## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1054

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

**By** House Committee on Children & Family Services (originally sponsored by Representatives Dickerson, Skinner, Romero, Haigh, O'Brien, Kenney, Darneille, Kagi, Clements, Sommers, Chase, Miloscia, McDermott, Kirby, Schual-Berke, Lovick and Kessler)

READ FIRST TIME 02/13/03.

AN ACT Relating to duty of clergy to report child abuse or neglect; amending RCW 26.44.020 and 9A.04.080; and reenacting and amending RCW 26.44.030.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 26.44.020 and 2000 c 162 s 19 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 8 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

9 (1) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, 10 juvenile department.

11 (2) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the 12 prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, 13 or the office of the sheriff.

14 (3) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a 15 person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and 16 surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic 17 medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other 18 health services. The term "practitioner" includes a duly accredited 19 Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited
 Christian Science practitioner will not be considered, for that reason
 alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.

4 (4) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other 5 facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment or care.

6 (5) "Department" means the state department of social and health 7 services.

8 (6) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of 9 eighteen years of age.

10 (7) "Professional school personnel" include, but are not limited 11 to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility 12 personnel, and school nurses.

13 "Social service counselor" means (8) anyone engaged in a 14 professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support or education of 15 16 children, or providing social services to adults or families, including 17 mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent 18 of any public or private organization or institution. 19

(9) "Psychologist" means any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(10) "Pharmacist" means any registered pharmacist under chapter
18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee
or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

27 (11) "<u>Member of the c</u>lergy" means any regularly licensed, <u>accredited</u>, or ordained minister, priest, ((<del>or</del>)) rabbi, <u>imam</u>, <u>similarly</u> 28 situated religious or spiritual leader of any church ((or)), religious 29 denomination, religious body, spiritual community, or sect, or person 30 performing official duties that are recognized as the duties of a 31 member of the clergy under the discipline, tenets, doctrine, or custom 32 of the person's church, religious denomination, religious body, 33 spiritual community, or sect, whether acting in an individual capacity 34 or as an employee ((or)), agent, or official of any public or private 35 organization or institution. 36

37 (12) "Abuse or neglect" means the injury, sexual abuse, sexual
38 exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child by any

1 person under circumstances which indicate that the child's health, 2 welfare, and safety is harmed, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 3 9A.16.100. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child 4 abuse or neglect as defined in this section.

5 (13) "Child protective services section" means the child protective6 services section of the department.

7 (14) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or 8 encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) 9 allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or 10 pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any 11 person.

(15) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or omission that evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the child's health, welfare, and safety. The fact that siblings share a bedroom is not, in and of itself, negligent treatment or maltreatment.

17 (16) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and 18 neglect and safeguard such children from future abuse and neglect, and 19 conduct investigations of child 20 abuse and neglect reports. 21 Investigations may be conducted regardless of the location of the 22 alleged abuse or neglect. Child protective services includes referral to services to ameliorate conditions that endanger the welfare of 23 24 children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant 25 to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a 26 27 permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services 28 solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability 29 to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect. 30

(17) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an evil intent, wish, or design to vex, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in willful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a willful disregard of social duty.

(18) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in
 RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a sexually aggressive youth.

1 (19) "Unfounded" means available information indicates that, more 2 likely than not, child abuse or neglect did not occur. No unfounded 3 allegation of child abuse or neglect may be disclosed to a child-4 placing agency, private adoption agency, or any other provider licensed 5 under chapter 74.15 RCW.

