ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1317

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By House Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Linville, Kirby, Grant, Quall, Shabro, Jarrett, Rockefeller, Hunt, Delvin, Morris and Conway; by request of Governor Locke)

READ FIRST TIME 03/05/03.

AN ACT Relating to the trust water rights program; amending RCW 90.42.005, 90.42.010, 90.42.020, 90.42.030, 90.03.380, and 90.44.100; adding new sections to chapter 90.42 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 90.42.050, 90.42.070, and 90.42.080; and declaring an emergency.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the trust water NEW SECTION. 8 rights program is an important tool in meeting the state's current and future needs for water, both instream and out-of-stream. However, the 9 10 legislature finds that the existing procedures for establishing trust water rights are unnecessarily complex, and are difficult to explain 11 12 and administer. Further, the legislature finds that groups currently developing local watershed plans and regional water management programs 13 14 are seeking an effective means to facilitate multiple, voluntary 15 transfers of existing water rights to address presently unmet needs and 16 future needs.

17 It is the intent of this act to enhance the effectiveness of the 18 trust water rights program by improving existing incentives, removing disincentives, and clarifying and consolidating procedures for
 establishing trust water rights.

3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 90.42.005 and 1991 c 347 s 1 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 (1) It is the policy of the state of Washington to recognize and 6 preserve water rights in accordance with RCW 90.03.010 <u>and the</u> 7 <u>beneficial uses of water described in RCW 90.54.020(1)</u>.

8

(2) The legislature finds that:

9 (a) The state of Washington is faced with a shortage of water with 10 which to meet existing and future needs, particularly during the summer 11 and fall months and in dry years when the demand is greatest;

12 (b) Consistent with RCW 90.54.180, conservation and water use efficiency programs, ((including)) storage, and water right transfers 13 should be the preferred methods ((of addressing water uses because they 14 can relieve)) to address current critical water situations, provide for 15 16 presently unmet needs, and assist in meeting future water needs. 17 Presently unmet needs or current needs includes the water required to increase the frequency of occurrence of base or minimum flow levels in 18 streams of the state, the water necessary to satisfy existing water 19 20 rights, or the water necessary to provide full supplies to existing 21 water systems with current supply deficiencies, or as otherwise needed to meet the needs of growing communities for adequate and reliable 22 23 water supplies, and to provide the water necessary to satisfy existing water rights for other beneficial uses listed in RCW 90.54.020(1); 24 25 ((and))

26 (c) The interests of the state will be served by developing 27 programs and regional water resource plans, in cooperation with local governments, federally recognized tribal governments, appropriate 28 federal agencies, private citizens, and the various water users and 29 30 water interests in the state, that increase the overall ability to 31 manage the state's waters in order to resolve conflicts and to better satisfy both present and future needs for water, both instream and 32 33 out-of-stream; and

34 (d) A state trust water rights program is an effective means to
 35 facilitate the voluntary transfer of water and water rights,
 36 established through conservation, purchase, lease, or donation, to

1 secure and preserve water rights and provide water for presently unmet

2 <u>needs and emerging needs</u>.

3 **Sec. 3.** RCW 90.42.010 and 1998 c 245 s 173 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 The legislature ((finds that)) recognizes a need ((exists)) to 6 ((develop and test)) provide a means to facilitate the voluntary 7 transfer of water and water rights, including conserved water, to provide water for presently unmet needs and emerging needs. 8 9 ((Further,)) The legislature also finds that water conservation activities have the potential of affecting the quantity of return flow 10 11 waters to which existing water right holders have a right to and upon 12 which they rely ((upon)). ((It is the intent of)) The legislature intends that persons holding rights to water, including return flows, 13 not be adversely affected in the implementation of the provisions of 14 15 this chapter.

16 **Sec. 4.** RCW 90.42.020 and 1991 c 347 s 6 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

18 ((Unless the context clearly requires otherwise,)) The definitions 19 in this section apply throughout this chapter <u>unless the context</u> 20 <u>clearly requires otherwise</u>.

21

(1) "Department" means the department of ecology.

(2) <u>"Impairment" means detriment or injury to existing rights as</u>
 that phrase is used in RCW 90.03.380(1).

