S-3224.1			
0-34441			

## SENATE BILL 6184

56th Legislature

2000 Regular Session

State of Washington

By Senators McCaslin, Costa and Oke

Read first time 01/10/2000. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- AN ACT Relating to habitual offenders; reenacting and amending RCW 1
- 2 9.94A.030 and 9.94A.120; creating a new section; and prescribing
- 3 penalties.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1999 c 352 s 8, 1999 c 197 s 1, and 1999 6 c 196 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 8 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 9 (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or
- 10 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of
- corrections, means that the department, either directly or through a 11
- 12 collection agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.145, is responsible for
- 13 monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the
- 14 legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the
- 15 offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire
- 16 payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a
- 17 departmental account.
- 18 (2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

- 1 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 2 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 3 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 4 conditions.
- (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's 5 sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed 6 7 pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120 (((5), (7), (8), (((10), or)))8 (11), or (12), or RCW 9.94A.383, served in the community subject to 9 controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department of corrections. For offenders placed on community custody 10 for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, the department shall 11 assess the offender's risk of reoffense and may establish and modify 12 13 conditions of community custody, in addition to those imposed by the court, based upon the risk to community safety. 14
- (5) "Community custody range" means the minimum and maximum period of community custody included as part of a sentence under RCW 9.94A.120(((11))) (12), as established by the sentencing guidelines commission or the legislature under RCW 9.94A.040, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000.
  - (6) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- 27 (7) "Community service" means compulsory service, without 28 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 29 offender.
- 30 (8) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a 31 convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 32 33 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision 34 may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120( $(\frac{(5)}{(5)})$ ) (6). Where the court finds that any 35 offender has a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her 36 37 offense, the conditions of supervision may, subject to available resources, include treatment. For purposes of the interstate compact 38 39 for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers,

SB 6184 p. 2

20

21

2223

24

25

26

- 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.
- 4 (9) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in this section.
- 6 (10) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 7 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and 8 acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- 9 (11) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 10 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the 11 victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as 12 assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 13 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, 14 15 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. 16 Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 17 any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the 18 19 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), 20 legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in 21 the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430. 22
  - (12) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

3536

37

38 39

- (13) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (a) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (b) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
- (14) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.

p. 3 SB 6184

- 1 (15) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision 2 designed to monitor the defendant's daily activities and compliance 3 with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to 4 report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the 5 sentencing judge.
  - (16) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- (17) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with 7 8 exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 9 confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the 10 number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or The fact that an offender 11 terms of a legal financial obligation. through "earned release" can reduce the actual period of confinement 12 13 shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate 14 sentence.
- 15 (18) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 16 17 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal 18 19 services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 20 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the 21 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to 22 satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 23 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, 24 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made 25 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, 26 or Title 74 RCW.
  - (19) "Drug offense" means:
- (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 31 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 32 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 33 controlled substance; or
- 34 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws 35 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) 36 of this subsection.
- 37 (20) "Escape" means:

27

38 (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the 39 second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough

- 1 (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 4 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 5 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 6 under (a) of this subsection.
  - (21) "Felony traffic offense" means:

29

37

- 8 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 9 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit10 and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
- 11 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 12 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 13 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 14 (22) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific 15 sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.
- (23) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a 16 felony (a) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under 17 this chapter, or (b) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or 18 19 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or flunitrazepam 20 classified in Schedule IV, nor the manufacture, delivery, or possession 21 with intent to deliver methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts 22 of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for 23 24 profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified 25 in Schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of 26 marihuana, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this 27 state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense. 28
  - (24) <u>"Habitual offender" means a person who:</u>
- 30 (a) Has a current conviction for any felony;
- 31 (b) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this
  32 subsection, been convicted, whether in this state or elsewhere, of any
  33 crime which under the laws of this state would be a felony, or has been
  34 convicted on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or
  35 elsewhere, of any crime which under the laws of this state would be a
- 36 <u>serious gross misdemeanor; and</u>
  - (c) Is not a persistent offender.

