2 **SHB 2318** - S COMM AMD

3 By Committee on Human Services & Corrections

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- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that improving the 8 supervision of convicted sex offenders in the community upon release 9 from incarceration is a substantial public policy goal, in that 10 effective supervision accomplishes many purposes including protecting 11 the community, supporting crime victims, assisting offenders to change,
- 13 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.94A.120 and 1995 c 108 s 3 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

and providing important information to decision makers.

- When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.
- 17 (1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (8)
  18 of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence
  19 range for the offense.
- 20 (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence 21 range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this 22 chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying 23 an exceptional sentence.
- (3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range shall be a determinate sentence.
- (4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total 28 29 confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the 30 first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence 31 under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in 32 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 33 34 less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the 35

offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to 1 kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 2 less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in 3 4 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement 5 are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in 6 7 subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to 8 the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community 9 custody, earned early release time, furlough, home detention, partial 10 confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (5), (7), or (8), 11 or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional 12 facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or 13 officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except in the 14 15 case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment or for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of 16 17 an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree.

- (5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
  - (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

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- (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
- 31 (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational 32 training;
- 33 (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the 34 court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the 35 offender's address or employment;
- (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
  officer; or
- (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.

- 1 (6)(a) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender 2 sentencing alternative if:
- (i) The offender is convicted of the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW or RCW 69.50.407, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes, and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.310(3) or (4);
- 10 (ii) The offender has no prior convictions for a felony in this 11 state, another state, or the United States; and
- (iii) The offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance.
- 16 (b) If the midpoint of the standard range is greater than one year and the sentencing judge determines that the offender is eligible for 17 this option and that the offender and the community will benefit from 18 19 the use of the special drug offender sentencing alternative, the judge 20 may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range and impose a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a state 21 facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. During 22 incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this 23 24 subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and 25 receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for 26 the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division 27 of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services, in cooperation with the department of corrections. 28 midpoint of the standard range is twenty-four months or less, no more 29 30 than three months of the sentence may be served in a work release 31 status. The court shall also impose one year of concurrent community custody and community supervision that must include appropriate 32 outpatient substance abuse treatment, crime-related prohibitions 33 34 including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances, and a 35 requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that The court may require that the monitoring for controlled 36 status. 37 substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment ((alternative[s])) alternatives to street crime program or a comparable 38 39 court or agency-referred program. The offender may be required to pay

- thirty dollars per month while on community custody to offset the cost
  monitoring. In addition, the court shall impose three or more of
  the following conditions:
  - (i) Devote time to a specific employment or training;
- 5 (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 6 the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the 7 offender's address or employment;
  - (iii) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;
- 9 (iv) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
- 10 (v) Perform community service work;

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- 11 (vi) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing judge.
- (c) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in (b) 12 13 this subsection, the department shall of impose sanctions administratively, with notice to the prosecuting attorney and the 14 15 sentencing court. Upon motion of the court or the prosecuting 16 attorney, a violation hearing shall be held by the court. If the court finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the court may 17 impose confinement consisting of up to the remaining one-half of the 18 19 midpoint of the standard range. All total confinement served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender, 20 regardless of whether the total confinement is served as a result of 21 the original sentence, as a result of a sanction imposed by the 22 department, or as a result of a violation found by the court. The term 23 24 of community supervision shall be tolled by any period of time served 25 in total confinement as a result of a violation found by the court.
  - (d) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the value of a day fine based on the offender's income and reasonable obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, and the commission.
- (7) If a sentence range has not been established for the 32 33 defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which 34 may include not more than one year of confinement, community service 35 work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence 36 37 which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and 38 39 compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(8)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

- (A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
- 19 (B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 20 description of planned treatment modalities;
- (C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members and others;
  - (D) Anticipated length of treatment; and
- 25 (E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sexual offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less

- than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:
- 3 (A) The court shall place the defendant on community 4 ((supervision)) custody for the length of the suspended sentence or 5 three years, whichever is greater, and require the offender to comply 6 with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under 7 subsection (14) of this section; and
- 8 (B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three 9 years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient 10 sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such 11 treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex 12 The offender shall not change sex offender 13 offender treatment. treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the 14 15 prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall 16 not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In 17 addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose 18 19 other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, 20 not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform 21 any one or more of the following: 22
- 23 (I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- 27 (III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 28 officer;
- 29 (IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided 30 in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination 31 thereof; or
- (V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender's crime.
- (iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties.
- 36 The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum
- 37 the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with
- 38 requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress

1 in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at 2 sentencing.

(iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community ((supervision)) custody, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community ((supervision)) custody. 

(v) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 9.94A.205(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and recommend revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in (a)(vi) of this subsection.

(vi) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community ((supervision)) custody and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community ((supervision)) custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(vi) Except as provided in (a)(vii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.

(vii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex offender pursuant to this subsection (8) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the

certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (8) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

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For purposes of this subsection, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(b) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

- (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
- 30 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.
- If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.
- Nothing in this subsection (8)(b) shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (8)(b) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

(c) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to available funds.

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- 9 (9)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an 10 offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense 11 committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the 12 second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime 13 against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 14 15 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 16 17 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection (6) of this section, committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the 18 19 other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term 20 of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community 21 custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 22 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this 23 24 subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the 25 community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of 26 such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community 27 custody actually served shall be credited against the community 28 placement portion of the sentence. 29
- 30 (b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement 31 to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but 32 before the effective date of this act, or a serious violent offense 33 34 committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to 35 other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release 36 37 awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement shall begin either upon completion of the term 38 39 of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to

- 1 community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with
- 2 RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under
- 3 this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the
- 4 community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of
- 5 the community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in
- 6 accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community
- 7 custody actually served shall be credited against the community
- 8 placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the
- 9 court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced
- 10 pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions:
- 11 (i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with 12 the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- (ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved education, employment, and/or community service;
- 15 (iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances except 16 pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
- 17 (iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possess 18 controlled substances;
- 19 (v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the 20 department of corrections; and
- (vi) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period of community placement.
- (c) As a part of any sentence imposed under (a) or (b) of this subsection, the court may also order any of the following special conditions:
- 27 (i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified 28 geographical boundary;
- 29 (ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with 30 the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- 31 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 32 counseling services;
- (iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol; or
- 34 (v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions.
- 35 (d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any
- 36 conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not
- 37 to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of
- 38 the department of corrections.

(10)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after the effective date of this act, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for three years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).

(b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community custody shall be the same as those provided for in subsection (9)(b) of this section and may include those provided for in subsection (9)(c) of this section. As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section.

 (c) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.

(11) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.

((\(\frac{(11)}{11}\))) (12) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of

monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered. Independent of the department, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.

 $((\frac{(12)}{(12)}))$  (13) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

 ((<del>(13)</del>)) (14) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the ((secretary of the)) department of corrections ((or such person as the secretary may designate)) and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the ((secretary including)) department of corrections.

(a) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender's address or employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.

(b) For sex offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody for crimes committed on or after the effective date of this act, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (a) of this subsection, any appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified individuals or specific class of individuals. The conditions authorized under this subsection (14)(b)

may be imposed by the department prior to or during a sex offenders' community custody term. If a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section occurs during community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.207 and shall authorize the department to transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as provided in RCW 9.94A.205. At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of community custody, the department may recommend to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section be continued beyond the expiration of the offender's term of community custody as authorized in subsection (10)(c) of this section.

The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender's ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay.

 ((\(\frac{(14\)}{14\)}\)) (15) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, or community placement under the supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

((<del>(15)</del>)) <u>(16)</u> The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced.

 $((\frac{16}{10}))$  (17) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).  $((\frac{17}{10}))$  (18) The court shall order restitution whenever the

 $((\frac{17}{17}))$  (18) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person

or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in the record if it does not order restitution.

((<del>(18)</del>)) <u>(19)</u> As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision or community placement.

(((19))) (20) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.

(((20))) <u>(21)</u> All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations.

**Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.205 and 1988 c 153 s 4 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

(1) If an inmate violates any condition or requirement of community custody, the department may transfer the inmate to a more restrictive confinement status to serve <u>up to</u> the remaining portion of the sentence, less credit for any period actually spent in community custody or in detention awaiting disposition of an alleged violation and subject to the limitations of subsection (2) of this section.