24 (3) "Net water savings" means the amount of water that is 25 determined to be conserved and usable within or from a specified ((stream reach or reaches)) surface or ground water body for other 26 purposes without impairment ((or detriment)) to water rights existing 27 at the time that a water conservation project is ((undertaken, reducing 28 29 the ability to deliver water, or reducing the supply of water that 30 otherwise would have been available to other existing water uses)) funded. 31

32 (((3))) <u>(4)</u> "Trust water right" means any <u>existing</u> water right 33 ((acquired)) <u>transferred to or managed</u> by the state under this chapter 34 ((for management in)) <u>and</u> the state's trust water rights program.

35 (((4) "Pilot planning areas" means the geographic areas designated 36 under RCW 90.54.045(2).)) 1 (5) "Water conservation project" means any project or program <u>for</u> 2 which the state provides state or federal government assistance that 3 achieves physical or operational improvements that provide for 4 increased water use efficiency in existing systems of diversion, 5 conveyance, application, or use of water under water rights ((existing 6 on July 28, 1991)).

7 **Sec. 5.** RCW 90.42.030 and 1993 c 98 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) For <u>the</u> purposes ((of)) <u>specified in</u> this chapter, the state 10 may enter into contracts to provide moneys to assist in the financing 11 of water conservation projects. In consideration for the financial 12 assistance provided, the state shall obtain public benefits ((defined 13 <u>in guidelines developed under RCW 90.42.050</u>)) <u>in the form of temporary</u> 14 <u>or permanent water rights</u>.

(2) If the public benefits to be obtained require conveyance or 15 16 modification of a water right, the recipient of funds shall convey to 17 the state the recipient's interest in that part of the water right ((or claim)) constituting all or a portion of the resulting net water 18 savings ((for deposit in the trust water rights program. The amount to 19 20 be conveyed shall be finitely determined by the parties, in accordance 21 with the guidelines developed under RCW 90.42.050, before the expenditure of state funds)) according to section 8 of this act. 22 23 Conveyance may consist of complete transfer, lease contracts, or other 24 legally binding agreements. When negotiating for the acquisition of 25 conserved water or net water savings, or a portion thereof, the state 26 may require evidence of a valid water right.

(3) ((As part of the contract,)) If requested by the water right holder ((and)), the state shall specify ((the process to determine)) as part of the contract the amount of water the water right holder would continue to be entitled to once the water conservation project is in place.

32 (4) ((The state shall cooperate fully with the United States in the 33 implementation of this chapter. Trust water rights may be acquired 34 through expenditure of funds provided by the United States and shall be 35 treated in the same manner as trust water rights resulting from the 36 expenditure of state funds.

1 (5) If water is proposed to be acquired by or conveyed to the state 2 as a trust water right by an irrigation district, evidence of the 3 district's authority to represent the water right holders shall be 4 submitted to and for the satisfaction of the department.

5 (6) The state shall not contract with any person to acquire a water right served by an irrigation district without the approval of the 6 7 board of directors of the irrigation district. Disapproval by a board 8 shall be factually based on probable adverse effects on the ability of the district to deliver water to other members or on maintenance of the 9 financial integrity of the district.)) When the department provides 10 funding for a water conservation project as a means of establishing a 11 12 trust water right, a trust water right must be established for the period of time during which the conservation project will result in 13 14 establishment of a trust water right. For example, a conservation project with a functional life of fifteen years would result in a trust 15 transfer of fifteen years. Before the expenditure of state funds for 16 a water conservation project, the state and the water right holder 17 shall agree on the terms and duration of the trust water transfer as a 18 result of a conservation project. 19

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 21 to read as follows:

(1) All trust water established by the state must be placed in the
state trust water rights program to be held in trust by the department.
Trust water rights established by the state must be held or authorized
for use by the department for any beneficial use described in RCW
90.54.020(1). Trust water rights may also be established for the
protection of water rights secured for mitigation purposes and for
preservation of water rights for future needs.

(2) Trust water rights may only be established from existing water rights, including rights to divert or withdraw water under existing certificates, claims, and permits, and rights to storage and use of stored water from existing reservoir and secondary use rights, or other appropriate means other than by condemnation.

34 (3) Trust water rights must be administered by the department.
 35 Each trust water right must be administered in strict accordance with
 36 the terms under which the trust water right was established, including
 37 any agreement between the parties executed at the time the trust water

1 right was established, or as subsequently modified by mutual agreement 2 of the parties. For example, a trust water right established by the 3 state expressly conditioned to limit its use to instream flows must be 4 managed as a trust water right in compliance with that condition.

5 (4) To the extent practicable and subject to legislative 6 appropriation, trust water rights established in a watershed with an 7 approved watershed plan developed under chapter 90.82 RCW must be used 8 in a manner consistent with that plan.