p. 5 SB 6184

- 1 (25) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement 2 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private 3 residence subject to electronic surveillance.
- 4  $((\frac{25}{25}))$  (26) "Most serious offense" means any of the following 5 felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, 6 as now existing or hereafter amended:
- 7 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 8 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A 9 felony;
- 10 (b) Assault in the second degree;
- 11 (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 12 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 13 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 15 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 16 (h) Indecent liberties;
- 17 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 18 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 19 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 20 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 21 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 22 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 23 (o) Robbery in the second degree;
- 24 (p) Sexual exploitation;
- 25 (q) Vehicular assault;
- 26 (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of 27 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating
- 28 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of
- 29 any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 30 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 31 motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;
- 32 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 33 9.94A.125;
- 34 (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2,
- 35 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this
- 36 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense
- 37 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a
- 38 most serious offense under this subsection;

- (v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 1 2 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as 3 4 it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988; 5 A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 6 7 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, 8 (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 9 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is 10 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997, 11 or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, 12 13 through July 27, 1997.
- 14  $((\frac{26}{1}))$  (27) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.
- 16  $((\frac{27}{27}))$  (28) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony 17 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court 18 19 jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 20 Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" 21 13.40.110. and 22 "defendant" are used interchangeably.
  - ((<del>(28)</del>)) (29) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention as defined in this section.
- 31  $((\frac{29}{100}))$  (30) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

25

26

27

28 29

30

34

35

36 37

38 39

- 32 (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a 33 most serious offense; and
  - (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction

p. 7 SB 6184

1 must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most 2 serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

3 (b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape 4 of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or 5 indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) murder in the first 6 7 degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in 8 the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first 9 degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first 10 degree, or burglary in the first degree, with a finding of sexual motivation; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this 11 subsection  $((\frac{(29)}{)})$   $\underline{(30)}(b)(i)$ ; and 12

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under ((subsection (29)))(b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under ((subsection (29)))(b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.

(((30))) (31) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.

 $((\frac{31}{1}))$  (32) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.

30  $((\frac{32}{32}))$  "Risk assessment" means the application of 31 objective instrument supported by research and adopted by the department for the purpose of assessing an offender's risk of 32 reoffense, taking into consideration the nature of the harm done by the 33 34 offender, place and circumstances of the offender related to risk, the 35 offender's relationship to any victim, and any information provided to the department by victims. The results of a risk assessment shall not 36 37 be based on unconfirmed or unconfirmable allegations.

38 ((<del>(33)</del>)) <u>(34) "Serious gross misdemeanor" means any of the</u> 39 following gross misdemeanors:

SB 6184 p. 8

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

25

26

27

28

29

- 1 (a) Assault in the fourth degree, RCW 9A.36.041;
- 2 (b) Reckless endangerment, RCW 9A.36.050;
- 3 (c) Jury tampering, RCW 9A.72.140;
- 4 (d) Tampering with physical evidence, RCW 9A.72.150;
- 5 (e) Rendering criminal assistance in the first degree, RCW
- 6 <u>9A.76.070(2)(a);</u>
- 7 (f) Rendering criminal assistance in the second degree, RCW
- 8 9A.76.080(2)(b);
- 9 (g) Compounding, RCW 9A.76.100;
- 10 (h) Escape in the third degree, RCW 9A.76.130;
- 11 (i) Riot, RCW 9A.84.010(2)(b);
- 12 (j) Criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit a class
- 13 <u>C felony defined in Title 9A RCW;</u>
- 14 (k) Driving under the influence, RCW 46.61.502; and
- (1) Physical control of vehicle under the influence, RCW 46.61.504.
- 16 (35) "Serious traffic offense" means:
- 17 (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any
- 18 drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence
- 19 of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving
- 20 (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5));
- 21 or
- 22 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for
- 23 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a
- 24 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- (((34))) (36) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent
- 26 offense and means:
- 27 (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the
- 28 second degree, manslaughter in the first degree, assault in the first
- 29 degree, kidnapping in the first degree, or rape in the first degree,
- 30 assault of a child in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal
- 31 solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies;
- 32 or
- 33 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
- 34 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious
- 35 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- (((35))) (37) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's
- 37 discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- 38  $((\frac{36}{36}))$  (38) "Sex offense" means:

p. 9 SB 6184

- 1 (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW, other than 2 RCW 9A.44.130(10), or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, 3 under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or 4 criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;
- 5 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior 6 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a sex 7 offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 8 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9 9.94A.127 or 13.40.135; or
- 10 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 11 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 12 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- $((\frac{37}{1}))$  (39) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.
- ((<del>(38)</del>)) (40) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- ((<del>(39)</del>)) (<u>41)</u> "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.
- (((40))) (42) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.
  - $((\frac{41}{1}))$  (43) "Violent offense" means:

