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SENATE BILL 5134

State of Washington 56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

By Senators Wojahn, Long, Patterson, Roach, Costa, Thibaudeau, Goings, McAuliffe, Kline, Brown, McCaslin, Heavey, Johnson, Prentice, Snyder and Kohl-Welles

Read first time 01/13/1999. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to full faith and credit for foreign protection
- 2 orders; amending RCW 26.10.220, 26.26.138, 26.50.010, and 10.31.100;
- 3 reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320; adding a new chapter to Title 26
- 4 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** CITATION. This act may be known and cited
- 7 as the Foreign Protection Order Full Faith and Credit Act.
- 8 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. The problem of women
- 9 fleeing across state lines to escape their abusers is epidemic in the
- 10 United States. In 1994, Congress enacted the Violence Against Women
- 11 Act (VAWA) as Title IV of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement
- 12 Act (P.L. 103-322). The VAWA provides for improved prevention and
- 13 prosecution of violent crimes against women and children. Section 2265
- 14 of the VAWA (Title IV, P.L. 103-322) provides for nation-wide
- 15 enforcement of civil and criminal protection orders in state and tribal
- 16 courts throughout the country.
- 17 The legislature finds that existing statutes may not provide an
- 18 adequate mechanism for victims, police, prosecutors, and courts to

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- 1 enforce a foreign protection order in our state. It is the intent of
- 2 the legislature that the barriers faced by persons entitled to
- 3 protection under a foreign protection order will be removed and that
- 4 violations of foreign protection orders be criminally prosecuted in
- 5 this state.

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- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this 7 section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly 8 requires otherwise.
- 9 (1) "Domestic or family violence" includes, but is not limited to, 10 conduct when committed by one family member against another that is 11 classified in the jurisdiction where the conduct occurred as a domestic 12 violence crime or a crime committed in another jurisdiction that under 13 the laws of this state would be classified as domestic violence under 14 RCW 10.99.020.
 - (2) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by blood or marriage, adult persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen years of age or older who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past and who have or have had a dating relationship, persons sixteen years of age or older with whom a person sixteen years of age or older has or has had a dating relationship, and persons who have a biological or legal parent-child relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren.
 - (3) "Foreign protection order" means an injunction or other order related to domestic or family violence, harassment, sexual abuse, or stalking, for the purpose of preventing violent or threatening acts or harassment against, or contact or communication with or physical proximity to another person issued by a court of another state, territory, or possession of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the District of Columbia, or any United States military tribunal, or a tribal court, in a civil or criminal action.
- (4) "Harassment" includes, but is not limited to, conduct that is classified in the jurisdiction where the conduct occurred as harassment or a crime committed in another jurisdiction that under the laws of this state would be classified as harassment under RCW 9A.46.040.

