5585-S AMS SWEC S2557.3

<u>SSB 5585</u> - S AMD 260 By Senator Swecker

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 36.73 RCW
4 to read as follows:

5 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 6 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

7 (1) "District" means a transportation benefit district created8 under this chapter.

9

(2) "City" means a city or town.

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(3) "Transportation improvements" means:

(a) Capital improvements relating to, or in support of, all or a portion of highways that have been designated, in whole or in part, as highways of statewide significance; or

14 (b) Capital improvements to a city street, county road, existing 15 highway, or the creation of a new highway that intersects with a 16 highway of statewide significance, but only if the cumulative transportation benefit district contribution to 17 all projects 18 constructed under this subsection (3)(b) does not exceed twenty percent of the revenues generated by the district, or forty percent of the 19 20 revenues generated by the district for projects in rural counties. For 21 purposes of this subsection (3)(b), "rural counties" means counties 22 smaller than two hundred twenty-five square miles or as defined in RCW 23 43.168.020.

However, operations, preservation, and maintenance are excluded from the definition of transportation improvements under this subsection (3), except for operation, preservation, and maintenance costs of tolled facilities, including the costs of collecting the tolls, if toll revenues have been pledged for the payment of contracts.

1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.73.020 and 1989 c 53 s 1 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

(1) Subject to subsection (6) of this section, the legislative 3 authority of a county or city may establish ((one or more)) a 4 transportation benefit district((s)) within the ((county)) area 5 specified in subsection (2) of this section, for the purpose of 6 acquiring, constructing, improving, providing, and funding ((any city 7 street, county road, or state highway)) transportation improvements 8 within the district that ((is (1))) <u>are: (a) C</u>onsistent with <u>any</u> 9 existing state, regional, and local transportation $plans((\frac{1}{2}));$ (b) 10 11 necessitated by existing or reasonably foreseeable congestion levels 12 attributable to economic growth((, and (3))); and (c) partially funded 13 by local government or private developer contributions, or а 14 combination of ((such)) these contributions. ((Such)) The 15 transportation improvements shall be owned by the county of jurisdiction if located in an unincorporated area, by the city of 16 jurisdiction if located in an incorporated area, or by the state in 17 cases where the transportation improvement is or becomes a state 18 highway((; and all such)). Transportation improvements shall be 19 administered and maintained as other public streets, roads, ((and)) 20 21 highways, and capital improvements. ((The district may not include any 22 area within the corporate limits of a city unless the city legislative authority has agreed to the inclusion pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW. 23 24 The agreement shall specify the area and such powers as may be granted to the benefit district.)) 25

26 (2) Subject to subsection (6) of this section, the district may 27 include area within more than one county, city, port district, county transportation authority, or public transportation benefit area, if the 28 legislative authority of each participating jurisdiction has agreed to 29 the inclusion as provided in an interlocal agreement adopted pursuant 30 to chapter 39.34 RCW. However, the boundaries of the district shall 31 include all territory within the boundaries of the participating 32 jurisdictions comprising the district. 33

34 (3) The members of the ((county)) legislative authority proposing 35 to establish the district, acting ex officio and independently, shall 36 ((compose)) constitute the governing body of the district: PROVIDED, 37 That where a ((transportation benefit)) district includes ((any portion 38 of an incorporated city, town, or another county, the district may be

governed as provided in an interlocal agreement adopted pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW)) more than one jurisdiction under subsection (2) of this section, the district shall be governed under an interlocal agreement adopted pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW. However, the governing board shall be composed of at least five members including at least one elected official from the legislative authority of each participating jurisdiction.

8 <u>(4)</u> The ((county)) treasurer <u>of the jurisdiction proposing to</u> 9 <u>establish the district</u> shall act as the ex officio treasurer of the 10 district, <u>unless an interlocal agreement states otherwise</u>.

11 (5) The electors of the district shall all be registered voters 12 residing within the district. ((For purposes of this section, the term 13 "city" means both cities and towns.))

14 (6) The authority under this section, regarding the establishment
15 of or the participation in a district, shall not apply to:

16 (a) Counties with a population greater than one million five 17 hundred thousand persons and any adjoining counties with a population 18 greater than five hundred thousand persons;

19 (b) Cities with any area within the counties under (a) of this
20 subsection; and

21 (c) Other jurisdictions with any area within the counties under (a)
22 of this subsection.

23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.73.040 and 1989 c 53 s 3 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

25 (1) A transportation benefit district is a quasi-municipal 26 corporation, an independent taxing "authority" within the meaning of 27 Article VII, section 1 of the state Constitution, and a "taxing 28 district" within the meaning of Article VII, section 2 of the state 29 Constitution.

