should not be continued or created in lieu of a guardianship;

- 1 (f) To provide the court with a written report which shall include 2 the following:
- 3 (i) A description of the nature, cause, and degree of incapacity, 4 and the basis upon which this judgment was made;
- (ii) A description of the needs of the incapacitated person for care and treatment, the probable residential requirements of the alleged incapacitated person and the basis upon which these findings were made;
- 9 (iii) An evaluation of the appropriateness of the guardian or 10 limited guardian whose appointment is sought and a description of the 11 steps the proposed guardian has taken or intends to take to identify 12 and meet current and emerging needs of the incapacitated person;
- (iv) A description of any alternative arrangements previously made
  by the alleged incapacitated person or which could be made, and whether
  and to what extent such alternatives should be used in lieu of a
  guardianship, and if the guardian ad litem is recommending
  discontinuation of any such arrangements, specific findings as to why
  such arrangements are contrary to the best interest of the alleged
  incapacitated person;
- 20 <u>(v)</u> A description of the abilities of the alleged incapacitated person and a recommendation as to whether a guardian or limited guardian should be appointed. If appointment of a limited guardian is recommended, the guardian ad litem shall recommend the specific areas of authority the limited guardian should have and the limitations and disabilities to be placed on the incapacitated person;
- $((\frac{\langle v \rangle}{\langle v \rangle}))$  (vi) An evaluation of the person's mental ability to rationally exercise the right to vote and the basis upon which the evaluation is made;
- ((<del>vi)</del>)) <u>(vii)</u> Any expression of approval or disapproval made by the alleged incapacitated person concerning the proposed guardian or limited guardian or guardianship or limited guardianship;
- ((<del>vii)</del>)) <u>(viii)</u> Identification of persons with significant interest in the welfare of the alleged incapacitated person who should be advised of their right to request special notice of proceedings pursuant to RCW 11.92.150; and
- (((viii))) (ix) Unless independent counsel has appeared for the alleged incapacitated person, an explanation of how the alleged incapacitated person responded to the advice of the right to jury

trial, to independent counsel and to be present at the hearing on the 1 2 petition.

Within forty-five days after notice of commencement of the 3 4 guardianship proceeding has been served upon the guardian ad litem, and 5 at least ((ten)) fifteen days before the hearing on the petition, ((unless an extension or reduction of time has been granted by the 6 7 court for good cause,)) the guardian ad litem shall file its report and 8 send a copy to the alleged incapacitated person and his or her counsel, 9 spouse, all children not residing with a notified person, those persons 10 described in  $((\frac{e}{vii}))$   $\underline{(f)(viii)}$  of this subsection, and persons who have filed a request for special notice pursuant to RCW 11.92.150. If 11 the guardian ad litem needs additional time to finalize his or her 12 report, then the quardian ad litem shall petition the court for a 13 postponement of the hearing or, with the consent of all other parties, 14 an extension or reduction of time for filing the report. If the 15 16 hearing does not occur within sixty days of filing the petition, then upon the two-month anniversary of filing the petition and on or before 17 the same day of each following month until the hearing, the guardian ad 18 19 litem shall file interim reports summarizing his or her activities on the proceeding during that time period as well as fees and costs 20 <u>incurred</u>; 21

 $((\frac{f}{f}))$  (g) To advise the court of the need for appointment of counsel for the alleged incapacitated person within five court days after the meeting described in (a) of this subsection unless (i) counsel has appeared, (ii) the alleged incapacitated affirmatively communicated a wish not to be represented by counsel after being advised of the right to representation and of the conditions under which court-provided counsel may be available, or (iii) the alleged incapacitated person was unable to communicate at all on the subject, and the guardian ad litem is satisfied that the alleged incapacitated person does not affirmatively desire to be represented by counsel.

