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ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6218

State of Washington 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Long and Costa)

Read first time 01/28/2000.

- AN ACT Relating to technical and clarifying amendments to the 1 2 family reconciliation act; amending RCW 13.32A.010, 13.32A.030, 3 13.32A.040, 13.32A.042, 13.32A.044, 13.32A.050, 13.32A.060, 13.32A.065, 4 13.32A.080, 13.32A.082, 13.32A.090, 13.32A.095, 13.32A.100, 13.32A.120, 13.32A.130, 13.32A.140, 13.32A.150, 13.32A.152, 13.32A.160, 13.32A.170, 5 13.32A.179, 13.32A.191, 13.32A.194, 13.32A.196, and 13.32A.200; adding 6 7 a new section to chapter 13.32A RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 13.32A.210; and providing an expiration date. 8
- 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 10 **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.32A.010 and 1995 c 312 s 1 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- The legislature finds that within any group of people there exists
- 13 a need for guidelines for acceptable behavior and that, presumptively,
- 14 the experience and maturity of parents make them better qualified to
- 15 establish guidelines beneficial to and protective of their children.
- 16 The legislature further finds that it is the right and responsibility
- 17 of adults to establish laws for the benefit and protection of the
- 18 society; and that, in the same manner, the right and responsibility for
- 19 establishing reasonable guidelines for the family unit belongs to the

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adults within that unit. Further, absent abuse or neglect, parents ((should)) have the right to exercise control over their children. The legislature reaffirms its position stated in RCW 13.34.020 that the

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family unit is the fundamental resource of American life which should

5 be nurtured and that it should remain intact in the absence of

6 compelling evidence to the contrary.

 The legislature recognizes there is a need for services and assistance for parents and children who are in conflict. These conflicts are manifested by children who exhibit various behaviors including: Running away, substance abuse, serious acting out problems, mental health needs, and other behaviors that endanger themselves or others.

The legislature finds many parents do not know their rights regarding their adolescent children and law enforcement. Parents and courts feel they have insufficient legal recourse for the chronic runaway child who is endangering himself or herself through his or her behavior. The legislature further recognizes that for chronic runaways whose behavior puts them in serious danger of harming themselves or others, secure facilities must be provided to allow opportunities for assessment, treatment, and to assist parents and protect their children. The legislature intends to give tools to parents, courts, and law enforcement to keep families together and reunite them whenever possible.

The legislature recognizes that some children run away to protect themselves from abuse or neglect in their homes. Abused and neglected children should be dealt with pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW and it is not the intent of the legislature to handle dependency matters under this chapter.

The legislature intends services offered under this chapter be on a voluntary basis whenever possible to children and their families and that the courts be used as a last resort.

The legislature intends to increase the safety of children through the preservation of families and the provision of assessment, treatment, and placement services for children in need of services and at-risk youth including services and assessments conducted under chapter 13.32A RCW and RCW 74.13.033. Within available funds, the legislature intends to provide these services through crisis residential centers in which children and youth may safely reside for a limited period of time. The time in residence shall be used to

- 1 conduct an assessment of the needs of the children, youth, and their
- 2 families. The assessments are necessary to identify appropriate
- 3 services and placement options that will reduce the likelihood that
- 4 children will place themselves in dangerous or life-threatening
- 5 situations.
- 6 The legislature recognizes that crisis residential centers provide
- 7 an opportunity for children to receive short-term necessary support and
- 8 nurturing in cases where there may be abuse or neglect. The
- 9 legislature intends that center staff provide an atmosphere of concern,
- 10 care, and respect for children in the center and their parents.
- 11 The legislature intends to provide for the protection of children
- 12 who, through their behavior, are endangering themselves. The
- 13 legislature intends to provide appropriate residential services,
- 14 including secure facilities, to protect, stabilize, and treat children
- 15 with serious problems. The legislature further intends to empower
- 16 parents by providing them with the assistance they require to raise
- 17 their children.
- 18 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.32A.030 and 1997 c 146 s 1 are each amended to read
- 19 as follows:
- 20 As used in this chapter the following terms have the meanings
- 21 indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 22 (1) "Abuse or neglect" means the injury, sexual abuse, sexual
- 23 <u>exploitation</u>, <u>negligent treatment</u>, <u>or maltreatment of a child by any</u>
- 24 person under circumstances which indicate that the child's health,
- 25 welfare, and safety is harmed, excluding conduct permitted under RCW
- 26 9A.16.100. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child
- 27 abuse or neglect as defined in this section.
- 28 (2) "Administrator" means the individual who has the daily
- 29 administrative responsibility of a crisis residential center, or his or
- 30 her designee.
- 31 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (3) "At-risk youth" means a juvenile:
- 32 (a) Who is absent from home for at least seventy-two consecutive
- 33 hours without consent of his or her parent;
- 34 (b) Who is beyond the control of his or her parent such that the
- 35 child's behavior endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the child
- 36 or any other person; or
- 37 (c) Who has a substance abuse problem for which there are no
- 38 pending criminal charges related to the substance abuse.

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- 1 $((\frac{3}{1}))$ (4) "Child," "juvenile," and "youth" mean any unemancipated 2 individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years.
 - $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (5) "Child in need of services" means a juvenile:

- 4 (a) Who is beyond the control of his or her parent such that the 5 child's behavior endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the child 6 or other person;
- 7 (b) Who has been reported to law enforcement as absent without 8 consent for at least twenty-four consecutive hours on two or more 9 separate occasions from the home of either parent(('s home)), a crisis 10 residential center, an out-of-home placement, or a court-ordered 11 placement ((on two or more separate occasions)); and
- 12 (i) Has exhibited a serious substance abuse problem; or
- (ii) Has exhibited behaviors that create a serious risk of harm to the health, safety, or welfare of the child or any other person; or
- (c)(i) Who is in need of: (A) Necessary services, including food, shelter, health care, clothing, ((educational,)) or education; or (B) services designed to maintain or reunite the family;
- 18 (ii) Who lacks access \underline{to} , or has declined((-,)) to utilize, these 19 services; and
- 20 (iii) Whose parents have evidenced continuing but unsuccessful 21 efforts to maintain the family structure or are unable or unwilling to 22 continue efforts to maintain the family structure.
- (((+5))) (6) "Child in need of services petition" means a petition filed in juvenile court by a parent, child, or the department seeking adjudication of placement of the child.
- 28 $((\frac{7}{}))$ (8) "Custodian" means the person or entity who has the 29 legal right to the custody of the child.
- 30 $((\frac{8}{9}))$ "Department" means the department of social and health 31 services.
- (((+9))) (10) "Extended family member" means an adult who is a grandparent, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle, aunt, or first cousin with whom the child has a relationship and is comfortable, and who is willing and available to care for the child.
- (((10))) (11) "Guardian" means that person or agency that (a) has been appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding other than a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW, and (b) has the right to legal custody of the child pursuant to such appointment. The term

"guardian" does not include a "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant to a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW.

