# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

# SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1153

Chapter 198, Laws of 1999

56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

### STUDENT SAFETY--NOTIFICATION OF VIOLENT BEHAVIOR

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/25/99

Passed by the House April 20, 1999 CERTIFICATE Yeas 94 Nays 0 We, Dean R. Foster and Timothy A. Martin, Co-Chief Clerks of the House CLYDE BALLARD of Representatives of the State of Speaker of the House of Representatives Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1153 passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the FRANK CHOPP dates hereon set forth. Speaker of the House of Representatives DEAN R. FOSTER Passed by the Senate April 14, 1999 Chief Clerk Yeas 47 Nays 0 TIMOTHY A. MARTIN Chief Clerk BRAD OWEN President of the Senate Approved May 7, 1999 FILED May 7, 1999 - 3:36 p.m.

GARY LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State

State of Washington

### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1153

### AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1999 Regular Session

# State of Washington 56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

By House Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Representatives McDonald, Kastama, Sump, Delvin, Hurst, Rockefeller, Kessler, Stensen, O'Brien, Bush, Lovick, Dickerson, Carlson, Keiser, Ogden, Hatfield, Wood, Ruderman, Tokuda, Santos, McIntire, Conway and Lantz)

Read first time 02/26/1999.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the sharing of information relating to student
- 2 safety; and amending RCW 13.40.215, 28A.225.225, 28A.225.330, and
- 3 13.50.050.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.40.215 and 1997 c 265 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 (1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, at the
- 8 earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before
- 9 discharge, parole, or any other authorized leave or release, or before
- 10 transfer to a community residential facility, the secretary shall send
- 11 written notice of the discharge, parole, authorized leave or release,
- 12 or transfer of a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a
- 13 sex offense, or stalking, to the following:
- 14 (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the juvenile
- 15 will reside;
- 16 (ii) The sheriff of the county in which the juvenile will reside;
- 17 and
- 18 (iii) The approved private schools and the common school district
- 19 board of directors of the district in which the juvenile intends to

- reside or the approved private school or public school district in which the juvenile last attended school, whichever is appropriate, except when it has been determined by the department that the juvenile is twenty-one years old((; is not required to return to school under chapter 28A.225 RCW;)) or will be in the community for less than seven consecutive days on approved leave and will not be attending school during that time.
  - (b) After ((July 27, 1997)) the effective date of this section, the department shall send a written notice to approved private and public schools under the same conditions identified in subsection (1)(a)(iii) of this section when a juvenile adjudicated of any offense is transferred to a community residential facility, discharged, paroled, released, or granted a leave. The community residential facility shall provide written notice of the offender's criminal history to any school that the offender attends while residing at the community residential facility and to any employer that employs the offender while residing at the community residential facility.
- 18 (c) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be 19 sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing 20 about a specific juvenile:
  - (i) The victim of the offense for which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide;
- (ii) Any witnesses who testified against the juvenile in any court proceedings involving the offense; and
  - (iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney. Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the juvenile. The notice to the chief of police or the sheriff shall include the identity of the juvenile, the residence where the juvenile will reside, the identity of the person, if any, responsible for supervising the juvenile, and the time period of any authorized leave.
- 34 (d) The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsection 35 shall not apply to emergency medical furloughs.
- 36 (e) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection 37 will not require any extension of the release date in the event the 38 release plan changes after notification.

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(2)(a) If a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking escapes from a facility of the department, the secretary shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the juvenile resided immediately before the juvenile's arrest. If previously requested, the secretary shall also notify the witnesses and the victim of the offense which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. If the juvenile is recaptured, the secretary shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.