30 (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 31 attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 32 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the 33 34 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if 35 committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a 36 37 child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in the second degree, drive-by shooting, vehicular assault, and vehicular 38 39 homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any

- 1 person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as 2 defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a 3 reckless manner;
- 4 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior 5 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent 6 offense in (a) of this subsection; and
- 7 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 8 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent 9 offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- 10  $((\frac{42}{12}))$  <u>(44)</u> "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community 11 of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 12 The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative 13 9.94A.135. impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county 14 15 where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks 16 shall not affect employment opportunities for people with developmental 17 disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or 18 19 utilized under contract by a county or the state, or sanctioned under 20 RCW 9.94A.205, are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection  $((\frac{36}{1}))$  (38) of 21 this section are not eligible for the work crew program. 22
  - ((\(\frac{43}{43}\))) (45) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.

25

26

27

28

29

- ((\(\frac{44}{4}\)\)) (46) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.
- 35 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.94A.120 and 1999 c 324 s 2, 1999 c 197 s 4, 1999 c 36 196 s 5, and 1999 c 147 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

p. 11 SB 6184

- When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.
- 3 (1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), 4 and ((8)) of this section, the court shall impose a sentence 5 within the sentence range for the offense.

7

8

9

- (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.
- 10 (3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the 11 court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings 12 of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range 13 shall be a determinate sentence.
- (4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total 14 15 confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the 16 17 first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in 18 19 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault 20 in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the 21 offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to 22 kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 23 24 less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in 25 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 26 less than five years. The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement 27 are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to 28 the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community 29 30 custody, earned release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early 31 release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (((5))) (6), 32  $((\frac{7}{1}))$  (8), or  $((\frac{8}{1}))$  (9), or any other form of authorized leave of 33 34 absence from the correctional facility while not in the direct custody 35 of a corrections officer or officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except: (a) In the case of an offender in need of 36 37 emergency medical treatment; (b) for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of 38

1 the crime of rape in the first degree; or (c) for an extraordinary 2 medical placement when authorized under RCW 9.94A.150(4).

- (5) Notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law:
- 4 <u>(a) An habitual offender shall be sentenced to a term of total</u> 5 confinement of ten years, except when (b) of this subsection applies;

3

25

- 6 (b) An habitual offender shall be sentenced to a term of total
  7 confinement of fifteen years if the habitual offender has been
  8 convicted, whether in this state or elsewhere:
- 9 <u>(i) On at least two separate occasions of any crime which under the</u>
  10 laws of this state would be a felony;
- 11 <u>(ii) On at least four separate occasions of any crime which under</u>
  12 <u>the laws of this state would be a serious gross misdemeanor; or</u>
- (iii) On at least three separate occasions of any crime which under the laws of this state would be a combination of one felony and two or more serious gross misdemeanors.
- 16 (6)(a) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the
  17 imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a
  18 sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a
  19 facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a
  20 requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses.
  21 The sentence may also include a term of community supervision or
- community custody as specified in (b) of this subsection, which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
  - (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (ii) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to the period specified in (b) of this subsection, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
- 29 (iii) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational 30 training;
- (iv) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- 34 (v) Report as directed to a community corrections officer; or
- (vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.
- 37 (b) The terms and statuses applicable to sentences under (a) of 38 this subsection are:

p. 13 SB 6184

- (i) For sentences imposed on or after July 25, 1999, for crimes committed before July 1, 2000, up to one year of community supervision.

