CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5028

Chapter 393, Laws of 1997

(partial veto)

55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

COUNTY TREASURY MANAGEMENT--MODIFICATIONS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/27/97

Passed by the Senate April 21, 1997 YEAS 47 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 8, 1997 YEAS 94 NAYS 1

CERTIFICATE

I, Mike O Connell, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5028** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

CLYDE BALLARD

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved May 16, 1997, with the exception of sections 12, 13, 22, and 23, which are vetoed.

MIKE O'CONNELL

Secretary

FILED

May 16, 1997 - 3:19 p.m.

GARY LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5028

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 1997 Regular Session

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar, Swecker and Loveland)

Read first time 01/31/97.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to county treasury management; amending RCW
- 2 35.50.030, 35.50.040, 35.50.260, 36.29.020, 36.34.090, 36.36.045,
- 3 36.88.220, 36.88.230, 36.94.150, 53.36.050, 58.08.040, 84.38.020,
- 4 84.38.020, 84.56.240, 84.56.300, 84.56.340, 84.69.020, 36.29.190, and
- 5 84.55.005; adding a new section to chapter 84.40 RCW; repealing RCW
- 6 36.29.150 and 36.33.180; providing effective dates; providing an
- 7 expiration date; and declaring an emergency.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 **Sec. 1.** RCW 35.50.030 and 1983 c 303 s 18 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 If on the first day of January in any year, two installments of any
- 12 local improvement assessment are delinquent, or if the final
- 13 installment thereof has been delinquent for more than one year, the
- 14 city or town shall proceed with the foreclosure of the delinquent
- 15 assessment or delinquent installments thereof by proceedings brought in
- 16 its own name in the superior court of the county in which the city or
- 17 town is situate.
- 18 The proceedings shall be commenced on or before March 1st of that
- 19 year or on or before such other date in such year as may be fixed by

- general ordinance, but not before the city or town treasurer has 1 2 notified by certified mail the persons whose names appear on the assessment roll as owners of the property charged with the assessments 3 4 or installments which are delinquent, at the address last known to the 5 treasurer, a notice thirty days before the commencement of the proceedings. If the person whose name appears on the tax rolls of the 6 7 county assessor as owner of the property, or the address shown for the owner, differs from that appearing on the city or town assessment roll, 8 9 then the treasurer shall also mail a copy of the notice to that person 10 or that address.
- 11 The notice shall state the amount due, including foreclosure costs, 12 upon each separate lot, tract, or parcel of land and the date after 13 which the proceedings will be commenced. The city or town treasurer 14 shall file with the clerk of the superior court at the time of 15 commencement of the foreclosure proceeding the affidavit of the person 16 who mailed the notices. This affidavit shall be conclusive proof of 17 compliance with the requirements of this section.
- 18 **Sec. 2.** RCW 35.50.040 and 1965 c 7 s 35.50.040 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
- When the local improvement assessment is payable in installments, the enforcement of the lien of any installment shall not prevent the enforcement of the lien of any subsequent installment.
- 23 A city or town may by general ordinance provide that upon failure 24 to pay any installment due the entire assessment shall become due and 25 payable and the collection thereof enforced by foreclosure: PROVIDED, That the payment of all delinquent installments together with interest, 26 penalty, and administrative costs at any time before entry of judgment 27 in foreclosure shall extend the time of payment on the remainder of the 28 29 assessments as if there had been no delinquency or foreclosure. Where foreclosure of two installments of the same assessment on any lot, 30 tract, or parcel is sought, the city or town treasurer shall cause such 31 32 lot, tract, or parcel to be dismissed from the action, if the 33 installment first delinquent together interest, penalty, with 34 administrative costs, and charges is paid at any time before sale.
- 35 **Sec. 3.** RCW 35.50.260 and 1983 c 303 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

In foreclosing local improvement assessments the action shall be tried to the court without a jury. If the parties interested in any particular lot, tract, or parcel default, the court may enter judgment of foreclosure and sale as to such parties and lots, tracts, or parcels and the action may proceed as to the remaining defendants and lots, tracts, or parcels. Judgment and order of sale may be entered as to any one or more separate lots, tracts, or parcels involved in the action and the court shall retain jurisdiction to others.