9 (5) The department may make arrangements, including entry into 10 contracts with other persons or entities as appropriate, to ensure that 11 trust water rights established in accordance with this chapter can be 12 exercised to the fullest possible extent consistent with applicable 13 state laws.

14 (6) The department shall cooperate fully with the United States in 15 the implementation of this chapter. Trust water rights may be 16 established through expenditure of funds provided by the United States 17 and must be treated in the same manner as trust water rights 18 established as a result of the expenditure of state funds.

19 (7) All trust water rights must be managed to ensure that 20 attributes of each water right, such as its priority date, status as a 21 certificate, permit, or claim, names or numbers used to identify the 22 water right, and previously authorized uses remain distinct for each 23 water right established as a trust water right.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 25 to read as follows:

26 (1) A trust water right may be established on a temporary or permanent basis. To establish a permanent trust water right, the water 27 right must be conveyed to the state of Washington. A water right 28 29 transferred to the trust water program on a temporary basis may not be 30 conveyed to the state of Washington and remains the property of the 31 water right holder while managed by the department in the trust water program consistent with the terms of any agreement between the water 32 right holder and the department. 33

34 (2) All or a portion of a water right perfected through actual
35 beneficial use or an unperfected water right in good standing can be
36 established as a trust water right. Once established by the state,
37 such a right is a trust water right.

1 (3) The department shall develop forms for use in the establishment 2 of trust water rights to gather information pertaining to the water 3 right including, but not limited to, the existing purpose, place of 4 use, and point of diversion or withdrawal of the right, extent of water 5 use under the right, and the use or uses proposed for the right as a 6 trust water right.

(4) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.380(4) and 90.44.100(5), the
provisions of RCW 90.03.380 and 90.44.100 apply to trust water right
transfers under this chapter.

10 (5) Acceptance of an existing right as a temporary trust water 11 right under this chapter does not constitute a determination of the 12 validity and extent of an existing water right.

13 (6) If the holder of a right to water from a body of water chooses to donate all or a portion of the person's water right to the trust 14 water program to assist in providing instream flows on a temporary or 15 16 permanent basis, the department shall accept the donation on such terms 17 as the person may prescribe as long as the donation satisfies the applicable requirements of this chapter, and the terms prescribed are 18 relevant and material to protecting any interest in the water right 19 retained by the donor. Once accepted, such rights are trust water 20 21 rights within the conditions prescribed by the donor.

(7)(a) The quantity of water that may be approved for transfer to the trust water program represents the extent to which water use under the original right is reduced or foregone under the trust transfer, resulting in a net benefit to the water body as a result of establishing the trust water right, and resulting from:

(i) Reduced diversion or withdrawal of water under the originalright as a result of a water conservation project;

(ii) A reduction in the number of acres irrigated under the right, or a long-term change in the type of crop grown that will require less water;

32 (iii) A reduction in the period of use of the right, on a seasonal 33 basis, during periods of low stream flows, or according to conditions 34 prescribed for the trust water right;

35 (iv) The elimination of water use under the original right;

36 (v) A downstream change in point of diversion of a water right that 37 results in increased flows in the reach of the stream affected by the 38 change; (vi) The temporary or permanent use of different source of supply
 to meet all or a portion of the water needs under the original right;
 or

(vii) Other appropriate changes in activities under the original 4 5 right, as agreed to between the water right holder and the department. (b) Where the state establishes a trust water right from a portion 6 7 of an existing water right, only the portion of the right to be placed in the trust water rights program is subject to the provisions of this 8 9 chapter. In the case of a trust transfer, the quantity of the trust water right and the water right remaining with the water right holder 10 is reflected in the superseding document issued to the water right 11 12 holder by the department, and the superseding document issued by the 13 department must be conditioned to ensure that the reduced water use is 14 achieved.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 16 to read as follows:

(1) A trust water right retains the same priority date as the water right from which it originated. The trust right shall be deemed to be inferior in priority to the water right from which it originated unless otherwise specified by an agreement between the state and the party holding the original right.

(2) The priority date of an unperfected water right established as a trust water right is the date of its establishment as a trust water right. If an unperfected water right is established as a temporary trust water right, it reverts to the original owner as an unperfected right with the priority date of the original right.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 28 to read as follows:

(1) Before acquiring, establishing, or modifying any trust water right, the department shall publish a notice in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county or counties in which the storage, diversion, and use are to be made and in other newspapers as the department determines is necessary. The notice must be published once a week for two consecutive weeks. At the same time the department publishes notice, the department shall send a notice containing

pertinent information to all appropriate state agencies, potentially affected local governments, potentially affected federally recognized tribal governments, and other interested parties.