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(((6))) If the petition is brought by an interested person or entity requesting the appointment of some other qualified person or entity and a prospective guardian or limited guardian cannot be found, the court shall order the guardian ad litem to investigate the availability of a possible guardian or limited guardian and to include the findings in a report to the court pursuant to ((RCW 11.88.090(5)(e)as now or hereafter amended)) subsection (4)(f) of this section.

- (6) The parties to the proceeding may file responses to the 1 guardian ad litem report with the court and deliver such responses to 2 the other parties and the quardian ad litem at any time up to the 3 4 second day prior to the hearing. If a guardian ad litem fails to file his or her report in a timely manner, the hearing shall be continued to 5 give the court and the parties at least fifteen days before the hearing 6 7 to review the report. At any time during the proceeding upon motion of 8 any party or on the court's own motion, the court may remove the 9 guardian ad litem for failure to perform his or her duties as specified in this chapter, provided that the guardian ad litem shall have five 10 days' notice of any motion to remove before the court enters such 11 12 order. In addition, the court in its discretion may reduce a guardian ad litem's fee for failure to carry out his or her duties. 13
- 14 (7) The court appointed guardian ad litem shall have the authority, 15 in the event that the alleged incapacitated person is in need of 16 emergency life-saving medical services, and is unable to consent to 17 such medical services due to incapacity pending the hearing on the 18 petition to give consent for such emergency life-saving medical 19 services on behalf of the alleged incapacitated person.

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- (8) The court appointed guardian ad litem shall have the authority, to move for temporary relief under chapter 7.40 RCW to protect the alleged incapacitated person from abuse, neglect, abandonment, or exploitation, as those terms are defined in RCW 74.34.020, or to address any other emergency needs of the alleged incapacitated person. Any alternative arrangement executed before filing the petition for guardianship shall remain effective unless the court grants the relief requested under chapter 7.40 RCW, or unless, following notice and a hearing at which all parties directly affected by the arrangement are present, the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that the alternative arrangement should not remain effective.
- (9) The guardian ad litem shall receive a fee determined by the court. The fee shall be charged to the alleged incapacitated person unless the court finds that such payment would result in substantial hardship upon such person, in which case the county shall be responsible for such costs: PROVIDED, That if no guardian or limited guardian is appointed the court may charge such fee to the petitioner or the alleged incapacitated person, or divide the fee, as it deems just; and if the petition is found to be frivolous or not brought in good faith, the guardian ad litem fee shall be charged to the

- 1 petitioner. The court shall not be required to provide for the payment 2 of a fee to any salaried employee of a public agency.
- 3 ((+9)) (10) Upon the presentation of the guardian ad litem report
- 4 and the entry of an order either dismissing the petition for
- 5 appointment of guardian or limited guardian or appointing a guardian or
- 6 limited guardian, the guardian ad litem shall be dismissed and shall
- 7 have no further duties or obligations unless otherwise ordered by the
- 8 court. If the court orders the guardian ad litem to perform further
- 9 duties or obligations, they shall not be performed at county expense.
- 10 (11) The guardian ad litem shall appear in person at the final
- 11 <u>hearing on the petition unless all parties provide a written waiver of</u>
- 12 the requirement to appear.
- 13 (12) At any hearing the court may consider whether or not any
- 14 person who acts as a fiduciary has breached a statutory or fiduciary
- 15 <u>duty or is unable to continue.</u>
- 16 **Sec. 11.** RCW 11.92.190 and 1977 ex.s. c 309 s 14 are each amended 17 to read as follows:
- No residential treatment facility which provides nursing or other
- 19 care may detain a person within such facility against their will. Any
- 20 court order, other than an order issued in accordance with the
- 21 involuntary treatment provisions of chapters 10.77, 71.05, and 72.23
- 22 RCW, which purports to authorize such involuntary detention or purports
- 23 to authorize a quardian or limited quardian to consent to such
- 24 involuntary detention on behalf of an ((incompetent or disabled))
- 25 <u>incapacitated</u> person shall be void and of no force or effect. This
- 26 section does not apply to the detention of a minor as provided in
- 27 chapter 70.96A or 71.34 RCW.
- Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a court order
- 29 authorizing placement of an ((incompetent or disabled)) incapacitated
- 30 person in a residential treatment facility if such order is not
- 31 otherwise required by law: PROVIDED, That notice of any residential
- 32 placement of an ((incompetent or disabled)) incapacitated person shall
- 33 be served, either before or after placement, by the guardian or limited
- 34 quardian on such person, the quardian ad litem of record, and any
- 35 attorney of record.
- 36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 2.08 RCW
- 37 to read as follows:

In judicial districts with a population of more than six hundred thousand, attorneys may not serve as a superior court judge pro tempore or commissioner pro tempore while appointed to or serving on a case as a guardian ad litem for compensation under Title 11, 13, or 26 RCW.

- 5 **Sec. 13.** RCW 13.34.100 and 1994 c 110 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 (1) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for a child who is 8 the subject of an action under this chapter, unless a court for good 9 cause finds the appointment unnecessary. The requirement of a guardian 10 ad litem may be deemed satisfied if the child is represented by 11 independent counsel in the proceedings.
- (2) If the court does not have available to it a guardian ad litem program with a sufficient number of volunteers, the court may appoint a suitable person to act as guardian ad litem for the child under this chapter. Another party to the proceeding or the party's employee or representative shall not be so appointed.
- 17 (3) Each guardian ad litem program shall maintain a background 18 information record for each guardian ad litem in the program. The 19 background file shall include, but is not limited to, the following 20 information:
  - (a) Level of formal education;

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- (b) Training related to the guardian's duties;
- (c) Number of years' experience as a quardian ad litem;
- 24 (d) Number of appointments as a guardian ad litem <u>and the county or</u> 25 <u>counties of appointment</u>; and
  - (e) Criminal history, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030. The background statement shall not include identifying information that may be used to harm a guardian ad litem, such as home addresses and home telephone numbers, and for volunteer guardians ad litem the court may allow the use of maiden names or pseudonyms as necessary for their safety.
- The background information report shall be updated annually. As a 31 appointment, the guardian ad 32 condition of litem's background 33 information record shall be made available to the court. 34 appointed guardian ad litem is not a member of a guardian ad litem program the person shall provide the background information directly to 35 36 the court. Paid guardians ad litem also shall immediately provide the 37 background information record to the parties or their attorneys. If a 38 guardian ad litem or court-appointed special advocate is a member of a

- 1 <u>volunteer program, a party or the party's attorney may file a motion</u>
- 2 requesting the background information for good cause. The moving party
- 3 must notify the other parties and the program of the motion and any
- 4 hearing on the motion according to applicable court rules. Upon a
- 5 showing of good cause for allowing the moving party access to the
- 6 background information, the court shall grant the motion.
- 7 (4) The appointment of the guardian ad litem shall remain in effect
- 8 until the court discharges the appointment or no longer has
- 9 jurisdiction, whichever comes first. The guardian ad litem may also be
- 10 discharged upon entry of an order of guardianship.
- 11 (5) A guardian ad litem through counsel, or as otherwise authorized
- 12 by the court, shall have the right to present evidence, examine and
- 13 cross-examine witnesses, and to be present at all hearings. A guardian
- 14 ad litem shall receive copies of all pleadings and other documents
- 15 filed or submitted to the court, and notice of all hearings according
- 16 to court rules. The guardian ad litem shall receive all notice
- 17 contemplated for a parent or other party in all proceedings under this
- 18 chapter.
- 19 (6) If the child requests legal counsel and is age twelve or older,
- 20 or if the guardian ad litem or the court determines that the child
- 21 needs to be independently represented by counsel, the court may appoint
- 22 an attorney to represent the child's position.
- 23 (7) For the purposes of child abuse prevention and treatment act
- 24 (42 U.S.C. Secs. 5101 et seq.) grants to this state under P.L. 93-247,
- 25 or any related state or federal legislation, a person appointed
- 26 pursuant to RCW 13.34.100 shall be deemed a guardian ad litem to
- 27 represent the best interests of the minor in proceedings before the
- 28 court.
- 29 (8) When a volunteer quardian ad litem or a court-appointed special
- 30 advocate is ordered on a case, the program shall give the court the
- 31 name of the person assigned and the assignment shall be effective
- 32 immediately. Pending the assignment of a volunteer guardian ad litem
- 33 or court-appointed special advocate, the volunteer quardian ad litem
- 34 program may serve as the guardian ad litem. If a party reasonably
- 35 believes the court-appointed special advocate or volunteer quardian ad
- 36 litem is incompetent, the party may request a review of the appointment
- 37 by the program upon a showing of good cause. The program shall
- 38 complete the review within five judicial days. If the party seeking
- 39 review is not satisfied with the outcome of the review, the party may