The judgment shall specify separately the amount of the installments with interest, penalty, and all reasonable administrative costs, including, but not limited to, the title searches, chargeable to each lot, tract, or parcel. The judgment shall have the effect of a separate judgment as to each lot, tract, or parcel described in the judgment, and any appeal shall not invalidate or delay the judgment except as to the property concerning which the appeal is taken. In the judgment the court shall order the lots, tracts, or parcels therein described sold by the city or town treasurer or by the county sheriff and an order of sale shall issue pursuant thereto for the enforcement of the judgment.

In all other respects, the trial, judgment, and appeals to the supreme court or the court of appeals shall be governed by the statutes governing the foreclosure of mortgages on real property.

Prior to the sale of the property, if the property is shown on the property tax rolls under unknown owner or if the property contains a residential structure having an assessed value of two thousand dollars or more, the treasurer shall order or conduct a title search of the property to determine the record title holders and all persons claiming a mortgage, deed of trust, or mechanic's, laborer's, materialmen's, or vendor's lien on the property.

At least thirty days prior to the sale of the property, a copy of the notice of sale shall be mailed by certified and regular mail to all defendants in the foreclosure action as to that parcel, lot, or tract and, if the owner is unknown or the property contains a residential structure having an assessed value of two thousand dollars or more, a copy of the notice of sale shall be mailed by regular and certified mail to any additional record title holders and persons claiming a mortgage, deed of trust, or mechanic's, laborer's, materialmen's, or vendor's lien on the property.

- In all other respects the procedure for sale shall be conducted in the same manner as property tax sales described in RCW 84.64.080.
- 3 **Sec. 4.** RCW 36.29.020 and 1991 c 245 s 5 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 The county treasurer shall keep all moneys belonging to the state, or to any county, in his or her own possession until disbursed 6 7 according to law. The county treasurer shall not place the same in the possession of any person to be used for any purpose; nor shall he or 8 9 she loan or in any manner use or permit any person to use the same; but it shall be lawful for a county treasurer to deposit any such moneys in 10 any regularly designated qualified public depositary. Any municipal 11 12 corporation may by action of its governing body authorize any of its funds which are not required for immediate expenditure, and which are 13 14 in the custody of the county treasurer or other municipal corporation 15 treasurer, to be invested by such treasurer. The county treasurer may 16 invest in savings or time accounts in designated qualified public depositaries or in certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, 17 18 or other obligations of the United States or its agencies, or of any 19 corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States; in bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market, in federal home 20 loan bank notes and bonds, federal land bank bonds and federal national 21 22 mortgage association notes, debentures and guaranteed certificates of 23 participation, or the obligations of any other government sponsored 24 corporation whose obligations are or may become eligible as collateral 25 for advances to member banks as determined by the board of governors of the federal reserve system or deposit such funds or any portion thereof 26 27 in investment deposits as defined in RCW 39.58.010 secured by collateral in accordance with the provisions of chapters 39.58 and 28 29 39.59 RCW: PROVIDED, Five percent of the earnings, with an annual maximum of fifty dollars, on each transaction authorized by the 30 governing body shall be paid as an investment service fee to the office 31 32 of the county treasurer or other municipal corporation treasurer when the earnings become available to the governing body: PROVIDED FURTHER, 33 34 That if such investment service fee amounts to five dollars or less the county treasurer or other municipal corporation treasurer may waive 35 36 such fee.

Whenever the funds of any municipal corporation which are not required for immediate expenditure are in the custody or control of the