4 (2) This section does not apply to a trust water right resulting 5 from a donation for instream flows under RCW 90.42.080 or from a lease 6 under RCW 90.42.080 if the period of the lease does not exceed five 7 years.

8 (3) The department shall establish expedited notice provisions to 9 provide notice and opportunity for comment on proposals to establish 10 trust water rights during a formally declared drought.

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 12 to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a temporary trust water right is established after the following actions occur:

16 (a) The water right holder provides written notice to the 17 department of their intention to establish a temporary trust water 18 right;

(b) The water right holder publishes a legal notice according to 19 20 section 9 of this act describing the temporary trust transfer and other 21 details deemed necessary by the department. The legal notice must state that a water right holder wishing to assert a claim of impairment 22 23 of their water right may do so by filing the claim with the department, 24 and shall specify the deadline for doing so. The legal notice must be published once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of 25 26 general circulation in the area in which the temporary trust water 27 right would be established; and

(c) Within thirty days of the last date of publication of the legal 28 notice, no claims of impairment are filed with the department relating 29 30 to the proposed temporary trust water right. If any claims of 31 impairment are filed with the department, the department shall make a determination regarding the impairment claim or claims and shall issue 32 its determination in writing, stating either that it finds that there 33 will be impairment (a "finding of impairment") or that it finds there 34 35 will not be impairment (a "finding of no impairment"). The 36 department's written determination may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board as provided in chapter 43.21B RCW or other
 applicable law.

3 (2) A temporary trust water right may be established by a superior
4 court conducting a water rights adjudication under chapter 90.03 RCW.

5 (3) Upon the expiration of the period of time for which a temporary 6 trust water right is established, the full perfected and unperfected 7 quantities of water established as a temporary trust water right revert 8 to the water right holder, with the priority date of the original water 9 right.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 11 to read as follows:

(1)(a) After notice and consideration of comments received, the department shall issue a final decision regarding the establishment of a permanent trust water right.

(b) The department shall provide copies of its final decision to the applicant and to any person or entity who provided comments on the proposed permanent trust water right transfer. The department's final decision on establishment of a permanent trust water right is appealable to the pollution control hearings board under RCW 43.21B.230 or other applicable law.

21 (2) The department shall issue a certificate of change or transfer 22 as required under RCW 90.03.380(1) for any water right established as 23 a permanent trust water right and order approving a trust water right 24 Certificates of change or transfer issued under RCW transfer. 90.03.380 must be filed and made a record with the department of 25 26 ecology, and a duplicate certificate must be issued to the applicant, 27 which may be filed with the appropriate county auditor in like manner and with the same effect as provided in the original authorization to 28 29 divert water.

30 (3) The department may require a final investigation prior to 31 issuing a superseding certificate for water rights for which the 32 department has issued a certificate of change or transfer under this 33 section and under RCW 90.03.380(1), and shall issue a superseding 34 certificate for such water right only when and to the extent water has 35 been applied to actual beneficial use as described in the certificate 36 of change or transfer issued under RCW 90.03.380(1). 1 (4) Where only a portion of an existing right is established as a 2 permanent trust water right, the department shall issue a superseding 3 certificate or permit to the original water right holder or, with 4 respect to water claims, issue a superseding certificate or permit only 5 for the perfected portion of a claim as demonstrated through actual 6 beneficial use of water. The superseding document must indicate the 7 quantity of water remaining with the original right holder.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 9 to read as follows:

No state funds may be expended to establish trust water rights by the state under this chapter unless specifically appropriated for this purpose by the legislature. Prior to expending state or federal funds for a trust water right, the department shall exercise appropriate due diligence, as practiced by other water right purchasers, to ensure the validity of the water right or portion thereof for which the funds will be expended.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW
 18 to read as follows:

A water right conveyed to the trust water right program as a donation that is expressly conditioned to limit its use to instream purposes must be managed by the department for public purposes to ensure that it qualifies as a donation that is deductible for federal income taxation purposes for the person or entity conveying the water right.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 26 to read as follows:

The water right relinquishment provisions of RCW 90.14.130 through 90.14.230 do not apply to trust water rights as of the date the trust water right is established.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 31 to read as follows:

32 (1) Nothing in this chapter authorizes the impairment of, or33 operates to impair, any existing water rights.