6 **Sec. 2.** RCW 26.44.030 and 1999 c 267 s 20 and 1999 c 176 s 30 are 7 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) When any practitioner, county coroner or medical examiner, 8 law enforcement officer, professional school personnel, registered or 9 licensed nurse, social service counselor, psychologist, pharmacist, 10 11 member of the clergy, licensed or certified child care providers or their employees, employee of the department, juvenile probation 12 officer, placement and liaison specialist, responsible living skills 13 program staff, HOPE center staff, or state family and children's 14 15 ombudsman or any volunteer in the ombudsman's office has reasonable 16 cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper 17 18 law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040. 19

20 (b) The reporting requirement also applies to department of 21 corrections personnel who, in the course of their employment, observe offenders or the children with whom the offenders are in contact. 22 If, 23 as a result of observations or information received in the course of 24 his or her employment, any department of corrections personnel has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect, 25 26 he or she shall report the incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in 27 RCW 26.44.040. 28

29 (c) The reporting requirement shall also apply to any adult who has 30 reasonable cause to believe that a child who resides with them, has 31 suffered severe abuse, and is able or capable of making a report. For the purposes of this subsection, "severe abuse" means any of the 32 following: Any single act of abuse that causes physical trauma of 33 sufficient severity that, if left untreated, could cause death; any 34 single act of sexual abuse that causes significant bleeding, deep 35 36 bruising, or significant external or internal swelling; or more than

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1 one act of physical abuse, each of which causes bleeding, deep 2 bruising, significant external or internal swelling, bone fracture, or 3 unconsciousness.

(d) The report must be made at the first opportunity, but in no
case longer than forty-eight hours after there is reasonable cause to
believe that the child has suffered abuse or neglect. The report must
include the identity of the accused if known.

8 (2)(a) The reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does not apply to a member of the clergy with regard to information 9 obtained by the member of the clergy in his or her professional 10 character as a religious or spiritual advisor when the information is 11 obtained solely as a result of a confession made pursuant to the 12 13 clergy-penitent privilege as provided in RCW 5.60.060(3), and the member of the clergy is authorized to hear such confession, and has a 14 duty under the discipline, tenets, doctrine, or custom of his or her 15 church, religious denomination, religious body, spiritual community, or 16 sect to keep the confession secret. The privilege shall not apply and 17 the member of the clergy shall report child abuse or neglect pursuant 18 to this section if: The member of the clergy has received the 19 information from any source other than from a confession. 20

(b) Nothing in this subsection shall exempt a member of the clergy from making a report of child abuse or neglect as required in subsection (1) of this section when the member of the clergy is acting in some other capacity that would otherwise require him or her to make a report.

26 (3) The reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section 27 does not apply to the discovery of abuse or neglect that occurred 28 during childhood if it is discovered after the child has become an 29 adult. However, if there is reasonable cause to believe other children 30 are or may be at risk of abuse or neglect by the accused, the reporting 31 requirement of subsection (1) of this section does apply.

32 (((3))) (4) Any other person who has reasonable cause to believe 33 that a child has suffered abuse or neglect may report such incident to 34 the proper law enforcement agency or to the department of social and 35 health services as provided in RCW 26.44.040.

36 ((<del>(4)</del>)) <u>(5)</u> The department, upon receiving a report of an incident 37 of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child 38 who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him

or her other than by accidental means or who has been subjected to 1 2 alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency. In emergency cases, where the child's welfare is 3 endangered, the department shall notify the proper law enforcement 4 5 agency within twenty-four hours after a report is received by the department. In all other cases, the department shall notify the law б 7 enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the department. If the department makes an oral report, a written 8 9 report must also be made to the proper law enforcement agency within 10 five days thereafter.

(((5))) <u>(6)</u> Any law enforcement agency receiving a report of an 11 12 incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, 13 involving a child who has died or has had physical injury or injuries 14 inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means, or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident in 15 writing as provided in RCW 26.44.040 to the proper county prosecutor or 16 17 city attorney for appropriate action whenever the law enforcement agency's investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed. 18 The law enforcement agency shall also notify the department of all 19 reports received and the law enforcement agency's disposition of them. 20 21 In emergency cases, where the child's welfare is endangered, the law 22 enforcement agency shall notify the department within twenty-four 23 hours. In all other cases, the law enforcement agency shall notify the 24 department within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the 25 law enforcement agency.