- 1 file a motion with the court for the removal of the court-appointed
- 2 special advocate or volunteer quardian ad litem.
- 3 **Sec. 14.** RCW 13.34.120 and 1994 c 288 s 2 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- (1) To aid the court in its decision on disposition, a social 5 study, consisting of a written evaluation of matters relevant to the 6 7 disposition of the case, shall be made by the person or agency filing the petition. The study shall include all social records and may also 8 9 include facts relating to the child's cultural heritage, and shall be made available to the court. The court shall consider the social file, 10 social study, guardian ad litem report, the court-appointed special 11 12 advocate's report, if any, and any reports filed by a party at the disposition hearing in addition to evidence produced at the fact-13 14 finding hearing. At least ten working days before the disposition 15 hearing, the department shall mail to the parent and his or her 16 attorney a copy of the agency's social study and proposed service plan, which shall be in writing or in a form understandable to the parents or 17 18 custodians. In addition, the department shall provide an opportunity 19 for parents to review and comment on the plan at the community service office. If the parents disagree with the agency's plan or any part 20 thereof, the parents shall submit to the court at least twenty-four 21 hours before the hearing, in writing, or signed oral statement, an 22 23 alternative plan to correct the problems which led to the finding of 24 dependency. This section shall not interfere with the right of the 25 parents or custodians to submit oral arguments regarding the disposition plan at the hearing. 26
- (2) In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection (1) of this section, a predisposition study to the court in cases of dependency alleged pursuant to RCW ((13.34.030(2))) 13.34.030(4) (b) or (c) shall contain the following information:
- 31 (a) A statement of the specific harm or harms to the child that 32 intervention is designed to alleviate;
- 33 (b) A description of the specific programs, for both the parents 34 and child, that are needed in order to prevent serious harm to the 35 child; the reasons why such programs are likely to be useful; the 36 availability of any proposed services; and the agency's overall plan 37 for ensuring that the services will be delivered;

- (c) If removal is recommended, a full description of the reasons 1 2 why the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, including a description of any previous efforts to work with the parents and the 3 child in the home; the in-home treatment programs which have been 4 5 considered and rejected; the preventive services that have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home 6 7 placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot 8 be protected adequately in the home; and the parents' attitude toward 9 placement of the child;
- 10 (d) A statement of the likely harms the child will suffer as a 11 result of removal. This section should include an exploration of the 12 nature of the parent-child attachment and the meaning of separation and 13 loss to both the parents and the child;
- 14 (e) A description of the steps that will be taken to minimize harm 15 to the child that may result if separation occurs; and
- 16 (f) Behavior that will be expected before determination that 17 supervision of the family or placement is no longer necessary.
- 18 **Sec. 15.** RCW 26.12.175 and 1993 c 289 s 4 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