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- (b) The secretary may authorize a leave, for a juvenile found to 13 have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking, which 14 15 shall not exceed forty-eight hours plus travel time, to meet an 16 emergency situation such as a death or critical illness of a member of 17 the juvenile's family. The secretary may authorize a leave, which shall not exceed the time medically necessary, to obtain medical care 18 19 not available in a juvenile facility maintained by the department. Prior to the commencement of an emergency or medical leave, the 20 secretary shall give notice of the leave to the appropriate law 21 enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the juvenile will be 22 during the leave period. The notice shall include the identity of the 23 24 juvenile, the time period of the leave, the residence of the juvenile 25 during the leave, and the identity of the person responsible for 26 supervising the juvenile during the leave. If previously requested, the department shall also notify the witnesses and victim of the 27 28 offense which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin if the offense was a homicide. 29
- In case of an emergency or medical leave the secretary may waive all or any portion of the requirements for leaves pursuant to RCW 13.40.205 (2)(a), (3), (4), and (5).
- 33 (3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is 34 under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be 35 sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.
- 36 (4) The secretary shall send the notices required by this chapter 37 to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. 38 The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current 39 address.

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- (5) Upon discharge, parole, <u>transfer to a community residential</u> 1 <u>facility</u>, or other authorized leave or release, a convicted juvenile 2 sex offender shall not attend a public or approved private elementary, 3 4 middle, or high school that is attended by a victim or a sibling of a victim of the sex offender. The parents or legal guardians of the 5 convicted juvenile sex offender shall be responsible for transportation 6 or other costs associated with or required by the sex offender's change 7 in school that otherwise would be paid by a school district. Upon 8 discharge, parole, transfer to a community residential facility, or 9 10 other authorized leave or release of a convicted juvenile sex offender, the secretary shall send written notice of the discharge, parole, or 11 other authorized leave or release and the requirements of this 12 subsection to the common school district board of directors of the 13 district in which the sex offender intends to reside or the district in 14 15 which the sex offender last attended school, whichever is appropriate. The secretary shall send a similar notice to any approved private 16 school the juvenile will attend, if known, or if unknown, to the 17 approved private schools within the district the juvenile resides or 18 19 intends to reside.
- 20 (6) For purposes of this section the following terms have the 21 following meanings:
  - (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
- 23 (b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
- 24 (c) "Stalking" means the crime of stalking as defined in RCW 25 9A.46.110;
- 26 (d) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings, and 27 children.
- 28 **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.225.225 and 1997 c 265 s 3 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- 30 (1) All districts accepting applications from nonresident students
- 31 or from students receiving home-based instruction for admission to the
- 32 district's schools shall consider equally all applications received.
- 33 Each school district shall adopt a policy establishing rational, fair,
- 34 and equitable standards for acceptance and rejection of applications by
- 35 June 30, 1990. The policy may include rejection of a nonresident
- 36 student if:

- 37 (a) Acceptance of a nonresident student would result in the
- 38 district experiencing a financial hardship;

- 1 (b) The student's disciplinary records indicate a history of 2 convictions for offenses or crimes, violent or disruptive behavior, or 3 gang membership; or
- 4 (c) The student has been expelled or suspended from a public school 5 for more than ten consecutive days. Any policy allowing for 6 readmission of expelled or suspended students under this subsection 7 (1)(c) must apply uniformly to both resident and nonresident 8 applicants.
- 9 For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, "gang" means a 10 group which: (i) Consists of three or more persons; (ii) has 11 identifiable leadership; and (iii) on an ongoing basis, regularly 12 conspires and acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.
- (2) The district shall provide to applicants written notification of the approval or denial of the application in a timely manner. If the application is rejected, the notification shall include the reason or reasons for denial and the right to appeal under RCW 28A.225.230(3).
- 17 **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.225.330 and 1997 c 266 s 4 are each amended to 18 read as follows:
- 19 (1) When enrolling a student who has attended school in another 20 school district, the school enrolling the student may request the 21 parent and the student to briefly indicate in writing whether or not 22 the student has:
  - (a) Any history of placement in special educational programs;
- 24 (b) Any past, current, or pending disciplinary action;