- 1 (5) "Judicial day" does not include Saturdays, Sundays, or legal 2 holidays in Washington state.
- 3 (6) "Person entitled to protection" means a person, regardless of 4 whether the person was the moving party in the foreign jurisdiction, 5 who is benefited by the foreign protection order.
- 6 (7) "Person under restraint" means a person, regardless of whether 7 the person was the responding party in the foreign jurisdiction, whose 8 ability to contact or communicate with another person, or to be 9 physically close to another person, is restricted by the foreign 10 protection order.
- 11 (8) "Sexual abuse" includes, but is not limited to, conduct that is 12 classified in the jurisdiction where the conduct occurred as a sex 13 offense or a crime committed in another jurisdiction that under the 14 laws of this state would be classified as a sex offense under RCW 15 9.94A.030.
- (9) "Stalking" includes, but is not limited to, conduct that is classified in the jurisdiction where the conduct occurred as stalking or a crime committed in another jurisdiction that under the laws of this state would be classified as stalking under RCW 9A.46.110.
- 20 (10) "Washington court" includes the superior, district, and 21 municipal courts of the state of Washington.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. VALID FOREIGN PROTECTION ORDERS. A foreign protection order is valid if the issuing court had jurisdiction over the parties and matter under the law of the state, territory, possession, tribe, or United States military tribunal. There is a presumption in favor of validity where an order appears authentic on its face.
- A defendant must be given reasonable notice and the opportunity to be heard before the order of the foreign state, territory, possession, tribe, or United States military tribunal was issued, provided, in the case of ex parte orders, notice and opportunity to be heard was given as soon as possible after the order was issued, consistent with due process.
- Failure to provide reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard shall be an affirmative defense to any charge or process filed seeking enforcement of a foreign protection order.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. FILING OF FOREIGN PROTECTION ORDERS. (1) A 1 2 person entitled to protection who has a valid foreign protection order may file that order by presenting a certified, authenticated, or 3 4 exemplified copy of the foreign protection order to a clerk of the 5 court of a Washington court in which the person entitled to protection resides or to a clerk of the court of a Washington court where the 6 7 person entitled to protection believes enforcement may be necessary. 8 out-of-state department, agency, or court responsible 9 maintaining protection order records, may by facsimile or electronic 10 transmission send a reproduction of the foreign protection order to the clerk of the court of Washington as long as it contains a facsimile or 11 12 digital signature by any person authorized to make such transmission.
- 13 (2) Filing of a foreign protection order with a court and entry of 14 the foreign protection order into any computer-based criminal 15 intelligence information system available in this state used by law 16 enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants are not prerequisites 17 for enforcement of the foreign protection order.
- 18 (3) The court shall accept the filing of a foreign protection order 19 without a fee or cost.
- 20 (4) The clerk of the court shall provide information to a person 21 entitled to protection of the availability of domestic violence, sexual 22 abuse, and other services to victims in the community where the court 23 is located and in the state.
- (5) The clerk of the court shall assist the person entitled to protection in completing an information form that must include, but need not be limited to, the following:
- 27 (a) The name of the person entitled to protection and any other 28 protected parties;
- 29 (b) The name and address of the person who is subject to the 30 restraint provisions of the foreign protection order;
- 31 (c) The date the foreign protection order was entered;
- 32 (d) The date the foreign protection order expires;
- 33 (e) The relief granted under (specify the 34 relief awarded and citations thereto, and designate which of the 35 violations are arrestable offenses);
- 36 (f) The judicial district and contact information for court 37 administration for the court in which the foreign protection order was 38 entered;

- 1 (g) The Social Security number, date of birth, and description of 2 the person subject to the restraint provisions of the foreign 3 protection order;
 - (h) Whether the person who is subject to the restraint provisions of the foreign protection order is believed to be armed and dangerous;

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6 (i) Whether the person who is subject to the restraint provisions 7 of the foreign protection order was served with the order, and if so, 8 the method used to serve the order.

9 An inability to answer any of the above questions does not preclude 10 the filing or enforcement of a foreign protection order.

- 11 (6) The clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the foreign 12 protection order and the completed information form to the county 13 sheriff on or before the next judicial day for entry into any 14 computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in 15 this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding 16 warrants.
- 17 (7) The clerk of the court shall provide the person entitled to 18 protection with a copy bearing proof of filing with the court.
- 19 (8) Any assistance provided by the clerk under this section does 20 not constitute the practice of law. The clerk is not liable for any 21 incomplete or incorrect information that he or she is provided.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. TRANSMITTAL OF FILED FOREIGN PROTECTION ORDERS TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. (1) The clerk of the court shall forward a copy of a foreign protection order that is filed under this chapter on or before the next judicial day to the county sheriff along with the completed information form. The clerk may forward the foreign protection order to the county sheriff by facsimile or electronic transmission.

