SENATE BILL 6273

State of Washington 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

By Senators Franklin, Fraser, Winsley, Thibaudeau, Patterson, Costa, Fairley, Brown and Wojahn

Read first time . Referred to Committee on .

1 AN ACT Relating to lead-based paint activities; adding a new 2 chapter to Title 70 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; 3 and declaring an emergency.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that lead hazards 6 associated with lead-based paint represent a significant and 7 preventable public health problem. Lead-based paint is the most widespread of the various sources of lead exposure to the public. 8 Census data show that one million five hundred sixty thousand homes in 9 10 Washington state were built prior to 1978 when the sale of residential lead-based paint was banned. These are homes that are believed to 11 contain some lead-based paint. 12

Lead negatively effects every system of the body. It is harmful to individuals of all ages and is especially harmful to children, fetuses, and adults of childbearing age. The effects of lead on a child's cognitive, behavioral, and developmental abilities may necessitate large expenditures of public funds for health care and special education. The irreversible damage to children and subsequent expenditures could be avoided if exposure to lead is reduced.

- 1 (2) The federal government regulates lead poisoning and lead hazard 2 reduction through:
- 3 (a)(i) The lead-based paint poisoning prevention act;
- 4 (ii) The lead contamination control act;

5 (iii) The safe drinking water act;

6 (iv) The resource conservation and recovery act of 1976; and

7 (v) The residential lead-based paint hazard reduction act of 1992;8 and

9 (b) Implementing regulations of:

10 (i) The department of housing and urban development;

11 (ii) The environmental protection agency;

12 (iii) The occupational safety and health administration; and

13 (iv) The centers for disease control and prevention.

14 (3) In 1992, congress passed the federal residential lead-based paint hazard reduction act, which allows states to provide for the 15 16 accreditation of lead-based paint activities programs, the 17 certification of persons completing such training programs, and the licensing of lead-based paint activities contractors under standards 18

19 developed by the United States environmental protection agency.

20 (4) The legislature recognizes the state's need to protect the public from exposure to lead hazards. A qualified and properly trained 21 work force is needed to assist in the prevention, detection, reduction, 22 and elimination of hazards associated with lead-based paint. 23 The 24 purpose of training workers, supervisors, inspectors, risk assessors, 25 and project designers engaged in lead-based paint activities is to 26 protect building occupants, particularly children ages six years and younger from potential lead-based paint hazards and exposures both 27 during and after lead-based paint activities. Qualified and properly 28 29 trained individuals and firms will help to ensure lead-based paint 30 activities are conducted in a way that protects the health of the 31 citizens of Washington state and safeguards the environment. The state lead-based paint activities program requires that all lead-based paint 32 activities be performed by certified personnel trained by an accredited 33 34 program, and that all lead-based paint activities meet minimum work 35 practice standards established by the department of health. Therefore, lead-based paint activities accreditation, 36 the training, and 37 certification program shall be established in accordance with this act. 38 lead-based paint activities accreditation, training, The and 39 certification program shall be administered by the department of health and shall be used as a means to assure the protection of the general
 public from exposure to lead hazards.

3 (5) For the welfare of the people of the state of Washington, this 4 act establishes a lead-based paint activities program within the 5 department of health to protect the general public from exposure to 6 lead hazards and to ensure the availability of a trained and qualified 7 work force to identify and address lead-based paint hazards.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply 9 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 10 (1) "Abatement" has the same meaning as set forth in 40 C.F.R. Sec. 11 745.223 (1996) as now existing or hereafter amended.

(2) "Accredited training program" means a training program that has
been accredited by the department to provide training for individuals
engaged in lead-based paint activities.

(3) "Certified inspector" means an individual who has been trained by an accredited training program, meets all the qualifications established by the department, and is certified by the department to conduct inspections.

(4) "Certified abatement worker" means an individual who has been trained by an accredited training program, meets all the qualifications established by the department, and is certified by the department to perform abatements.

(5) "Certified firm" includes a company, partnership, corporation, sole proprietorship, association, agency, or other business entity that meets all the qualifications established by the department and performs lead-based paint activities to which the department has issued a certificate.

(6) "Certified project designer" means an individual who has been trained by an accredited training program, meets all the qualifications established by the department, and is certified by the department to prepare abatement project designs, occupant protection plans, and abatement reports.

(7) "Certified risk assessor" means an individual who has been trained by an accredited training program, meets all the qualifications established by the department, and is certified by the department to conduct risk assessments and sample for the presence of lead in dust and soil for the purposes of abatement clearance testing.

