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#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1431

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State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By House Committee on State Government (originally sponsored by Representatives McDermott, McMahan, Hunt, Kenney, Haigh, Rockefeller, Simpson, Alexander, Cody, Berkey and Linville; by request of Secretary of State)

READ FIRST TIME 03/03/03.

- AN ACT Relating to the date of the primary; amending RCW 29.13.070,
- 2 29.13.010, 29.13.020, 29.15.020, 29.15.170, 29.15.180, 29.15.190,
- 3 29.15.230, 29.18.160, 29.24.020, 29.36.270, 29.38.020, 29.62.020,
- 4 42.12.040, 27.12.355, 27.12.370, 35.06.070, 35.13.1821, 35.61.360,
- 5 35A.14.299, 36.93.030, 52.02.080, 52.04.056, 52.04.071, 53.04.110,
- 6 54.08.010, 54.08.070, 57.04.050, and 70.44.235; adding a new section to
- 7 chapter 29.38 RCW; and providing an effective date.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 **Sec. 1.** RCW 29.13.070 and 1977 ex.s. c 361 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:
- 11 Nominating primaries for general elections to be held in November
- 12 ((shall)) must be held at the regular polling places in each precinct
- on the ((third Tuesday)) first Wednesday after the first Monday of the
- 14 preceding September ((or on the seventh Tuesday immediately preceding
- 15 such general election, whichever occurs first)).
- 16 Sec. 2. RCW 29.13.010 and 1994 c 142 s 1 are each amended to read
- 17 as follows:
- 18 (1) All state, county, city, town, and district general elections

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for the election of federal, state, legislative, judicial, county, 1 2 city, town, district, and precinct officers, and for the submission to the voters of the state, county, city, town, or district of any measure 3 for their adoption and approval or rejection, shall be held on the 4 5 first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, in the year in which they may be called. A statewide general election shall be held on the 6 7 first Tuesday after the first Monday of November of each year: PROVIDED, That the statewide general election held in odd-numbered 8 years shall be limited to (a) city, town, and district general 9 elections as provided for in RCW 29.13.020, or as otherwise provided by 10 law; (b) the election of federal officers for the remainder of any 11 unexpired terms in the membership of either branch of the congress of 12 13 the United States; (c) the election of state and county officers for 14 the remainder of any unexpired terms of offices created by or whose duties are described in Article II, section 15, Article III, sections 15 16 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23, and Article IV, sections 3 and 5 of the 17 state Constitution and RCW 2.06.080; (d) the election of county officers in any county governed by a charter containing provisions 18 calling for general county elections at this time; and (e) the approval 19 or rejection of state measures, including proposed constitutional 20 21 amendments, matters pertaining to any proposed constitutional 22 convention, initiative measures and referendum measures proposed by the electorate, referendum bills, and any other matter provided by the 23 24 legislature for submission to the electorate.

- (2) A county legislative authority may, if it deems an emergency to exist, call a special county election by presenting a resolution to the county auditor at least ((forty-five days prior to)) fifty-five days before the proposed election date. Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, a special election called by the county legislative authority shall be held on one of the following dates as decided by such governing body:
  - (a) The first Tuesday after the first Monday in February;
  - (b) The second Tuesday in March;
- 34 (c) The fourth Tuesday in April;
- 35 (d) The third Tuesday in May;

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- 36 (e) The day of the primary as specified by RCW 29.13.070; or
- 37 (f) The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

- (3) In addition to the dates set forth in subsection (2) (a) through (f) of this section, a special election to validate an excess levy or bond issue may be called at any time to meet the needs resulting from fire, flood, earthquake, or other act of God. Such county special election shall be noticed and conducted in the manner provided by law.
- (4) In a presidential election year, if a presidential preference primary is conducted in February, March, April, or May under chapter 29.19 RCW, the date on which a special election may be called by the county legislative authority under subsection (2) of this section during the month of that primary is the date of the presidential primary.
- (5) This section shall supersede the provisions of any and all other statutes, whether general or special in nature, having different dates for such city, town, and district elections, the purpose of this section being to establish mandatory dates for holding elections except for those elections held pursuant to a home-rule charter adopted under Article XI, section 4 of the state Constitution. This section shall not be construed as fixing the time for holding primary elections, or elections for the recall of any elective public officer.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 29.13.020 and 2002 c 43 s 2 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
  - (1) All city, town, and district general elections shall be held throughout the state of Washington on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November in the odd-numbered years.