(((+6))) (7) Any county prosecutor or city attorney receiving a report under subsection ((+5)) (6) of this section shall notify the victim, any persons the victim requests, and the local office of the department, of the decision to charge or decline to charge a crime, within five days of making the decision.

(((7))) (8) The department may conduct ongoing case planning and 31 32 consultation with those persons or agencies required to report under this section, with consultants designated by the department, and with 33 designated representatives of Washington Indian tribes if the client 34 35 information exchanged is pertinent to cases currently receiving child protective services. Upon request, the department shall conduct such 36 37 planning and consultation with those persons required to report under 38 this section if the department determines it is in the best interests

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of the child. Information considered privileged by statute and not
 directly related to reports required by this section must not be
 divulged without a valid written waiver of the privilege.

(((+8))) (9) Any case referred to the department by a physician 4 licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW on the basis of an expert 5 medical opinion that child abuse, neglect, or sexual assault has б 7 occurred and that the child's safety will be seriously endangered if returned home, the department shall file a dependency petition unless 8 a second licensed physician of the parents' choice believes that such 9 10 expert medical opinion is incorrect. If the parents fail to designate a second physician, the department may make the selection. 11 If a 12 physician finds that a child has suffered abuse or neglect but that 13 such abuse or neglect does not constitute imminent danger to the 14 child's health or safety, and the department agrees with the physician's assessment, the child may be left in the parents' home 15 while the department proceeds with reasonable efforts to remedy 16 17 parenting deficiencies.

18 (((9))) (10) Persons or agencies exchanging information under 19 subsection (((7))) (8) of this section shall not further disseminate or 20 release the information except as authorized by state or federal 21 statute. Violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor.

22 (((10))) (11) Upon receiving reports of alleged abuse or neglect, the department or law enforcement agency may interview children. 23 The 24 interviews may be conducted on school premises, at day-care facilities, at the child's home, or at other suitable locations outside of the 25 presence of parents. Parental notification of the interview must occur 26 27 at the earliest possible point in the investigation that will not jeopardize the safety or protection of the child or the course of the 28 investigation. Prior to commencing the interview the department or law 29 enforcement agency shall determine whether the child wishes a third 30 party to be present for the interview and, if so, shall make reasonable 31 32 efforts to accommodate the child's wishes. Unless the child objects, the department or law enforcement agency shall make reasonable efforts 33 to include a third party in any interview so long as the presence of 34 35 the third party will not jeopardize the course of the investigation.

36 (((11))) (12) Upon receiving a report of alleged child abuse and 37 neglect, the department or investigating law enforcement agency shall have access to all relevant records of the child in the possession of
 mandated reporters and their employees.

3 (((<del>12)</del>)) <u>(13)</u> The department shall maintain investigation records 4 and conduct timely and periodic reviews of all cases constituting abuse 5 and neglect. The department shall maintain a log of screened-out 6 nonabusive cases.

7 ((<del>(13)</del>)) <u>(14)</u> The department shall use a risk assessment process 8 when investigating alleged child abuse and neglect referrals. The 9 department shall present the risk factors at all hearings in which the 10 placement of a dependent child is an issue. Substance abuse must be a 11 risk factor. The department shall, within funds appropriated for this 12 purpose, offer enhanced community-based services to persons who are 13 determined not to require further state intervention.

14 The department shall provide annual reports to the legislature on 15 the effectiveness of the risk assessment process.

16 (((14))) (15) Upon receipt of a report of alleged abuse or neglect 17 the law enforcement agency may arrange to interview the person making 18 the report and any collateral sources to determine if any malice is 19 involved in the reporting.

(((15))) (16) The department shall make reasonable efforts to learn 20 21 the name, address, and telephone number of each person making a report of abuse or neglect under this section. The department shall provide 22 assurances of appropriate confidentiality of the identification of 23 24 persons reporting under this section. If the department is unable to 25 learn the information required under this subsection, the department shall only investigate cases in which: (a) The department believes 26 27 there is a serious threat of substantial harm to the child; (b) the report indicates conduct involving a criminal offense that has, or is 28 about to occur, in which the child is the victim; or (c) the department 29 has, after investigation, a report of abuse or neglect that has been 30 31 founded with regard to a member of the household within three years of 32 receipt of the referral.