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3 $((\frac{11}{11}))$ (12) "Multidisciplinary team" means a group formed to 4 provide assistance and support to a child who is an at-risk youth or a child in need of services and his or her parent. 5 The team shall include the parent, a department case worker, a local government 6 7 representative when authorized by the local government, and when 8 appropriate, members from the mental health and substance abuse 9 disciplines. The team may also include, but is not limited to, the 10 following persons: Educators, law enforcement personnel, probation employers, church persons, tribal members, therapists, 11 medical personnel, social service providers, placement providers, and 12 13 extended family members. The team members shall be volunteers who do not receive compensation while acting in a capacity as a team member, 14 15 unless the member's employer chooses to provide compensation or the 16 member is a state employee.

 $((\frac{12}{12}))$ (13) "Out-of-home placement" means a placement in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or placement in a home, other than that of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW.

 $((\frac{13}{13}))$ (14) "Parent" means the parent or parents who have the legal right to custody of the child. "Parent" includes custodian or quardian.

(((14))) <u>(15)</u> "Secure facility" means a crisis residential center, or portion thereof, that has locking doors, locking windows, or a secured perimeter, designed and operated to prevent a child from leaving without permission of the facility staff.

((\(\frac{(15)}{)}\)) (16) "Semi-secure facility" means any facility, including but not limited to crisis residential centers or specialized foster family homes, operated in a manner to reasonably assure that youth placed there will not run away. Pursuant to rules established by the department, the facility administrator shall establish reasonable hours for residents to come and go from the facility such that no residents are free to come and go at all hours of the day and night. To prevent residents from taking unreasonable actions, the facility administrator, where appropriate, may condition a resident's leaving the facility upon the resident being accompanied by the administrator or the administrator's designee and the resident may be required to notify the

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- 1 administrator or the administrator's designee of any intent to leave,
- 2 his or her intended destination, and the probable time of his or her
- 3 return to the center.
- 4 (((16))) <u>(17)</u> "Staff secure facility" means a structured group care
- 5 facility licensed under rules adopted by the department with a ratio of
- 6 at least one adult staff member to every two children.
- 7 (((17))) (18) "Temporary out-of-home placement" means an out-of-
- 8 home placement of not more than fourteen days ordered by the court at
- 9 a fact-finding hearing on a child in need of services petition.
- 10 **Sec. 3.** RCW 13.32A.040 and 1995 c 312 s 5 are each amended to read
- 11 as follows:
- 12 Families who are in conflict or who are experiencing problems with
- 13 at-risk youth or a child who may be in need of services may request
- 14 family reconciliation services from the department. The department may
- 15 involve a local multidisciplinary team in its response in determining
- 16 the services to be provided and in providing those services. Such
- 17 services shall be provided to alleviate personal or family situations
- 18 which present a serious and imminent threat to the health or stability
- 19 of the child or family and to maintain families intact wherever
- 20 possible. Family reconciliation services shall be designed to develop
- 21 skills and supports within families to resolve problems related to at-
- 22 risk youth, children in need of services, or family conflicts ((and)).
- 23 <u>These services</u> may include but are not limited to referral to services
- 24 for suicide prevention, psychiatric or other medical care, or
- 25 psychological, mental health, drug or alcohol treatment, welfare,
- 26 legal, educational, or other social services, as appropriate to the
- 27 needs of the child and the family((. Family reconciliation services
- 28 may also include)), and training in parenting, conflict management, and
- 29 dispute resolution skills.
- 30 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.32A.042 and 1995 c 312 s 13 are each amended to
- 31 read as follows:
- 32 (1)(a) The administrator of a crisis residential center may convene
- 33 a multidisciplinary team, which is to be locally based and
- 34 administered, at the request of a child placed at the center or the
- 35 child's parent.
- 36 (b) If the administrator has reasonable cause to believe that a
- 37 child is a child in need of services and the parent is unavailable or

unwilling to continue efforts to maintain the family structure, the administrator shall immediately convene a multidisciplinary team.

- (c) A parent may disband a team twenty-four hours, excluding weekends and holidays, after receiving notice of formation of the team under (b) of this subsection unless a petition has been filed under RCW 13.32A.140. If a petition has been filed the parent may not disband the team until the hearing is held under RCW 13.32A.179. The court may allow the team to continue if an out-of-home placement is ordered under RCW 13.32A.179(3). Upon the filing of an at-risk youth or dependency petition the team shall cease to exist, unless the parent requests continuation of the team or unless the out-of-home placement was ordered under RCW 13.32A.179(3).
- (2) The secretary shall request participation of appropriate state agencies to assist in the coordination and delivery of services through the multidisciplinary teams. Those agencies that agree to participate shall provide the secretary all information necessary to facilitate forming a multidisciplinary team and the secretary shall provide this information to the administrator of each crisis residential center.
- (3) The secretary shall designate within each region a department employee who shall have responsibility for coordination of the state response to a request for creation of a multidisciplinary team. The secretary shall advise the administrator of each crisis residential center of the name of the appropriate employee. Upon a request of the administrator to form a multidisciplinary team the employee shall provide a list of the agencies that have agreed to participate in the multidisciplinary team.
- 27 (4) The administrator shall also seek participation from 28 representatives of mental health and drug and alcohol treatment 29 providers as appropriate.
 - (5) A parent shall be advised of the request to form a multidisciplinary team and may select additional members of the multidisciplinary team. The parent or child may request any person or persons to participate including, but not limited to, educators, law enforcement personnel, court personnel, family therapists, licensed health care practitioners, social service providers, youth residential placement providers, other family members, church representatives, and members of their own community. The administrator shall assist in obtaining the prompt participation of persons requested by the parent or child.