This section shall not apply to:

- (a) Elections for the recall of any elective public officer;
- (b) Public utility districts, conservation districts, or district elections at which the ownership of property within those districts is a prerequisite to voting, all of which elections shall be held at the times prescribed in the laws specifically applicable thereto;
- (c) Consolidation proposals as provided for in <u>chapter 28A.315 RCW ((28A.315.280)</u>) and nonhigh capital fund aid proposals as provided for in chapter 28A.540 RCW.
- (2) The county auditor, as ex officio supervisor of elections, upon request in the form of a resolution of the governing body of a city, town, or district, presented to the auditor at least ((forty five days)

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- prior to)) fifty-five days before the proposed election date, may, if the county auditor deems an emergency to exist, call a special election in such city, town, or district, and for the purpose of such special election he or she may combine, unite, or divide precincts. Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, such a special election shall be held on one of the following dates as decided by the governing body:
  - (a) The first Tuesday after the first Monday in February;
- 9 (b) The second Tuesday in March;

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- (c) The fourth Tuesday in April;
- (d) The third Tuesday in May;
- 12 (e) The day of the primary election as specified by RCW 29.13.070; 13 or
  - (f) The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.
  - (3) In a presidential election year, if a presidential preference primary is conducted in February, March, April, or May under chapter 29.19 RCW, the date on which a special election may be called under subsection (2) of this section during the month of that primary is the date of the presidential primary.
    - (4) In addition to subsection (2)(a) through (f) of this section, a special election to validate an excess levy or bond issue may be called at any time to meet the needs resulting from fire, flood, earthquake, or other act of God, except that no special election may be held between the first day for candidates to file for public office and the last day to certify the returns of the general election other than as provided in subsection  $(2)((\frac{(e)}{e}))$  (d) and (f) of this section. Such special election shall be conducted and notice thereof given in the manner provided by law.
    - (5) This section shall supersede the provisions of any and all other statutes, whether general or special in nature, having different dates for such city, town, and district elections, the purpose of this section being to establish mandatory dates for holding elections.
- 33 **Sec. 4.** RCW 29.15.020 and 1990 c 59 s 81 are each amended to read as follows:
- Except where otherwise provided by this title, declarations of candidacy for the following offices shall be filed during regular

- business hours with the filing officer no earlier than the ((fourth))

  second Monday in July and no later than the following Friday in the
  year in which the office is scheduled to be voted upon:
  - (1) Offices that are scheduled to be voted upon for full terms or both full terms and short terms at, or in conjunction with, a state general election; and
- 7 (2) Offices where a vacancy, other than a short term, exists that 8 has not been filled by election and for which an election to fill the 9 vacancy is required in conjunction with the next state general 10 election.
- 11 This section supersedes all other statutes that provide for a 12 different filing period for these offices.
- 13 **Sec. 5.** RCW 29.15.170 and 2001 c 46 s 1 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

Filings for a nonpartisan office shall be reopened for a period of three normal business days, such three day period to be fixed by the election officer with whom such declarations of candidacy are filed and notice thereof given by notifying press, radio, and television in the county and by such other means as may now or hereafter be provided by law whenever before the ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to a primary:

(1) A void in candidacy occurs;

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- (2) A vacancy occurs in any nonpartisan office leaving an unexpired term to be filled by an election for which filings have not been held; or
- 25 (3) A nominee for judge of the superior court entitled to a 26 certificate of election pursuant to Article 4, section 29, Amendment 41 27 of the state Constitution, dies or is disqualified.
- Candidacies validly filed within said three-day period shall appear on the ballot as if made during the earlier filing period.
- 30 **Sec. 6.** RCW 29.15.180 and 2001 c 46 s 2 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
- Filings for a nonpartisan office (other than judge of the supreme court or superintendent of public instruction) shall be reopened for a period of three normal business days, such three day period to be fixed by the election officer with whom such declarations of candidacy are

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filed and notice thereof given by notifying press, radio, and television in the county and by such other means as may now or hereafter be provided by law, when:

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- (1) A void in candidacy for such nonpartisan office occurs on or after the sixth Tuesday prior to a primary but prior to the sixth Tuesday before an election; or
- (2) A nominee for judge of the superior court eligible after a contested primary for a certificate of election by Article 4, section 29, Amendment 41 of the state Constitution, dies or is disqualified within the ten day period immediately following the last day allotted for a candidate to withdraw; or
- 12 (3) A vacancy occurs in any nonpartisan office on or after the 13 ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to a primary but prior to the sixth 14 Tuesday before an election leaving an unexpired term to be filled by an 15 election for which filings have not been held.
- The candidate receiving a plurality of the votes cast for that office in the general election shall be deemed elected.
- 18 **Sec. 7.** RCW 29.15.190 and 2002 c 108 s 1 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