- 25 (c) Any history of violent behavior, or behavior listed in RCW 26 13.04.155;
  - (d) Any unpaid fines or fees imposed by other schools; and
- (e) Any health conditions affecting the student's educational needs.
- 30 (2) The school enrolling the student shall request the school the student previously attended to send the student's permanent record 31 including records of disciplinary action, history of violent behavior 32 33 or behavior listed in RCW 13.04.155, attendance, immunization records, 34 and academic performance. If the student has not paid a fine or fee under RCW 28A.635.060, or tuition, fees, or fines at approved private 35 schools the school may withhold the student's official transcript, but 36 shall transmit information about the student's academic performance, 37 38 special placement, immunization records, ((and))

- 1 disciplinary action, and history of violent behavior or behavior listed
- 2 <u>in RCW 13.04.155</u>. If the official transcript is not sent due to unpaid
- 3 tuition, fees, or fines, the enrolling school shall notify both the
- 4 student and parent or guardian that the official transcript will not be
- 5 sent until the obligation is met, and failure to have an official
- 6 transcript may result in exclusion from extracurricular activities or
- 7 failure to graduate.
- 8 (3) If information is requested under subsection (2) of this
- 9 section, the information shall be transmitted within two school days
- 10 after receiving the request and the records shall be sent as soon as
- 11 possible. Any school district or district employee who releases the
- 12 information in compliance with this section is immune from civil
- 13 liability for damages unless it is shown that the school district
- 14 employee acted with gross negligence or in bad faith. The state board
- 15 of education shall provide by rule for the discipline under chapter
- 16 28A.410 RCW of a school principal or other chief administrator of a
- 17 public school building who fails to make a good faith effort to assure
- 18 compliance with this subsection.
- 19 (4) Any school district or district employee who releases the
- 20 information in compliance with federal and state law is immune from
- 21 civil liability for damages unless it is shown that the school district
- 22 or district employee acted with gross negligence or in bad faith.
- 23 (5) When a school receives information under this section or RCW
- 24 13.40.215 that a student has a history of disciplinary actions,
- 25 <u>criminal or violent behavior</u>, or other behavior that indicates the
- 26 student could be a threat to the safety of educational staff or other
- 27 students, the school shall provide this information to the student's
- 28 <u>teachers and security personnel.</u>
- 29 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.50.050 and 1997 c 338 s 40 are each amended to read
- 30 as follows:
- 31 (1) This section governs records relating to the commission of
- 32 juvenile offenses, including records relating to diversions.
- 33 (2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven
- 34 juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed
- 35 pursuant to subsection (((11))) (12) of this section.
- 36 (3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are
- 37 confidential and may be released only as provided in this section, RCW
- 38 13.50.010, 13.40.215, and 4.24.550.

- (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section and RCW 13.50.010, records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the juvenile.
  - (5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile's family may be released to the public only when that information could not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile's family.

- (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys' records pertaining to investigation, diversion, and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal investigations and prosecutions.
- (7) Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may cooperate with schools in releasing information to a school pertaining to the investigation, diversion, and prosecution of a juvenile attending the school. Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, incident reports may be released unless releasing the records would jeopardize the investigation or prosecution or endanger witnesses. If release of incident reports would jeopardize the investigation or prosecution or endanger witnesses, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may release information to the maximum extent possible to assist schools in protecting other students, staff, and school property.
- (8) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain a central record-keeping system which may receive information on all alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently pending before the court. The central record-keeping system may be computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. An offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central

record-keeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the date on which the offender agreed to diversion.

((+8)) (9) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim's immediate family, the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime shall be released to the victim of the crime or the victim's immediate family.

((+9+)) (10) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall be released upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any adult convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the adult corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult corrections system.

(((10))) (11) In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person the subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, subject to subsection (((22))) (23) of this section, order the sealing of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court and of any other agency in the case.

 $((\frac{11}{11}))$  (12) The court shall grant the motion to seal records made pursuant to subsection  $((\frac{10}{10}))$  (11) of this section if it finds that:

(a) For class B offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction. For class C offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction;

38 (b) No proceeding is pending against the moving party seeking the 39 conviction of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense;

- 1 (c) No proceeding is pending seeking the formation of a diversion 2 agreement with that person;
- 3 (d) The person has not been convicted of a class A or sex offense;
  4 and
  - (e) Full restitution has been paid.