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- 1 (6) When an administrator of a crisis residential center requests 2 the formation of a team, the state agencies must respond as soon as 3 possible. ((The team shall have the authority to evaluate the 4 juvenile, and family members, if appropriate and agreed to by the 5 parent, and shall:
 - (a) With parental input, develop a plan of appropriate available services and assist the family in obtaining those services;

- 8 (b) Make a referral to the designated chemical dependency
 9 specialist or the county designated mental health professional, if
 10 appropriate;
- (c) Recommend no further intervention because the juvenile and his
 or her family have resolved the problem causing the family conflict; or
- 13 (d) With the parent's consent, work with them to achieve 14 reconciliation of the child and family.))
- 15 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.32A.044 and 1995 c 312 s 14 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- 17 (1) The purpose of the multidisciplinary team is to assist in a 18 coordinated referral of the family to available social and health-19 related services.
- 20 (2) The team shall have the authority to evaluate the juvenile, and 21 family members, if appropriate and agreed to by the parent, and shall:
- 22 <u>(a) With parental input, develop a plan of appropriate available</u>
 23 services and assist the family in obtaining those services;
- (b) Make a referral to the designated chemical dependency specialist or the county designated mental health professional, if appropriate;
- 27 (c) Recommend no further intervention because the juvenile and his 28 or her family have resolved the problem causing the family conflict; or
- 29 <u>(d) With the parent's consent, work with them to achieve</u> 30 reconciliation of the child and family.
- 31 (3) At the first meeting of the multidisciplinary team, it shall 32 choose a member to coordinate the team's efforts. The parent member of
- 33 the multidisciplinary team must agree with the choice of coordinator.
- 34 The team shall meet or communicate as often as necessary to assist the 35 family.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (4) The coordinator of the multidisciplinary team may assist in filing a child in need of services petition when requested by the parent or child or an at-risk youth petition when requested by the

- 1 parent. The multidisciplinary team shall have no standing as a party 2 in any action under this title.
- (((4))) (5) If the administrator is unable to contact the child's parent, the multidisciplinary team may be used for assistance. If the parent has not been contacted within five days the administrator shall
- 6 contact the department and request the case be reviewed for a
- 7 dependency filing under chapter 13.34 RCW.
- 8 **Sec. 6.** RCW 13.32A.050 and 1997 c 146 s 2 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 (1) A law enforcement officer shall take a child into custody:
- 11 (a) If a law enforcement agency has been contacted by the parent of 12 the child that the child is absent from parental custody without 13 consent; or
- (b) If a law enforcement officer reasonably believes, considering the child's age, the location, and the time of day, that a child is in circumstances which constitute a danger to the child's safety or that a child is violating a local curfew ordinance; or
- 18 (c) If an agency legally charged with the supervision of a child 19 has notified a law enforcement agency that the child has run away from 20 placement; or
- (d) If a law enforcement agency has been notified by the juvenile court that the court finds probable cause exists to believe that the child has violated a court placement order issued ((pursuant to)) under this chapter ((13.32A)) or chapter 13.34 RCW or that the court has issued an order for law enforcement pick-up of the child under this chapter or chapter 13.34 RCW.
- (2) Law enforcement custody shall not extend beyond the amount of 27 time reasonably necessary to transport the child to a destination 28 29 authorized by law and to place the child at that destination. 30 enforcement custody continues until the law enforcement officer transfers custody to a person, agency, or other authorized entity under 31 32 this chapter, or releases the child because no placement is available. 33 Transfer of custody is not complete unless the person, agency, or 34 entity to whom the child is released agrees to accept custody.
- 35 (3) If a law enforcement officer takes a child into custody 36 pursuant to either subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section and 37 transports the child to a crisis residential center, the officer shall, 38 within twenty-four hours of delivering the child to the center, provide

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- to the center a written report detailing the reasons the officer took the child into custody. The center shall provide the department with a copy of the officer's report.
- 4 (4) If the law enforcement officer who initially takes the juvenile 5 into custody or the staff of the crisis residential center have 6 reasonable cause to believe that the child is absent from home because 7 he or she is abused or neglected, a report shall be made immediately to 8 the department.
- 9 (5) Nothing in this section affects the authority of any political 10 subdivision to make regulations concerning the conduct of minors in 11 public places by ordinance or other local law.
- 12 (6) If a law enforcement officer ((receives a report that causes
 13 the officer to have)) has a reasonable suspicion that a child is being
 14 unlawfully harbored ((under RCW 13.32A.080 or for other reasons has a
 15 reasonable suspicion that a child is being harbored under)) in
 16 violation of RCW 13.32A.080, the officer shall remove the child from
 17 the custody of the person harboring the child and shall transport the
 18 child to one of the locations specified in RCW 13.32A.060.
- 19 (7) No child may be placed in a secure facility except as provided 20 in this chapter.
- 21 **Sec. 7.** RCW 13.32A.060 and 1997 c 146 s 3 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- 23 (1) An officer taking a child into custody under RCW 13.32A.050(1)
- 24 (a) or (b) shall inform the child of the reason for such custody and
- 25 shall:
- (a) Transport the child to his or her home or to a parent at his or 26 her place of employment, if no parent is at home. The parent may 27 request that the officer take the child to the home of an adult 28 29 extended family member, responsible adult, crisis residential center, the department, or a licensed youth shelter. In responding to the 30 request of the parent, the officer shall take the child to a requested 31 place which, in the officer's belief, is within a reasonable distance 32 of the parent's home. The officer releasing a child into the custody 33 34 of a parent, an adult extended family member, responsible adult, or a licensed youth shelter shall inform the person receiving the child of 35 36 the reason for taking the child into custody and inform all parties of the nature and location of appropriate services available in the 37

community; or

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- 1 (b) After attempting to notify the parent, take the child to a designated crisis residential center's secure facility or a center's semi-secure facility if a secure facility is full, not available, or not located within a reasonable distance <u>if</u>:
- (i) ((\frac{\frac{1}{4}}{1})) The child expresses fear or distress at the prospect of being returned to his or her home which leads the officer to believe there is a possibility that the child is experiencing some type of ((\frac{child}{1})) abuse or neglect((\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}));
- 9 (ii) $((\frac{1}{1}))$ <u>I</u>t is not practical to transport the child to his or 10 her home or place of the parent's employment; or
- 11 (iii) ((\pm f)) There is no parent available to accept custody of the 12 child; or
- 13 (c) After attempting to notify the parent, if a crisis residential center is full, not available, or not located within a reasonable 14 15 distance, ((the officer may)) request the department to accept custody 16 If the department determines that an appropriate placement is currently available, the department shall accept custody 17 and place the child in an out-of-home placement. Upon accepting 18 19 custody of a child from the officer, the department may place the child 20 in an out-of-home placement for up to seventy-two hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, without filing a child in need of 21 services petition ((under this chapter)), obtaining parental consent, 22 23 or obtaining an order for placement under chapter 13.34 RCW. 24 transferring a child to the department's custody, the officer shall 25 provide written documentation of the reasons and the statutory basis 26 for taking the child into custody. If the department declines to accept custody of the child, the officer may release the child after 27 attempting to take the child to the following, in the order listed: 28 The home of an adult extended family member; a responsible adult; or a 29 licensed youth shelter ((and)). The officer shall immediately notify 30 31 the department if no placement option is available and the child is released. 32
- (2) An officer taking a child into custody under RCW 13.32A.050(1) (c) or (d) shall inform the child of the reason for custody. An officer taking a child into custody under RCW 13.32A.050(1)(c) may release the child to the supervising agency, or shall take the child to a designated crisis residential center's secure facility. If the secure facility is not available, not located within a reasonable distance, or full, the officer shall take the child to a semi-secure