county treasurer, and the governing body of such municipal corporation 1 2 has not taken any action pertaining to the investment of any such 3 funds, the county finance committee shall direct the county treasurer, 4 under the investment policy of the county finance committee, to invest, to the maximum prudent extent, such funds or any portion thereof in 5 savings or time accounts in designated qualified public depositaries or 6 7 in certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, or other 8 obligations of the United States or its agencies, or of any corporation 9 wholly owned by the government of the United States, in bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market, in federal home loan 10 bank notes and bonds, federal land bank bonds and federal national 11 mortgage association notes, debentures and guaranteed certificates of 12 participation, or the obligations of any other government sponsored 13 14 corporation whose obligations are or may become eligible as collateral 15 for advances to member banks as determined by the board of governors of 16 the federal reserve system or deposit such funds or any portion thereof 17 in investment deposits as defined in RCW 39.58.010 secured by collateral in accordance with the provisions of chapters 39.58 and 18 19 39.59 RCW: PROVIDED, That the county treasurer shall have the power to select the specific qualified financial institution in which the funds 20 may be invested. The interest or other earnings from such investments 21 22 or deposits shall be deposited in the current expense fund of the county and may be used for general county purposes. The investment or 23 24 deposit and disposition of the interest or other earnings therefrom 25 authorized by this paragraph shall not apply to such funds as may be 26 prohibited by the state Constitution from being so invested or 27 deposited.

28 **Sec. 5.** RCW 36.34.090 and 1991 c 363 s 69 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

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Whenever county property is to be sold at public auction, consignment auction, or sealed bid, the county ((auditor)) treasurer or the county treasurer's designee shall publish notice thereof once during each of two successive calendar weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. Notice thereof must also be posted in a conspicuous place in the courthouse. The posting and date of first publication must be at least ten days before the day fixed for the sale.

- 1 **Sec. 6.** RCW 36.36.045 and 1987 c 381 s 2 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- The county shall have a lien for any delinquent fees imposed for the withdrawal of subterranean water or on-site sewage disposal, which shall attach to the property to which the fees were imposed, if the following conditions are met:
- 7 (1) At least eighteen months have passed since the first billing 8 for a delinquent fee installment; and
- 9 (2) At least three billing notices and a letter have been mailed to 10 the property owner, within the period specified in subsection (1) of 11 this section, explaining that a lien may be imposed for any delinquent 12 fee installment that has not been paid in that period.
- The lien shall otherwise be subject to the provisions of chapter 36.94 RCW related to liens for delinquent charges. The county shall record liens for any delinquent fees in the office of the county auditor. Failure on the part of the county to record the lien does not affect the validity of the lien.
- 18 **Sec. 7.** RCW 36.88.220 and 1967 ex.s. c 145 s 63 are each amended 19 to read as follows:
- All counties may establish a fund for the purpose of guaranteeing 20 to the extent of such fund and in the manner hereinafter provided, the 21 payment of its road improvement district bonds and warrants issued to 22 23 pay for any road improvement ordered under this chapter. 24 ((board of county commissioners)) county legislative authority shall determine to establish such fund it shall be designated ". 25 county road improvement guaranty fund" and from moneys available for 26 road purposes such county shall deposit annually in said quaranty fund 27 such sums as may be necessary to establish and maintain a balance 28 29 therein equal to at least five percent of the outstanding obligations guaranteed thereby and to make necessary provision in its annual budget 30 31 The moneys held in the guaranty fund may be invested in 32 ((obligations of the government of the United States or of this state))
- 34 **Sec. 8.** RCW 36.88.230 and 1983 c 167 s 96 are each amended to read 35 as follows:

accordance with the laws relating to county investments.

Whenever there shall be paid out of a guaranty fund any sum on account of principal or interest of a road improvement district bond or

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warrant, the county, as trustee for the fund, shall be subrogated to 2 all the rights of the owner of the bond or any interest coupon or warrant so paid, and the proceeds thereof, or of the assessment 3 4 underlying the same, shall become part of the guaranty fund. 5 shall also be paid into each guaranty fund the interest received from ((bank deposits or government securities)) investment of the fund, as 6 7 well as any surplus remaining in any local improvement fund guaranteed 8 hereunder after the payment of all outstanding bonds or warrants 9 payable primarily out of such road improvement fund. Warrants drawing 10 interest at a rate or rates not to exceed the rate determined by the county legislative authority shall be issued, as other warrants are 11 issued by the county, against a guaranty fund to meet any liability 12 13 accruing against it, and at the time of making its annual budget and tax levy the county shall provide from funds available for road 14 15 purposes for the deposit in the guaranty fund of a sum sufficient with 16 other resources of such fund to pay warrants so issued during the 17 preceding fiscal year. As among the several issues of bonds or warrants quaranteed by the fund no preference shall exist, but 18 19 defaulted bonds, interest payments, and warrants shall be purchased out 20 of the fund in the order of their presentation.