Upon receipt of a filed foreign protection order, the county sheriff shall immediately enter the foreign protection order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The foreign protection order must remain in the computer for the period stated in the order. The county sheriff shall only expunge from the computer-based criminal intelligence information system foreign protection orders that are expired, vacated, or superseded. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the foreign protection

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- 1 order. The foreign protection order is fully enforceable in any county
- 2 in the state.
- 3 (2) The information entered into the computer-based criminal
- 4 intelligence information system must include, if available, notice to
- 5 law enforcement whether the foreign protection order was served and the
- 6 method of service.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. PEACE OFFICER IMMUNITY. A peace officer or
- 8 a peace officer's legal advisor may not be held criminally or civilly
- 9 liable for making an arrest under this chapter if the peace officer or
- 10 the peace officer's legal advisor acted in good faith and without
- 11 malice.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** FEES NOT PERMITTED. A public agency may not
- 13 charge a fee for filing or preparation of certified, authenticated, or
- 14 exemplified copies to a person entitled to protection who seeks relief
- 15 under this chapter or to a foreign prosecutor or a foreign law
- 16 enforcement agency seeking to enforce a protection order entered by a
- 17 Washington court. A person entitled to protection and foreign
- 18 prosecutors or law enforcement agencies must be provided the necessary
- 19 number of certified, authenticated, or exemplified copies at no cost.
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** VIOLATION OF FOREIGN ORDERS. (1) Whenever
- 21 a foreign protection order is granted to a person entitled to
- 22 protection and the person under restraint knows of the foreign
- 23 protection order, a violation of a provision prohibiting the person
- 24 under restraint from contacting or communicating with another person,
- 25 or of a provision excluding the person under restraint from a
- 26 residence, workplace, school, or day care, or a violation of any
- 27 provision for which the foreign protection order specifically indicates
- 28 that a violation will be a crime, is a gross misdemeanor except as
- 29 provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section. Upon conviction,
- 30 and in addition to any other penalties provided by law, the court may
- 31 require the person under restraint to submit to electronic monitoring.
- 32 The court shall specify who will provide the electronic monitoring
- 33 services, and the terms under which the monitoring will be performed.
- 34 The order also may include a requirement that the person under
- 35 restraint pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider
- 36 the ability of the convicted person to pay for electronic monitoring.

(2) A peace officer shall arrest without a warrant and take into custody a person when the peace officer has probable cause to believe that a foreign protection order has been issued of which the person 4 under restraint has knowledge and the person under restraint has violated a provision of the foreign protection order that prohibits the person under restraint from contacting or communicating with another person, or a provision that excludes the person under restraint from a residence, workplace, school, or day care, or a violation of any provision for which the foreign protection order specifically indicates that a violation will be a crime. Presence of the order in the law enforcement computer-based criminal intelligence information system is not the only means of establishing knowledge of the order.

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- (3) An assault that is a violation of a valid foreign protection order that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony, and conduct in violation of a valid foreign protection order issued under this chapter that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony.
- 19 (4) A violation of a valid foreign protection order is a class C 20 felony if the offender has at least two previous convictions for violating the provisions of a no-contact order issued under chapter 21 10.99 RCW, a domestic violence protection order issued under chapter 22 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW, or a federal or out-of-state order 23 24 that is comparable to a no-contact or protection order issued under 25 Washington law. The previous convictions may involve the same person 26 entitled to protection or other person entitled to protection specifically protected by the no-contact orders or protection orders 27 the offender violated. 28
- 29 Sec. 10. RCW 26.10.220 and 1996 c 248 s 10 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- (1) Whenever a restraining order is issued under this chapter, and 31 the person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of the 32 provisions restricting the person from acts or threats of violence or 33 34 of a provision restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering the residence, workplace, school, or day care of another is a 35 36 gross misdemeanor.
 - (2) A person is deemed to have notice of a restraining order if:

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- 1 (a) The person to be restrained or the person's attorney signed the 2 order;
- 3 (b) The order recites that the person to be restrained or the 4 person's attorney appeared in person before the court;
 - (c) The order was served upon the person to be restrained; or

