

# HOUSE BILL REPORT

## SSB 5237

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**As Passed House - Amended:**

April 8, 2003

**Title:** An act relating to regulating the catheterization of students.

**Brief Description:** Regulating the catheterization of students.

**Sponsors:** By Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Thibaudeau, Parlette, Keiser, Mulliken, Kohl-Welles, Stevens, Hale and Eide).

**Brief History:**

**Committee Activity:**

Health Care: 3/20/03, 3/27/03 [DPA].

**Floor Activity:**

Passed House - Amended: 4/8/03, 95-0.

**Brief Summary of Substitute Bill  
(As Amended by House)**

- Allows school district employees, other than nurses, to refuse to perform clean, intermittent bladder catheterizations.

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### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH CARE

**Majority Report:** Do pass as amended. Signed by 11 members: Representatives Cody, Chair; Morrell, Vice Chair; Pflug, Ranking Minority Member; Bailey, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Campbell, Clibborn, Darneille, Moeller, Schual-Berke and Skinner.

**Staff:** Chris Blake (786-7392).

**Background:**

Any state that receives funds under the Federal Education of the Handicapped Act must assure "all handicapped children the right to a free and appropriate education." A "free and appropriate education" is defined as "special education and related services." The United States Supreme Court has interpreted the term "related services" to include clean, intermittent catheterization because it is a service that is necessary to allow a child to

remain at school during the day.

In Washington State, school districts and private schools must adopt policies regarding the provision of clean, intermittent bladder catheterization if a school provides this service for students during school hours. School districts must also comply with rules adopted by the Nursing Care Quality Assurance Commission (Commission). The requirements of this rule include parental request, parental permission, physician written orders, registered nurse instructions, and training for nonlicensed school employees performing the service.

School employees are not liable for providing catheterization services if they have followed the Commission's rules and the school district's policies. A school is not liable for discontinuing catheterization services if prior notice is given to the student's parent or guardian and the school makes other provisions for the catheterization of the student as required by federal or state law.

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**Summary of Amended Bill:**

School district employees, other than nurses, that have not agreed in writing to perform clean, intermittent bladder catheterizations as a specific part of their job descriptions, may file a letter refusing to perform these services without reprisal from the school district. School districts are still required to provide this service to students that need it. Schools must document all training for catheterization services provided to employees. Any school employee who will be providing health services must have those services listed in their job description.

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**Appropriation:** None.

**Fiscal Note:** Available.

**Effective Date of Amended Bill:** The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

**Testimony For:** Paraeducators who do not feel comfortable with, or capable of, providing catheterization services should not be forced to do this.

**Testimony Against:** None.

**Testified:** Doug Nelson, Public School Employees; and Wendy Rader-Konafalski and Jani Greer, Washington Federation of Teachers.