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SENATE BILL 5847

State of Washington 56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

By Senators Costa, Long, Hargrove, Haugen, McCaslin and Heavey

Read first time 02/11/1999. Referred to Committee on Human Services & Corrections.

- AN ACT Relating to sentencing for crimes involving drugs or alcohol; amending RCW 9.94A.030, 9.94A.110, 9.94A.120, and 9.94A.137; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.380; adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.96A RCW; creating a new
- 5 section; prescribing penalties; and making an appropriation.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 1998 c 290 s 3 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 10 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 11 (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or
- 12 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of
- 13 corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring
- 14 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal
- 15 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and,
- 16 consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the
- 17 superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
- 18 (2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

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1 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 2 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 3 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 4 conditions.

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- (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned early release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120 (6), (8), or (10) served in the community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the department of corrections.
- 10 (5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- 17 (6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without 18 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 19 offender.
 - (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). Where the court finds that any offender has a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her offense, the conditions of supervision may include treatment. For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.
- 32 (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in 33 this section.
- (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles
 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and
 acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- 37 (10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 38 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington 39 for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the

victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as 1 assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 2 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, 3 4 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for 5 vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 6 7 any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the 8 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), 9 legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency 10 of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430. 11

(11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.

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- 19 (12) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in 20 federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, 21 for each conviction (a) whether the defendant has been placed on 22 probation and the length and terms thereof; and (b) whether the 23 24 defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
- 25 (13) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that 26 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the 27 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents. 28
- 29 "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision 30 designed to monitor the defendant's daily activities and compliance 31 with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the 32 33 sentencing judge.
 - (15) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- (16) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 36 37 confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or 38 39 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender

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- 1 through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of 2 confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a 3 determinate sentence.
- 4 (17) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 5 individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 6 7 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal 8 services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 9 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the 10 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to 11 satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 12 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, 13 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, 14 15 or Title 74 RCW.
- 16 (18) "Drug offense" means:
- (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 20 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 21 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 22 controlled substance; or
- (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 26 (19) "Escape" means:
- (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 32 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 33 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 34 under (a) of this subsection.
- 35 (20) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- 36 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 37 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-38 and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

- 1 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 2 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 3 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 4 (21) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific 5 sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.
- 6 (22) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (a) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under 7 8 this chapter, or (b) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance 9 10 classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or flunitrazepam classified in Schedule IV, nor the manufacture, delivery, or possession 11 with intent to deliver methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts 12 13 of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified 14 15 in Schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of 16 marihuana, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this 17 state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated
- 19 (23) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or 20 a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now 21 existing or hereafter amended:

in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

- 22 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 23 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
- 25 (b) Assault in the second degree;
 - (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 27 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 28 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 29 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 30 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 31 (h) Indecent liberties;

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- 32 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 33 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 34 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 35 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 36 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 37 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 38 (o) Robbery in the second degree;
- 39 (p) Sexual exploitation;

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1 (q) Vehicular assault;

through July 27, 1997.

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- (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 6 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 7 motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;
- 8 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9 9.94A.125;
- 10 (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 11 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this 12 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense 13 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 14 most serious offense under this subsection;
- 15 (v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. 16 as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as 17 it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) 18 19 (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988; 20 (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, 21 22 (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 23 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is 24 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW
- 28 (24) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 29 offense.

9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997,

or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993,

- 30 (25)"Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is 31 less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court 32 jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the 33 34 appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 35 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably. 36
- 37 (26) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one 38 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract 39 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or

work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for 1 2 a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in Partial confinement includes work release, home 3 the community. 4 detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention 5 as defined in this section.

(27) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

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- 7 (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a 8 most serious offense; and
- 9 (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate 10 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under 11 the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and 12 would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided 13 14 that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction 15 must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most 16 serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
- 17 (b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, 19 rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first 22 23 degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first 24 degree, or burglary in the first degree, with a finding of sexual 25 motivation; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this 26 subsection (27)(b)(i); and
 - (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under subsection (27)(b)(i) only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under subsection (27)(b)(i) only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.
- 37 (28) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's 38 community placement that is not community custody.