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- (d) The peace officer gives the person oral or written evidence of the order by reading from it or handing to the person a certified copy of the original order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 10 (3) A peace officer shall verify the existence of a restraining 11 order by:
- 12 (a) Obtaining information confirming the existence and terms of the 13 order from a law enforcement agency; or
- (b) Obtaining a certified copy of the order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 17 (4) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending 18 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 19 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:
- 20 (a) A restraining order has been issued under this chapter;
- 21 (b) The respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order; 22 and
- (c) The person to be arrested has violated the terms of the order restraining the person from acts or threats of violence or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering the residence, workplace, school, or day care of another.
- 27 (5) It is a defense to prosecution under subsection (1) of this 28 section that the court order was issued contrary to law or court rule.
- 29 (6) No peace officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for 30 making an arrest under subsection (4) of this section if the officer 31 acts in good faith and without malice.
- 32 **Sec. 11.** RCW 26.26.138 and 1996 c 248 s 11 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) Whenever a restraining order is issued under this chapter, and 35 the person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of the 36 provisions restricting the person from acts or threats of violence or 37 of a provision restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or

1 entering the residence, workplace, school, or day care of another is a 2 gross misdemeanor.

- (2) A person is deemed to have notice of a restraining order if:
- 4 (a) The person to be restrained or the person's attorney signed the 5 order;

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- 6 (b) The order recites that the person to be restrained or the 7 person's attorney appeared in person before the court;
 - (c) The order was served upon the person to be restrained; or
- 9 (d) The peace officer gives the person oral or written evidence of 10 the order by reading from it or handing to the person a certified copy 11 of the original order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original 12 by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 13 (3) A peace officer shall verify the existence of a restraining 14 order by:
- 15 (a) Obtaining information confirming the existence and terms of the 16 order from a law enforcement agency; or
- 17 (b) Obtaining a certified copy of the order, certified to be an 18 accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the 19 court.
- 20 (4) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending 21 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 22 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:
 - (a) A restraining order has been issued under this chapter;
- 24 (b) The respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order; 25 and
- (c) The person to be arrested has violated the terms of the order restraining the person from acts or threats of violence or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering the residence, workplace, school, or day care of another.
- 30 (5) It is a defense to prosecution under subsection (1) of this 31 section that the court order was issued contrary to law or court rule.
- 32 (6) No peace officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for 33 making an arrest under subsection (4) of this section if the officer 34 acts in good faith and without malice.
- 35 **Sec. 12.** RCW 26.50.010 and 1995 c 246 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the meanings given them:

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- 1 (1) "Domestic violence" means: (a) Physical harm, bodily injury,
 2 assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily
 3 injury or assault, between family or household members; (b) sexual
 4 assault of one family or household member by another; or (c) stalking
 5 as defined in RCW 9A.46.110 of one family or household member by
 6 another family or household member.
- 7 (2) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, 8 persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been 9 married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by 10 blood or marriage, adult persons who are presently residing together or 11 who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen years of age or 12 older who are presently residing together or who have resided together 13 in the past and who have or have had a dating relationship, persons sixteen years of age or older with whom a ((respondent)) person sixteen 14 15 years of age or older has or has had a dating relationship, and persons who have a biological or legal parent-child relationship, including 16 stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren. 17
- 18 (3) "Dating relationship" means a social relationship of a romantic 19 nature. Factors that the court may consider in making this 20 determination include: (a) The length of time the relationship has 21 existed; (b) the nature of the relationship; and (c) the frequency of 22 interaction between the parties.
- 23 (4) "Court" includes the superior, district, and municipal courts 24 of the state of Washington.
- 25 (5) "Judicial day" does not include Saturdays, Sundays, or legal 26 holidays.
- 27 (6) "Electronic monitoring" means a program in which a person's 28 presence at a particular location is monitored from a remote location 29 by use of electronic equipment.
- (7) "Essential personal effects" means those items necessary for a person's immediate health, welfare, and livelihood. "Essential personal effects" includes but is not limited to clothing, cribs, bedding, documents, medications, and personal hygiene items.
- 34 **Sec. 13.** RCW 10.31.100 and 1997 c 66 s 10 are each amended to read 35 as follows:
- A police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a felony shall have the authority to arrest the person without a warrant. A police officer may arrest a person

without a warrant for committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor only when the offense is committed in the presence of the officer, except as provided in subsections (1) through (10) of this section.

