## 1 1322.E AMS WM S2806.1

2 **EHB 1322** - S COMM AMD

3 By Committee on Ways & Means

- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "PART I
- 8 ELIMINATE CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE ON 1994 SP.S. C 8 AND
- 9 ELIMINATE VALUATION INCREASE LIMIT
- 10 **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.36.381 and 1994 sp.s. c 8 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- 12 A person shall be exempt from any legal obligation to pay all or a 13 portion of the amount of excess and regular real property taxes due and
- 14 payable in the year following the year in which a claim is filed, and
- 15 thereafter, in accordance with the following:
- 16 (1) The property taxes must have been imposed upon a residence
- 17 which was occupied by the person claiming the exemption as a principal
- 18 place of residence as of the time of filing: PROVIDED, That any person
- 19 who sells, transfers, or is displaced from his or her residence may
- 20 transfer his or her exemption status to a replacement residence, but no
- 21 claimant shall receive an exemption on more than one residence in any
- 22 year: PROVIDED FURTHER, That confinement of the person to a hospital
- 23 or nursing home shall not disqualify the claim of exemption if:
- 24 (a) The residence is temporarily unoccupied;
- 25 (b) The residence is occupied by a spouse and/or a person
- 26 financially dependent on the claimant for support; or
- 27 (c) The residence is rented for the purpose of paying nursing home
- 28 or hospital costs;
- 29 (2) The person claiming the exemption must have owned, at the time
- 30 of filing, in fee, as a life estate, or by contract purchase, the
- 31 residence on which the property taxes have been imposed or if the
- 32 person claiming the exemption lives in a cooperative housing
- 33 association, corporation, or partnership, such person must own a share
- 34 therein representing the unit or portion of the structure in which he
- 35 or she resides. For purposes of this subsection, a residence owned by

a marital community or owned by cotenants shall be deemed to be owned by each spouse or cotenant, and any lease for life shall be deemed a life estate;

- 4 (3) The person claiming the exemption must be sixty-one years of 5 age or older on December 31st of the year in which the exemption claim is filed, or must have been, at the time of filing, retired from 6 7 regular gainful employment by reason of physical disability: PROVIDED, 8 That any surviving spouse of a person who was receiving an exemption at 9 the time of the person's death shall qualify if the surviving spouse is 10 fifty-seven years of age or older and otherwise meets the requirements of this section; 11
- (4) The amount that the person shall be exempt from an obligation 12 to pay shall be calculated on the basis of combined disposable income, 13 as defined in RCW 84.36.383. If the person claiming the exemption was 14 15 retired for two months or more of the assessment year, the combined 16 disposable income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the 17 average monthly combined disposable income of such person during the months such person was retired by twelve. If the income of the person 18 19 claiming exemption is reduced for two or more months of the assessment 20 year by reason of the death of the person's spouse, or when other substantial changes occur in disposable income that are likely to 21 continue for an indefinite period of time, the combined disposable 22 income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the average 23 24 monthly combined disposable income of such person after 25 occurrences by twelve. If it is necessary to estimate income to comply 26 with this subsection, the assessor may require confirming documentation 27 of such income prior to May 31 of the year following application;
  - (5)(a) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of twenty-eight thousand dollars or less shall be exempt from all excess property taxes; and

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- (b)(i) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of eighteen thousand dollars or less but greater than fifteen thousand dollars shall be exempt from all regular property taxes on the greater of thirty thousand dollars or thirty percent of the valuation of his or her residence, but not to exceed fifty thousand dollars of the valuation of his or her residence; or
- (ii) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of fifteen thousand dollars or less shall be exempt from all regular property taxes on the greater of thirty-four