30 (2) A transportation benefit district constitutes a body corporate 31 and possesses all the usual powers of a corporation for public purposes 32 as well as all other powers that may now or hereafter be specifically 33 conferred by statute, including, but not limited to, the authority to 34 hire employees, staff, and services, to enter into contracts, to 35 acquire, hold, and dispose of real and personal property, and to sue 36 and be sued. Public works contract limits applicable to the

jurisdiction that established the district ((shall)) apply to the 1 2 district. (3) Subject to the provisions of section 18 of this act, a district 3 is authorized to impose the following taxes, fees, and tolls: 4 (a) A sales and use tax in accordance with section 14 of this act; 5 (b) A local option fuel tax in accordance with section 15 of this 6 7 act; (c) A vehicle fee in accordance with section 16 of this act; 8 (d) An employer excise tax in accordance with section 17 of this 9 10 act; (e) A fee or charge in accordance with RCW 36.73.120. However, a 11 12 district may not levy a fee or charge under RCW 36.73.120 if a county 13 or city within the district area is levying a fee or charge under chapter 39.92 RCW. Developments consisting of less than twenty 14 residences are exempt from the fee or charge under RCW 36.73.120; and 15 (f)(i) Vehicle tolls on state routes or federal highways, city 16 streets, or county roads, within the boundaries of the district, unless 17 otherwise prohibited by law. The department of transportation shall 18 administer the collection of vehicle tolls on state routes or federal 19 highways, unless otherwise specified in law or by contract, and the 20 21 state transportation commission, or its successor, shall set and impose the tolls in amounts sufficient to implement the district's 22 transportation improvement finance plan. The district shall administer 23 24 the collection of vehicle tolls on city streets or county roads, and shall set and impose the tolls in amounts sufficient to implement the 25 26 district's transportation improvement plan.

(ii) Tolls may only be imposed under this section on a new
 transportation improvement made by the district, and revenue from the
 tolls may only be used to support that transportation improvement.

30 **Sec. 4.** RCW 36.73.050 and 1987 c 327 s 5 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

32 (1) ((A city or county)) The legislative ((authority)) authorities 33 proposing to establish a ((transportation benefit)) district, or to 34 modify the boundaries of an existing district, or to dissolve an 35 existing district((τ)) shall conduct a hearing at the time and place 36 specified in a notice published at least once, not less than ten days 37 before the hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation within the

proposed district. The legislative ((authority)) authorities shall 1 2 make provision for a district to be automatically dissolved when all indebtedness of the district has been retired and anticipated 3 responsibilities have been satisfied. This notice shall be in addition 4 to any other notice required by law to be published. The notice shall, 5 where applicable, specify the functions or activities proposed to be 6 provided or funded, or the additional functions or activities proposed 7 to be provided or funded, by the district. Additional notice of the 8 hearing may be given by mail, by posting within the proposed district, 9 10 or in any manner the ((city or county)) legislative ((authority deems)) authorities deem necessary to notify affected persons. All hearings 11 12 shall be public and the ((city or county)) legislative ((authority)) authorities shall hear objections from any person affected by the 13 formation, modification of the boundaries, or dissolution of the 14 15 district.

16 (2) Following the hearing held pursuant to subsection (1) of this 17 section, the ((city or county)) legislative ((authority)) authorities may establish a ((transportation benefit)) district, modify the 18 boundaries or functions of an existing district, or dissolve an 19 existing district, if the ((city or county)) legislative ((authority 20 21 finds)) authorities find the action to be in the public interest and 22 ((adopts)) adopt an ordinance providing for the action. The ordinance establishing a district shall specify the functions or activities to be 23 24 exercised or funded and establish the boundaries of the district. ((A 25 district shall include only those areas which can reasonably be 26 expected to benefit from improvements to be funded by the district.)) 27 Functions or activities proposed to be provided or funded by the district may not be expanded beyond those specified in the notice of 28 hearing, unless additional notices are made, further hearings on the 29 expansion are held, and further determinations are made that it is in 30 the public interest to so expand the functions or activities proposed 31 32 to be provided or funded.

33 (((3) At any time before the city or county legislative authority 34 establishes a transportation benefit district pursuant to this section, 35 all further proceedings shall be terminated upon the filing of a 36 verified declaration of termination signed by the owners of real 37 property consisting of at least sixty percent of the assessed valuation 38 in the proposed district.))

1 Sec. 5. RCW 36.73.060 and 1987 c 327 s 6 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) A ((transportation benefit)) district may levy an ad valorem 4 property tax in excess of the one percent limitation upon the property 5 within the district for a one-year period whenever authorized by the 6 voters of the district pursuant to RCW 84.52.052 and Article VII, 7 section 2(a) of the state Constitution.