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- 1 crisis residential center. An officer taking a child into custody
- 2 under RCW 13.32A.050(1)(d) may place the child in a juvenile detention
- 3 facility as provided in RCW 13.32A.065 or a secure facility, except
- 4 that the child shall be taken to detention whenever the officer has
- 5 been notified that a juvenile court has entered a detention order under
- 6 this chapter or chapter 13.34 RCW.
- 7 (3) Every officer taking a child into custody shall provide the
- 8 child and his or her parent or parents or responsible adult with a copy
- 9 of the statement specified in RCW 13.32A.130(6).
- 10 (4) Whenever an officer transfers custody of a child to a crisis
- 11 residential center or the department, the child may reside in the
- 12 crisis residential center or may be placed by the department in an out-
- 13 of-home placement for an aggregate total period of time not to exceed
- 14 seventy-two hours excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.
- 15 Thereafter, the child may continue in out-of-home placement only if the
- 16 parents have consented, a child in need of services petition has been
- 17 filed ((under this chapter)), or an order for placement has been
- 18 entered under chapter 13.34 RCW.
- 19 $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (5) The department shall ensure that all law enforcement
- 20 authorities are informed on a regular basis as to the location of all
- 21 designated secure and semi-secure facilities within centers in their
- 22 jurisdiction, where children taken into custody under RCW 13.32A.050
- 23 may be taken.
- 24 Sec. 8. RCW 13.32A.065 and 1996 c 133 s 12 are each amended to
- 25 read as follows:
- 26 (1) ((A child may be placed in detention after being taken into
- 27 custody pursuant to RCW 13.32A.050(1)(d).)) If a child is placed in
- 28 <u>detention under RCW 13.32A.050(1)(d)</u>, the court shall hold a detention
- 29 review hearing within twenty-four hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays,
- 30 and holidays. The court shall release the child after twenty-four
- 31 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, unless:
- 32 (a) A motion and order to show why the child should not be held in
- 33 contempt has been filed and served on the child at or before the
- 34 detention hearing; and
- 35 (b) The court believes that the child would not appear at a hearing
- 36 on contempt.

- (2) If the court orders the child to remain in detention, the court 1
- shall set the matter for a hearing on contempt within seventy-two 2
- hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. 3

- 4 Sec. 9. RCW 13.32A.080 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 507 are each amended to read as follows: 5
- (1)(a) A person commits the crime of unlawful harboring of a minor 6 7 if the person provides shelter to a minor without the consent of a
- parent of the minor and after the person knows that the minor is away 8
- 9 from the home of the parent, without the parent's permission, and if the person intentionally: 10
- (i) Fails to release the minor to a law enforcement officer after 11 being requested to do so by the officer; or 12
- (ii) Fails to disclose the location of the minor to a law 13 14 enforcement officer after being requested to do so by the officer, if the person knows the location of the minor and had either taken the 15 16 minor to that location or had assisted the minor in reaching that location; or
- 18 (iii) Obstructs a law enforcement officer from taking the minor 19 into custody; or
- (iv) Assists the minor in avoiding or attempting to avoid the 20 custody of the law enforcement officer. 21
- 22 (b) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that the 23 defendant had custody of the minor pursuant to a court order.
- 24 (2) <u>Unlawful h</u>arboring <u>of</u> a minor is punishable as a gross 25 misdemeanor.
- 26 (((3) Any person who provides shelter to a child, absent from home, 27 may notify the department's local community service office of the 28 child's presence.
- 29 (4) An adult responsible for involving a child in the commission of 30 an offense may be prosecuted under existing criminal statutes including, but not limited to: 31
- 32 (a) Distribution of a controlled substance to a minor, as defined 33 in RCW 69.50.406;
- 34 (b) Promoting prostitution as defined in chapter 9A.88 RCW; and
- (c) Complicity of the adult in the crime of a minor, under RCW 35 36 9A.08.020.))

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- 1 **Sec. 10.** RCW 13.32A.082 and 1996 c 133 s 14 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) Any person who, without legal authorization, provides shelter 4 to a minor and who knows at the time of providing the shelter that the
- 5 minor is away from the parent's home without the permission of the
- 6 <u>parent</u>, or other lawfully prescribed residence((, without the
- 7 permission of the parent)), shall promptly report the location of the
- 8 child to the parent, the law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction in
- 9 which the person lives, or the department. The report may be made by
- 10 telephone or any other reasonable means.
- 11 (2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions
- 12 in this subsection apply throughout this section.
- 13 (a) "Shelter" means the person's home or any structure over which
- 14 the person has any control.
- 15 (b) "Promptly report" means to report within eight hours after the
- 16 person has knowledge that the minor is away from a lawfully prescribed
- 17 <u>residence or</u> home without parental permission.
- 18 (3) When the department receives a report under subsection (1) of
- 19 this section, it shall make a good faith attempt to notify the parent
- 20 that a report has been received and offer services designed to resolve
- 21 the conflict and accomplish a reunification of the family.
- 22 **Sec. 11.** RCW 13.32A.090 and 1996 c 133 s 7 are each amended to
- 23 read as follows:
- 24 (1) The administrator of a designated crisis residential center or
- 25 the department shall perform the duties under subsection $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ of
- 26 this section:
- 27 (a) Upon admitting a child who has been brought to the center by a
- 28 law enforcement officer under RCW 13.32A.060;
- 29 (b) Upon admitting a child who has run away from home or has
- 30 requested admittance to the center;
- 31 (c) Upon learning from a person under RCW ((13.32A.080(3)))
- 32 13.32A.082 that the person is providing shelter to a child absent from
- 33 home; or
- 34 (d) Upon learning that a child has been placed with a responsible
- 35 adult pursuant to RCW 13.32A.060.
- 36 (2) <u>Transportation expenses of the child shall be at the parent's</u>
- 37 expense to the extent of his or her ability to pay, with any unmet
- 38 transportation expenses assumed by the department.