- 1 thousand dollars or fifty percent of the valuation of his or her 2 residence(( $\dot{\tau}$
- 3 (6) For a person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has 4 a combined disposable income of twenty-eight thousand dollars or less, 5 the taxable value of the residence shall not exceed the lesser of (a) the assessed value of the residence as reduced by the exemption under 6 7 subsection (5) of this section, if any, or (b) the taxable value of the 8 residence for the previous year, increased by the inflation factor for 9 the assessment year. For counties that do not revalue property 10 annually, the amount under (b) of this subsection shall be the previous taxable value increased by the inflation factor for each assessment 11 year since the previous revaluation of the residence. As used in this 12 13 section, "inflation factor" means the percentage change used by the federal government in adjusting social security payments for inflation 14 15 at the beginning of each year. The department shall provide inflation 16 factors to the county assessors annually)).
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. 1994 sp.s. c 8 s 3 (uncodified) is repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Chapter 8, Laws of 1994 sp. sess. shall take effect July 1, 1995, and shall be effective for taxes levied in 1995 for collection in 1996 and thereafter.
- 21 **Sec. 4.** RCW 84.36.383 and 1991 c 213 s 4 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- As used in RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- 25 (1) The term "residence" shall mean a single family dwelling unit whether such unit be separate or part of a multiunit dwelling, 26 27 including the land on which such dwelling stands not to exceed one 28 The term shall also include a share ownership in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership if the person claiming 29 30 exemption can establish that his or her share represents the specific unit or portion of such structure in which he or she resides. The term 31 32 shall also include a single family dwelling situated upon lands the fee of which is vested in the United States or any instrumentality thereof 33 34 including an Indian tribe or in the state of Washington, notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 84.04.080((-)) or 84.04.090 ((or 35 84.40.250)), such a residence shall be deemed real property. 36

- (2) The term "real property" shall also include a mobile home which 1 2 has substantially lost its identity as a mobile unit by virtue of its being fixed in location upon land owned or leased by the owner of the 3 mobile home and placed on a foundation (posts or blocks) with fixed 4 pipe, connections with sewer, water, or other utilities: 5 That a mobile home located on land leased by the owner of the mobile 6 home shall be subject, for tax billing, payment, and collection 7 purposes, only to the personal property provisions of chapter 84.56 RCW 8 9 and RCW 84.60.040.
- 10 (3) The term "preceding calendar year" shall mean the calendar year preceding the year in which the claim for exemption is to be made. 11
  - (4) "Department" shall mean the state department of revenue.
- (5) "Combined disposable income" means the disposable income of the person claiming the exemption, plus the disposable income of his or her spouse, and the disposable income of each cotenant occupying the 16 residence for the preceding calendar year, less amounts paid by the person claiming the exemption or his or her spouse during the previous year for:
- 19 (a) Drugs supplied by prescription of a medical practitioner authorized by the laws of this state or another jurisdiction to issue 20 21 prescriptions; and
- 22 (b) The treatment or care of either person received in the home or 23 in a nursing home.
- 24 (6) "Disposable income" means adjusted gross income as defined in 25 the federal internal revenue code, as amended prior to January 1, 1989, 26 or such subsequent date as the director may provide by rule consistent 27 with the purpose of this section, plus all of the following items to the extent they are not included in or have been deducted from adjusted 28 29 gross income:
- 30 (a) Capital gains, other than nonrecognized gain on the sale of a principal residence under section 1034 of the federal internal revenue 31 code, or gain excluded from income under section 121 of the federal 32 33 internal revenue code to the extent it is reinvested in a new principal 34 residence;
  - (b) Amounts deducted for loss;
  - (c) Amounts deducted for depreciation;
- 37 (d) Pension and annuity receipts;

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(e) Military pay and benefits other than attendant-care and 38 medical-aid payments; 39

- 1 (f) Veterans benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid 2 payments;
  - (g) Federal social security act and railroad retirement benefits;
- 4 (h) Dividend receipts; and

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- 5 (i) Interest received on state and municipal bonds.
- 6 (7) "Cotenant" means a person who resides with the person claiming 7 the exemption and who has an ownership interest in the residence.
- 8 **Sec. 5.** RCW 84.36.383 and 1994 sp.s. c 8 s 2 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- 10 As used in RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389, except where the 11 context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- (1) The term "residence" shall mean a single family dwelling unit 12 13 whether such unit be separate or part of a multiunit dwelling, 14 including the land on which such dwelling stands not to exceed one 15 The term shall also include a share ownership in a cooperative 16 housing association, corporation, or partnership if the person claiming exemption can establish that his or her share represents the specific 17 18 unit or portion of such structure in which he or she resides. The term 19 shall also include a single family dwelling situated upon lands the fee of which is vested in the United States or any instrumentality thereof 20 including an Indian tribe or in the state of Washington, 21 notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 84.04.080 and 84.04.090, such a 22 23 residence shall be deemed real property.
  - (2) The term "real property" shall also include a mobile home which has substantially lost its identity as a mobile unit by virtue of its being fixed in location upon land owned or leased by the owner of the mobile home and placed on a foundation (posts or blocks) with fixed pipe, connections with sewer, water, or other utilities: PROVIDED, That a mobile home located on land leased by the owner of the mobile home shall be subject, for tax billing, payment, and collection purposes, only to the personal property provisions of chapter 84.56 RCW and RCW 84.60.040.
  - (3) "Department" shall mean the state department of revenue.
- 34 (4) "Combined disposable income" means the disposable income of the 35 person claiming the exemption, plus the disposable income of his or her 36 spouse, and the disposable income of each cotenant occupying the 37 residence for the assessment year, less amounts paid by the person