8 (2) A district may provide for the retirement of voter-approved 9 general obligation bonds, issued for capital purposes only, by levying 10 bond retirement ad valorem property tax levies in excess of the one 11 percent limitation whenever authorized by the voters of the district 12 pursuant to Article VII, section 2(b) of the state Constitution and RCW 13 84.52.056.

14 **Sec. 6.** RCW 36.73.070 and 1987 c 327 s 7 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

16 (1) To carry out the purpose of this chapter, a ((transportation 17 benefit)) district may issue general obligation bonds, not to exceed an 18 amount, together with any other outstanding nonvoter-approved general 19 obligation indebtedness, equal to three-eighths of one percent of the 20 value of taxable property within the district, as the term "value of 21 taxable property" is defined in RCW 39.36.015. A district may 22 additionally issue general obligation bonds for capital purposes only, 23 together with any outstanding general obligation indebtedness, not to 24 exceed an amount equal to one and one-fourth percent of the value of the taxable property within the district, as the term "value of taxable 25 26 property" is defined in RCW 39.36.015, when authorized by the voters of the district pursuant to Article VIII, section 6 of the state 27 Constitution, and to provide for the retirement thereof by excess 28 property tax levies as provided in RCW 36.73.060(2). The district may 29 30 submit a single proposition to the voters that, if approved, authorizes 31 both the issuance of the bonds and the bond retirement property tax levies. 32

(2) General obligation bonds with a maturity in excess of forty
years shall not be issued. The governing body of the ((transportation
benefit)) district shall by resolution determine for each general
obligation bond issue the amount, date, terms, conditions,
denominations, maximum fixed or variable interest rate or rates,

maturity or maturities, redemption rights, registration privileges, 1 2 manner of execution, manner of sale, callable provisions, if any, covenants, and form, including registration as to principal and 3 interest, registration as to principal only, or bearer. Registration 4 may include, but not be limited to: (a) A book entry system of 5 recording the ownership of a bond whether or not physical bonds are 6 7 issued; or (b) recording the ownership of a bond together with the requirement that the transfer of ownership may only be effected by the 8 surrender of the old bond and either the reissuance of the old bond or 9 10 the issuance of a new bond to the new owner. Facsimile signatures may be used on the bonds and any coupons. Refunding general obligation 11 12 bonds may be issued in the same manner as general obligation bonds are 13 issued.

14 (3) Whenever general obligation bonds are issued to fund specific 15 projects or enterprises that generate revenues, charges, user fees, or 16 special assessments, the ((transportation benefit)) district ((which 17 issues the bonds)) may specifically pledge all or a portion of the 18 revenues, charges, user fees, or special assessments to refund the 19 general obligation bonds. The district may also pledge any other 20 revenues that may be available to the district.

21 (4) The issuance of bonds under this section is subject to the 22 provisions in section 18 of this act.

23 Sec. 7. RCW 36.73.080 and 1987 c 327 s 8 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

(1) A ((transportation benefit)) district may form a local 25 26 improvement district to provide any transportation improvement it has the authority to provide, impose special assessments on all property 27 specially benefited by the transportation improvements, and issue 28 special assessment bonds or revenue bonds to fund the costs of the 29 Local improvement districts shall be 30 transportation improvement. 31 created and assessments shall be made and collected pursuant to chapters 35.43, 35.44, 35.49, 35.50, 35.51, 35.53, and 35.54 RCW. 32 Special assessments imposed under this subsection must be approved by 33 34 the voters within the boundaries of the local improvement district.

(2) The governing body of a ((transportation benefit)) district
 shall by resolution establish for each special assessment bond issue
 the amount, date, terms, conditions, denominations, maximum fixed or

variable interest rate or rates, maturity or maturities, redemption 1 2 rights, registration privileges, if any, covenants, and form, including registration as to principal and interest, registration as to principal 3 only, or bearer. Registration may include, but not be limited to: (a) 4 A book entry system of recording the ownership of a bond whether or not 5 physical bonds are issued; or (b) recording the ownership of a bond б 7 together with the requirement that the transfer of ownership may only be effected by the surrender of the old bond and either the reissuance 8 of the old bond or the issuance of a new bond to the new owner. 9 Facsimile signatures may be used on the bonds and any coupons. 10 The maximum term of any special assessment bonds shall not exceed thirty 11 12 years beyond the date of issue. Special assessment bonds issued 13 pursuant to this section shall not be an indebtedness of the ((transportation benefit)) district issuing the bonds, and the interest 14 and principal on the bonds shall only be payable from special 15 assessments made for the improvement for which the bonds were issued 16 17 and any local improvement guaranty fund that the ((transportation benefit)) district has created. The owner or bearer of a special 18 assessment bond or any interest coupon issued pursuant to this section 19 shall not have any claim against the ((transportation benefit)) 20 21 district arising from the bond or coupon except for the payment from 22 special assessments made for the improvement for which the bonds were issued and any local improvement guaranty fund the ((transportation 23 24 benefit)) district has created. The district issuing the special 25 assessment bonds is not liable to the owner or bearer of any special 26 assessment bond or any interest coupon issued pursuant to this section 27 for any loss occurring in the lawful operation of its local improvement The substance of the limitations included in this guaranty fund. 28 subsection (2) shall be plainly printed, written, or engraved on each 29 special assessment bond issued pursuant to this section. 30