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- (1)(a) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the interests of a minor or dependent child when the court believes the appointment of a guardian ad litem is necessary to protect the best interests of the child in any proceeding under this chapter. The family court services professionals may also make a recommendation to the court regarding whether a guardian ad litem should be appointed for the child. The court may appoint a guardian ad litem from the courtappointed special advocate program, if that program exists in the county.
- (b) Unless otherwise ordered, the guardian ad litem's role is to investigate and report to the court concerning parenting arrangements for the child, and to represent the child's best interests. The court may require the guardian ad litem to provide periodic reports to the parties regarding the status of his or her investigation. The guardian ad litem shall file his or her report at least sixty days prior to trial.
- 36 <u>(c)</u> The court shall enter an order for costs, fees, and 37 disbursements to cover the costs of the guardian ad litem. The court 38 may order either or both parents to pay for the costs of the guardian

- ad litem, according to their ability to pay. If both parents are indigent, the county shall bear the cost of the guardian, subject to appropriation for guardians' ad litem services by the county legislative authority. Guardians ad litem who are not volunteers shall provide the parties with an itemized accounting of their time and billing for services each month.
- 7 (2)(a) If the guardian ad litem appointed is from the county court-8 appointed special advocate program, the program shall supervise any 9 guardian ad litem assigned to the case. The court-appointed special 10 advocate program shall be entitled to notice of all proceedings in the 11 case.
- 12 (b) The legislative authority of each county may authorize creation 13 of a court-appointed special advocate program. The county legislative 14 authority may adopt rules of eligibility for court-appointed special 15 advocate program services.
- 16 (3) Each guardian ad litem program shall maintain a background 17 information record for each guardian ad litem in the program. The 18 background file shall include, but is not limited to, the following 19 information:
  - (a) Level of formal education;

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- (b) Training related to the guardian's duties;
  - (c) Number of years' experience as a guardian ad litem;
- 23 (d) Number of appointments as a guardian ad litem <u>and county or</u> 24 <u>counties of appointment;</u> and
  - (e) Criminal history, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030. The background statement shall not include identifying information that may be used to harm a guardian ad litem, such as home addresses and home telephone numbers, and for volunteer guardians ad litem the court may allow the use of maiden names or pseudonyms as necessary for their safety.

The background information report shall be updated annually. As a condition of appointment, the guardian ad litem's background information record shall be made available to the court. If the appointed guardian ad litem is not a member of a guardian ad litem program the person shall provide the background information to the court. Paid guardians ad litem also shall immediately provide the background information record to the parties or their attorneys. If a guardian ad litem or court-appointed special advocate is a member of a volunteer program, a party or the party's attorney may file a motion requesting the background information for good cause. The moving party

- 1 must notify the other parties and the program of the motion and any 2 hearing on the motion according to applicable court rules. Upon a 3 showing of good cause for allowing the moving party access to the 4 background information, the court shall grant the motion.
- 5 (4) When a volunteer quardian ad litem or a court-appointed special advocate is ordered on a case, the program shall give the court the 6 name of the person assigned and the assignment shall be effective 7 8 immediately. Pending the assignment of a volunteer guardian ad litem 9 or court-appointed special advocate, the volunteer quardian ad litem program may serve as the guardian ad litem. If a party reasonably 10 believes the court-appointed special advocate or volunteer quardian ad 11 litem is incompetent, the party may request a review of the appointment 12 by the program upon a showing of good cause. The program shall 13 complete the review within five judicial days. If the party seeking 14 15 review is not satisfied with the outcome of the review, the party may file a motion with the court for the removal of the court-appointed 16 17 special advocate or volunteer quardian ad litem.
- 18 **Sec. 16.** RCW 26.44.053 and 1994 c 110 s 1 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
- (1) In any judicial proceeding under this chapter or chapter 13.34 RCW in which it is alleged that a child has been subjected to child abuse or neglect, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the child as provided in chapter 13.34 RCW. The requirement of a guardian ad litem may be deemed satisfied if the child is represented by counsel in the proceedings.
- 26 (2) At any time prior to or during a hearing in such a case, the 27 court may, on its own motion, or the motion of the quardian ad litem, or other parties, order the examination by a physician, psychologist, 28 29 or psychiatrist, of any parent or child or other person having custody 30 of the child at the time of the alleged child abuse or neglect, if the court finds such an examination is necessary to the proper 31 determination of the case. The hearing may be continued pending the 32 33 completion of such examination. The physician, psychologist, or 34 psychiatrist conducting such an examination may be required to testify concerning the results of such examination and may be asked to give his 35 36 or her opinion as to whether the protection of the child requires that he or she not be returned to the custody of his or her parents or other 37 persons having custody of him or her at the time of the alleged child 38