- 1 claiming the exemption or his or her spouse during the assessment year 2 for:
- 3 <u>(a) Drugs supplied by prescription of a medical practitioner</u> 4 <u>authorized by the laws of this state or another jurisdiction to issue</u> 5 <u>prescriptions; and</u>
- 6 <u>(b)</u> The treatment or care of either person received in the home or 7 in a nursing home.
- 8 (5) "Disposable income" means adjusted gross income as defined in 9 the federal internal revenue code, as amended prior to January 1, 1989, 10 or such subsequent date as the director may provide by rule consistent 11 with the purpose of this section, plus all of the following items to 12 the extent they are not included in or have been deducted from adjusted 13 gross income:
- (a) Capital gains, other than nonrecognized gain on the sale of a principal residence under section 1034 of the federal internal revenue code, or gain excluded from income under section 121 of the federal internal revenue code to the extent it is reinvested in a new principal residence;
- 19 (b) Amounts deducted for loss;

- (c) Amounts deducted for depreciation;
- 21 (d) Pension and annuity receipts;
- (e) Military pay and benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid payments;
- 24 (f) Veterans benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid 25 payments;
- 26 (g) Federal social security act and railroad retirement benefits;
- 27 (h) Dividend receipts; and
- (i) Interest received on state and municipal bonds.
- 29 (6) "Cotenant" means a person who resides with the person claiming 30 the exemption and who has an ownership interest in the residence.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** Section 4 of this act applies to taxes levied in 1995 for collection in 1996 and thereafter.
- 33 PART II
- 34 FREEZE VALUATION ON QUALIFICATION CONTINGENT ON FUNDING
- 35 **Sec. 7.** RCW 84.36.381 and 1995 c . . . s 1 (section 1 of this act)
- 36 are each amended to read as follows:

- A person shall be exempt from any legal obligation to pay all or a portion of the amount of excess and regular real property taxes due and payable in the year following the year in which a claim is filed, and thereafter, in accordance with the following:
  - (1) The property taxes must have been imposed upon a residence which was occupied by the person claiming the exemption as a principal place of residence as of the time of filing: PROVIDED, That any person who sells, transfers, or is displaced from his or her residence may transfer his or her exemption status to a replacement residence, but no claimant shall receive an exemption on more than one residence in any year: PROVIDED FURTHER, That confinement of the person to a hospital or nursing home shall not disqualify the claim of exemption if:
- 13 (a) The residence is temporarily unoccupied;

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- 14 (b) The residence is occupied by a spouse and/or a person 15 financially dependent on the claimant for support; or
- 16 (c) The residence is rented for the purpose of paying nursing home 17 or hospital costs;
- (2) The person claiming the exemption must have owned, at the time 18 19 of filing, in fee, as a life estate, or by contract purchase, the 20 residence on which the property taxes have been imposed or if the person claiming the exemption lives in a cooperative housing 21 association, corporation, or partnership, such person must own a share 22 23 therein representing the unit or portion of the structure in which he or she resides. For purposes of this subsection, a residence owned by 24 25 a marital community or owned by cotenants shall be deemed to be owned 26 by each spouse or cotenant, and any lease for life shall be deemed a 27 life estate;
  - (3) The person claiming the exemption must be sixty-one years of age or older on December 31st of the year in which the exemption claim is filed, or must have been, at the time of filing, retired from regular gainful employment by reason of physical disability: PROVIDED, That any surviving spouse of a person who was receiving an exemption at the time of the person's death shall qualify if the surviving spouse is fifty-seven years of age or older and otherwise meets the requirements of this section;
- 36 (4) The amount that the person shall be exempt from an obligation 37 to pay shall be calculated on the basis of combined disposable income, 38 as defined in RCW 84.36.383. If the person claiming the exemption was 39 retired for two months or more of the assessment year, the combined

