1 1088 AAS 4/4/95 S2899.1

- 2 **HB 1088** S AMD 282
- 3 By Senators Hargrove and Long
- 4 ADOPTED 4/4/95
- 5 On page 8, line 2, after "9.94A.127" insert "or 13.40.135"
- 6 **HB 1088** S AMD 282
- 7 By Senators Hargrove and Long
- 8 ADOPTED 4/4/95
- 9 On page 15, after line 6, insert the following:
- 10 "Sec. 5. RCW 13.40.150 and 1992 c 205 s 109 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- 12 (1) In disposition hearings all relevant and material evidence,
- 13 including oral and written reports, may be received by the court and
- 14 may be relied upon to the extent of its probative value, even though
- 15 such evidence may not be admissible in a hearing on the information.
- 16 The youth or the youth's counsel and the prosecuting attorney shall be
- 17 afforded an opportunity to examine and controvert written reports so
- 18 received and to cross-examine individuals making reports when such
- 19 individuals are reasonably available, but sources of confidential
- 20 information need not be disclosed. The prosecutor and counsel for the
- 21 juvenile may submit recommendations for disposition.
- 22 (2) For purposes of disposition:
- 23 (a) Violations which are current offenses count as misdemeanors;
- (b) Violations may not count as part of the offender's criminal
- 25 history;
- 26 (c) In no event may a disposition for a violation include
- 27 confinement.
- 28 (3) Before entering a dispositional order as to a respondent found
- 29 to have committed an offense, the court shall hold a disposition
- 30 hearing, at which the court shall:
- 31 (a) Consider the facts supporting the allegations of criminal
- 32 conduct by the respondent;
- 33 (b) Consider information and arguments offered by parties and their
- 34 counsel;

- 1 (c) Consider any predisposition reports;
- 2 (d) Consult with the respondent's parent, guardian, or custodian on 3 the appropriateness of dispositional options under consideration and 4 afford the respondent and the respondent's parent, guardian, or 5 custodian an opportunity to speak in the respondent's behalf;
- 6 (e) Allow the victim or a representative of the victim and an 7 investigative law enforcement officer to speak;
- 8 (f) Determine the amount of restitution owing to the victim, if 9 any;
- 10 (g) Determine whether the respondent is a serious offender, a 11 middle offender, or a minor or first offender;
- 12 (h) Consider whether or not any of the following mitigating factors 13 exist:
- (i) The respondent's conduct neither caused nor threatened serious bodily injury or the respondent did not contemplate that his or her conduct would cause or threaten serious bodily injury;
- 17 (ii) The respondent acted under strong and immediate provocation;
- (iii) The respondent was suffering from a mental or physical condition that significantly reduced his or her culpability for the offense though failing to establish a defense;
- (iv) Prior to his or her detection, the respondent compensated or made a good faith attempt to compensate the victim for the injury or loss sustained; and
- (v) There has been at least one year between the respondent's current offense and any prior criminal offense;
- 26 (i) Consider whether or not any of the following aggravating 27 factors exist:
- (i) In the commission of the offense, or in flight therefrom, the respondent inflicted or attempted to inflict serious bodily injury to another;
- 31 (ii) The offense was committed in an especially heinous, cruel, or 32 deprayed manner;
- 33 (iii) The victim or victims were particularly vulnerable;
- (iv) The respondent has a recent criminal history or has failed to comply with conditions of a recent dispositional order or diversion agreement;
- (v) The current offense included a finding of sexual motivation pursuant to RCW ((9.94A.127)) 13.40.135;
- 39 (vi) The respondent was the leader of a criminal enterprise

- 1 involving several persons; and
- 2 (vii) There are other complaints which have resulted in diversion
- 3 or a finding or plea of guilty but which are not included as criminal
- 4 history.
- 5 (4) The following factors may not be considered in determining the 6 punishment to be imposed:
 - (a) The sex of the respondent;
- 8 (b) The race or color of the respondent or the respondent's family;
- 9 (c) The creed or religion of the respondent or the respondent's
- 10 family;

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- 11 (d) The economic or social class of the respondent or the
- 12 respondent's family; and
- 13 (e) Factors indicating that the respondent may be or is a dependent
- 14 child within the meaning of this chapter.
- 15 (5) A court may not commit a juvenile to a state institution solely
- 16 because of the lack of facilities, including treatment facilities,
- 17 existing in the community."
- 18 **HB 1088** S AMD 282
- 19 By Senators Hargrove and Long
- 20 ADOPTED 4/4/95
- On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "9A.44.130," strike "and
- 22 9A.44.140" and insert "9A.44.140, and 13.40.150"

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