A scheduled election shall be lapsed, the office deemed stricken from the ballot, no purported write-in votes counted, and no candidate certified as elected, when:

- (1) In an election for judge of the supreme court or superintendent of public instruction, a void in candidacy occurs on or after the ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to a primary, public filings and the primary being an indispensable phase of the election process for such offices;
- (2) Except as otherwise specified in RCW 29.15.180, ((as now or hereafter amended,)) a nominee for judge of the superior court entitled to a certificate of election pursuant to Article 4, section 29, Amendment 41 of the state Constitution dies or is disqualified on or after the ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to a primary;
- 33 (3) In other elections for nonpartisan office a void in candidacy 34 occurs or a vacancy occurs involving an unexpired term to be filled on 35 or after the sixth Tuesday prior to an election.

**Sec. 8.** RCW 29.15.230 and 2001 c 46 s 3 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

Filings for a partisan elective office shall be opened for a period of three normal business days whenever, on or after the first day of the regular filing period and before the ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to a primary, a vacancy occurs in that office, leaving an unexpired term to be filled by an election for which filings have not been held.

Any such special three-day filing period shall be fixed by the election officer with whom declarations of candidacy for that office are filed. The election officer shall give notice of the special three-day filing period by notifying the press, radio, and television in the county or counties involved, and by such other means as may be required by law.

Candidacies validly filed within the special three-day filing period shall appear on the primary ballot as if filed during the regular filing period.

# Sec. 9. RCW 29.18.160 and 2001 c 46 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

A vacancy caused by the death or disqualification of any candidate or nominee of a major or minor political party may be filled at any time up to and including the day prior to the election for that position. For state partisan offices in any political subdivision voted on solely by electors of a single county, an individual shall be appointed to fill such vacancy by the county central committee in the case of a major political party or by the state central committee or comparable governing body in the case of a minor political party. For other partisan offices, including federal or statewide offices, an individual shall be appointed to fill such vacancy by the state central committee or comparable governing body of the appropriate political party.

Should such vacancy occur no later than the ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to the state primary or no later than the sixth Tuesday prior to the state general election ((concerned)) and the ballots have been printed, it shall be mandatory that they be corrected by the appropriate election officers. In making such correction, it shall not

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be necessary to reprint complete ballots if any other less expensive technique can be used and the resulting correction is reasonably clear.

Should such vacancy occur after the ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to ((said)) the state primary or after the sixth Tuesday prior to the state general election and time does not exist in which to correct ballots (including absentee ballots), either in total or in part, then the votes cast or recorded for the person who has died or become disqualified shall be counted for the person who has been named to fill such vacancy.

When the secretary of state is the person with whom the appointment by the major or minor political party is filed, he shall, in certifying candidates or nominations to the various county officers insert the name of the person appointed to fill a vacancy.

In the event that the secretary of state has already sent forth his certificate when the appointment to fill a vacancy is filed with him, he shall forthwith certify to the county auditors of the proper counties the name and place of residence of the person appointed to fill a vacancy, the office for which he is a candidate or nominee, the party he represents and all other pertinent facts pertaining to the vacancy.

- **Sec. 10.** RCW 29.24.020 and 2001 c 30 s 2 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
  - (1) Any nomination of a candidate for partisan public office by other than a major political party may be made only: (a) In a convention held not earlier than the ((\frac{last}{})) second Saturday in June and not later than the ((\frac{first}{})) third Saturday in ((\frac{July}{})) June or during any of the seven days immediately preceding the first day for filing declarations of candidacy as fixed in accordance with RCW 29.68.080; (b) as provided by RCW 29.62.180; or (c) as otherwise provided in this section.
  - (2) Nominations of candidates for president and vice president of the United States other than by a major political party may be made either at a convention conducted under subsection (1) of this section, or at a similar convention taking place not earlier than the ((first)) third Sunday in ((July)) June and not later than seventy days before the general election. Conventions held during this time period may not

nominate candidates for any public office other than president and vice president of the United States, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section.

- (3) If a special filing period for a partisan office is opened under RCW 29.15.230, candidates of minor political parties and independent candidates may file for office during that special filing period. The names of those candidates may not appear on the ballot unless they are nominated by convention held no later than five days after the close of the special filing period and a certificate of nomination is filed with the filing officer no later than three days after the convention. The requirements of RCW 29.24.025 do not apply to such a convention. If primary ballots or a voters' pamphlet are ordered to be printed before the deadline for submitting the certificate of nomination and the certificate has not been filed, then the candidate's name will be included but may not appear on the general election ballot unless the certificate is timely filed and the candidate otherwise qualifies to appear on that ballot.
- (4) A minor political party may hold more than one convention but in no case shall any such party nominate more than one candidate for any one partisan public office or position. For the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of president and vice president, United States senator, or a statewide office, a minor party or independent candidate holding multiple conventions may add together the number of signatures of different individuals from each convention obtained in support of the candidate or candidates in order to obtain the number required by RCW 29.24.030. For all other offices for which nominations are made, signatures of the requisite number of registered voters must be obtained at a single convention.