- (1) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor, involving physical harm or threats of harm to any person or property or the unlawful taking of property or involving the use or possession of cannabis, or involving the acquisition, possession, or consumption of alcohol by a person under the age of twenty-one years under RCW 66.44.270, or involving criminal trespass under RCW 9A.52.070 or 9A.52.080, shall have the authority to arrest the person.
- 12 (2) A police officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending 13 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 14 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:
 - (a) An order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under RCW 10.99.040(2), 10.99.050, 26.09.050, 26.09.060, 26.10.040, 26.10.115, 26.44.063, chapter 26.26 RCW, or chapter 26.50 RCW restraining the person and the person has violated the terms of the order restraining the person from acts or threats of violence or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care or, in the case of an order issued under RCW 26.44.063, imposing any other restrictions or conditions upon the person; or
 - (b) A foreign protection order, as defined in section 3 of this act, has been issued of which the person under restraint has knowledge and the person under restraint has violated a provision of the foreign protection order prohibiting the person under restraint from contacting or communicating with another person, or of a provision excluding the person under restraint from a residence, workplace, school, or day care, or a violation of any provision for which the foreign protection order specifically indicates that a violation will be a crime; or
 - (c) The person is sixteen years or older and within the preceding four hours has assaulted a family or household member as defined in RCW 10.99.020 and the officer believes: (i) A felonious assault has occurred; (ii) an assault has occurred which has resulted in bodily injury to the victim, whether the injury is observable by the responding officer or not; or (iii) that any physical action has occurred which was intended to cause another person reasonably to fear imminent serious bodily injury or death. Bodily injury means physical

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- l pain, illness, or an impairment of physical condition. When the
- 2 officer has probable cause to believe that family or household members
- 3 have assaulted each other, the officer is not required to arrest both
- 4 persons. The officer shall arrest the person whom the officer believes
- 5 to be the primary physical aggressor. In making this determination,
- 6 the officer shall make every reasonable effort to consider: (i) The
- 7 intent to protect victims of domestic violence under RCW 10.99.010;
- 8 (ii) the comparative extent of injuries inflicted or serious threats
- 9 creating fear of physical injury; and (iii) the history of domestic
- 10 violence between the persons involved.
- 11 (3) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 12 person has committed or is committing a violation of any of the 13 following traffic laws shall have the authority to arrest the person:
- 14 (a) RCW 46.52.010, relating to duty on striking an unattended car 15 or other property;
- 16 (b) RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of injury to or death 17 of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;
- 18 (c) RCW 46.61.500 or 46.61.530, relating to reckless driving or 19 racing of vehicles;
- 20 (d) RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to persons under the 21 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;
- (e) RCW 46.20.342, relating to driving a motor vehicle while operator's license is suspended or revoked;
- 24 (f) RCW 46.61.5249, relating to operating a motor vehicle in a 25 negligent manner.
- 26 (4) A law enforcement officer investigating at the scene of a motor 27 vehicle accident may arrest the driver of a motor vehicle involved in 28 the accident if the officer has probable cause to believe that the 29 driver has committed in connection with the accident a violation of any 30 traffic law or regulation.
- 31 (5) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 32 person has committed or is committing a violation of RCW 88.12.025 33 shall have the authority to arrest the person.
- 34 (6) An officer may act upon the request of a law enforcement 35 officer in whose presence a traffic infraction was committed, to stop, 36 detain, arrest, or issue a notice of traffic infraction to the driver
- 37 who is believed to have committed the infraction. The request by the
- 38 witnessing officer shall give an officer the authority to take

39 appropriate action under the laws of the state of Washington.