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Every county establishing a guaranty fund for road improvement district bonds or warrants shall prescribe by resolution appropriate rules and regulations for the maintenance and operation of the guaranty fund not inconsistent herewith. So much of the money of a quaranty fund as is necessary may be used to purchase underlying bonds or warrants guaranteed by the fund, or to purchase certificates of delinquency for general taxes on property subject to local improvement assessments, or to purchase such property at tax foreclosures, for the purpose of protecting the guaranty fund. Said fund shall be subrogated to the rights of the county, and the county, acting on behalf of said fund, may foreclose the lien of general tax certificates of delinquency and purchase the property at the foreclosure sale for the account of said fund. Whenever the legislative authority of any county shall so cause a lien of general tax certificates of delinquency to be foreclosed and the property to be so purchased at a foreclosure sale, the court costs and costs of publication and expenses for clerical work and/or other expense incidental thereto, shall be chargeable to and payable from the guaranty fund. After so acquiring title to real property, a county may lease or sell and convey the same at public or

- 1 private sale for such price and on such terms as may be determined by
- 2 resolution of the county legislative body, and all proceeds resulting
- 3 from such sales shall belong to and be paid into the guaranty fund.
- 4 Sec. 9. RCW 36.94.150 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 188 s 3 are each 5 amended to read as follows:
- All counties operating a system of sewerage and/or water shall have a lien for delinquent connection charges and charges for the
- 8 availability of sewerage and/or water service, together with interest
- 9 fixed by resolution at eight percent per annum from the date due until
- 10 paid. Penalties of not more than ten percent of the amount due may be
- 11 imposed in case of failure to pay the charges at times fixed by
- 12 resolution. The lien shall be for all charges, interest, and penalties
- 13 and shall attach to the premises to which the services were available.
- 14 The lien shall be superior to all other liens and encumbrances, except
- 15 general taxes and local and special assessments of the county.
- The county department established in RCW 36.94.120 shall certify
- 17 periodically the delinquencies to the ((treasurer)) <u>auditor</u> of the
- 18 county at which time the lien shall attach.
- 19 Upon the expiration of sixty days after the attachment of the lien,
- 20 the county may bring suit in foreclosure by civil action in the
- 21 superior court of the county where the property is located. Costs
- 22 <u>associated with the foreclosure of the lien, including but not limited</u>
- 23 to advertising, title report, and personnel costs, shall be added to
- 24 the lien upon filing of the foreclosure action. In addition to the
- 25 costs and disbursements provided by statute, the court may allow the
- 26 county a reasonable attorney's fee. The lien shall be foreclosed in
- 27 the same manner as the foreclosure of real property tax liens.
- 28 **Sec. 10.** RCW 53.36.050 and 1959 c 52 s 2 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
- 30 The county treasurer acting as port treasurer shall create a fund
- 31 to be known as the "Port of Fund," into which shall be paid
- 32 all money received by him from the collection of taxes in behalf of
- 33 such port district, and shall also maintain such other special funds as
- 34 may be created by the port commission into which shall be placed such
- 35 moneys as the port commission may by its resolution direct. All such
- 36 port funds shall be deposited with the county depositories under the
- 37 same restrictions, contracts and security as is provided by statute for

