S-1908.1

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5733

State of Washington 56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Honeyford, Costa, Long, Sheahan, Hargrove and Hochstatter)

Read first time 03/01/1999.

1 AN ACT Relating to sealing juvenile records; and amending RCW 2 13.50.050.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.50.050 and 1997 c 338 s 40 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) This section governs records relating to the commission of 7 juvenile offenses, including records relating to diversions.

8 (2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven 9 juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed 10 pursuant to subsection (11) <u>or (12)</u> of this section.

(3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are
confidential and may be released only as provided in this section, RCW
13.50.010, 13.40.215, and 4.24.550.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this section and RCW 13.50.010, records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other

1 participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the 2 juvenile.

3 (5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an 4 official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile's 5 family may be released to the public only when that information could 6 not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile's 7 family.

8 (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the 9 release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and 10 prosecuting attorneys' records pertaining to investigation, diversion, 11 and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of 12 discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal 13 investigations and prosecutions.

14 (7) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain a central record-keeping system which may receive information on all 15 16 alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently 17 pending before the court. The central record-keeping system may be 18 19 computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, 20 the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. 21 An offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central 22 record-keeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the 23 24 date on which the offender agreed to diversion.

25 (8) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim's immediate 26 family, the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged 27 or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or 28 29 custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime shall be 30 released to the victim of the crime or the victim's immediate family. 31 (9) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal 32 defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall be released 33 34 upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has The juvenile offense records of any adult 35 actually been filed. convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the adult 36 37 corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult corrections system. 38

(10) In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to 1 RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and 2 3 referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person the 4 subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, 5 subject to subsection  $\left(\left(\frac{22}{2}\right)\right)$  (23) of this section, order the sealing 6 7 of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of 8 the court and of any other agency in the case.

9 (11) The court shall grant the motion to seal records made pursuant 10 to subsection (10) of this section if it finds that:

(a) For class B offenses other than sex offenses, since the last 11 date of release from confinement, including full-time residential 12 treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent ten 13 consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or 14 15 crime that subsequently results in conviction. For class C offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from 16 confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or 17 entry of disposition, the person has spent five consecutive years in 18 19 the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction; 20

(b) No proceeding is pending against the moving party seeking theconviction of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense;

(c) No proceeding is pending seeking the formation of a diversionagreement with that person;

(d) The person has not been convicted of a class A or sex offense;and

27 (e) Full restitution has been paid.

(12) If a person seeking the sealing of records for class B 28 offenses, other than sex offenses, files with the court a motion to 29 30 seal records under subsection (10) of this section after having spent only five years in the community without committing any offense or 31 crime subsequently resulting in conviction, the court has discretion to 32 grant the motion to seal records if the court finds that, in addition 33 34 to meeting the criteria stated in subsection (11)(b) through (e) of 35 this section:

(a) The person has spent five consecutive years in the community
 without committing any offense or crime that subsequently resulted in
 conviction;

1 (b) Credible evidence displays that a present career path for the 2 person is impeded by the existing record;

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(c) The person is at least twenty-one years old; and

4 (d) The person has lived an exemplary life since committing the
5 last offense or crime.

6 (13) The person making a motion pursuant to subsection (10) of this 7 section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecution 8 and to any person or agency whose files are sought to be sealed.

9 (((13))) (14) If the court grants the motion to seal made pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection 10  $((\frac{22}{2}))$  (23) of this section, order sealed the official juvenile court 11 file, the social file, and other records relating to the case as are 12 13 named in the order. Thereafter, the proceedings in the case shall be treated as if they never occurred, and the subject of the records may 14 15 reply accordingly to any inquiry about the events, records of which are 16 sealed. Any agency shall reply to any inquiry concerning confidential 17 or sealed records that records are confidential, and no information can be given about the existence or nonexistence of records concerning an 18 19 individual.

20 (((14))) (15) Inspection of the files and records included in the 21 order to seal may thereafter be permitted only by order of the court 22 upon motion made by the person who is the subject of the information or 23 complaint, except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.50.010(8) and 24 subsection (((22))) (23) of this section.

(((15))) (16) Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime subsequent to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. Any charging of an adult felony subsequent to the sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter 9.94A RCW. The Washington state patrol shall develop an automated system to retrieve information after a sealing order has been nullified.

32 (((16))) (17) A person eighteen years of age or older whose 33 criminal history consists of only one referral for diversion may 34 request that the court order the records in that case destroyed. The 35 request shall be granted, subject to subsection (((22))) (23) of this 36 section, if the court finds that two years have elapsed since 37 completion of the diversion agreement.

38 (((17))) (18) If the court grants the motion to destroy records 39 made pursuant to subsection (((16))) (17) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection (((22))) (23) of this section, order the official juvenile court file, the social file, and any other records named in the order to be destroyed.

4 (((18))) (19) The person making the motion pursuant to subsection 5 (((16))) (17) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the 6 motion to the prosecuting attorney and to any agency whose records are 7 sought to be destroyed.

8 ((<del>(19)</del>)) <u>(20)</u> Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section 9 may apply shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this 10 section at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the 11 diversion process.

12 (((20))) (21) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent 13 a crime victim or a member of the victim's family from divulging the 14 identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender or his or her 15 family when necessary in a civil proceeding.

16 (((21))) (22) Any juvenile justice or care agency may, subject to 17 the limitations in subsection (((22))) (23) of this section and (a) and 18 (b) of this subsection, develop procedures for the routine destruction 19 of records relating to juvenile offenses and diversions.

(a) Records may be routinely destroyed only when the person the subject of the information or complaint has attained twenty-three years of age or older, or is eighteen years of age or older and his or her criminal history consists entirely of one diversion agreement and two years have passed since completion of the agreement.

(b) The court may not routinely destroy the official juvenile courtfile or recordings or transcripts of any proceedings.

27 (((22))) (23) No identifying information held by the Washington state patrol in accordance with chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to 28 destruction or sealing under this section. For the purposes of this 29 30 subsection, identifying information includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints and any other data that identifies a 31 person by physical characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but 32 33 does not include information regarding criminal activity, arrest, charging, diversion, conviction or other information about a person's 34 35 treatment by the criminal justice system or about the person's behavior. 36

37 (((23))) (24) Information identifying child victims under age 38 eighteen who are victims of sexual assaults by juvenile offenders is 39 confidential and not subject to release to the press or public without

the permission of the child victim or the child's legal guardian. 1 2 Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses, 3 location, photographs, and in cases in which the child victim is a 4 relative of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator. Information identifying 5 a child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement, 6 7 prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, or private or governmental 8 agencies that provide services to the child victim of sexual assault.

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