- 1 (7) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 2 person has committed or is committing any act of indecent exposure, as 3 defined in RCW 9A.88.010, may arrest the person.
- 4 (8) A police officer may arrest and take into custody, pending 5 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 6 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that 7 an order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under 8 chapter 10.14 RCW and the person has violated the terms of that order.
- 9 (9) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 10 person has, within twenty-four hours of the alleged violation, 11 committed a violation of RCW 9A.50.020 may arrest such person.
- 12 (10) A police officer having probable cause to believe that a 13 person illegally possesses or illegally has possessed a firearm or 14 other dangerous weapon on private or public elementary or secondary 15 school premises shall have the authority to arrest the person.
- For purposes of this subsection, the term "firearm" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the term "dangerous weapon" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.250 and 9.41.280(1) (c) through (e).
- 19 (11) Except as specifically provided in subsections (2), (3), (4), 20 and (6) of this section, nothing in this section extends or otherwise 21 affects the powers of arrest prescribed in Title 46 RCW.
- (12) No police officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for making an arrest pursuant to RCW 10.31.100 (2) or (8) if the police officer acts in good faith and without malice.
- 25 **Sec. 14.** RCW 9.94A.320 and 1998 c 290 s 4, 1998 c 219 s 4, 1998 c 26 82 s 1, and 1998 c 78 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as 27 follows:
- 28 TABLE 2
- 29 CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL
- 30 XV Aggravated Murder 1 (RCW 10.95.020)
- 31 XIV Murder 1 (RCW 9A.32.030)
- Homicide by abuse (RCW 9A.32.055)
- 33 Malicious explosion 1 (RCW 70.74.280(1))
- 34 XIII Murder 2 (RCW 9A.32.050)
- 35 Malicious explosion 2 (RCW 70.74.280(2))

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1 2		Malicious placement of an explosive 1 (RCW 70.74.270(1))
3	XII	Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011)
4		Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120)
5		Rape 1 (RCW 9A.44.040)
6		Rape of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.44.073)
7		Malicious placement of an imitation device
8		1 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(a))
9	XI	Rape 2 (RCW 9A.44.050)
10		Rape of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.44.076)
11		Manslaughter 1 (RCW 9A.32.060)
12	X	Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020)
13		Child Molestation 1 (RCW 9A.44.083)
14		Malicious explosion 3 (RCW 70.74.280(3))
15		Over 18 and deliver heroin, a narcotic from
16		Schedule I or II, or flunitrazepam
17		from Schedule IV to someone under 18
18		(RCW 69.50.406)
19		Leading Organized Crime (RCW
20		9A.82.060(1)(a))
21		Indecent Liberties (with forcible
22		compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a))
23		Manufacture of methamphetamine (RCW
24		69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
25	IX	Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130)
26		Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200)
27		Explosive devices prohibited (RCW
28		70.74.180)
29		Malicious placement of an explosive 2 (RCW
30		70.74.270(2))
31		Over 18 and deliver narcotic from Schedule
32		III, IV, or V or a nonnarcotic, except
33		flunitrazepam, from Schedule I-V to
34		someone under 18 and 3 years junior
35		(RCW 69.50.406)
36		Controlled Substance Homicide (RCW
37		69.50.415)

1		Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040)
2		Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW
3		9A.82.060(1)(b))
4		Vehicular Homicide, by being under the
5		influence of intoxicating liquor or
6		any drug (RCW 46.61.520)
7		Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the
8		influence of intoxicating liquor or
9		any drug (RCW 88.12.029)
J		any drug (RCW 66.12.029)
10	VIII	Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020)
11		Promoting Prostitution 1 (RCW 9A.88.070)
12		Selling for profit (controlled or
13		counterfeit) any controlled substance
14		(RCW 69.50.410)
15		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
16		intent to deliver heroin or cocaine
17		(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
18		Deliver or possess with intent to deliver
19		methamphetamine (RCW
20		69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
21		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
22		intent to deliver amphetamine (RCW
23		69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
24		Possession of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine
25		with intent to manufacture
26		methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.440)
27		Vehicular Homicide, by the operation of any
28		vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW
29		46.61.520)
30		Homicide by Watercraft, by the operation of
31		any vessel in a reckless manner (RCW
32		88.12.029)
33		Manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070)