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- 1 (29) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a 2 specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as 3 payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. 4 The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.
 - (30) "Serious traffic offense" means:

- 6 (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- 11 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for 12 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a 13 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 14 (31) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 15 and means:
- (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the second degree, manslaughter in the first degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or
- (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 25 (32) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary 26 range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- 27 (33) "Sex offense" means:
- (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;
- 32 (b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 33 9.94A.127 or 13.40.135; or
- 34 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 35 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 36 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 37 (34) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 38 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 39 sexual gratification.

- 1 (35) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 2 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 3 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 4 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- 5 (36) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions 6 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the 7 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work 8 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions 9 in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's 10 period of community custody.
- 11 (37) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 12 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 13 a direct result of the crime charged.
 - (38) "Violent offense" means:

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- 15 (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter 16 amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 17 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the 18 19 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if 20 committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a 21 child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in 22 the second degree, drive-by shooting, vehicular assault, and vehicular 23 24 homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any 25 person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as 26 defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a 27 reckless manner;
- (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
- 31 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 32 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent 33 offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
 - (39) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect

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- 1 employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities
- 2 contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385.
- 3 Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under
- 4 contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work
- 5 crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection
- 6 (33) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.
- 7 (40) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program
- 8 designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by
- 9 requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job
- 10 and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training,
- 11 life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation,
- 12 counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.
- 13 (41) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement
- 14 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a
- 15 regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall
- 16 be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly
- 17 defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.
- 18 (42) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement
- 19 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private
- 20 residence subject to electronic surveillance.
- 21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW
- 22 to read as follows:

- 23 (1) Where the court finds that the offender has a chemical

dependency that has contributed to his or her offense, the court may,

- 25 as a condition of the sentence, order the offender to participate in
- 26 rehabilitative programs or otherwise to perform affirmative conduct
- 27 reasonably related to the circumstances of the crime for which the
- 28 offender has been convicted and reasonably necessary or beneficial to
- 29 the offender and the community in rehabilitating the offender.
- 30 (2) This section applies to sentences which include any term other
- 31 than, or in addition to, a term of total confinement, including
- 32 suspended sentences.
- 33 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.110 and 1998 c 260 s 2 are each amended to read
- 34 as follows:
- 35 Before imposing a sentence upon a defendant, the court shall
- 36 conduct a sentencing hearing. The sentencing hearing shall be held
- 37 within forty court days following conviction. Upon the motion of

either party for good cause shown, or on its own motion, the court may extend the time period for conducting the sentencing hearing.

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3 <u>Unless specifically waived by the court, the court shall order the</u> 4 department to complete a chemical dependency screening report before imposing a sentence upon a defendant who has been convicted of a 5 violation of the uniform controlled substances act under chapter 69.50 6 7 RCW or where the court finds that the offender has a chemical 8 dependency that has contributed to his or her offense. In addition, 9 the court shall order the department to complete a presentence report 10 before imposing a sentence upon a defendant who has been convicted of a felony sexual offense. The department of corrections shall give 11 priority to presentence investigations for sexual offenders. If the 12 court determines that the defendant may be a mentally ill person as 13 defined in RCW 71.24.025, although the defendant has not established 14 15 that at the time of the crime he or she lacked the capacity to commit 16 the crime, was incompetent to commit the crime, or was insane at the 17 time of the crime, the court shall order the department to complete a presentence report before imposing a sentence. 18

The court shall consider the presentence reports, if any, including any victim impact statement and criminal history, and allow arguments from the prosecutor, the defense counsel, the offender, the victim, the survivor of the victim, or a representative of the victim or survivor, and an investigative law enforcement officer as to the sentence to be imposed.