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1 (2) A trust water right may be established only if the department 2 first determines that neither water rights existing at the time the 3 trust water right is established nor the public interest will be 4 impaired. If impairment becomes apparent during the time a trust water 5 right is being exercised, the department shall cease or modify the use 6 of the trust water right to eliminate the impairment.

7 (3) A water right holder who believes his or her water right has been impaired by a trust water right donated or leased under RCW 8 9 90.42.080 may request that the department review his or her impairment claim. If the department determines that exercising the trust water 10 right resulting from the donation or lease or exercising a portion of 11 that trust water right is impairing existing water rights in violation 12 of this section, the trust water right must be altered by the 13 department to eliminate the impairment. 14

(4) Any decision of the department made according to subsection (2)
or (3) of this section may be appealed to the pollution control
hearings board according to chapter 43.21B RCW.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 90.42 RCW 19 to read as follows:

(1) When water is proposed to be provided to the department as a trust water right by an irrigation district, evidence of the district's authority to represent the water right holders must be submitted to, and for the satisfaction of, the department.

(2) The department may not establish a trust water right from an
individual's water right under this chapter that is appurtenant to land
lying within an irrigation district without the approval of the board
of directors of the irrigation district.

28 **Sec. 17.** RCW 90.03.380 and 2001 c 237 s 5 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

30 (1) The right to the use of water which has been applied to a 31 beneficial use in the state shall be and remain appurtenant to the land 32 or place upon which the same is used: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the 33 right may be transferred to another or to others and become appurtenant 34 to any other land or place of use without loss of priority of right 35 theretofore established if such change can be made without detriment or 36 injury to existing rights. The point of diversion of water for

beneficial use or the purpose of use may be changed, if such change can 1 2 be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. A change in the place of use, point of diversion, and/or purpose of use of a water 3 right to enable irrigation of additional acreage or the addition of new 4 uses may be permitted if such change results in no increase in the 5 annual consumptive quantity of water used under the water right. б For 7 purposes of this section, "annual consumptive quantity" means the estimated or actual annual amount of water diverted pursuant to the 8 water right, reduced by the estimated annual amount of return flows, 9 10 averaged over the two years of greatest use within the most recent five-year period of continuous beneficial use of the water right. 11 12 Before any transfer of such right to use water or change of the point 13 of diversion of water or change of purpose of use can be made, any 14 person having an interest in the transfer or change, shall file a written application therefor with the department, and the application 15 shall not be granted until notice of the application is published as 16 17 provided in RCW 90.03.280. If it shall appear that such transfer or such change may be made without injury or detriment to existing rights, 18 the department shall issue to the applicant a certificate in duplicate 19 granting the right for such transfer or for such change of point of 20 21 diversion or of use. The certificate so issued shall be filed and be 22 made a record with the department and the duplicate certificate issued to the applicant may be filed with the county auditor in like manner 23 and with the same effect as provided in the original certificate or 24 permit to divert water. 25

(2) If an application for change proposes to transfer water rights from one irrigation district to another, the department shall, before publication of notice, receive concurrence from each of the irrigation districts that such transfer or change will not adversely affect the ability to deliver water to other landowners or impair the financial integrity of either of the districts.

32 (3) A change in place of use by an individual water user or users 33 of water provided by an irrigation district need only receive approval 34 for the change from the board of directors of the district if the use 35 of water continues within the irrigation district, and when water is 36 provided by an irrigation entity that is a member of a board of joint 37 control created under chapter 87.80 RCW, approval need only be received 1 from the board of joint control if the use of water continues within 2 the area of jurisdiction of the joint board and the change can be made 3 without detriment or injury to existing rights.

(4) <u>The requirements of this section ((shall))</u> <u>do</u> not apply to
trust water rights ((acquired by the state through the funding of water
conservation projects under chapter 90.38 RCW or RCW 90.42.010 through
90.42.070)) established on a temporary basis under chapter 90.42 RCW
unless such rights are transferred to another person.

9 (5)(a) Pending applications for new water rights are not entitled 10 to protection from impairment, injury, or detriment when an application 11 relating to an existing surface or ground water right is considered.

(b) Applications relating to existing surface or ground water rights may be processed and decisions on them rendered independently of processing and rendering decisions on pending applications for new water rights within the same source of supply without regard to the date of filing of the pending applications for new water rights.