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1	VII	Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020)
2		Vehicular Homicide, by disregard for the
3		safety of others (RCW 46.61.520)
4		Homicide by Watercraft, by disregard for
5		the safety of others (RCW 88.12.029)
6		Introducing Contraband 1 (RCW 9A.76.140)
7		Indecent Liberties (without forcible
8		compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1) (b) and
9		(c))
10		Child Molestation 2 (RCW 9A.44.086)
11		Dealing in depictions of minor engaged in
12		sexually explicit conduct (RCW
13		9.68A.050)
14		Sending, bringing into state depictions of
15		minor engaged in sexually explicit
16		conduct (RCW 9.68A.060)
17		Involving a minor in drug dealing (RCW
18		69.50.401(f))
19		Drive-by Shooting (RCW 9A.36.045)
20		Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the
21		first degree (RCW 9.41.040(1)(a))
22		Malicious placement of an explosive 3 (RCW
23		70.74.270(3))
24	VI	Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010)
25		Rape of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.44.079)
26		Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW
27		9A.72.110, 9A.72.130)
28		Malicious placement of an imitation device
29		2 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(b))
30		Incest 1 (RCW 9A.64.020(1))
31		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
32		intent to deliver narcotics from
33		Schedule I or II (except heroin or
34		cocaine) or flunitrazepam from
35		Schedule IV (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
36		Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.72.160)
37		Bail Jumping with Murder 1 (RCW
38		9A.76.170(2)(a))
39		Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300)

1	V	Persistent prison misbehavior (RCW
2		9.94.070)
3		Criminal Mistreatment 1 (RCW 9A.42.020)
4		Abandonment of dependent person 1 (RCW
5		9A.42.060)
6		Rape 3 (RCW 9A.44.060)
7		Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1 (RCW
8		9A.44.093)
9		Child Molestation 3 (RCW 9A.44.089)
10		Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030)
11		Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120)
12		Incest 2 (RCW 9A.64.020(2))
13		Perjury 1 (RCW 9A.72.020)
14		Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW
15		9A.82.020)
16		Advancing money or property for
17		extortionate extension of credit (RCW
18		9A.82.030)
19		Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of
20		Credit (RCW 9A.82.040)
21		Rendering Criminal Assistance 1 (RCW
22		9A.76.070)
23		Bail Jumping with class A Felony (RCW
24		9A.76.170(2)(b))
25		Sexually Violating Human Remains (RCW
26		9A.44.105)
27		Delivery of imitation controlled substance
28		by person eighteen or over to person
29		under eighteen (RCW 69.52.030(2))
30		Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW
31		9A.56.310)
32		<u>Violation of a Foreign Protection Order</u>
33		(section 9 (3) and (4) of this act)
34	IV	Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025)
35		Theft of Livestock 1 (RCW 9A.56.080)
36		Robbery 2 (RCW 9A.56.210)
37		Assault 2 (RCW 9A.36.021)
38		Escape 1 (RCW 9A.76.110)
39		Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030)