disposable income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable income of such person during the months such person was retired by twelve. If the income of the person claiming exemption is reduced for two or more months of the assessment year by reason of the death of the person's spouse, or when other substantial changes occur in disposable income that are likely to continue for an indefinite period of time, the combined disposable income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable income of such person after occurrences by twelve. If it is necessary to estimate income to comply with this subsection, the assessor may require confirming documentation of such income prior to May 31 of the year following application; 

(5)(a) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of twenty-eight thousand dollars or less shall be exempt from all excess property taxes; and

- (b)(i) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of eighteen thousand dollars or less but greater than fifteen thousand dollars shall be exempt from all regular property taxes on the greater of thirty thousand dollars or thirty percent of the valuation of his or her residence, but not to exceed fifty thousand dollars of the valuation of his or her residence; or
- (ii) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of fifteen thousand dollars or less shall be exempt from all regular property taxes on the greater of thirty-four thousand dollars or fifty percent of the valuation of his or her residence; and
- (6) For a person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a combined disposable income of twenty-eight thousand dollars or less, the valuation of the residence shall be the true and fair value of the residence on the later of January 1, 1995, or January 1st of the year the person first qualifies under this section. If the person subsequently fails to qualify under this section only for one year because of high income, this same valuation shall be used upon requalification. If the person fails to qualify for more than one year in succession because of high income or fails to qualify for any other reason, the valuation upon requalification shall be the true and fair value on January 1st of the year in which the person requalifies. If the person transfers the exemption under this section to a different residence, the valuation of the different residence shall be the true

- and fair value of the different residence on January 1st of the year in which the person transfers the exemption.
- 3 <u>In no event may the valuation under this subsection be greater than</u>
- 4 the true and fair value of the residence on January 1st of the
- 5 <u>assessment year.</u>
- 6 This subsection does not apply to subsequent improvements to the
- 7 property in the year in which the improvements are made. Subsequent
- 8 improvements to the property shall be added to the value otherwise
- 9 determined under this subsection at their true and fair value in the
- 10 year in which they are made.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 84.40 RCW
- 12 to read as follows:
- 13 The assessor shall maintain an assessed valuation in accordance
- 14 with the approved revaluation cycle for a residence owned by a person
- 15 qualifying for exemption under RCW 84.36.381 in addition to the
- 16 valuation required under RCW 84.36.381(6). Upon a change in the true
- 17 and fair value of the residence, the assessor shall notify the person
- 18 qualifying for exemption under RCW 84.36.381 of the new true and fair
- 19 value and that the new true and fair value will be used to compute
- 20 property taxes if the property fails to qualify for exemption under RCW
- 21 84.36.381.
- 22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Sections 7 and 8 of this act apply to taxes
- 23 levied in 1995 for collection in 1996 and thereafter.

1	PART III
2	EFFECTIVE DATE

3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) Sections 1 through 3 and 7 through 9 of 4 this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its 5 existing public institutions, and shall take effect July 1, 1995, 6 except sections 7 through 9 of this act shall take effect only if 7 specific funding for the administrative costs of section 7 of this act, 8 referencing this act by bill number, is provided by June 30, 1995, in the omnibus appropriations act. If such funding is not provided, 10 11 sections 7 through 9 of this act shall be null and void.

- 12 (2) Section 5 of this act shall take effect on the effective date 13 of chapter 8, Laws of 1994 sp. sess. and shall apply to taxes levied 14 for collection in the following year and thereafter.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** Part headings as used in this act 16 constitute no part of the law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

## 21 <u>EHB 1322</u> - S COMM AMD

22 By Committee on Ways & Means

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- On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "disability;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 84.36.381, 84.36.383, 84.36.383, and 84.36.381; adding a new section to chapter 84.40 RCW; creating new sections; repealing 1994 sp.s. c 8 s 3 (uncodified); providing an effective date; providing contingent effective dates; and
- 29 declaring an emergency."

--- END ---