If the court is satisfied by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant has a criminal history, the court shall specify the convictions it has found to exist. All of this information shall be part of the record. Copies of all presentence reports presented to the sentencing court and all written findings of facts and conclusions of law as to sentencing entered by the court shall be sent to the department by the clerk of the court at the conclusion of the sentencing and shall accompany the offender if the offender is committed to the custody of the department. Court clerks shall provide, without charge, certified copies of documents relating to criminal convictions requested by prosecuting attorneys.

36 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.120 and 1998 c 260 s 3 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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- When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.
- 3 (1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (8) 4 of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence 5 range for the offense.

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- (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.
- 10 (3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the 11 court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings 12 of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range 13 shall be a determinate sentence.
- (4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total 14 15 confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the 16 17 first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in 18 19 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault 20 in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the 21 offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to 22 kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 23 24 less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in 25 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement 26 are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in 27 subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to 28 the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community 29 30 custody, earned early release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early 31 release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (5), (7), or (8), 32 or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional 33 facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or 34 35 officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except in the case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment or for the 36 37 purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree. 38

- (5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the 1 imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a 2 3 sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a 4 facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. 5 The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, 6 7 in addition to crime-related prohibitions, include may 8 requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the 9 following:
 - (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

- 11 (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or 12 inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for 13 that offense;
- 14 (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational training;
- 16 (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the 17 court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the 18 offender's address or employment;
- 19 (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 20 officer; or
- 21 (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided 22 in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.
- 23 (6)(a) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender 24 sentencing alternative if:
- (i) The offender is convicted of ((the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW or RCW 69.50.407, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes,)) a felony that is not a violent offense or sex offense and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4);
- (ii) The offender has no <u>current or</u> prior convictions for a ((felony)) <u>sex offense or violent offense</u> in this state, another state, or the United States; ((and))
- (iii) <u>For violations of the uniform controlled substances act under</u> chapter 69.50 RCW, the offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance; and

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1 (iv) The offender has not been found by the United States attorney
2 general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order.

3 (b) If the ((midpoint of the)) standard range is greater than one 4 year and the sentencing judge determines that the offender is eligible 5 for this option and that the offender and the community will benefit from the use of the special drug offender sentencing alternative, the 6 7 judge may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range and 8 impose a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a 9 state facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. 10 During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse 11 assessment and receive, within available resources, treatment services 12 appropriate for the offender. The treatment services shall be designed 13 by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of 14 15 social and health services, in cooperation with the department of 16 corrections. ((If the midpoint of the standard range is twenty four 17 months or less, no more than three months of the sentence may be served in a work release status.)) The offender may also participate in the 18 19 work ethic camp program as long as participation does not conflict with treatment required in this subsection or the offender's term of 20 confinement. 21

22 The court shall also impose ((one year of concurrent community 23 custody and community supervision that)):

- (i) The remainder of the midpoint of the standard range as a term of community custody which must include appropriate ((outpatient)) substance abuse treatment((¬)) in a program that has been approved by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services;
- 29 (ii) Crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use 30 illegal controlled substances((-,)); and
- 31 <u>(iii) A</u> requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to 32 monitor that status.

The court <u>may prohibit the offender from using alcohol or</u>

controlled <u>substances and</u> may require that the monitoring for

controlled <u>substances</u> be conducted by the department or by a treatment

alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency
referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars

per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring.

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In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following 1 2 conditions:

(((i))) (A) Devote time to a specific employment or training;

4 (((ii))) (B) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and 5 notify the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the offender's address or employment; 6

7 (((iii))) <u>(C)</u> Report as directed to a community corrections 8 officer;

9 (((iv))) (D) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;

(((v))) (E) Perform community service work;

(((vi))) <u>(F)</u> Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing judge; 11