- county depositories and all interest collected on such port funds shall 1 2 belong to such port district and shall be deposited to its credit in the proper port funds: PROVIDED, That any portion of such port moneys 3 4 determined by the port commission to be in excess of the current needs 5 of the port district may be invested ((in certificates, notes, bonds, or other obligations of the United States of America, or any agency or 6 7 instrumentality thereof)) by the county treasurer in accordance with 8 RCW 36.29.020, RCW 36.29.022, and chapter 39.59 RCW, and all interest 9 collected thereon shall likewise belong to such port district and shall 10 be deposited to its credit in the proper port funds.
- 11 **Sec. 11.** RCW 58.08.040 and 1994 c 301 s 16 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- Prior to any person ((filing)) recording a plat, replat, altered 13 14 plat, or binding site plan subsequent to May 31st in any year and prior 15 to the date of the collection of taxes in the ensuing year, the person 16 shall deposit with the county treasurer a sum equal to the product of county assessor's latest valuation on the property 17 18 improvements in such subdivision multiplied by the current year's 19 dollar rate increased by twenty-five percent on the property platted. The treasurer's receipt shall be evidence of the payment. 20 treasurer shall appropriate so much of the deposit as will pay the 21 22 taxes and assessments on the property when the levy rates are certified 23 by the assessor using the value of the property at the time of filing 24 a plat, replat, altered plat, or binding site plan, and in case the sum 25 deposited is in excess of the amount necessary for the payment of the taxes and assessments, the treasurer shall return, to the party 26 27 depositing, the amount of excess.
- *Sec. 12. RCW 84.38.020 and 1995 c 329 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- 30 Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the 31 following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter shall 32 have the following meanings:
- (1) "Claimant" means a person who either elects or is required under RCW 84.64.050 to defer payment of the special assessments and/or real property taxes accrued on the claimant's residence by filing a declaration to defer as provided by this chapter.

- When two or more individuals of a household file or seek to file a declaration to defer, they may determine between them as to who the claimant shall be.
 - (2) "Department" means the state department of revenue.
- (3) "Equity value" means the amount by which the fair market value of a residence as determined from the records of the county assessor exceeds the total amount of any liens or other obligations against the property.
- 9 (4) "Local government" means any city, town, county, water-sewer 10 district, public utility district, port district, irrigation district, 11 flood control district, or any other municipal corporation, quasi 12 municipal corporation, or other political subdivision authorized to 13 levy special assessments.
- 14 <u>(5)</u> "Real property taxes" means ad valorem property taxes levied on 15 a residence in this state in the preceding calendar year.
- (((5))) (6) "Residence" has the meaning given in RCW 84.36.383, except that a residence includes any additional property up to a total of five acres that comprises the residential parcel if this larger parcel size is required under land use regulations.
- (((6))) (7) "Special assessment" means the charge or obligation imposed by a ((city, town, county, or other municipal corporation)) local government upon property specially benefited ((by a local improvement, including assessments under chapters 35.44, 36.88, 36.94,
- 24 53.08, 54.16, 56.20, 57.16, 86.09, and 87.03 RCW and any other relevant
- 25 chapter)).

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- 26 *Sec. 12 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- *Sec. 13. RCW 84.38.020 and 1996 c 230 s 1614 are each amended to read as follows:
- Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:
- (1) "Claimant" means a person who either elects or is required under RCW 84.64.050 to defer payment of the special assessments and/or real property taxes accrued on the claimant's residence by filing a declaration to defer as provided by this chapter.
- When two or more individuals of a household file or seek to file a declaration to defer, they may determine between them as to who the claimant shall be.

- 1 (2) "Department" means the state department of revenue.
- 2 (3) "Equity value" means the amount by which the fair market value 3 of a residence as determined from the records of the county assessor 4 exceeds the total amount of any liens or other obligations against the 5 property.
- 6 (4) "Local government" means any city, town, county, water-sewer
 7 district, public utility district, port district, irrigation district,
 8 flood control district, or any other municipal corporation, quasi
 9 municipal corporation, or other political subdivision authorized to
 10 levy special assessments.
- 11 <u>(5)</u> "Real property taxes" means ad valorem property taxes levied on 12 a residence in this state in the preceding calendar year.
- (((5))) <u>(6)</u> "Residence" has the meaning given in RCW 84.36.383, except that a residence includes any additional property up to a total of five acres that comprises the residential parcel if this larger parcel size is required under land use regulations.
- ((\(\frac{(+(+)}{6})\)) (7) "Special assessment" means the charge or obligation imposed by a ((\(\frac{city}{city}\), town, county, or other municipal corporation))

 19 local government upon property specially benefited ((\(\frac{by}{a}\) a local improvement, including assessments under chapters 35.44, 36.88, 36.94,