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1 (8) "Certified supervisor" means an individual who has been trained 2 by an accredited training program, meets all the qualifications 3 established by the department, and is certified by the department to 4 supervise and conduct abatements, and to prepare occupant protection 5 plans and abatement reports.

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(9) "Department" means the Washington state department of health.

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(10) "Federal laws and rules" means:

8 (a) Title IV, toxic substances control act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 2681 et 9 seq.) and the rules adopted by the United States environmental 10 protection agency under that law for authorization of state programs;

(b) Any regulations or requirements adopted by the United States department of housing and urban development regarding eligibility for grants to states and local governments; and

14 (c) Any other requirements adopted by a federal agency with15 jurisdiction over lead-based paint hazards.

16 (11) "Lead-based paint" means paint or other surface coatings that 17 contain lead equal to or in excess of 1.0 milligrams per square 18 centimeter or more than 0.5 percent by weight.

(12) "Lead-based paint activity" includes inspection, testing, risk
assessment, risk reduction, lead-based paint hazard reduction project
design or planning, or abatement of lead-based paint hazards.

(13) "Lead-based paint hazard" means any condition that causes exposure to lead from lead-contaminated dust, lead-contaminated soil, or lead-contaminated paint that is deteriorated or present in accessible surfaces, friction surfaces, or impact surfaces that would result in adverse human health effects as identified by the administrator of the United States environmental protection agency under the toxic substances control act, section 403.

(14) "State program" means a state administered lead-based paint
 activities certification and training program that meets the federal
 environmental protection agency requirements.

(15) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, firm,
 partnership, or association, an Indian tribe, state, or political
 subdivision of a state, and a state department or agency.

35 (16) "Risk assessment" means:

36 (a) An on-site investigation to determine the existence, nature,37 severity, and location of lead-based paint hazards; and

1 (b) The provision of a report by the individual or the firm 2 conducting the risk assessment, explaining the results of the 3 investigation and options for reducing lead-based paint hazards.

4 (17) "Secretary" means the secretary of the Washington state5 department of health.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The department shall administer and enforce 6 7 a state program for worker training and certification, and training program accreditation, which shall include those program elements 8 9 necessary to assume responsibility for federal requirements for a program as set forth in the residential lead-based paint hazard 10 reduction act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4851 et seq.), 40 C.F.R. Part 11 745, Subparts L and Q (1996), Title X of the housing and community 12 development act of 1992 (P.L. 102-550), and Title IV of the toxic 13 14 substances control act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 et seq.).

(2) The department is authorized to adopt rules under the authority of the secretary as referenced in RCW 43.70.040 that are consistent with federal requirements to implement a state program. Rules adopted under this section shall:

(a) Establish minimum accreditation requirements for lead-basedpaint activities for training providers;

(b) Establish work practice standards for conduct of lead-basedpaint activities;

(c) Establish certification requirements for individuals and firmsengaged in lead-based paint activities;

(d) Require the use of certified personnel in all lead-based paintactivities;

(e) Be revised as necessary to comply with federal law and rulesand to maintain eligibility for federal funding;

(f) Facilitate reciprocity and communication with other stateshaving a lead-based paint certification program;

(g) Provide for decertification, deaccreditation, and financial assurance for a person certified by or a training provider accredited by the department; and

(h) Be issued in accordance with the administrative procedure act,chapter 34.05 RCW.

36 (3) The department may accept federal funds for the administration37 and enforcement of the program in accordance with RCW 43.70.120.

1 (4) To the extent that program costs are not covered by federal 2 grant moneys, the department shall assess fees to cover all program 3 costs, including, but not limited to, certification and accreditation 4 as provided for in RCW 43.70.250 for the issuance and renewal of 5 certificates and for the review of training courses, and compliance and 6 enforcement.

7 (5) This program shall equal, but not exceed, legislative authority 8 under federal requirements as set forth in the residential lead-based 9 paint hazard reduction act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4851 et seq.), Title 10 X of the housing and community development act of 1992 (P.L. 102-550), 11 and Title IV of the toxic substances control act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 12 et seq.).

(6) Any rules adopted by the department shall be consistent with 13 federal laws, regulations, and requirements relating to lead-based 14 15 paint activities specified by the residential lead-based paint hazard reduction act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4851 et seq.) and Title X of the 16 housing and community development act of 1992 (P.L. 102-550), to ensure 17 consistency in regulatory action. 18 The rules may not be more 19 restrictive than corresponding federal regulations unless such 20 stringency is specifically authorized by this chapter.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** The secretary has rule-making authority in 22 accordance with criteria specified in RCW 43.70.040.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. (1) The department shall establish a program 24 for certification of persons involved in lead-based paint activities 25 and for accreditation of training providers in compliance with federal 26 laws and rules.