(G) Such other conditions as the court may require such as 12

affirmative conditions. 13

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- 14 (c) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in (b) subsection, ((the department shall impose sanctions administratively, with notice to the prosecuting attorney and the sentencing court. Upon motion of the court or the prosecuting attorney,)) a violation hearing shall be held by the ((court)) 19 <u>department unless waived by the offender</u>. If the ((court)) <u>department</u> finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the ((court may impose confinement consisting of up to the remaining one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. All total confinement served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender, regardless of whether the total confinement is served as a result of the original sentence, as a result of a sanction imposed by the department, or as a result of a violation found by the court. The term of community supervision shall be tolled by any period of time served in total confinement as a result of a violation found by the court)) department may reclassify the offender to serve the remaining balance of the original sentence or impose other sanctions as may be provided by law.
- (d) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the 32 value of a day fine based on the offender's income and reasonable 33 34 obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with 35 the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, 36 37 and the commission.
- 38 (e) An offender who fails to complete the special drug offender 39 sentencing alternative program, who is administratively terminated from

- the program, or who otherwise violates any conditions of supervision as defined by the department, may be reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing judge and shall be subject to all rules relating to earned early release time.
- (7) If a sentence range has not been established for the 5 defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which 6 7 may include not more than one year of confinement, community service 8 work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or 9 other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence 10 which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, 11 considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and 12 compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.
 - (8)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.
- The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.
- The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:
 - (A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
- 31 (B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 32 description of planned treatment modalities;
- 33 (C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living 34 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members 35 and others;
 - (D) Anticipated length of treatment; and
- 37 (E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.
- The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability

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to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

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- (ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eleven years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:
- (A) The court shall place the defendant on community custody for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is greater, and require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section;
 - (B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex The offender shall not change sex offender offender treatment. treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
 - (I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 34 (II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 35 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in 36 the offender's address or employment;
- 37 (III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 38 officer;

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- (IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided 1 2 in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination 3 thereof; or
- 4 (V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender's crime; and 5

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- (C) Sex offenders sentenced under this special sex offender sentencing alternative are not eligible to accrue any earned early release time while serving a suspended sentence.
- 9 (iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on 10 the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum 11 the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with 12 13 requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at 14 15 sentencing.
- (iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment 16 17 termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, 19 the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including 22 proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request 23 24 and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of 29 community custody, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend 30 treatment for up to the remaining period of community custody.
- 31 (v) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 32 9.94A.205(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and recommend 33 34 revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in (a)(vi) of this 35 subsection.
- (vi) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during 36 37 the period of community custody and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or 38
- 39 (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory

1 progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period 2 of community custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended 3 sentence is revoked.

(vii) Except as provided in (a)(viii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.

(viii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex offender pursuant to this subsection (8) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (8) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

(ix) For purposes of this subsection (8), "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

- (x) If the defendant was less than eighteen years of age when the charge was filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation and treatment.
- 25 (b) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

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- 1 (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 2 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in 3 the offender's address or employment;
- 4 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 5 officer;
 - (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.

- Nothing in this subsection (8)(b) shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (8)(b) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.
- 15 (c) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an 16 17 evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be 18 19 amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a 20 treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the Placement in such treatment program is subject to 21 department. 22 available funds.
- 23 (9)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total 24 confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an 25 offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense 26 committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime 27 against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 28 29 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly 30 weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 31 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection (6) of this section, committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the 32 other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term 33 of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of 34 35 confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 36 37 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the 38 39 community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of

such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.

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- 5 (b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense 6 7 categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but 8 before June 6, 1996, a serious violent offense, vehicular homicide, or 9 vehicular assault, committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall 10 in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early 11 release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is 12 13 longer. The community placement shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred 14 15 to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under 16 17 this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of 18 19 the community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community 20 custody actually served shall be credited against the community 21 placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the 22 court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced 23 24 pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions:
- 25 (i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with 26 the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- 27 (ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved 28 education, employment, and/or community service;
- 29 (iii) The offender shall not possess or consume controlled 30 substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
- (iv) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the department of corrections;
- (v) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period of community placement; and
- (vi) The offender shall submit to affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the orders of the court as required by the department.