(3) Assessments shall reflect any credits given by a
 ((transportation benefit)) district for real property or property right
 donations made pursuant to RCW 47.14.030.

34 (4) The governing body may establish and pay ((moneys)) money into
35 a local improvement guaranty fund to guarantee special assessment bonds
36 issued by the ((transportation benefit)) district.

1 **Sec. 8.** RCW 36.73.100 and 1987 c 327 s 10 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

(1) The proceeds of any bond issued pursuant to RCW 36.73.070 or
36.73.080 may be used to pay costs incurred on ((such)) <u>a</u> bond issue
related to the sale and issuance of the bonds. ((Such)) <u>These</u> costs
include payments for fiscal and legal expenses, obtaining bond ratings,
printing, engraving, advertising, and other similar activities.

8 (2) In addition, proceeds of bonds used to fund capital projects 9 may be used to pay the necessary and related engineering, 10 architectural, planning, and inspection costs.

11 **Sec. 9.** RCW 36.73.110 and 1987 c 327 s 11 are each amended to read 12 as follows:

13 A ((transportation benefit)) district may accept and expend or use 14 gifts, grants, and donations.

15 Sec. 10. RCW 36.73.120 and 1988 c 179 s 7 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

(1) ((A transportation benefit)) Subject to the provisions in section 18 of this act, a district may impose a fee or charge on the construction or reconstruction of residential buildings, commercial buildings, industrial buildings, or on any other building or building space or appurtenance ((thereto)), or on the development, subdivision, classification, or reclassification of land only if done in accordance with chapter 39.92 RCW.

(2) Any fee or charge imposed under this section shall be used
exclusively for transportation improvements constructed by a
((transportation benefit)) district. The fees or charges ((so))
imposed must be reasonably necessary as a result of the impact of
development, construction, or classification or reclassification of
land on identified transportation needs.

30 (3) ((When fees or charges are imposed by a district within which 31 there is more than one city or both incorporated and unincorporated 32 areas, the legislative authority for each city in the district and the 33 county legislative authority for the unincorporated area must approve 34 the imposition of such fees or charges before they take effect.)) <u>A</u> 35 district may not levy a fee or charge under this section if a county or

city within the district area is levying a fee or charge under chapter
 39.92 RCW.

3 (4) Developments consisting of less than twenty residences are
4 exempt from the fee or charge under this section.

5 **Sec. 11.** RCW 36.73.130 and 1987 c 327 s 13 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 A ((transportation benefit)) district may exercise the power of 8 eminent domain to obtain property for its authorized purposes in the 9 <u>same</u> manner as <u>authorized for</u> the city or county legislative authority 10 that established the district.

11 **Sec. 12.** RCW 36.73.140 and 1987 c 327 s 14 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 A ((transportation benefit)) district has the same powers as a 14 county or city to contract for street, road, or state highway 15 improvement projects and to enter into reimbursement contracts provided 16 for in chapter 35.72 RCW.

17 **Sec. 13.** RCW 36.73.150 and 1987 c 327 s 15 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

19 The department of transportation, counties, ((and)) cities, and 20 <u>other jurisdictions</u> may give funds to ((transportation benefit)) 21 districts for the purposes of financing ((street, road, or highway)) 22 <u>transportation</u> improvements ((projects)) <u>under this chapter</u>.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 82.14 RCW 24 to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the provisions in section 18 of this act, a 25 transportation benefit district under chapter 36.73 RCW may fix and 26 27 impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this 28 chapter. The tax authorized in this section is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons 29 who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon 30 the occurrence of any taxable event within the boundaries of the 31 district. The rate of tax shall not exceed five-tenths of one percent 32 33 of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the 34 article used, in the case of a use tax.

1 (2) Money received from the tax imposed under this section must be 2 spent in accordance with the requirements of chapter 36.73 RCW.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 82.80 RCW 4 to read as follows:

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(1) For purposes of this section:

(a) "Distributor" means every person who imports, refines,
manufactures, produces, or compounds motor vehicle fuel and special
fuel as defined in RCW 82.36.010 and 82.38.020, respectively, and sells
or distributes the fuel into a county;

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(b) "Person" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.030; and

11 (c) "District" means a transportation benefit district under 12 chapter 36.73 RCW.