 21 53.08, 54.16, 57.16, 86.09, and 87.03 RCW and any other relevant chapter)).
- 23 *Sec. 13 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- 24 **Sec. 14.** RCW 84.56.240 and 1961 c 15 s 84.56.240 are each amended 25 to read as follows:
- 26 If the county treasurer is unable, for the want of goods or 27 chattels whereupon to levy, to collect by distress or otherwise, the taxes, or any part thereof, which may have been assessed upon the 28 personal property of any person or corporation, or an executor or 29 administrator, guardian, receiver, accounting officer, agent or factor, 30 ((such)) the treasurer shall file with the county ((auditor)) 31 <u>legislative authority</u>, on the first day of ((January)) <u>February</u> 32 following, a list of such taxes, with an affidavit of ((himself)) the 33 34 treasurer or of the deputy treasurer entrusted with the collection of 35 ((said)) the taxes, stating that ((he)) the treasurer had made diligent search and inquiry for goods and chattels wherewith to make such taxes, 36 37 and was unable to make or collect the same. The county ((auditor shall deliver such list and affidavit to the board of county commissioners at 38

- 1 their first session thereafter, and they)) legislative authority shall
- 2 cancel such taxes as ((they are)) the county legislative authority is
- 3 satisfied cannot be collected.

4 Sec. 15. RCW 84.56.300 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 45 s 1 are each 5 amended to read as follows:

On the first Monday of ((January)) February of each year the county 6 treasurer shall balance up the tax rolls <u>as of December 31 of the prior</u> 7 year in ((his)) the treasurer's hands and with which ((he)) the 8 9 treasurer stands charged on the roll accounts of the county auditor. 10 ((He)) The treasurer shall then report to the county auditor in full 11 the amount of taxes ((he has)) collected and specify the amount 12 collected on each fund. ((He)) The treasurer shall also report the amount of taxes that remain uncollected and delinquent upon the tax 13 14 rolls, which, with ((his)) collections and credits on account of errors 15 assessments, should balance ((his)) the tax rolls 16 ((accounts)) as ((he)) the treasurer stands charged. treasurer shall then report the amount of collections on account of 17 18 interest since the taxes became delinquent, and as added ((by him)) to 19 the original amounts when making such collections, and with which ((he)) the treasurer is now to be charged by the auditor, such reports 20 21 to be duly verified by affidavit.

22 **Sec. 16.** RCW 84.56.340 and 1996 c 153 s 2 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

24 Any person desiring to pay taxes upon any part or parts of real 25 property heretofore or hereafter assessed as one parcel, or tract, or upon such person's undivided fractional interest in such a property, 26 27 may do so by applying to the county assessor, who must carefully 28 investigate and ascertain the relative or proportionate value said part 29 or part interest bears to the whole tract assessed, on which basis the assessment must be divided, and the assessor shall forthwith certify 30 31 such proportionate value to the county treasurer: 32 excepting when property is being acquired for public use, or where a 33 person or financial institution desires to pay the taxes and any penalties and interest on a mobile home upon which they have a lien by 34 35 mortgage or otherwise, no segregation of property for tax purposes shall be made <u>under this section</u> unless all ((current year and)) 36 delinquent taxes and assessments on the entire tract have been paid in 37

