S-1637.1			
$S = I \cap S / I$			

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5562

State of Washington 56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Labor & Workforce Development (originally sponsored by Senators Franklin, Winsley, Costa, Fraser, Wojahn, Fairley, Prentice, Jacobsen and Kohl-Welles)

Read first time 02/18/1999.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the payment of wages due an employee ceasing to
- 2 work; and amending RCW 49.48.010 and 49.48.030.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 49.48.010 and 1971 ex.s. c 55 s 1 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 ((When any employee shall cease to work for an employer, whether by
- 7 discharge or by voluntary withdrawal, the wages due him on account of
- 8 his employment shall be paid to him at the end of the established pay
- 9 period: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That this paragraph)) (1) When an employer
- 10 <u>discharges or lays off an employee or when such employment is</u>
- 11 terminated by mutual agreement, all wages earned and unpaid at the time
- of discharge, layoff, or termination shall become due and payable by the end of the first day after the discharge, layoff, or termination.
- 14 (2) When an employee quits employment, all wages earned and unpaid
- 15 at the time of quitting shall become due and payable by the end of the
- 16 seventh day after the employee has quit, or at the next regularly
- 17 scheduled payday after the employee has quit, whichever occurs first.
- 18 <u>(3) This section</u> shall not apply:

p. 1 SSB 5562

- (a) When workers are engaged in an employment that normally 1 involves working for several employers in the 2 same industry 3 interchangeably, and the several employers or some of them cooperate to 4 establish a plan for the weekly payment of wages at a central place or 5 places and in accordance with a unified schedule of paydays providing for at least one payday each week; but this subsection shall not apply 6 7 to any such plan until ten days after notice of their intention to set 8 up such a plan shall have been given to the director of labor and 9 industries by the employers who cooperate to establish the plan; and having once been established, no such plan can be abandoned except 10 after notice of their intention to abandon such plan has been given to 11 the director of labor and industries by the employers intending to 12 13 abandon the plan((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the duty to pay an employee 14 forthwith shall not apply()); or
- 15 <u>(b)</u> If the labor-management agreement under which the employee has 16 been employed provides otherwise.
- 17 <u>(4)</u> It shall be unlawful for any employer to withhold or divert any 18 portion of an employee's wages unless the deduction is:
- 19  $((\frac{1}{1}))$  (a) Required by state or federal law; or
- 20  $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$  (b) Specifically agreed upon orally or in writing by the 21 employee and employer; or
- ((\(\frac{(\(\frac{3}{3}\)\)}{\)}) (c) For medical, surgical or hospital care or service, pursuant to any rule or regulation: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the deduction is openly, clearly and in due course recorded in the employer's books and records.
- ((Paragraph three)) Subsection (4) of this section shall not be construed to affect the right of any employer or former employer to sue upon or collect any debt owed to ((said)) the employer or former employer by ((his)) any employee((s)) or former employee((s)).
- 30 (5) If an employer fails to pay any wages, salary, or compensation of any employee whose employment ceases, as provided in RCW 49.48.010, 31 then the wages, salary, or compensation of the employee shall continue 32 from the due date at the same hourly rate for eight hours per day until 33 34 paid or until action therefor is commenced. In no case shall such wages, salary, or compensation continue for more than thirty days from 35 the due date. The penalties imposed in this section are in addition 36 37 to, and not in lieu of, any other penalties, civil or criminal,

SSB 5562 p. 2

provided by law.

38

If the wages, salary, or compensation of an employee are computed at a rate other than an hourly rate, this rate shall be reduced to an hourly rate for penalty computation purposes by dividing the total wages earned while employed or the total wages earned in the last thirty days of employment, whichever is less, by the total number of hours worked during the corresponding time period.

Sec. 2. RCW 49.48.030 and 1971 ex.s. c 55 s 3 are each amended to

8 read as follows: 9 In any action in which any person is successful in recovering judgment for wages or salary owed to him, ((reasonable attorney's fees, 10 in an amount to be determined by the court, )) the costs of suit and a 11 <u>reasonable sum for attorneys' fees</u> shall be assessed against ((said)) 12 13 the employer or former employer((: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That this 14 section shall not apply if the amount of recovery is less than or equal to the amount admitted by the employer to be owing for said wages or 15

7

16

salary)).

--- END ---

p. 3 SSB 5562