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- (((12))) (13) The person making a motion pursuant to subsection (((10))) (11) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecution and to any person or agency whose files are sought to be sealed.
- 10  $((\frac{13}{13}))$  (14) If the court grants the motion to seal made pursuant to subsection  $((\frac{10}{10}))$  (11) of this section, it shall, subject to 11 subsection  $((\frac{(22)}{)})$  of this section, order sealed the official 12 13 juvenile court file, the social file, and other records relating to the 14 case as are named in the order. Thereafter, the proceedings in the 15 case shall be treated as if they never occurred, and the subject of the 16 records may reply accordingly to any inquiry about the events, records 17 of which are sealed. Any agency shall reply to any inquiry concerning confidential or sealed records that records are confidential, and no 18 19 information can be given about the existence or nonexistence of records 20 concerning an individual.
  - $((\frac{14}{14}))$  (15) Inspection of the files and records included in the order to seal may thereafter be permitted only by order of the court upon motion made by the person who is the subject of the information or complaint, except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.50.010(8) and subsection  $((\frac{22}{12}))$  (23) of this section.
- ((<del>(15)</del>)) (16) Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime subsequent to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. Any charging of an adult felony subsequent to the sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter 9.94A RCW.
  - $((\frac{16}{16}))$  (17) A person eighteen years of age or older whose criminal history consists of only one referral for diversion may request that the court order the records in that case destroyed. The request shall be granted, subject to subsection  $((\frac{22}{12}))$  (23) of this section, if the court finds that two years have elapsed since completion of the diversion agreement.
- $((\frac{17}{17}))$  (18) If the court grants the motion to destroy records made pursuant to subsection  $((\frac{16}{16}))$  (17) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection  $((\frac{22}{15}))$  (23) of this section, order the official

- 1 juvenile court file, the social file, and any other records named in 2 the order to be destroyed.
- (((18))) (19) The person making the motion pursuant to subsection (((16))) (17) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecuting attorney and to any agency whose records are sought to be destroyed.
- 7 ((<del>(19)</del>)) <u>(20)</u> Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section 8 may apply shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this 9 section at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the 10 diversion process.
- (((20))) (21) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a crime victim or a member of the victim's family from divulging the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender or his or her family when necessary in a civil proceeding.
- $((\frac{(21)}{(21)}))$  (22) Any juvenile justice or care agency may, subject to the limitations in subsection  $((\frac{(22)}{(22)}))$  of this section and (a) and (b) of this subsection, develop procedures for the routine destruction of records relating to juvenile offenses and diversions.
- 19 (a) Records may be routinely destroyed only when the person the 20 subject of the information or complaint has attained twenty-three years 21 of age or older, or is eighteen years of age or older and his or her 22 criminal history consists entirely of one diversion agreement and two 23 years have passed since completion of the agreement.
- (b) The court may not routinely destroy the official juvenile court file or recordings or transcripts of any proceedings.
  - ((<del>(22)</del>)) (23) No identifying information held by the Washington state patrol in accordance with chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to destruction or sealing under this section. For the purposes of this subsection, identifying information includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints and any other data that identifies a person by physical characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but does not include information regarding criminal activity, arrest, charging, diversion, conviction or other information about a person's treatment by the criminal justice system or about the person's behavior.
- $((\frac{(23)}{(23)}))$  (24) Information identifying child victims under age eighteen who are victims of sexual assaults by juvenile offenders is confidential and not subject to release to the press or public without the permission of the child victim or the child's legal guardian.

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- 1 Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses,
- 2 location, photographs, and in cases in which the child victim is a
- 3 relative of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship
- 4 between the child and the alleged perpetrator. Information identifying
- 5 a child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement,
- 6 prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, or private or governmental
- 7 agencies that provide services to the child victim of sexual assault.

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