- full. ((The county assessor shall duly certify the proportionate value 1 2 to the county treasurer.)) The county treasurer, upon receipt of certification, shall duly accept payment and issue receipt on the 3 4 apportionment certified by the county assessor. In cases where protest is filed to said division appeal shall be made to the county 5 legislative authority at its next regular session for final division, 6 7 and the county treasurer shall accept and receipt for said taxes as 8 determined and ordered by the county legislative authority. Any person 9 desiring to pay on an undivided interest in any real property may do so 10 by paying to the county treasurer a sum equal to such proportion of the 11 entire taxes charged on the entire tract as interest paid on bears to the whole. 12
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** A new section is added to chapter 84.40 RCW to read as follows:
- 15 (1) When real property is divided in accordance with chapter 58.17
 16 RCW, the assessor shall carefully investigate and ascertain the true
 17 and fair value of each lot and assess each lot on that same basis,
 18 unless specifically provided otherwise by law. For purposes of this
 19 section, "lot" has the same definition as in RCW 58.17.020.
- (a) For each lot on which an advance tax deposit has been paid in 20 accordance with RCW 58.08.040, the assessor shall establish the true 21 and fair value by October 30 of the year following the recording of the 22 23 plat, replat, altered plat, or binding site plan. 24 established shall be the value of the lot as of January 1 of the year 25 the original parcel of real property was last revalued. An additional property tax shall not be due on the land until the calendar year 26 following the year for which the advance tax deposit was paid if the 27 deposit was sufficient to pay the full amount of the taxes due on the 28 29 property.
- 30 (b) For each lot on which an advance tax deposit has not been paid, 31 the assessor shall establish the true and fair value not later than the 32 calendar year following the recording of the plat, map, subdivision, or 33 replat. For purposes of this section, "subdivision" means a division 34 of land into two or more lots.
- 35 (c) For each subdivision, all current year and delinquent taxes and 36 assessments on the entire tract must be paid in full in accordance with 37 RCW 58.17.160 and 58.08.030. For purposes of this section, "current

- 1 year taxes" means taxes that are collectable under RCW 84.56.010 2 subsequent to February 14.
- (2) When the assessor is required by law to segregate any part or 3 4 parts of real property, assessed before or after the effective date of 5 this section as one parcel or when the assessor is required by law to combine parcels of real property assessed before or after the effective 6 date of this section as two or more parcels, the assessor shall 7 carefully investigate and ascertain the true and fair value of each 8 part or parts of the real property and each combined parcel and assess 9 10 each part or parts or each combined parcel on that same basis.
- 11 **Sec. 18.** RCW 84.69.020 and 1996 c 296 s 2 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- On the order of the county treasurer, ad valorem taxes paid before or after delinquency shall be refunded if they were:
- 15 (1) Paid more than once; or
- 16 (2) Paid as a result of manifest error in description; or
- 17 (3) Paid as a result of a clerical error in extending the tax 18 rolls; or
- 19 (4) Paid as a result of other clerical errors in listing property; 20 or
- 21 (5) Paid with respect to improvements which did not exist on 22 assessment date; or
- 23 (6) Paid under levies or statutes adjudicated to be illegal or 24 unconstitutional; or
- (7) Paid as a result of mistake, inadvertence, or lack of knowledge by any person exempted from paying real property taxes or a portion thereof pursuant to RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389, as now or hereafter amended; or
- (8) Paid as a result of mistake, inadvertence, or lack of knowledge 30 by either a public official or employee or by any person with respect 31 to real property in which the person paying the same has no legal 32 interest; or
- (9) Paid on the basis of an assessed valuation which was appealed to the county board of equalization and ordered reduced by the board; or
- 36 (10) Paid on the basis of an assessed valuation which was appealed 37 to the state board of tax appeals and ordered reduced by the board: 38 PROVIDED, That the amount refunded under subsections (9) and (10) of

- this section shall only be for the difference between the tax paid on 1 2 the basis of the appealed valuation and the tax payable on the valuation adjusted in accordance with the board's order; or 3
- 4 (11) Paid as a state property tax levied upon property, the 5 assessed value of which has been established by the state board of tax appeals for the year of such levy: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the amount 6 7 refunded shall only be for the difference between the state property 8 tax paid and the amount of state property tax which would, when added 9 to all other property taxes within the one percent limitation of 10 Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution equal one percent of the assessed value established by the board; 11
- (12) Paid on the basis of an assessed valuation which was 12 adjudicated to be unlawful or excessive: PROVIDED, That the amount 13 refunded shall be for the difference between the amount of tax which 14 15 was paid on the basis of the valuation adjudged unlawful or excessive 16 and the amount of tax payable on the basis of the assessed valuation 17 determined as a result of the proceeding; or
- (13) Paid on property acquired under RCW 84.60.050, and canceled 18 19 under RCW 84.60.050(2); or
- 20 (14) Paid on the basis of an assessed valuation that was reduced under RCW 84.48.065. 21

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No refunds under the provisions of this section shall be made because of any error in determining the valuation of property, except as authorized in subsections (9), (10), (11), and (12) of this section nor may any refunds be made if a bona fide purchaser has acquired rights that would preclude the assessment and collection of the refunded tax from the property that should properly have been charged with the tax. Any refunds made on delinquent taxes shall include the proportionate amount of interest and penalties paid. The county treasurer may deduct from moneys collected for the benefit of the state's levy, refunds of the state levy including interest on the levy as provided by this section and chapter 84.68 RCW.