1 (3) When any of the circumstances under subsection (1) of this 2 section are present, the administrator of a center or the department 3 shall perform the following duties:

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- (a) Immediately notify the child's parent of the child's whereabouts, physical and emotional condition, and the circumstances surrounding his or her placement;
- (b) Initially notify the parent that it is the paramount concern of the family reconciliation service personnel to achieve a reconciliation between the parent and child to reunify the family and inform the parent as to the procedures to be followed under this chapter;
- 11 (c) Inform the parent whether a referral to children's protective 12 services has been made and, if so, inform the parent of the standard 13 pursuant to RCW 26.44.020(12) governing child abuse and neglect in this 14 state; and either
- (d)(i) Arrange transportation for the child to the residence of the parent, as soon as practicable, ((at the latter's expense to the extent of his or her ability to pay, with any unmet transportation expenses to be assumed by the department,)) when the child and his or her parent agrees to the child's return home or when the parent produces a copy of a court order entered under this chapter requiring the child to reside in the parent's home; or
- ((\(\frac{(+)}{e}\))) (ii) Arrange transportation for the child to: (i) An outof-home placement which may include a licensed group care facility or
 foster family when agreed to by the child and parent; or (ii) a
 certified or licensed mental health or chemical dependency program of
 the parent's choice((; at the parent's expense to the extent of his or
 her ability to pay, with any unmet transportation expenses assumed by
 the department)).
- $((\frac{(3)}{(3)}))$ (4) If the administrator of the crisis residential center performs the duties listed in subsection $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (3) of this section, he or she shall also notify the department that a child has been admitted to the crisis residential center.
- 33 **Sec. 12.** RCW 13.32A.095 and 1996 c 133 s 15 are each amended to 34 read as follows:
- The administrator of ((the)) <u>a</u> crisis residential center shall notify parents ((and)), the appropriate law enforcement agency, and the <u>department</u> immediately as to any unauthorized leave from the center by a child placed at the center.

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- 1 **Sec. 13.** RCW 13.32A.100 and 1996 c 133 s 16 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 Where a child is placed in an out-of-home placement pursuant to RCW
- 4 13.32A.090($(\frac{(2)(e)}{(2)(e)})$) $\underline{(3)(d)(ii)}$, the department shall make available
- 5 family reconciliation services in order to facilitate the reunification
- 6 of the family. Any such placement may continue as long as there is
- 7 agreement by the child and parent.
- 8 **Sec. 14.** RCW 13.32A.120 and 1996 c 133 s 18 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- 10 (1) Where either a child or the child's parent or the person or
- 11 facility currently providing shelter to the child notifies the center
- 12 that such individual or individuals cannot agree to the continuation of
- 13 an out-of-home placement arrived at pursuant to RCW
- 14 13.32A.090($(\frac{(2)(e)}{(e)})$) $\underline{(3)(d)(ii)}$, the administrator of the center shall
- 15 immediately contact the remaining party or parties to the agreement and
- 16 shall attempt to bring about the child's return home or to an
- 17 alternative living arrangement agreeable to the child and the parent as
- 18 soon as practicable.
- 19 (2) If a child and his or her parent cannot agree to an out-of-home
- 20 placement under RCW 13.32A.090($(\frac{(2)(e)}{(2)(e)})$) (3)(d)(ii), either the child
- 21 or parent may file ((with the juvenile court)) a child in need of
- 22 services petition to approve an out-of-home placement or the parent may
- 23 file ((with the juvenile court a)) an at-risk youth petition ((in the
- 24 interest of a child alleged to be an at-risk youth under this
- 25 chapter)).
- 26 (3) If a child and his or her parent cannot agree to the
- 27 continuation of an out-of-home placement ((arrived at)) under RCW
- 28 13.32A.090($(\frac{(2)(e)}{(2)})$) (3)(d)(ii), either the child or parent may file
- 29 ((with the juvenile court)) a child in need of services petition to
- 30 ((approve)) continue an out-of-home placement or the parent may file
- 31 ((with the juvenile court a)) an at-risk youth petition ((in the
- 32 interest of a child alleged to be an at-risk youth under this
- 33 chapter)).
- 34 **Sec. 15.** RCW 13.32A.130 and 1997 c 146 s 4 are each amended to
- 35 read as follows:
- 36 (1) A child admitted to a secure facility ((within a crisis
- 37 residential center)) shall remain in the facility for at least twenty-

- four hours after admission but for not more than five consecutive days((, but for at least twenty four hours after admission)). If the child admitted under this section is transferred ((between centers or)) between secure and semi-secure facilities, the aggregate length of time spent in all such centers or facilities may not exceed five consecutive days per admission.
- 7 (2)(a)(i) The facility administrator shall determine within twenty-8 four hours after a child's admission to a secure facility whether the 9 child is likely to remain in a semi-secure facility and may transfer 10 the child to a semi-secure facility or release the child to the department. The determination shall be based on: (A) The need for 11 continued assessment, protection, and treatment of the child in a 12 secure facility; and (B) the likelihood the child would remain at a 13 semi-secure facility until his or her parents can take the child home 14 or a petition can be filed under this title. 15
- 16 (ii) In making the determination the administrator shall consider 17 the following information if known: (A) The child's age and maturity; (B) the child's condition upon arrival at the center; (C) the 18 19 circumstances that led to the child's being taken to the center; (D) 20 whether the child's behavior endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the child or any other person; (E) the child's history of running 21 away ((which has endangered the health, safety, and welfare of the 22 23 child)); and (F) the child's willingness to cooperate in the 24 assessment.

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- (b) If the administrator of a secure facility determines the child is unlikely to remain in a semi-secure facility, the administrator shall keep the child in the secure facility pursuant to this chapter and in order to provide for space for the child may transfer another child who has been in the facility for at least seventy-two hours to a semi-secure facility. The administrator shall only make a transfer of a child after determining that the child who may be transferred is likely to remain at the semi-secure facility.
- 33 (c) A crisis residential center administrator is authorized to 34 transfer a child to a crisis residential center in the area where the 35 child's parents reside or where the child's lawfully prescribed 36 residence is located.
- 37 (d) An administrator may transfer a child from a semi-secure 38 facility to a secure facility whenever he or she reasonably believes 39 that the child is likely to leave the semi-secure facility and not

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1 return and after full consideration of all factors in (a)(i) and (ii) 2 of this subsection.