27 (2) Rules adopted under this section shall:

(a) Establish minimum accreditation requirements for lead-basedpaint activities for training providers;

30 (b) Establish work practice standards for conduct of lead-based31 paint activities;

32 (c) Establish certification requirements for individuals and firms33 engaged in lead-based paint activities;

34 (d) Require the use of certified personnel in any lead-based paint35 hazard reduction activity;

36 (e) Be revised as necessary to comply with federal law and rules37 and to maintain eligibility for federal funding;

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(f) Facilitate reciprocity and communication with other states
 having a lead-based paint certification program;

3 (g) Provide for decertification, deaccreditation, and financial 4 assurance for a person certified or accredited by the department; and 5 (h) Be issued in accordance with the administrative procedure act, 6 chapter 34.05 RCW.

7 (3) This program shall equal, but not exceed, legislative authority 8 under federal requirements as set forth in the residential lead-based 9 paint hazard reduction act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4851 et seq.), 40 10 C.F.R. Part 745 (1996), Subparts L and Q, Title X of the housing and 11 community development act of 1992 (P.L. 102-550), and Title IV of the 12 toxic substances control act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 et seq.).

13 (4) Any rules adopted by the department shall be consistent with 14 federal laws, regulations, and requirements relating to lead-based 15 paint activities specified by the residential lead-based paint hazard reduction act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4851 et seq.) and Title X of the 16 17 housing and community development act of 1992 (P.L. 102-550), to ensure consistency in regulatory action. The rules may not be 18 more 19 restrictive than corresponding federal regulations unless such 20 stringency is specifically authorized by this chapter.

(5) The department shall assess fees to cover the costs of administering and enforcing the standards and rules that are applicable to such programs and contractors. The department shall prescribe fees as provided in RCW 43.70.250 for the issuance and renewal of certificates, the administration of examinations, and for the review and accreditation of training courses.

(6) The department may accept federal funds for the administration of the program. To the extent that program costs are not covered by the federal grant moneys, the department shall assess fees to cover all program costs.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. The department shall adopt rules to:

(1) Establish procedures and requirements for the accreditation of
 lead-based paint activities training programs including, but not
 limited to, the following:

- 35 (a) Training curriculum;
- 36 (b) Training hours;
- 37 (c) Hands-on training;
- 38 (d) Trainee competency and proficiency;

1 (e) Training program quality control;

2 (f) Procedures for the reaccreditation of training programs;

3 (g) Procedures for the oversight of training programs; and

4 (h) Procedures for the suspension, revocation, or modification of
5 training program accreditations, or acceptance of training offered by
6 an accredited training provider in another state or Indian tribe
7 authorized by the environmental protection agency;

8 (2) Establish procedures for the purposes of certification, for the 9 acceptance of training offered by an accredited training provider in a 10 state or Indian tribe authorized by the environmental protection 11 agency;

12 (3) Certify individuals involved in lead-based paint activities 13 that:

14 (a) Ensure certified individuals:

15 (i) Are trained by an accredited training program; and

16 (ii) Possess appropriate educational or experience qualifications 17 for certification;

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(b) Establish procedures for recertification;

19 (c) Require the conduct of lead-based paint activities in20 accordance with work practice standards;

(d) Establish procedures for the suspension, revocation, or22 modification of certifications; and

(e) Establish requirements for the administration of third-partycertification exams;

(4) Use laboratories accredited under the environmental protectionagency's national lead laboratory accreditation program;

(5) Establish work practice standards for the conduct of lead-basedpaint activities for:

29 (a) Inspection for presence of lead-based paint;

30 (b) Risk assessment; and

31 (c) Abatement;

32 (6) Establish an enforcement response policy that shall include:

33 (a) Warning letters, notices of noncompliance, notices of34 violation, or the equivalent;

(b) Administrative or civil actions, including penalty authority,
 including accreditation or certification suspension, revocation, or
 modification; and

38 (c) Authority to apply criminal sanctions or other criminal39 authority using existing state laws as applicable; and

1 (7) Prepare and submit an annual report to the legislature regarding the program's status, its costs, and the number of persons 2 3 certified by the program.

NEW SECTION. 4 **Sec. 7.** (1) The department is designated as the official agency of this state for purposes of cooperating with, and 5 implementing the state lead-based paint activities program under the 6 7 jurisdiction of the United States environmental protection agency.