17 (C) Notwithstanding any other existing authority to process applications, including but not limited to the authority to process 18 applications under WAC 173-152-050 as it existed on January 1, 2001, an 19 application relating to an existing surface or ground water right may 20 21 be processed ahead of a previously filed application relating to an 22 existing right when sufficient information for a decision on the previously filed application is not available and the applicant for the 23 24 previously filed application is sent written notice that explains what 25 information is not available and informs the applicant that processing of the next application will begin. The previously filed application 26 27 does not lose its priority date and if the information is provided by the applicant within sixty days, the previously filed application shall 28 be processed at that time. This subsection (5)(c) does not affect any 29 other existing authority to process applications. 30

(d) Nothing in this subsection (5) is intended to stop theprocessing of applications for new water rights.

33 (6) No applicant for a change, transfer, or amendment of a water 34 right may be required to give up any part of the applicant's valid 35 water right or claim to a state agency, the trust water rights program, 36 or to other persons as a condition of processing the application.

37 (7) In revising the provisions of this section and adding38 provisions to this section by chapter 237, Laws of 2001, the

legislature does not intend to imply legislative approval or disapproval of any existing administrative policy regarding, or any existing administrative or judicial interpretation of, the provisions of this section not expressly added or revised.

5 **Sec. 18.** RCW 90.44.100 and 1997 c 316 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) After an application to, and upon the issuance by the 8 department of an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of 9 ground water right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public 10 ground waters may, without losing the holder's priority of right, 11 construct wells or other means of withdrawal at a new location in 12 substitution for or in addition to those at the original location, or 13 the holder may change the manner or the place of use of the water.

(2) An amendment to construct replacement or a new additional well 14 15 or wells at a location outside of the location of the original well or 16 wells or to change the manner or place of use of the water shall be 17 issued only after publication of notice of the application and findings 18 as prescribed in the case of an original application. Such amendment 19 shall be issued by the department only on the conditions that: (a) The 20 additional or replacement well or wells shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or wells; (b) where a 21 replacement well or wells is approved, the use of the original well or 22 23 wells shall be discontinued and the original well or wells shall be 24 properly decommissioned as required under chapter 18.104 RCW; (c) where 25 an additional well or wells is constructed, the original well or wells 26 may continue to be used, but the combined total withdrawal from the 27 original and additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the original permit or certificate; and (d) other existing 28 rights shall not be impaired. The department may specify an approved 29 30 manner of construction and shall require a showing of compliance with 31 the terms of the amendment, as provided in RCW 90.44.080 in the case of an original permit. 32

(3) The construction of a replacement or new additional well or wells at the location of the original well or wells shall be allowed without application to the department for an amendment. However, the following apply to such a replacement or new additional well: (a) The well shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original

well or wells; (b) if a replacement well is constructed, the use of the 1 2 original well or wells shall be discontinued and the original well or wells shall be properly decommissioned as required under chapter 18.104 3 RCW; (c) if a new additional well is constructed, the original well or 4 5 wells may continue to be used, but the combined total withdrawal from the original and additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right 6 7 conveyed by the original water use permit or certificate; (d) the construction and use of the well shall not interfere with or impair 8 9 water rights with an earlier date of priority than the water right or rights for the original well or wells; (e) the replacement or 10 additional well shall be located no closer than the original well to a 11 well it might interfere with; (f) the department may specify an 12 13 approved manner of construction of the well; and (g) the department 14 shall require a showing of compliance with the conditions of this 15 subsection (3).

16 (4) As used in this section, the "location of the original well or 17 wells" is the area described as the point of withdrawal in the original 18 public notice published for the application for the water right for the 19 well.

20 (5) The requirements of this section do not apply to trust water
21 rights established on a temporary basis under chapter 90.42 RCW unless
22 such rights are transferred to another person.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. The following acts or parts of acts are 24 each repealed:

(1) RCW 90.42.050 (Guidelines governing trust water rights- Submission of guidelines to joint select committee) and 1991 c 347 s 9;
 (2) RCW 90.42.070 (Involuntary impairment of existing water rights
 not authorized) and 1991 c 347 s 11; and

(3) RCW 90.42.080 (Trust water rights--Acquisition, donation, exercise, and transfer--Appropriation required for expenditure of funds) and 2002 c 329 s 9, 2001 c 237 s 31, 1993 c 98 s 4, & 1991 c 347 s 12.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 20. If any provision of this act or its 34 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 35 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 36 persons or circumstances is not affected.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 21. This act is necessary for the immediate 2 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the 3 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect 4 immediately.

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