(2)(a) For a sex offender sentenced to a term of community custody under RCW 9.94A.120(8) who violates any condition of community custody, the department may impose a sanction of up to sixty days confinement in a local correctional facility for each violation;

(b) For a sex offender sentenced to a term of community custody under RCW 9.94A.120(10) who violates any condition of community custody after having completed his or her maximum term of total confinement, including time served on community custody in lieu of earned early release, the department may impose a sanction of up to sixty days in a local correctional facility for each violation.

- 1 (3) If an inmate is accused of violating any condition or 2 requirement of community custody, he or she is entitled to a hearing 3 before the department prior to the imposition of sanctions. The 4 hearing shall be considered as inmate disciplinary proceedings and 5 shall not be subject to chapter 34.05 RCW. The department shall 6 develop hearing procedures and sanctions.
- 7 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.207 and 1988 c 153 s 5 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 (1) The secretary may issue warrants for the arrest of any offender who violates a condition of community placement. The arrest warrants 10 shall authorize any law enforcement or peace officer or community 11 corrections officer of this state or any other state where such 12 offender may be located, to arrest the offender and place him or her in 13 14 total confinement pending disposition of the alleged violation. 15 department shall compensate the local jurisdiction at the office of 16 financial management's adjudicated rate, in accordance with RCW 70.48.440. A community corrections officer, if he or she has 17 18 reasonable cause to believe an offender in community placement has violated a condition of community placement, may suspend the person's 19 community placement status and arrest or cause the arrest and detention 20 in total confinement of the offender, pending the determination of the 21 secretary as to whether the violation has occurred. 22 The community 23 corrections officer shall report to the secretary all facts and 24 circumstances and the reasons for the action of suspending community 25 placement status. A violation of a condition of community placement shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for purposes of RCW 26 27 9.94A.195. The authority granted to community corrections officers under this section shall be in addition to that set forth in RCW 28 29 9.94A.195.
- 30 (2) Inmates, as defined in RCW ((72.09.020)) 72.09.015, who have been transferred to community custody and who are detained in a local 31 correctional facility are the financial responsibility of the 32 33 department of corrections, except as provided in subsection (3) of this 34 section. The community custody inmate shall be removed from the local correctional facility, except as provided in subsection (3) of this 35 36 section, not later than eight days, excluding weekends and holidays, 37 following admittance to the local correctional facility

- 1 notification that the inmate is available for movement to a state 2 correctional institution. ((However, if good cause is shown,))
- 3 (3) The department may negotiate with local correctional 4 authorities for an additional period of detention; however, sex offenders sanctioned for community custody violations under RCW 5 9.94A.205(2) to a term of confinement shall remain in the local 6 correctional facility for the complete term of the sanction. For 7 confinement sanctions imposed under RCW 9.94A.205(2)(a), the local 8 correctional facility shall be financially responsible. For 9 confinement sanctions imposed under RCW 9.94A.205(2)(b), the department 10 of corrections shall be financially responsible for that portion of the 11 12 sanction served during the time in which the sex offender is on community custody in lieu of earned early release, and the local 13 14 correctional facility shall be financially responsible for that portion of the sanction served by the sex offender after the time in which the 15 sex offender is on community custody in lieu of earned early release. 16
- 17 **Sec. 5.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 1995 c 268 s 2, 1995 c 108 s 1, and 1995 18 c 101 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 19 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 20 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
  - (2) "Commission" means the sentencing quidelines commission.

- 29 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 30 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 31 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 32 conditions.
- 33 (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence 34 of confinement in lieu of earned early release time or imposed pursuant 35 to RCW 9.94A.120 (6), (8), or (10) served in the community subject to 36 controls placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the 37 department of corrections.

- 1 (5) "Community placement" means that period during which the 2 offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or 3 postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the 4 term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the 5 offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early 6 release. Community placement may consist of entirely community 7 custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- 8 (6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without 9 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 10 offender.
- (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a 11 convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other 12 13 sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision 14 15 may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact 16 for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 17 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of 18 19 probation and should be considered the same as probation by other 20 states.
- 21 (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in 22 this section.
- (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and 25 acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- 26 (10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 27 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the 28 29 victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as 30 assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, 31 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the 32 offender as a result of a felony conviction. 33 Upon conviction for 34 vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the 35 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), 36 37 legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in 38 39 the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430.