  If treatment is ordered, the period of community supervision may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years; and
- 6 (ii) For crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, up to one year of community custody unless treatment is ordered, in which case the 8 period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, 9 but shall not exceed two years. Any term of community custody imposed 10 under this subsection (((5))) (6) is subject to conditions and 11 sanctions as authorized in this subsection (((5))) (6) and in 12 subsection ((((11)))) (12)(b) and (c) of this section.
- (c) The department shall discharge from community supervision any offender sentenced under this subsection ((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(6)</u> before July 25, 1999, who has served at least one year of community supervision and has completed any treatment ordered by the court.
- 17  $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$   $\underline{(7)}(a)$  An offender is eligible for the special drug 18 offender sentencing alternative if:
- 19 (i) The offender is convicted of a felony that is not a violent 20 offense or sex offense and the violation does not involve a sentence 21 enhancement under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4);
- (ii) The offender has no current or prior convictions for a sex offense or violent offense in this state, another state, or the United States;
- (iii) For a violation of the uniform controlled substances act under chapter 69.50 RCW or a criminal solicitation to commit such a violation under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance; and
- (iv) The offender has not been found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order.
- 34 (b) If the standard range is greater than one year and the 35 sentencing judge determines that the offender is eligible for this 36 option and that the offender and the community will benefit from the 37 use of the special drug offender sentencing alternative, the judge may 38 waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range and impose a 39 sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a state

- 1 facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. During
- 2 incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this
- 3 subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and
- 4 receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for
- 5 the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division
- 6 of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health
- 7 services, in cooperation with the department of corrections.
- 8 The court shall also impose:
- 9 (i) The remainder of the midpoint of the standard range as a term
- 10 of community custody which must include appropriate substance abuse
- 11 treatment in a program that has been approved by the division of
- 12 alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health
- 13 services;
- 14 (ii) Crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use
- 15 illegal controlled substances; and
- 16 (iii) A requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to
- 17 monitor that status.
- 18 The court may prohibit the offender from using alcohol or
- 19 controlled substances and may require that the monitoring for
- 20 controlled substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment
- 21 alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-
- 22 referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars
- 23 per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring.
- 24 In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following
- 25 conditions:

- (A) Devote time to a specific employment or training;
- 27 (B) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the
- 28 court or the community corrections officer before any change in the
- 29 offender's address or employment;
- 30 (C) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;
- 31 (D) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
- 32 (E) Perform community service work;
- 33 (F) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing judge;
- 34 (G) Such other conditions as the court may require such as
- 35 affirmative conditions.
- 36 (c) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in (b)
- 37 of this subsection, a violation hearing shall be held by the department
- 38 unless waived by the offender. If the department finds that conditions

p. 15 SB 6184

1 have been willfully violated, the offender may be reclassified to serve 2 the remaining balance of the original sentence.

- 3 (d) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the 4 value of a day fine based on the offender's income and reasonable 5 obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and 6 any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with 7 the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, 8 and the commission.
- 9 (e) An offender who fails to complete the special drug offender 10 sentencing alternative program or who is administratively terminated from the program shall be reclassified to serve the unexpired term of 11 his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing judge and shall be 12 subject to all rules relating to earned early release time. 13 An offender who violates any conditions of supervision as defined by the 14 15 department shall be sanctioned. Sanctions may include, but are not limited to, reclassifying the offender to serve the unexpired term of 16 17 his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing judge. If an offender is reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence, the 18 19 offender shall be subject to all rules relating to earned early release 20 time.
  - ((+7+)) (8) If a sentence range has not been established for the defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement; community service work; until July 1, 2000, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year and on and after July 1, 2000, a term of community custody not to exceed one year, subject to conditions and sanctions as authorized in subsection ((+11+)) (12)(b) and (c) of this section; and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.
- ((\(\frac{(8)}{8}\))) (9)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.