- abuse or neglect. Persons so testifying shall be subject to cross-examination as are other witnesses. No information given at any such examination of the parent or any other person having custody of the child may be used against such person in any subsequent criminal proceedings against such person or custodian concerning the abuse or neglect of the child.
- 7 (3) A parent or other person having legal custody of a child 8 alleged to be abused or neglected shall be a party to any proceeding 9 that may impair or impede such person's interest in and custody or 10 control of the child.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) All paid guardians ad litem appointed under this chapter, after January 1, 1998, shall have completed the comprehensive state-wide curriculum developed by the office of the administrator for the courts, under RCW 2.56.030(16), prior to their appointment.
- (2)(a) Each guardian ad litem program for compensated guardians ad 17 18 litem shall establish a rotational registry system for the appointment 19 of guardians ad litem. If a judicial district does not have a program the court shall establish the rotational registry system. Guardians ad 20 litem shall be selected from the registry except in exceptional 21 circumstances as determined and documented by the court. 22 23 may make a joint recommendation for the appointment of a guardian ad 24 litem from the registry.
- 25 (b) In judicial districts with a population over one hundred thousand, a list of three names shall be selected from the registry and 26 given to the parties along with the background information as specified 27 in RCW 13.34.100(3), including their hourly rate for services. 28 29 party may, within three judicial days, strike one name from the list. 30 If more than one name remains on the list, the court shall make the appointment from the names on the list. In the event all three names 31 32 are stricken the person whose name appears next on the registry shall be appointed. 33
- 34 (c) If a party reasonably believes that the appointed guardian ad 35 litem lacks the necessary expertise for the proceeding, charges an 36 hourly rate higher than what is reasonable for the particular 37 proceeding, or has a conflict of interest, the party may, within three

- 1 judicial days from the appointment, move for substitution of the 2 appointed guardian ad litem by filing a motion with the court.
- 3 (3) The rotational registry system shall not apply to court-4 appointed special advocate programs.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 26.12 RCW 6 to read as follows:
- 7 (1) All paid guardians ad litem appointed under this chapter, after 8 January 1, 1998, shall have completed the comprehensive state-wide 9 curriculum developed by the office of the administrator for the courts, 10 under RCW 2.56.030(16), prior to their appointment.
- 11 (2)(a) Each guardian ad litem program for compensated guardians ad 12 litem shall establish a rotational registry system for the appointment of guardians ad litem. If a judicial district does not have a program 13 14 the court shall establish the rotational registry system. Guardians ad 15 litem shall be selected from the registry except in exceptional 16 circumstances as determined and documented by the court. may make a joint recommendation for the appointment of a guardian ad 17 18 litem from the registry.
- (b) In judicial districts with a population over one hundred 19 thousand, a list of three names shall be selected from the registry and 20 given to the parties along with the background information as specified 21 in RCW 26.12.175(3), including their hourly rate for services. 22 23 party may, within three judicial days, strike one name from the list. 24 If more than one name remains on the list, the court shall make the appointment from the names on the list. In the event all three names 25 are stricken the person whose name appears next on the registry shall 26 27 be appointed.
- (c) If a party reasonably believes that the appointed guardian ad litem lacks the necessary expertise for the proceeding, charges an hourly rate higher than what is reasonable for the particular proceeding, or has a conflict of interest, the party may, within three judicial days from the appointment, move for substitution of the appointed guardian ad litem by filing a motion with the court.
- 34 (3) The rotational registry system shall not apply to court-35 appointed special advocate programs."