- 1 (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court 2 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 3 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 4 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to 5 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 6 affirmative conduct.
- 7 (12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior 8 convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. 9 The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether 10 the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms 11 thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the 12 length of incarceration.
- (b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions 13 14 for sex offenses and serious violent offenses and shall also include a 15 defendant's other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The 16 conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic 17 offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(9); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense 18 19 was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than 20 twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she 21 22 is being sentenced was committed.
- 23 (13) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that 24 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the 25 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the 26 offender and any dependents.
  - (14) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the defendant's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing judge.
- 32 (15) "Department" means the department of corrections.

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33 (16) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with 34 exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 35 confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the 36 number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or 37 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 38 through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of

- 1 confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a 2 determinate sentence.
- (17) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 3 4 individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 5 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal 6 services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 7 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the 8 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to 9 10 satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 11 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, 12 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made 13 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050,
- 15 (18) "Drug offense" means:

or Title 74 RCW.

- (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 19 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 20 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 21 controlled substance; or
- (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 25 (19) "Escape" means:
- (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 31 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 32 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 33 under (a) of this subsection.
- 34 (20) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- 35 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 36 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-37 and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

- 1 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 2 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 3 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 4 (21) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific 5 sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.
- 6 (22)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under 7 8 this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or 9 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug, nor the 10 manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to 11 methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers as 12 defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for profit of any 13 14 controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, 15 RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, and 16 except as provided in (b) of this subsection, who previously has never 17 been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated in a program of deferred 18 19 prosecution for a felony offense.
- (b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses and serious violent offenses.
- (23) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:
- 27 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 28 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A 29 felony;
- 30 (b) Assault in the second degree;
- 31 (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 32 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 33 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 34 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 35 (q) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 36 (h) Indecent liberties;
- 37 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 38 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 39 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;

- 1 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 2 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 3 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 4 (o) Robbery in the second degree;
- 5 (p) Sexual exploitation;
- 6 (q) Vehicular assault;
- 7 (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of
- 8 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating
- 9 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of
- 10 any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 11 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual
- 12 motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;
- 13 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW
- 14 9.94A.125;
- 15 (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2,
- 16 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this
- 17 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense
- 18 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a
- 19 most serious offense under this subsection.
- 20 (24) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent
- 21 offense.
- 22 (25) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony
- 23 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is
- 24 less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by
- 25 the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW
- 26 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and
- 27 "defendant" are used interchangeably.
- 28 (26) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one
- 29 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract
- 30 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or
- 31 work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for
- 32 a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in
- 33 the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home
- 34 detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention
- 35 as defined in this section.
- 36 (27) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:
- 37 (a) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a
- 38 most serious offense; and

- (b) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this 1 subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate 2 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under 3 4 the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided 5 that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction 6 7 must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most 8 serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted.
- 9 (28) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's 10 community placement that is not community custody.
- 11 (29) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a 12 specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as 13 payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. 14 The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.
  - (30) "Serious traffic offense" means:

- (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 24 (31) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 25 and means:
- 26 (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the 27 second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first 28 degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first 29 degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 30 commit one of these felonies; or
- 31 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 32 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious 33 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 34 (32) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary 35 range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
  - (33) "Sex offense" means:
- 37 (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 38 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a

- 1 criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 2 commit such crimes;
- 3 (b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 4~9.94 A.127 or 13.40.135; or
- 5 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 6 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 7 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 8 (34) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 9 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 10 sexual gratification.
- 11 (35) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 12 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 13 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 14 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- (36) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.
- 21 (37) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 22 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 23 a direct result of the crime charged.
  - (38) "Violent offense" means:

offense in (a) of this subsection; and

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25 (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter 26 amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 27 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the 28 29 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if 30 committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a 31 child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in 32 the second degree, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when 33 34 proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while 35 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; 36 37 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior

to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent

- 1 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 2 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent 3 offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- 4 (39) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting 5 of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The 6 7 civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing 8 private industries or the labor force in the county where the service 9 or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect 10 employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. 11 Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under 12 13 contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection 14 15 (33) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.
- (40) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.
  - (41) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.
- 27 (42) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement 28 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private 29 residence subject to electronic surveillance.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act applies to crimes committed on or after the effective date of this act."

## 32 **SHB 2318** - S COMM AMD

By Committee on Human Services & Corrections

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On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "offenders;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 9.94A.120, 9.94A.205,

- 1 and 9.94A.207; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.030; creating new
- 2 sections; and prescribing penalties."

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