- (3) If no parent is available or willing to remove the child during the first seventy-two hours following admission, the department shall consider the filing of a petition under RCW 13.32A.140.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the parents may remove the child at any time during the five-day period unless the staff of the crisis residential center has reasonable cause to believe that the child is absent from the home because he or she is abused or neglected or if allegations of abuse or neglect have been made against the parents. The department or any agency legally charged with the supervision of a child may remove a child from a crisis residential center at any time after the first twenty-four-hour period after admission has elapsed and only after full consideration by all parties of the factors in subsection (2)(a) of this section.
- (5) Crisis residential center staff shall make reasonable efforts to protect the child and achieve a reconciliation of the family. If a reconciliation and voluntary return of the child has not been achieved within forty-eight hours from the time of ((intake)) admission, and if the administrator of the center does not consider it likely that reconciliation will be achieved within the five-day period, then the administrator shall inform the parent and child of: availability of counseling services; (b) the right to file a child in need of services petition for an out-of-home placement, the right of a parent to file an at-risk youth petition, and the right of the parent and child to obtain assistance in filing the petition; (c) the right to request the facility administrator or his or her designee to form a multidisciplinary team; (d) the right to request a review of any outof-home placement; (e) the right to request a mental health or chemical dependency evaluation by a county-designated professional or a private treatment facility; and (f) the right to request treatment in a program to address the child's at-risk behavior under RCW 13.32A.197.
- (6) At no time shall information regarding a parent's or child's rights be withheld. The department shall develop and distribute to all law enforcement agencies and to each crisis residential center administrator a written statement delineating the services and rights. ((Every officer taking a child into custody shall provide the child and his or her parent(s) or responsible adult with whom the child is placed

- 1 with a copy of the statement. In addition,)) The administrator of the
- 2 facility or his or her designee shall provide every resident and parent
- 3 with a copy of the statement.
- 4 (7) A crisis residential center and ((its administrator or his or
- 5 her designee)) any person employed at the center acting in good faith
- 6 in carrying out the provisions of this section are immune from criminal
- 7 or civil liability for such actions.
- 8 **Sec. 16.** RCW 13.32A.140 and 1997 c 146 s 5 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- 10 Unless the department files a dependency petition, the department
- 11 shall file a child in need of services petition to approve an out-of-
- 12 home placement on behalf of a child under any of the following sets of
- 13 circumstances:
- 14 (1) The child has been admitted to a crisis residential center or
- 15 has been placed by the department in an out-of-home placement, and:
- 16 (a) The parent has been notified that the child was so admitted or
- 17 placed;
- 18 (b) The child cannot return home, and legal authorization is needed
- 19 for out-of-home placement beyond seventy-two hours;
- 20 (c) No agreement between the parent and the child as to where the
- 21 child shall live has been reached;
- 22 (d) No child in need of services petition has been filed by either
- 23 the child or parent;
- (e) The parent has not filed an at-risk youth petition; and
- 25 (f) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of
- 26 his or her parent.
- 27 (2) The child has been admitted to a crisis residential center and:
- 28 (a) Seventy-two hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays,
- 29 have passed since such placement;
- 30 (b) The staff, after searching with due diligence, have been unable
- 31 to contact the parent of such child; and
- 32 (c) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of
- 33 his or her parent.
- 34 (3) An agreement between parent and child made pursuant to RCW
- 35 $13.32A.090((\frac{(2)(e)}{(e)}))$ (3)(d)(ii) or pursuant to RCW 13.32A.120(1) is no
- 36 longer acceptable to parent or child, and:
- 37 (a) The party to whom the arrangement is no longer acceptable has
- 38 so notified the department;

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- 1 (b) Seventy-two hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, 2 have passed since such notification;
- 3 (c) No new agreement between parent and child as to where the child 4 shall live has been reached;
- 5 (d) No child in need of services petition has been filed by either 6 the child or the parent;
 - (e) The parent has not filed an at-risk youth petition; and

8 (f) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of 9 his or her parent.

10 Under the circumstances of subsections (1), (2), or (3) of this section, the child shall remain in an out-of-home placement until a 11 child in need of services petition filed by the department on behalf of 12 13 the child is reviewed ((by the juvenile court)) and ((is)) resolved by the juvenile court. The department may authorize emergency medical or 14 dental care for a child admitted to a crisis residential center or 15 placed in an out-of-home placement by the department. The state, when 16 17 the department files a child in need of services petition under this section, shall be represented as provided for in RCW 13.04.093. 18

- 19 **Sec. 17.** RCW 13.32A.150 and 1996 c 133 s 20 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the juvenile 21 court shall not accept the filing of a child in need of services 22 23 petition by the child or the parents or the filing of an at-risk youth 24 petition by the parent, unless verification is provided that the 25 department has completed a family assessment ((has been completed by the department)). The family assessment ((provided by the department)) 26 27 shall involve the multidisciplinary team ((as provided in RCW 13.32A.040,)) if one exists. The family assessment or plan of services 28 29 developed by the multidisciplinary team shall be aimed at family reconciliation, reunification, and avoidance of the out-of-home 30 placement of the child. If the department is unable to complete an 31 32 assessment within two working days following a request for assessment 33 the child or the parents may proceed under subsection (2) of this 34 section or the parent may proceed under RCW 13.32A.191.
- 35 (2) A child or a child's parent may file with the juvenile court a 36 child in need of services petition to approve an out-of-home placement 37 for the child. The department shall, when requested, assist either a 38 parent or child in the filing of the petition. The petition must be

- 1 filed in the county where the parent resides. The petition shall
- 2 allege that the child is a child in need of services and shall ask only
- 3 that the placement of a child outside the home of his or her parent be
- 4 approved. The filing of a petition to approve the placement is not
- 5 dependent upon the court's having obtained any prior jurisdiction over
- 6 the child or his or her parent, and confers upon the court a special
- 7 jurisdiction to approve or disapprove an out-of-home placement under
- 8 this chapter.
- 9 (3) A petition may not be filed if the child is the subject of a
- 10 proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW.
- 11 **Sec. 18.** RCW 13.32A.152 and 1996 c 133 s 21 are each amended to
- 12 read as follows:
- 13 (1) Whenever a child in need of services petition is filed by: (a)
- 14 A youth pursuant to RCW 13.32A.150((-)); (b) the child or the child's
- 15 parent pursuant to RCW 13.32A.120; or (c) the department pursuant to
- 16 RCW 13.32A.140, the filing party shall have a copy of the petition
- 17 served on the parents of the youth. Service shall first be attempted
- 18 in person and if unsuccessful, then by certified mail with return
- 19 receipt.
- 20 (2) Whenever a child in need of services petition is filed by a
- 21 youth or parent pursuant to RCW 13.32A.150, the court shall immediately
- 22 notify the department that a petition has been filed.
- 23 **Sec. 19.** RCW 13.32A.160 and 1997 c 146 s 6 are each amended to
- 24 read as follows:
- 25 (1) When a proper child in need of services petition to approve an
- 26 out-of-home placement is filed under RCW 13.32A.120, 13.32A.140, or
- 27 13.32A.150 the juvenile court shall: (a)(i) Schedule a fact-finding
- 28 hearing to be held: (A) For a child who resides in a place other than
- 29 his or her parent's home and other than an out-of-home placement,
- 30 within five calendar days unless the last calendar day is a Saturday,
- 31 Sunday, or holiday, in which case the hearing shall be held on the
- 32 preceding judicial day; or (B) for a child living at home or in an out-
- 33 of-home placement, within ten days; and (ii) notify the parent, child,
- 34 and the department of such date; (b) notify the parent of the right to
- 35 be represented by counsel and, if indigent, to have counsel appointed
- 36 for him or her by the court; (c) appoint legal counsel for the child;
- 37 (d) inform the child and his or her parent of the legal consequences of