SB 6184 p. 16

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

- 11 (A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
- 12 (B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 13 description of planned treatment modalities;
- (C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members and others;
  - (D) Anticipated length of treatment; and

7

8

9

10

17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

2728

29

30

31

32

33

(E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

- (ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eleven years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:
- 34 (A) The court shall place the defendant on community custody for 35 the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is 36 greater, and require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed 37 by the department of corrections under subsection (((15))) (16) of this 38 section;

p. 17 SB 6184

- (B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three 1 years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient 2 3 sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if 4 available. A community mental health center may not be used for such 5 treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex The offender shall not change sex offender 6 offender treatment. 7 treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the 8 prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall 9 not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the 10 prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose 11 12 other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, 13 not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform 14 15 any one or more of the following:
- 16 (I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- 20 (III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 21 officer;
- (IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination thereof; or
- (V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender's crime; and
- (C) Sex offenders sentenced under this special sex offender sentencing alternative are not eligible to accrue any earned release time while serving a suspended sentence.
- (iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at sentencing.
- (iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing,

the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community custody, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community custody. 

(v) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 9.94A.205(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and recommend revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in (a)(vi) of this subsection.

(vi) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community custody and order execution of the sentence if:

(A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or

(B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(vii) Except as provided in (a)(viii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.

certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. (viii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex offender pursuant to this subsection ((+8)) (9) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection ((+8)) (9) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

p. 19 SB 6184

- 1 (ix) For purposes of this subsection  $(({+8}))$  (9), "victim" means 2 any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or 3 financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime 4 charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is 5 a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.
- 7 (x) If the defendant was less than eighteen years of age when the 8 charge was filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial 9 evaluation and treatment.
- (b) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.
- Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
  - (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
- 30 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

- If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.
- Nothing in this subsection ((+8)) (9) (b) shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection ((+8))38 (9) (b) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

(c) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to available funds.

1

2

4

5

6 7

8

35

3637

38

39

- 9 (d) Within the funds available for this purpose, the department 10 shall develop and monitor transition and relapse prevention strategies, 11 including risk assessment and release plans, to reduce risk to the 12 community after sex offenders' terms of confinement in the custody of 13 the department.
- 14 (((+9+))) (10)(a)(i) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for 15 16 an offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the 17 second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime 18 19 against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly 20 weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 21 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection  $((\frac{6}{1}))$  of this 22 section, committed on or after July 1, 1988, but before July 25, 1999, 23 24 the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, 25 sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement 26 beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of 27 earned release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the 28 29 court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory 30 maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of 31 the sentence shall consist entirely of such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) 32 33 Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. 34
  - (ii) Except for persons sentenced under (b) of this subsection or subsection (((10))) (11)(a) of this section, when a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for a violent offense, any crime against a person under RCW 9.94A.440(2), or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52

p. 21 SB 6184

RCW not sentenced under subsection  $((\frac{6}{1}))$  of this section, 1 committed on or after July 25, 1999, but before July 1, 2000, the court 2 shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the 3 4 offender to a one-year term of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the 5 offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release 6 7 in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences 8 the offender under this subsection (((9))) (10) (a) (ii) to the statutory 9 maximum period of confinement, then the community placement portion of 10 the sentence shall consist entirely of such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) 11 12 and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be 13 credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.

(b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement 14 15 to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense 16 categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but 17 before June 6, 1996, or a serious violent offense, vehicular homicide, or vehicular assault, committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before 18 19 July 1, 2000, the court shall in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or 20 up to the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 21 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement shall begin 22 either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as 23 24 the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned 25 release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court 26 sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the 27 sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody to which the 28 offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and 29 30 (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. 31 condition is waived by the court, the terms of community placement for 32 33 offenders sentenced pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions: 34

- (i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- (ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved education, employment, and/or community service;

- 1 (iii) The offender shall not possess or consume controlled 2 substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
- 3 (iv) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the 4 department of corrections;
- 5 (v) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to 6 the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period 7 of community placement; and
- 8 (vi) The offender shall submit to affirmative acts necessary to 9 monitor compliance with the orders of the court as required by the 10 department.
- 11 (c) As a part of any sentence imposed under (a) or (b) of this 12 subsection, the court may also order any of the following special 13 conditions:
- 14 (i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified 15 geographical boundary;
- 16 (ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with 17 the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- 18 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 19 counseling services;
- 20 (iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;