(2) A transportation benefit district under chapter 36.73 RCW, 13 subject to the conditions of this section, may levy additional excise 14 taxes equal to ten percent of the statewide motor vehicle fuel tax rate 15 16 under RCW 82.36.025 on each gallon of motor vehicle fuel as defined in 17 RCW 82.36.010 and on each gallon of special fuel as defined in RCW 82.38.020 sold within the boundaries of the district. Vehicles paying 18 an annual license fee under RCW 82.38.075 are exempt from the 19 20 district's fuel excise tax. The additional excise taxes are subject to 21 the same exceptions and rights of refund as applicable to other motor 22 vehicle fuel and special fuel excise taxes levied under chapters 82.36 23 and 82.38 RCW. The proposed tax may not be levied less than one month 24 from the date the election results are certified. The commencement date for the levy of any tax under this section will be the first day 25 26 of January, April, July, or October.

(3) The local option motor vehicle fuel tax under this section on
each gallon of motor vehicle fuel and on each gallon of special fuel is
imposed upon the distributor of the fuel.

30 (4) A taxable event for the purposes of this section occurs upon 31 the first distribution of the fuel within the boundaries of the 32 district to a retail outlet, bulk fuel user, or ultimate user of the 33 fuel.

34 (5) All administrative provisions in chapters 82.01, 82.03, and
 35 82.32 RCW, insofar as they are applicable, apply to local option fuel
 36 taxes imposed under this section.

(6) Before the effective date of the imposition of the fuel taxes 1 2 under this section, a district shall contract with the department of revenue for the administration and collection of the taxes. 3 The contract must provide that a percentage amount, not to exceed one 4 5 percent of the taxes imposed under this section, will be deposited into the local tax administration account created in the custody of the б 7 state treasurer. The department of revenue may spend money from this account, upon appropriation, for the administration of the local taxes 8 9 imposed under this section.

10 (7) The state treasurer shall distribute the proceeds of the 11 additional taxes under this section on a monthly basis to the district 12 levying the tax, after the deductions for payments and expenditures as 13 provided in RCW 46.68.090(1) (a) and (b).

(8) The proceeds of the additional taxes levied by a district under
this section must be used in accordance with chapter 36.73 RCW, but
only for those areas that are considered "highway purposes" as that
term is construed in Article II, section 40 of the state Constitution.
(9) A district may only levy the tax under this section if the
district is comprised of boundaries identical to the boundaries of a
county or counties. A district may not levy the tax under this section

21 if a member county is levying the tax under RCW 82.80.010.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 82.80 RCW 23 to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the provisions of section 18 of this act, a 24 transportation benefit district under chapter 36.73 RCW may fix and 25 26 impose an annual fee, not to exceed one hundred dollars per vehicle, for each vehicle subject to license tab fees under RCW 46.16.0621 and 27 for each vehicle subject to gross weight fees under RCW 46.16.070 with 28 an unladen weight of six thousand pounds or less, from registered 29 30 owners whose primary place of domicile is within the boundaries of the 31 district.

32 (2) The department of licensing shall administer and collect the 33 fee. The department shall deduct a percentage amount, as provided by 34 contract, not to exceed one percent of the fees collected, for 35 administration and collection expenses incurred by it. The department 36 shall remit remaining proceeds to the custody of the state treasurer.

The state treasurer shall distribute the proceeds to the district on a
 monthly basis.

3 (3) No fee under this section may be collected until six months4 after approval by the district.

5 (4) "Registered owner" has the same meaning as provided in chapter 6 46.04 RCW.

7 (5) The vehicle fee under this section applies only when renewing
8 a vehicle registration, and is effective upon the registration renewal
9 date as provided by the department of licensing.

10 (6) The following vehicles are exempt from the fee under this 11 section:

12 (a) Farm tractors or farm vehicles as defined in RCW 46.04.180 and13 46.04.181;

14 (b) Off-road and nonhighway vehicles as defined in RCW 46.09.020;

15 (c) Vehicles registered under chapter 46.87 RCW and the 16 international registration plan; and

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(d) Snowmobiles as defined in RCW 46.10.010.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 17. A new section is added to chapter 82.80 RCW 19 to read as follows:

20 (1)(a) Subject to the provisions of section 18 of this act, a 21 transportation benefit district under chapter 36.73 RCW may impose an excise tax, for the privilege of engaging in business, of up to two 22 23 dollars per employee per month on all employers or any class or classes 24 of employers, public and private, including the state located in the agency's jurisdiction, measured by the number of full-time equivalent 25 26 employees. In no event may the total taxes imposed under this section exceed two dollars per employee per month for any single employer. 27 The district imposing the tax authorized in this section may provide for 28 exemptions from the tax for such educational, cultural, health, 29 30 charitable, or religious organizations as it deems appropriate.