The county treasurer of each county shall make all refunds determined to be authorized by this section, and by the first Monday in ((January)) February of each year, report to the county legislative authority a list of all refunds made under this section during the previous year. The list is to include the name of the person receiving the refund, the amount of the refund, and the reason for the refund. 38

- 1 **Sec. 19.** RCW 36.29.190 and 1996 c 153 s 3 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 4 cards, debit cards, <u>smart cards</u>, <u>stored value cards</u>, federal wire, and 5 automatic clearinghouse system transactions, or other electronic

County treasurers are authorized to accept credit cards, charge

- 3 automatic creatinghouse system transactions, or other efectionic
- 6 communication, for any payment of any kind including, but not limited
- 7 to, taxes, fines, interest, penalties, special assessments, fees,
- 8 rates, charges, or moneys due counties. A payer desiring to pay by a
- 9 credit card, charge card, debit card, smart card, stored value card,
- 10 federal wire, automatic clearinghouse system, or other electronic
- 11 communication shall bear the cost of processing the transaction in an
- 12 amount determined by the treasurer, unless the county legislative
- 13 <u>authority finds that it is in the best interests of the county to not</u>
- 14 charge transaction processing costs for all payment transactions made
- 15 for a specific category of nontax payments due the county, including,
- 16 but not limited to, fines, interest not associated with taxes,
- 17 penalties not associated with taxes, special assessments, fees, rates,
- 18 <u>and charges</u>. ((Such)) <u>The treasurer's cost</u> determination shall be
- 19 based upon costs incurred by the treasurer ((including handling,
- 20 collecting, discount, disbursing, and accounting for the transaction))
- 21 and may not, in any event, exceed the additional direct costs incurred
- 22 by the county to accept the specific form of payment utilized by the
- 23 payer.

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- 24 Sec. 20. RCW 84.55.005 and 1994 c 301 s 49 are each amended to
- 25 read as follows:
- As used in this chapter, the term "regular property taxes" has the
- 27 meaning given it in RCW 84.04.140((, and also includes amounts received
- 28 in lieu of regular property taxes)).
- 29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** The following acts or parts of acts are
- 30 each repealed:
- 31 (1) RCW 36.29.150 and 1963 c 4 s 36.29.150; and
- 32 (2) RCW 36.33.180 and 1963 c 4 s 36.33.180.
- 33 *NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. (1) Section 12 of this act is necessary
- 34 for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety,
- 35 or support of the state government and its existing public
- 36 institutions, and takes effect immediately.

- 1 (2) Section 13 of this act is necessary for the immediate
- 2 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
- 3 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect
- 4 July 1, 1997.
- 5 *Sec. 22 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- 6 *NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. Section 12 of this act expires July 1,
- 7 **1997**.
- 8 *Sec. 23 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

Passed the Senate April 21, 1997.

Passed the House April 8, 1997.

Approved by the Governor May 16, 1997, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 16, 1997.

- 1 Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:
- "I am returning herewith, without my approval as to sections 12, 3 13, 22, and 23, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5028 entitled:
- 4 "AN ACT Relating to county treasury management;"
- 5 This legislation is a technical bill that cleans up antiquated 6 statutes, amends statutes to reflect existing practices, and simplifies 7 the administration of county treasurers' duties.
- 8 I fully support the intent and practice described in sections 12, 9 13, 22, and 23 of this bill, however, they are duplicative of sections 10 of Substitute House Bill No. 1003, which I have already signed into 11 law.
- For these reasons, I have vetoed sections 12, 13, 22, and 23 Substitute Senate Bill No. 5028.
- With the exception of sections 12, 13, 22, and 23, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5028 is approved."