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- 1 (c) As a part of any sentence imposed under (a) or (b) of this 2 subsection, the court may also order any of the following special 3 conditions:
- 4 (i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified 5 geographical boundary;
- 6 (ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with 7 the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- 8 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 9 counseling services;
- 10 (iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;

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- 11 (v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions; 12 or
- (vi) For an offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, the offender shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department of corrections relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.
- (d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.
 - (10)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after June 6, 1996, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for three years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).
- 32 (b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community custody shall be the same as those provided for in subsection (9)(b) of this section and may include those provided for in subsection (9)(c) of this section. As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section.

(c) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.

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- (11) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.
- (12) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial 18 19 obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a 20 specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. 21 22 Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed 23 24 by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver 25 the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be 26 27 supervised by the department for ten years following the entry of the 28 judgment and sentence or ten years following the offender's release 29 from total confinement. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no 30 later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered 31 unless the superior court extends the criminal judgment an additional 32 ten years. If the legal financial obligations including crime victims' 33 34 assessments are not paid during the initial ten-year period, the superior court may extend jurisdiction under the criminal judgment an 35 additional ten years as provided in RCW 9.94A.140, 9.94A.142, and 36 37 9.94A.145. If jurisdiction under the criminal judgment is extended, the department is not responsible for supervision of the offender 38 during the subsequent period. Independent of the department, the party 39

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- or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.
- 9 (13) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a 10 court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or 11 community supervision or community placement which exceeds the 12 statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
 - (14) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the department of corrections. The department may require an offender to perform affirmative acts it deems appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions of the sentence imposed.
- 20 (a) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as 21 directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within 22 prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections 23 officer of any change in the offender's address or employment, and 24 paying the supervision fee assessment.
- 25 (b) For offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody 26 for crimes committed on or after June 6, 1996, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (a) of this subsection, any 27 appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, 28 29 prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified 30 individuals or specific class of individuals. The conditions authorized under this subsection (14)(b) may be imposed by the 31 department prior to or during an offender's community custody term. If 32 33 a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section occurs during community 34 35 custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.207 and shall authorize the department to 36 37 transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as provided in RCW 9.94A.205. At any time prior to the completion of a 38 39 sex offender's term of community custody, the department may recommend

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to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or 1 the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section be continued beyond the expiration of the offender's term of community custody as 4 authorized in subsection (10)(c) of this section.

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The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender's ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay.

- 10 All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, or community placement under the supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or 12 possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found 13 to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition 14 shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. 16 "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power 17 and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be 18 19 fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.
- 20 (16) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was 21 solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being 22 23 sentenced.
 - (17) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).
- 29 (18) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is 30 convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement 31 placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary 32 33 circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's 34 judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in the record if it does not order restitution. 35
 - (19) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of

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- individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision or community placement.
- 4 (20) The court may order an offender whose sentence includes 5 community placement or community supervision to undergo a mental status evaluation and to participate in available outpatient mental health 6 7 treatment, if the court finds that reasonable grounds exist to believe 8 that the offender is a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025, 9 and that this condition is likely to have influenced the offense. An 10 order requiring mental status evaluation or treatment must be based on a presentence report and, if applicable, mental status evaluations that 11 12 have been filed with the court to determine the offender's competency 13 or eligibility for a defense of insanity. The court may order additional evaluations at a later date if deemed appropriate. 14
- 15 (21) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require 16 the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a 17 program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of 18 work crew and home detention.
- 19 (22) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the 20 department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid 21 where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any 22 other payments of monetary obligations.
- 23 **Sec. 5.** RCW 9.94A.137 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 19 s 20 are each 24 amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1)(a) An offender is eligible to be sentenced to a work ethic camp 26 if the offender:
- (i) Is sentenced to a term of total confinement of not less than ((sixteen)) twelve months and one day or more than thirty-six months; ((and))
- (ii) Has no current or prior convictions for any sex offenses or for violent offenses ((other than drug offenses for manufacturing, possession, delivery, or intent to deliver a controlled substance)): and
- 34 (iii) Has no current violations of the uniform controlled
 35 <u>substances act under chapter 69.50 RCW</u>.
- 36 (b) The length of the work ethic camp shall be at least one hundred 37 twenty days and not more than one hundred eighty days. ((Because of

the conversion ratio, earned early release time shall not accrue to
offenders who successfully complete the program.))