31 (b) Transportation benefit districts may contract with the state 32 department of revenue or other appropriate entities for administration 33 and collection of the tax. Such contract shall provide for deduction 34 of an amount for administration and collection expenses, not to exceed 35 one percent of the fees collected.

36 (2) The tax shall not apply to employment of a person when the

1 employer has paid for at least half of the cost of a transit pass 2 issued by a transit agency for that employee, valid for the period for 3 which the tax would otherwise be owed.

4 (3)(a) A transportation benefit district shall adopt rules that
5 exempt an employer, who enters into an agreement under (b) of this
6 subsection, from all or a portion of the tax under subsection (1)(a) of
7 this section.

(b) A transportation benefit district may enter into an agreement, 8 designed to reduce the number of employees who drive in single-occupant 9 vehicles during peak commuting periods, with employers subject to the 10 tax under subsection (1)(a) of this section. 11 The agreement shall include a list of specific actions that the employer will undertake to 12 be entitled to the exemption. Employers having an exemption from all 13 or part of the tax through this subsection shall annually certify to 14 the district that the employer is fulfilling the terms of the 15 16 agreement. The exemption continues as long as the employer is in 17 compliance with the agreement.

(4) The tax under this section may be imposed only to the extentthe tax has not been imposed by a county within the district area.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 36.73 RCW 21 to read as follows:

22 (1) Taxes, fees, and tolls may not be imposed, nor may any debt be incurred, by a district without approval of a majority of the voters in 23 24 the district voting on a proposition at a general or special election. specific description 25 The proposition must include а of the 26 transportation improvement or improvements proposed by the district and the proposed taxes, fees, and tolls imposed by the district to raise 27 revenue to fund the improvement or improvements. 28

(2) A district may not increase any taxes, fees, or tolls imposed
 under this chapter once the taxes, fees, or tolls take effect.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 36.73 RCW 32 to read as follows:

(1) If a transportation improvement cost exceeds its original cost by more than twenty percent as identified in a district's original finance plan, the district governing board shall submit to the voters in the district a ballot measure that redefines the scope of the

transportation improvement, its schedule, or its costs. If the voters 1 2 fail to approve the redefined transportation improvement, the district shall terminate work on the transportation improvement, except that the 3 district may take reasonable steps to use, preserve, or connect any 4 5 improvement already constructed. The remainder of any funds that would otherwise have been expended on the terminated transportation 6 7 improvement must first be used to retire any outstanding debt 8 attributable to the improvement.

9 (2) A district shall issue an annual report, indicating the status 10 of transportation improvement costs, transportation improvement 11 expenditures, revenues, and construction schedules, to the public and 12 to newspapers of record in the district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 36.73 RCW
 to read as follows:

Within thirty days of the completion of the construction of the 15 16 transportation improvement or series of improvements authorized by a 17 district, the district shall terminate day-to-day operations and exist solely as a limited entity that oversees the collection of revenue and 18 the payment of debt service or financing still in effect, if any. The 19 20 district shall accordingly adjust downward its employees, 21 administration, and overhead expenses. Any taxes, fees, or tolls imposed by the district terminate when the financing or debt service on 22 23 the transportation improvement or series of improvements constructed is 24 completed and paid, thirty days from which point the district shall dissolve itself and cease to exist. If there is no debt outstanding, 25 26 then the district shall dissolve within thirty days from completion of 27 construction of the transportation improvement or series of improvements authorized by the district. Notice of dissolution must be 28 published in newspapers of general circulation within the district at 29 least three times in a period of thirty days. Creditors must file 30 31 claims for payment of claims due within thirty days of the last published notice or the claim is extinguished. 32

33 **Sec. 21.** RCW 82.14.050 and 2002 c 56 s 406 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

The counties, cities, and transportation authorities under RCW 82.14.045, public facilities districts under chapters 36.100 and 35.57