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1		Commercial Bribery (RCW 9A.68.060)
2		Bribing a Witness/Bribe Received by Witness
3		(RCW 9A.72.090, 9A.72.100)
4		Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080)
5		Threats to Bomb (RCW 9.61.160)
6		Willful Failure to Return from Furlough
7		(RCW 72.66.060)
8		Hit and RunInjury Accident (RCW
9		46.52.020(4))
10		Hit and Run with VesselInjury Accident
11		(RCW 88.12.155(3))
12		Vehicular Assault (RCW 46.61.522)
13		Assault by Watercraft (RCW 88.12.032)
14		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
15		intent to deliver narcotics from
16		Schedule III, IV, or V or nonnarcotics
17		from Schedule I-V (except marijuana,
18		amphetamine, methamphetamines, or
19		flunitrazepam) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)
20		(iii) through (v))
21		Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event (RCW
22		9A.82.070)
23		Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering
24		(RCW 9A.82.080 (1) and (2))
25		Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property
26		(RCW 9A.82.050(2))
27	III	Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120)
28		Criminal Mistreatment 2 (RCW 9A.42.030)
29		Abandonment of dependent person 2 (RCW
30		9A.42.070)
31		Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130)
32		Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040)
33		Assault 3 (RCW 9A.36.031)
34		Assault of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.36.140)
35		Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100)
36		Unlawful possession of firearm in the
37		second degree (RCW 9.41.040(1)(b))
38		Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)

1		Willful Failure to Return from Work Release
2		(RCW 72.65.070)
3		Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)
4		Introducing Contraband 2 (RCW 9A.76.150)
5		Communication with a Minor for Immoral
6		Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090)
7		Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW
8		9.68A.100)
9		Escape 2 (RCW 9A.76.120)
10		Perjury 2 (RCW 9A.72.030)
11		Bail Jumping with class B or C Felony (RCW
12		9A.76.170(2)(c))
13		Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW
14		9A.76.180)
15		Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120)
16		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
17		intent to deliver marijuana (RCW
18		69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))
19		Delivery of a material in lieu of a
20		controlled substance (RCW
21		69.50.401(c))
22		Manufacture, distribute, or possess with
23		intent to distribute an imitation
24		controlled substance (RCW
25		69.52.030(1))
26		Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property
27		(RCW 9A.82.050(1))
28		Theft of livestock 2 (RCW 9A.56.080)
29		Securities Act violation (RCW 21.20.400)
30	II	Unlawful Practice of Law (RCW 2.48.180)
31		Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070)
32		Possession of Stolen Property 1 (RCW
33		9A.56.150)
34		Theft 1 (RCW 9A.56.030)
35		Class B Felony Theft of Rental, Leased, or
36		Lease-purchased Property (RCW
37		9A.56.096(4))
38		Trafficking in Insurance Claims (RCW
39		48.30A.015)

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1		Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or
2		Business (RCW 18.130.190(7))
3		Health Care False Claims (RCW 48.80.030)
4		Possession of controlled substance that is
5		either heroin or narcotics from
6		Schedule I or II or flunitrazepam from
7		Schedule IV (RCW 69.50.401(d))
8		Possession of phencyclidine (PCP) (RCW
9		69.50.401(d))
10		Create, deliver, or possess a counterfeit
11		controlled substance (RCW
12		69.50.401(b))
13		Computer Trespass 1 (RCW 9A.52.110)
14		Escape from Community Custody (RCW
15		72.09.310)
16	I	Theft 2 (RCW 9A.56.040)
17		Class C Felony Theft of Rental, Leased, or
18		Lease-purchased Property (RCW
19		9A.56.096(4))
20		Possession of Stolen Property 2 (RCW
21		9A.56.160)
22		Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020)
23		Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission
24		(RCW 9A.56.070)
25		Vehicle Prowl 1 (RCW 9A.52.095)
26		Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police
27		Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024)
28		Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080)
29		Reckless Burning 1 (RCW 9A.48.040)
30		Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts (RCW
31		9A.56.060)
32		Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.140
33		(2) and (3))
34		False Verification for Welfare (RCW
35		74.08.055)
36		Forged Prescription (RCW 69.41.020)
37		Forged Prescription for a Controlled
38		Substance (RCW 69.50.403)

1	Possess Controlled Substance that is a
2	Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V
3	or Non-narcotic from Schedule I-V
4	(except phencyclidine or
5	flunitrazepam) (RCW 69.50.401(d))

- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** Sections 1 through 9 and 16 of this act 7 constitute a new chapter in Title 26 RCW.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** CAPTIONS NOT LAW. Captions used in this 9 chapter are not part of the law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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