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- the court approving or disapproving a child in need of services 1 2 petition; (e) notify the parents of their rights under this chapter and chapters 11.88, 13.34, 70.96A, and 71.34 RCW, including the right to 3 4 file an at-risk youth petition, the right to submit an application for 5 admission of their child to a treatment facility for alcohol, chemical dependency, or mental health treatment, and the right to file a 6 7 guardianship petition; and (f) notify all parties, including the 8 department, of their right to present evidence at the fact-finding 9 hearing.
- (2) Upon filing of a child in need of services petition, the child may be placed, if not already placed, by the department in a crisis residential center, foster family home, group home facility licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW, or any other suitable residence other than a HOPE center to be determined by the department. The court may place a child in a crisis residential center for a temporary out-of-home placement as long as the requirements of RCW 13.32A.125 are met.
- (3) If the child has been placed in a foster family home or group care facility under chapter 74.15 RCW, the child shall remain there, or in any other suitable residence as determined by the department, pending resolution of the petition by the court. Any placement may be reviewed by the court within three judicial days upon the request of the juvenile or the juvenile's parent.
- 23 **Sec. 20.** RCW 13.32A.170 and 1996 c 133 s 23 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
 - (1) The court shall hold a fact-finding hearing to consider a proper child in need of services petition, giving due weight to the intent of the legislature that families have the right to place reasonable restrictions and rules upon their children, appropriate to the individual child's developmental level. The court may appoint legal counsel and/or a guardian ad litem to represent the child and advise parents of their right to be represented by legal counsel. At the commencement of the hearing, the court shall advise the parents of their rights as set forth in RCW 13.32A.160(1). If the court approves or denies a child in need of services petition, a written statement of the reasons must be filed.
- 36 (2) The court may approve an order stating that the child shall be 37 placed in a residence other than the home of his or her parent only if 38 it is established by a preponderance of the evidence, including a

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- 1 departmental recommendation for approval or dismissal of the petition,
- 2 that:

- 3 (a) The child is a child in need of services as defined in RCW $4 \ 13.32A.030(((4))) \ (5);$
- 5 (b) If the petitioner is a child, he or she has made a reasonable 6 effort to resolve the conflict;
- 7 (c) Reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the 8 need for removal of the child from the child's home and to make it 9 possible for the child to return home; and
- 10 (d) A suitable out-of-home placement resource is available.
- The court may not grant a petition filed by the child or the department if it is established that the petition is based only upon a dislike of reasonable rules or reasonable discipline established by the parent.
- The court may not grant the petition if the child is the subject of a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW.
- (3) Following the fact-finding hearing the court shall: (a)
 Approve a child in need of services petition and, if appropriate, enter
 a temporary out-of-home placement for a period not to exceed fourteen
 days pending approval of a disposition decision to be made under RCW
 13.32A.179(2); (b) approve an at-risk youth petition filed by the
 parents and dismiss the child in need of services petition; or (c)
- 24 <u>At any time the court may</u> order the department to review the case 25 to determine whether the case is appropriate for a dependency petition
- 26 under chapter 13.34 RCW.

dismiss the petition((i - or (d))).

- 27 **Sec. 21.** RCW 13.32A.179 and 1997 c 146 s 7 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
- (1) A disposition hearing shall be held no later than fourteen days after the approval of the temporary out-of-home placement. The parents, child, and department shall be notified by the court of the time and place of the hearing.
- (2) At the conclusion of the disposition hearing, the court may:
 (a) Reunite the family and dismiss the petition; (b) approve an at-risk
 youth petition filed by the parents and dismiss the child in need of
 services petition; (c) approve an out-of-home placement requested in
 the child in need of services petition by the parents; or (d) order an

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out-of-home placement at the request of the child or the department not to exceed ninety days((; or (e))).

At any time the court may order the department to review the matter for purposes of filing a dependency petition under chapter 13.34 RCW. Whether or not the court approves or orders an out-of-home placement, the court may also order any conditions of supervision as set forth in RCW 13.32A.196($(\frac{1}{2})$) (3).

- 8 (3) The court may only enter an order under subsection (2)(d) of 9 this section if it finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence 10 that: (a)(i) The order is in the best interest of the family; (ii) the parents have not requested an out-of-home placement; (iii) the parents 11 12 have not exercised any other right listed in RCW 13.32A.160(1)(e); (iv) 13 the child has made reasonable efforts to resolve the problems that led to the filing of the petition; (v) the problems cannot be resolved by 14 15 delivery of services to the family during continued placement of the 16 child in the parental home; (vi) reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's 17 home and to make it possible for the child to return home; and (vii) a 18 19 suitable out-of-home placement resource is available; (b)(i) the order 20 is in the best interest of the child; and (ii) the parents are unavailable; or (c) the parent's actions cause an imminent threat to 21 22 the child's health or safety.
- (4) The court may order the department to submit a dispositional 23 plan if such a plan would assist the court in ordering a suitable 24 25 disposition in the case. The plan, if ordered, shall address the needs 26 of the child, and the perceived needs of the parents if the order was 27 entered under subsection (2)(d) of this section or if specifically agreed to by the parents. If the parents do not agree or the order was 28 not entered under subsection (2)(d) of this section the plan may only 29 30 make recommendations regarding services in which the parents may voluntarily participate. If the court orders the department to prepare 31 a plan, the department shall provide copies of the plan to the parent, 32 the child, and the court. If the parties or the court desire the 33 department to be involved in any future proceedings or case plan 34 35 development, the department shall be provided with timely notification 36 of all court hearings.
- 37 (5) A child who fails to comply with a court order issued under 38 this section shall be subject to contempt proceedings, as provided in