25

26

27

28

2930

31

- (v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions; or
  - (vi) For an offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, the offender shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department of corrections relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.
  - (d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.
- (((10))) (11)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of 32 33 the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex 34 offense committed on or after June 6, 1996, but before July 1, 2000, 35 the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for three years or up to the period 36 of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), 37 whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon 38 39 completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender

p. 23 SB 6184

1 is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release in 2 accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

- (b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community custody shall be the same as those provided for in subsection ((+9)) (10)(b) of this section and may include those provided for in subsection ((+9)) (10)(c) of this section. As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection ((+15)) (16) of this section.
- (c) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of 11 community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be 12 13 enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up 14 15 to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term 16 17 of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of 18 19 community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for 20 the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040. 21
- $((\frac{11}{11}))$  (12)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of 22 the department of corrections for a sex offense, a violent offense, any 23 24 crime against a person under RCW 9.94A.440(2), or a felony offense 25 under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection ((+6+))26 (7) of this section, committed on or after July 1, 2000, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the 27 offender to community custody for the community custody range or up to 28 the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and 29 30 (2), whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the 31 offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release 32 in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). 33
- 34 (b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the conditions of community custody shall include those provided for in subsection (((+9))) (10)(b)(i) through (vi) of this section. The conditions may also include those provided for in subsection ((+9)) (10)(c)(i) through (vi) of this section. The court may also order the offender to participate in rehabilitative programs or otherwise perform affirmative

conduct reasonably related to the circumstances of the offense, the 1 offender's risk of reoffending, or the safety of the community, and the 2 department shall enforce such conditions pursuant to (f) of this 3 4 subsection. As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall also require the 5 offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of 6 7 corrections under subsection  $((\frac{15}{15}))$  (16) of this section. The 8 department shall assess the offender's risk of reoffense and may 9 establish and modify additional conditions of the offender's community 10 custody based upon the risk to community safety. The department may not impose conditions that are contrary to those ordered by the court 11 12 and may not contravene or decrease court imposed conditions. 13 department shall notify the offender in writing of any such conditions 14 or modifications. In setting, modifying, and enforcing conditions of 15 community custody, the department shall be deemed to be performing a 16 quasi-judicial function.

(c) If an offender violates conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to this subsection during community custody, the department may transfer the offender to a more restrictive confinement status and impose other available sanctions as provided in RCW 9.94A.205 and 9.94A.207.

17

18 19

20

21

22

25

28

29

30

31

32

33 34

35

36 37

38 39

- (d) Except for terms of community custody under subsection ((8))23 (9) of this section, the department shall discharge the offender from 24 community custody on a date determined by the department, which the department may modify, based on risk and performance of the offender, 26 within the range or at the end of the period of earned release, whichever is later. 27
  - (e) At any time prior to the completion or termination of a sex offender's term of community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040. extends a condition beyond the expiration of the term of community

p. 25 SB 6184

- custody, the department is not responsible for supervision of the 1 2 offender's compliance with the condition.
- (f) Within the funds available for community custody, the 3 4 department shall determine conditions and duration of community custody on the basis of risk to community safety, and shall supervise offenders 5 during community custody on the basis of risk to community safety and 6 7 conditions imposed by the court. The secretary shall adopt rules to 8 implement the provisions of this subsection  $((\frac{11}{11}))$  (12)(f).
- 9 (g) By the close of the next business day after receiving notice of a condition imposed or modified by the department, an offender may request an administrative review under rules adopted by the department. The condition shall remain in effect unless the reviewing officer finds that it is not reasonably related to any of the following: (i) The crime of conviction; (ii) the offender's risk of reoffending; or (iii) the safety of the community.
  - $((\frac{12}{12}))$  (13) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.
- 22  $((\frac{13}{13}))$  (14) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal 23 financial obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of 24 the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to 25 pay a specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. 26 Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed 27 by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver 28 the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. 29 The offender's 30 compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be 31 supervised by the department for ten years following the entry of the judgment and sentence or ten years following the offender's release 32 from total confinement. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no 33 34 later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement 35 pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered unless the superior court extends the criminal judgment an additional 36 37 ten years. If the legal financial obligations including crime victims' assessments are not paid during the initial ten-year period, the 38 39 superior court may extend jurisdiction under the criminal judgment an

SB 6184 p. 26

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

additional ten years as provided in RCW 9.94A.140, 9.94A.142, and 9.94A.145. If jurisdiction under the criminal judgment is extended, the department is not responsible for supervision of the offender during the subsequent period. Independent of the department, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. 