RCW, ((and)) regional transportation investment districts, and 1 transportation benefit districts under chapter 36.73 RCW 2 shall contract, prior to the effective date of a resolution or ordinance 3 imposing a sales and use tax, the administration and collection to the 4 state department of revenue, which shall deduct a percentage amount, as 5 provided by contract, not to exceed two percent of the taxes collected 6 7 for administration and collection expenses incurred by the department. The remainder of any portion of any tax authorized by this chapter that 8 is collected by the department of revenue shall be deposited by the 9 10 state department of revenue in the local sales and use tax account hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys in the local sales and 11 use tax account may be spent only for distribution to counties, cities, 12 13 transportation authorities, public facilities districts, ((and)) 14 regional transportation investment districts, and transportation benefit districts imposing a sales and use tax. All administrative 15 provisions in chapters 82.03, 82.08, 82.12, and 82.32 RCW, as they now 16 17 exist or may hereafter be amended, shall, insofar as they are applicable to state sales and use taxes, be applicable to taxes imposed 18 pursuant to this chapter. Except as provided in RCW 43.08.190, all 19 earnings of investments of balances in the local sales and use tax 20 21 account shall be credited to the local sales and use tax account and 22 distributed to the counties, cities, transportation authorities, public facilities districts, ((and)) regional transportation 23 investment 24 districts, and transportation benefit districts monthly.

25 **Sec. 22.** RCW 82.14.060 and 1991 c 207 s 3 are each amended to read 26 as follows:

27 Monthly the state treasurer shall make distribution from the local 28 sales and use tax account to the counties, cities, transportation 29 authorities, ((and)) public facilities districts, and transportation 30 <u>benefit districts</u> the amount of tax collected on behalf of each taxing 31 authority, less the deduction provided for in RCW 82.14.050. The state 32 treasurer shall make the distribution under this section without 33 appropriation.

In the event that any ordinance or resolution imposes a sales and use tax at a rate in excess of the applicable limits contained herein, such ordinance or resolution shall not be considered void in toto, but

only with respect to that portion of the rate which is in excess of the
 applicable limits contained herein.

3 Sec. 23. RCW 35.21.225 and 1989 c 53 s 2 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 The legislative authority of a city may establish ((one or more transportation benefit districts within a city for the purpose of б acquiring, constructing, improving, providing, and funding any city 7 street, county road, or state highway improvement that is (1) 8 consistent with state, regional, and local transportation plans, (2) 9 10 necessitated by existing or reasonably foreseeable congestion levels attributable to economic growth, and (3) partially funded by local 11 12 government or private developer contributions, or a combination of such contributions. Such transportation improvements shall be owned by the 13 city of jurisdiction if located in an incorporated area, by the county 14 of jurisdiction if located in an unincorporated area, or by the state 15 in cases where the transportation improvement is or becomes a state 16 17 highway; and all such transportation improvements shall be administered as other public streets, roads, and highways. The district may include 18 19 any area within the corporate limits of another city if that city has 20 agreed to the inclusion pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW. The district may include any unincorporated area if the county legislative authority 21 22 has agreed to the inclusion pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW. The 23 agreement shall specify the area and such other powers as may be 24 granted to the benefit district.

25 The members of the city legislative authority, acting ex officio 26 and independently, shall compose the governing body of the district. 27 The city treasurer shall act as the ex officio treasurer of the district: PROVIDED, That where a transportation benefit district 28 29 includes any unincorporated area or portion of another city, the 30 district may be governed as provided in an interlocal agreement adopted pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW. The electors of the district shall all 31 32 be registered voters residing within the district. For the purposes of this section, the term "city" means both cities and towns)) 33 а transportation benefit district subject to the provisions of chapter 34 35 36.73 RCW.

1 **Sec. 24.** RCW 47.56.075 and 2002 c 56 s 404 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

The department shall approve for construction only such toll roads as the legislature specifically authorizes or such toll facilities as are specifically sponsored by a regional transportation investment district, transportation benefit district, city, town, or county.

7 **Sec. 25.** RCW 82.36.440 and 1991 c 173 s 4 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 The tax levied in this chapter is in lieu of any excise, privilege, 10 or occupational tax upon the business of manufacturing, selling, or 11 distributing motor vehicle fuel, and no city, town, county, township or 12 other subdivision or municipal corporation of the state shall levy or 13 collect any excise tax upon or measured by the sale, receipt, 14 distribution, or use of motor vehicle fuel, except as provided in RCW 15 82.80.010, section 15 of this act, and 82.47.020.

16 **Sec. 26.** RCW 82.38.280 and 1991 c 173 s 5 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

The tax levied in this chapter is in lieu of any excise, privilege, or occupational tax upon the business of manufacturing, selling, or distributing special fuel, and no city, town, county, township or other subdivision or municipal corporation of the state shall levy or collect any excise tax upon or measured by the sale, receipt, distribution, or use of special fuel, except as provided in RCW 82.80.010, section 15 of this act, and 82.47.020.