- (2) If the sentencing judge determines that the offender is 3 4 eligible for the work ethic camp and is likely to qualify under subsection (3) of this section, the judge shall impose a sentence 5 within the standard range and may recommend that the offender serve the 6 7 sentence at a work ethic camp. ((The sentence shall provide that if 8 the offender successfully completes the program, the department shall 9 convert the period of work ethic camp confinement at the rate of one 10 day of work ethic camp confinement to three days of total standard confinement.)) In sentencing an offender to the work ethic camp, the 11 court shall specify: (a) That upon completion of the work ethic camp 12 13 the offender shall be released on community custody for any remaining time of total confinement; (b) the applicable conditions of supervision 14 15 on community custody status as required by RCW 9.94A.120(9)(b) and authorized by RCW 9.94A.120(9)(c); and (c) that violation of the 16 17 conditions may result in a return to total confinement for the balance of the offender's remaining time of confinement. 18
- 19 (3) The department shall place the offender in the work ethic camp program, subject to capacity, unless: (a) The department determines 20 that the offender has physical or mental impairments that would prevent 21 participation and completion of the program; (b) the department 22 determines that the offender's custody level prevents placement in the 23 24 program; ((or)) (c) the offender refuses to agree to the terms and 25 conditions of the program; (d) the offender has been found by the 26 United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer 27 or order; or (e) the offender has participated in the work ethic camp program in the past. 28
- (4) An offender who fails to complete the work ethic camp program, who is administratively terminated from the program, or who otherwise violates any conditions of supervision, as defined by the department, shall be reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing judge and shall be subject to all rules relating to earned early release time.
- 35 (5) During the last two weeks prior to release from the work ethic 36 camp program the department shall provide the offender with 37 comprehensive transition training.

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Sec. 6. RCW 9.94A.380 and 1988 c 157 s 4 and 1988 c 155 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

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Alternatives to total confinement are available for offenders with sentences of one year or less. These alternatives include the following sentence conditions that the court may order as substitutes for total confinement:

- 7 (1) One day of partial confinement may be substituted for one day 8 of total confinement;
- 9 (2) <u>In addition</u>, for offenders convicted of nonviolent offenses only, eight hours of community service may be substituted for one day of total confinement, with a maximum conversion limit of two hundred forty hours or thirty days. Community service hours must be completed within the period of community supervision or a time period specified by the court, which shall not exceed twenty-four months, pursuant to a schedule determined by the department; and
- (3) For offenders convicted of nonviolent and nonsex offenses, the court may authorize county jails to convert jail confinement to an available county supervised community option and may require the offender to perform affirmative conduct pursuant to section 2 of this act.
- 21 For sentences of nonviolent offenders for one year or less, the 22 court shall consider and give priority to available alternatives to 23 total confinement and shall state its reasons in writing on the 24 judgment and sentence form if the alternatives are not used.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The department shall contract with counties operating drug courts and counties in the process of implementing new drug courts for the provision of drug and alcohol treatment services. At least eighty percent of funds provided pursuant to this section shall be used for direct services to clients, with not more than ten percent to be used for court and other local related administration, and an outcome evaluation, including measures of recidivism and reoffense rates.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, "drug court" means a court that has special calendars or dockets designed to achieve a reduction in recidivism and substance abuse among nonviolent, substance abusing offenders by increasing their likelihood for successful rehabilitation through early, continuous, and intense judicially supervised treatment;

- 1 mandatory periodic drug testing; and the use of appropriate sanctions
- 2 and other rehabilitation services.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** The sum of four million dollars, or as much
- 4 thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated for the biennium ending
- 5 June 30, 2001, from the general fund to the department of social and
- 6 health services for the purposes of section 7 of this act.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** The department of corrections must develop
- 8 criteria for successful completion of the special drug offender
- 9 sentencing alternative program by December 31, 1999.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** If any provision of this act or its
- 11 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 12 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 13 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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