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- 1 this chapter, but only if the noncompliance occurs within one year 2 after the entry of the order.
- 3 (6) After the court approves or orders an out-of-home placement, 4 the parents or the department may request, and the court may grant, 5 dismissal of the child in need of services proceeding when it is not
- 6 feasible for the department to provide services due to one or more of 7 the following circumstances:
- 8 (a) The child has been absent from court approved placement for 9 thirty consecutive days or more;
- (b) The parents or the child, or all of them, refuse to cooperate in available, appropriate intervention aimed at reunifying the family; or
- 13 (c) The department has exhausted all available and appropriate 14 resources that would result in reunification.
- 15 (7) The court shall dismiss a placement made under subsection 16 (2)(c) of this section upon the request of the parents.
- 17 **Sec. 22.** RCW 13.32A.191 and 1995 c 312 s 25 are each amended to 18 read as follows:
- (1) A child's parent may file with the juvenile court a petition in the interest of a child alleged to be an at-risk youth. The department shall, when requested, assist the parent in filing the petition. The petition shall be filed in the county where the petitioner resides. The petition shall set forth the name, age, and residence of the child and the names and residence of the child's parents and shall allege that:
 - (a) The child is an at-risk youth ((as defined in this chapter));

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- (b) The petitioner has the right to legal custody of the child;
- (c) Court intervention and supervision are necessary to assist the parent to maintain the care, custody, and control of the child; and
- 30 (d) Alternatives to court intervention have been attempted or there 31 is good cause why such alternatives have not been attempted.
- (2) The petition shall set forth facts that support the allegations in this section and shall generally request relief available under this chapter. The petition need not specify any proposed disposition following adjudication of the petition. The filing of an at-risk youth petition is not dependent upon the court's having obtained any prior jurisdiction over the child or his or her parent and confers upon the

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- 1 court the special jurisdiction to assist the parent in maintaining 2 parental authority and responsibility for the child.
- 3 (3) A petition may not be filed if a dependency petition is pending 4 under chapter 13.34 RCW.
- 5 **Sec. 23.** RCW 13.32A.194 and 1996 c 133 s 27 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

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- (1) The court shall hold a fact-finding hearing to consider a proper at-risk youth petition. The court shall grant the petition and enter an order finding the child to be an at-risk youth if the allegations in the petition are established by a preponderance of the evidence, unless the child is the subject of a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW. If the petition is granted, the court shall enter an order requiring the child to reside in the home of his or her parent or in an out-of-home placement as provided in RCW 13.32A.192(2).
- 15 (2) The court may order the department to submit a dispositional plan if such a plan would assist the court in ordering a suitable 16 disposition in the case. If the court orders the department to prepare 17 18 a plan, the department shall provide copies of the plan to the parent, 19 the child, and the court. If the parties or the court desire the department to be involved in any future proceedings or case plan 20 21 development, the department shall be provided timely notification of 22 all court hearings.
- (3) ((A dispositional hearing shall be held no later than fourteen days after the fact-finding hearing. Each party shall be notified of the time and date of the hearing.
- (4)) If the court grants or denies an at-risk youth petition, a statement of the written reasons shall be entered into the records. If the court denies an at-risk youth petition, the court shall verbally advise the parties that the child is required to remain within the care, custody, and control of his or her parent.
- 31 **Sec. 24.** RCW 13.32A.196 and 1995 c 312 s 28 are each amended to 32 read as follows:
- 33 (1) A dispositional hearing shall be held no later than fourteen 34 days after the fact-finding hearing. Each party shall be notified of 35 the time and date of the hearing.
- 36 (2) At the dispositional hearing regarding an adjudicated at-risk 37 youth, the court shall consider the recommendations of the parties and

- the recommendations of any dispositional plan submitted by the department. The court may enter a dispositional order that will assist the parent in maintaining the care, custody, and control of the child
- 5 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (3) The court may set conditions of supervision for the 6 child that include:

and assist the family to resolve family conflicts or problems.

- (a) Regular school attendance;
- (b) Counseling;

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- 9 (c) Participation in a substance abuse or mental health outpatient 10 treatment program;
- 11 (d) Reporting on a regular basis to the department or any other 12 designated person or agency; and
- (e) Any other condition the court deems an appropriate condition of supervision including but not limited to: Employment, participation in an anger management program, and refraining from using alcohol or drugs.
 - $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (4) No dispositional order or condition of supervision ordered by a court pursuant to this section shall include involuntary commitment of a child for substance abuse or mental health treatment.
 - ((4))) (5) The court may order the parent to participate in counseling services or any other services for the child requiring parental participation. The parent shall cooperate with the court-ordered case plan and shall take necessary steps to help implement the case plan. The parent shall be financially responsible for costs related to the court-ordered plan; however, this requirement shall not affect the eligibility of the parent or child for public assistance or other benefits to which the parent or child may otherwise be entitled.
- 28 (((5))) (6) The parent may request dismissal of an at-risk youth proceeding or out-of-home placement at any time ((and)). Upon such a 29 30 request, the court shall dismiss the matter and cease court supervision 31 of the child unless: (a) A contempt action is pending in the case; (b) a petition has been filed under RCW 13.32A.150 and a hearing has not 32 yet been held under RCW 13.32A.179; or (c) an order has been entered 33 34 under RCW 13.32A.179(3) and the court retains jurisdiction under that 35 subsection. The court may retain jurisdiction over the matter for the purpose of concluding any pending contempt proceedings, including the 36 37 full satisfaction of any penalties imposed as a result of a contempt 38 finding.

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- 1 $((\frac{6}{1}))$ The court may order the department to monitor
- 2 compliance with the dispositional order, assist in coordinating the
- 3 provision of court-ordered services, and submit reports at subsequent
- 4 review hearings regarding the status of the case.
- 5 **Sec. 25.** RCW 13.32A.200 and 1979 c 155 s 34 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 All hearings pursuant to this chapter may be conducted at any time
- 8 or place within the county of the residence of the parent and such
- 9 cases shall not be heard in conjunction with the business of any other
- 10 division of the superior court. The ((general)) public shall be
- 11 excluded from hearings and only such persons who are found by the court
- 12 to have a direct interest in the case or the work of the court shall be
- 13 admitted to the proceedings.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 26.** The department of social and health
- 15 services shall prepare a report to the legislature and governor on the
- 16 utilization of multidisciplinary teams established under RCW
- 17 13.32A.042. The report shall include: (1) The number of teams
- 18 established in 1997 through 1999 by department region; (2) the persons
- 19 added to the teams at the request of a parent or child; (3) the average
- 20 cost per team; (4) trends in utilization of teams by region; (5) a
- 21 comparison of out-of-home placement rates for youths whose families use
- 22 the teams and those who do not; and (6) any recommendations on the
- 23 creation and usefulness of the teams. The report shall be submitted no
- 24 later than October 1, 2000. This section expires January 1, 2001.
- 25 NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. 1990 c 276 s 1 (uncodified) shall be
- 26 codified as a section within chapter 13.32A RCW.
- 27 NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. RCW 13.32A.210 (Foster home placement--
- 28 Parental preferences) and 1990 c 284 s 24 are each repealed.

--- END ---