25 **Sec. 27.** RCW 82.80.030 and 2002 c 56 s 412 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 (1) Subject to the conditions of this section, the legislative 28 authority of a county, city, or district may fix and impose a parking 29 tax on all persons engaged in a commercial parking business within its respective jurisdiction. A city or county may impose the tax only to 30 the extent that it has not been imposed by the district, and a district 31 may impose the tax only to the extent that it has not been imposed by 32 a city or county. The jurisdiction of a county, for purposes of this 33 34 section, includes only the unincorporated area of the county. The

jurisdiction of a city or district includes only the area within its
 boundaries.

3 (2) In lieu of the tax in subsection (1) of this section, a city, 4 a county in its unincorporated area, or a district may fix and impose 5 a tax for the act or privilege of parking a motor vehicle in a facility 6 operated by a commercial parking business.

7

The city, county, or district may provide that:

8

(a) The tax is paid by the operator or owner of the motor vehicle;

9

10

(b) The tax applies to all parking for which a fee is paid, whether paid or leased, including parking supplied with a lease of

11 nonresidential space;

12 (c) The tax is collected by the operator of the facility and 13 remitted to the city, county, or district;

14 (d) The tax is a fee per vehicle or is measured by the parking 15 charge;

(e) The tax rate varies with zoning or location of the facility,
the duration of the parking, the time of entry or exit, the type or use
of the vehicle, or other reasonable factors; and

19 (f) Tax exempt carpools, vehicles with handicapped decals, or 20 government vehicles are exempt from the tax.

(3) "Commercial parking business" as used in this section, means the ownership, lease, operation, or management of a commercial parking lot in which fees are charged. "Commercial parking lot" means a covered or uncovered area with stalls for the purpose of parking motor vehicles.

(4) The rate of the tax under subsection (1) of this section may be
based either upon gross proceeds or the number of vehicle stalls
available for commercial parking use. The rates charged must be
uniform for the same class or type of commercial parking business.

30 (5) The county, city, or district levying the tax provided for in 31 subsection (1) or (2) of this section may provide for its payment on a 32 monthly, quarterly, or annual basis. Each local government may develop 33 by ordinance or resolution rules for administering the tax, including 34 provisions for reporting by commercial parking businesses, collection, 35 and enforcement.

36 (6) The proceeds of the commercial parking tax fixed and imposed by 37 a city or county under subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall be 38 used ((strictly)) for transportation purposes in accordance with RCW

82.80.070 or for transportation improvements in accordance with chapter
 <u>36.73 RCW</u>. The proceeds of the parking tax imposed by a district must
 be used as provided in chapter 36.120 RCW.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 28.** A new section is added to chapter 47.56 RCW 5 to read as follows:

6 Subject to the provisions under chapter 36.73 RCW, a transportation 7 benefit district may impose vehicle tolls on state routes or federal highways, city streets, or county roads, within the boundaries of the 8 9 district, unless otherwise prohibited by law. The department of transportation shall administer the collection of vehicle tolls on 10 state routes or federal highways, unless otherwise specified in law or 11 12 by contract, and the state transportation commission, or its successor, shall set and impose the tolls in amounts sufficient to implement the 13 district's transportation improvement finance plan. The district shall 14 administer the collection of vehicle tolls on city streets or county 15 16 roads, and shall set and impose the tolls in amounts sufficient to 17 implement the district's transportation improvement plan."

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On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "districts;" strike the 18 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 36.73.020, 36.73.040, 19 36.73.050, 36.73.060, 36.73.070, 36.73.080, 36.73.100, 36.73.110, 20 21 36.73.120, 36.73.130, 36.73.140, 36.73.150, 82.14.050, 82.14.060, 22 35.21.225, 47.56.075, 82.36.440, 82.38.280, and 82.80.030; adding new sections to chapter 36.73 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 23 24 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.80 RCW; and adding a new section 25 to chapter 47.56 RCW."

EFFECT: 1. Transportation benefit districts may only impose a

local fuel tax if the district boundaries are identical to that of a county or counties.

2. Transportation benefit districts may not impose a commercial parking tax, however cities and counties imposing a commercial parking tax may use the revenue for transportation benefit district improvements.

3. Any special assessment imposed by a transportation benefit district forming a local improvement district must go to a vote of the people within the local improvement district.

4. A technical correction is made to allow the imposition of the local fuel tax.

5. Requires tolls to be imposed only on new transportation improvements made by the district and toll revenue must be used specifically for these transportation improvements.

6. Eliminates the option of imposing nonvoter-approved taxes, fees, tolls, or debt and instead requires all taxes, fees, tolls, or debt to be approved by the voters.

7. Eliminates referendum provisions to repeal ordinance authorizing taxes, fees, or tolls since voters are now required to approve taxes, fees, and tolls initially.

8. Requires ballot proposition submitted to voters to include a specific description of the transportation improvement and the taxes, fees, and tolls to be imposed to fund the improvement.

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