((\(\frac{(14)}{14}\))) (15) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision, community placement, or community custody which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

  $((\frac{15}{15}))$  (16) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, community custody, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the department of corrections. The department may require an offender to perform affirmative acts it deems appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions of the sentence imposed.

- (a) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender's address or employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.
- (b) For offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody for crimes committed on or after June 6, 1996, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (a) of this subsection, any appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified individuals or specific class of individuals. For offenders sentenced to terms of community custody for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, the department may additionally require the offender to participate in rehabilitative programs or otherwise perform affirmative conduct, and to obey all laws.

p. 27 SB 6184

The conditions authorized under this subsection  $((\frac{(15)}{(16)}))$ may be imposed by the department prior to or during an offender's community custody term. If a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection  $((\frac{10}{10}))$  of this section occurs during community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.207 and shall authorize the department to transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as provided in RCW 9.94A.205. At any time prior to the completion of an offender's term of community custody, the department may recommend to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection  $((\frac{10}{10}))$ (11) or (((11))) of this section be continued beyond the expiration of the offender's term of community custody as authorized in subsection  $((\frac{10}{10}))$  (11)(c) or  $((\frac{11}{10}))$  (12)(e) of this section. 

The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender's ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay.

((\(\frac{(16)}{)}\)) (17) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community custody, or community placement under the supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

 $((\frac{17}{17}))$  (18) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced.

((<del>(18)</del>)) (19) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).

SB 6184 p. 28

 $((\frac{19}{19}))$  (20) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in the record if it does not order restitution.

1 2

3 4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27

28

29 30

31

32

35

36 37

38

(((20))) (21) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision or community placement.

 $((\frac{21}{21}))$  The court may order an offender whose sentence includes community placement or community supervision to undergo a mental status evaluation and to participate in available outpatient mental health treatment, if the court finds that reasonable grounds exist to believe that the offender is a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025, and that this condition is likely to have influenced the offense. An order requiring mental status evaluation or treatment must be based on a presentence report and, if applicable, mental status evaluations that have been filed with the court to determine the offender's competency or eligibility for a defense of insanity. court may order additional evaluations at a later date if deemed appropriate.

 $((\frac{22}{2}))$  (23) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.

 $((\frac{23}{23}))$  (24) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be 33 paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations. 34

 $((\frac{24}{2}))$  (25) In sentencing an offender convicted of a crime of domestic violence, as defined in RCW 10.99.020, if the offender has a minor child, or if the victim of the offense for which the offender was convicted has a minor child, the court may, as part of any term of

> p. 29 SB 6184

1 community supervision, order the offender to participate in a domestic 2 violence perpetrator program approved under RCW 26.50.150.

3  $((\frac{25}{25}))$  (26)(a) Sex offender examinations and treatment ordered as 4 a special condition of community placement or community custody under this section shall be conducted only by sex offender treatment 5 providers certified by the department of health under chapter 18.155 6 7 RCW unless the court finds that: (i) The offender has already moved to 8 another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than 9 circumventing the certification requirements; (ii) no certified 10 providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographic distance of the offender's home, as determined in rules adopted by the 11 secretary; (iii) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with the 12 rules adopted by the department of health; or (iv) the treatment 13 provider is employed by the department. A treatment provider selected 14 15 by an offender who is not certified by the department of health shall 16 consult with a certified provider during the offender's period of 17 treatment to ensure compliance with the rules adopted by the department of health. The frequency and content of the consultation shall be 18 19 based on the recommendation of the certified provider.

20 (b) A sex offender's failure to participate in treatment required 21 as a condition of community placement or community custody is a 22 violation that will not be excused on the basis that no treatment 23 provider was located within a reasonable geographic distance of the 24 offender's home.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act applies only to crimes committed on or after the effective date of this act.

--- END ---