8 (2) No individual or firm can perform, offer, or claim to perform 9 lead-based paint activities without certification from the department to conduct these activities. 10

(3) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate for 11 12 failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter or any rule 13 adopted under this chapter. No person whose certificate is revoked 14 under this chapter shall be eligible to apply for a certificate for one 15 year from the effective date of the final order of revocation. Α certificate may be denied, suspended, or revoked on any of the 16 following grounds: 17

18 (a) A risk assessor, inspector, contractor, project designer, or 19 worker violates work practice standards established by the United States environmental protection agency or the United States department 20 of housing and urban development governing work practices 21 and 22 procedures; or

23 (b) The certificate was obtained by error, misrepresentation, or 24 fraud.

25 (4) Any person convicted of violating any of the provisions of this 26 chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor. A conviction is an unvacated 27 forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the defendant's appearance in court, the payment of a fine, a plea of guilty, or a 28 29 finding of guilt on a violation of this chapter, regardless of whether 30 imposition of sentence is deferred or the penalty is suspended, and shall be treated as a violation conviction for purposes of 31 certification forfeiture under this chapter. Violations of this 32 33 chapter include:

34 (a) Failure to comply with any requirement of this chapter;

(b) Failure or refusal to establish, maintain, provide, copy, or 35 permit access to records or reports as required; 36

37 (c) Failure or refusal to permit entry or inspection as required; 38

(d) Obtaining certification through fraud or misrepresentation;

(e) Failure to obtain certification from the department and
 performing work requiring certification at a job site; or

3 (f) Fraudulently obtaining certification and engaging in any lead-4 based paint activities requiring certification.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. The lead-based paint activities account is 6 created in the state treasury. All receipts from this chapter, except 7 for those moneys received due to penalties, which shall be deposited in 8 the general fund, must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the 9 account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the 10 account may be used only for costs incurred by the department in the 11 administration and enforcement of this chapter.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. The department shall prescribe fees as 13 provided for in RCW 43.70.250 for certification and accreditation, for 14 the issuance and renewal of certificates, and for the review of 15 training courses under this chapter. All receipts from this chapter 16 shall be deposited in the lead-based paint activities account, created 17 in section 8 of this act.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** The department shall appoint a lead-based 19 paint activities advisory board for the purposes of advising the 20 department. The board shall:

(1) Provide scientific input to ensure that this program continues
to be in synchronism with scientifically substantiated needs for either
abatement or monitoring activities; and

(2) Provide the opportunity for involvement of state research
facilities in the preparation, conduct, and evaluation of the specific
training programs and the certification process.

27 The board shall consist of at least five volunteer members who are residents of the state and skilled and experienced in one or more of 28 the following activities: Public health, medical or environmental 29 science, industrial hygiene, construction, real estate, environmental 30 regulatory oversight, property owners, parents of leaded children, or 31 lead hazard identification. In addition to the five volunteer members, 32 the following persons may serve as ex officio members of the board: 33 34 The director of the department of labor and industries, or his or her designee; the director of the department of community, trade, and 35 economic development, or his or her designee; the secretary of the 36

department of transportation, or his or her designee; and the director of the department of agriculture, or his or her designee. At least one member shall serve as a representative of the medical community. Members of the board shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. Members of the board may be reimbursed for customary expenses as set out in RCW 43.03.220. The board shall meet no more often than quarterly.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. Department officials shall adopt a rule 9 providing for the right to enter and inspect premises or facilities for 10 the purposes of this chapter. This rule shall be in accordance with 11 federal law.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. Enforcement action taken by the secretary 13 or department shall be in accordance with RCW 43.05.100 and 43.05.110.

14 NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Any contractor or firm that violates the 15 provisions of this chapter may be punished by a fine not to exceed two 16 thousand dollars for the first violation. For the second or subsequent 17 violations, violators are subject to either a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars or not more than six months imprisonment, or both. 18 19 The department may assess an administrative penalty of not more than 20 five thousand dollars for each day a person is not in compliance with 21 this chapter. Moneys from these penalties shall be deposited in the 22 state general fund.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A denial, suspension, revocation order, 23 penalty, or violation issued by the department may be appealed to the 24 25 department within fifteen working days after the denial, suspension, 26 revocation order, penalty, or violation is entered. The department 27 shall hold the hearing in accordance with procedures established in chapter 34.05 RCW. Any party aggrieved by an order of the department 28 29 may obtain superior court review in the manner provided in chapter 30 34.05 RCW.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. If specific funding for the purposes of 32 this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not 33 provided by June 30, 2000, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act 34 is null and void.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. Sections 2 through 14 of this act
 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 17. This act is necessary for the immediate 4 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the 5 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect 6 immediately.

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