33 Sec. 3. RCW 9A.04.080 and 1998 c 221 s 2 are each amended to read 34 as follows:

(1) Prosecutions for criminal offenses shall not be commenced afterthe periods prescribed in this section.

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(a) The following offenses may be prosecuted at any time after
 their commission:

- 3 (i) Murder;
- 4 (ii) Homicide by abuse;
- 5 (iii) Arson if a death results;
- 6 (iv) Vehicular homicide;
- 7 (v) Vehicular assault if a death results;

8 (vi) Hit-and-run injury-accident if a death results (RCW
9 46.52.020(4)).

10 (b) The following offenses shall not be prosecuted more than ten 11 years after their commission:

(i) Any felony committed by a public officer if the commission is in connection with the duties of his or her office or constitutes a breach of his or her public duty or a violation of the oath of office; (ii) Arson if no death results; or

(iii) Violations of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050 if the rape is 16 17 reported to a law enforcement agency within one year of its commission; except that if the victim is under fourteen years of age when the rape 18 is committed and the rape is reported to a law enforcement agency 19 within one year of its commission, the violation may be prosecuted up 20 21 to three years after the victim's eighteenth birthday or up to ten years after the rape's commission, whichever is later. If a violation 22 of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050 is not reported within one year, the rape 23 24 may not be prosecuted: (A) More than three years after its commission 25 if the violation was committed against a victim fourteen years of age or older; or (B) more than three years after the victim's eighteenth 26 27 birthday or more than seven years after the rape's commission, whichever is later, if the violation was committed against a victim 28 under fourteen years of age. 29

30 (c) Violations of the following statutes shall not be prosecuted 31 more than three years after the victim's eighteenth birthday or more 32 than seven years after their commission, whichever is later: RCW 33 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, 9A.44.083, 9A.44.086, 9A.44.070, 9A.44.080, 34 9A.44.100(1)(b), or 9A.64.020.

35 (d) The following offenses shall not be prosecuted more than six 36 years after their commission: Violations of RCW 9A.82.060 or 37 9A.82.080. (e) The following offenses shall not be prosecuted more than five
 years after their commission: Any class C felony under chapter 74.09,
 82.36, or 82.38 RCW.

4 (f) Bigamy shall not be prosecuted more than three years after the 5 time specified in RCW 9A.64.010.

(g) A violation of RCW 9A.56.030 must not be prosecuted more than
three years after the discovery of the offense when the victim is a tax
exempt corporation under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3).

9 (h) No other felony may be prosecuted more than three years after 10 its commission; except that in a prosecution under RCW 9A.44.115, if 11 the person who was viewed, photographed, or filmed did not realize at 12 the time that he or she was being viewed, photographed, or filmed, the 13 prosecution must be commenced within two years of the time the person 14 who was viewed or in the photograph or film first learns that he or she 15 was viewed, photographed, or filmed.

16 (i) <u>A violation of RCW 26.44.080 by a member of the clergy must not</u> 17 <u>be prosecuted more than ten years after the disclosure of the</u> 18 <u>information that was the subject of the reporting requirement under RCW</u> 19 <u>26.44.030 should have occurred.</u>

20 <u>(j)</u> No <u>other</u> gross misdemeanor may be prosecuted more than two 21 years after its commission.

22  $((\frac{j}{j}))$  <u>(k)</u> No misdemeanor may be prosecuted more than one year 23 after its commission.

(2) The periods of limitation prescribed in subsection (1) of this
section do not run during any time when the person charged is not
usually and publicly resident within this state.

(3) If, before the end of a period of limitation prescribed in subsection (1) of this section, an indictment has been found or a complaint or an information has been filed, and the indictment, complaint, or information is set aside, then the period of limitation is extended by a period equal to the length of time from the finding or filing to the setting aside.

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