# **Sec. 11.** RCW 29.36.270 and 1987 c 54 s 1 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

Except where a recount or litigation under RCW 29.04.030 is pending, the county auditor shall have sufficient absentee ballots ready to mail to absentee voters of that county, other than overseas voters or service voters, at least twenty days before any primary, general election, or special election. At least thirty days before a general election or special election, and at least thirty-six days before a primary, the county auditor shall mail absentee ballots to all

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- 1 overseas and service voters who have submitted valid requests for
- 2 <u>absentee ballots. A request for an absentee ballot made by an overseas</u>
- 3 voter or service voter after that day must be processed immediately.

**Sec. 12.** RCW 29.38.020 and 2001 c 241 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

At any nonpartisan special election not being held in conjunction with a state primary or general election, the county, city, town, or district requesting the election pursuant to RCW 29.13.010 or 29.13.020 may also request that the special election be conducted by mail ballot. The county auditor may honor the request or may determine that the election is not to be conducted by mail ballot. The decision of the county auditor in this regard is final.

((For all special elections not being held in conjunction with a state primary or state general election where voting is conducted by mail ballot, the county auditor shall, not less than twenty days before the date of such election, make available to each registered voter a mail ballot.)) The auditor shall handle inactive voters in the same manner as inactive voters in mail ballot precincts.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 29.38 RCW 20 to read as follows:

Except where a recount or litigation under RCW 29.04.030 is pending, the county auditor shall have sufficient mail ballots ready to mail to voters of that county, other than overseas voters or service voters, at least twenty days before a primary, general election, or special election. At least thirty days before a general election or special election, and at least thirty-six days before a primary, the county auditor shall mail ballots to all overseas voters and service voters. A request for a ballot made by an overseas voter or service voter after that day must be processed immediately.

- Sec. 14. RCW 29.62.020 and 1999 c 259 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- 32 (1) At least every third day after a special election, primary, or 33 general election and before certification of the election results, 34 except Sundays and legal holidays, the county auditor shall convene the 35 county canvassing board or their designees to process absentee ballots

and canvass the votes cast at that special election, primary, or general election, if the county auditor is in possession of more than twenty-five ballots that have yet to be canvassed. The county auditor may use his or her discretion in determining when to convene the canvassing board or their designees during the final four days before the certification of election results in order to protect the secrecy of any ballot.

Each absentee ballot previously not canvassed that was received by the county auditor two days or more before the convening of the canvassing board or their designees and that either was received by the county auditor before the closing of the polls on the day of the special election, primary, or general election for which it was issued, or that bears a date of mailing on or before the special election, primary, or general election for which it was issued, must be processed at that time. The tabulation of votes that results from that day's canvass must be made available to the general public immediately upon completion of the canvass.

- (2) On the ((tenth)) ninth day after ((a special election or)) a primary and on the fifteenth day after a general election or a special election, the canvassing board shall complete the canvass and certify the results. Each absentee ballot that was returned before the closing of the polls on the date of the primary or election for which it was issued, and each absentee ballot with a date of mailing on or before the date of the primary or election for which it was issued and received on or before the date on which the primary or election is certified, shall be included in the canvass report.
- (3) At the request of any caucus of the state legislature, the county auditor shall transmit copies of all unofficial returns of state and legislative primaries or elections prepared by or for the county canvassing board to either the secretary of the senate or the chief clerk of the house.
- **Sec. 15.** RCW 42.12.040 and 2002 c 108 s 2 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
  - If a vacancy occurs in any partisan elective office in the executive or legislative branches of state government or in any partisan county elective office before the ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to the primary for the next general election following the

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occurrence of the vacancy, a successor shall be elected to that office at that general election. Except during the last year of the term of office, if such a vacancy occurs on or after the ((sixth)) seventh Tuesday prior to the primary for that general election, the election of the successor shall occur at the next succeeding general election. The elected successor shall hold office for the remainder of the unexpired This section shall not apply to any vacancy occurring in a charter county which has charter provisions inconsistent with this section.

- **Sec. 16.** RCW 27.12.355 and 1987 c 138 s 1 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
  - (1) As provided in this section, a rural county library district, island library district, or intercounty rural library district may withdraw areas from its boundaries, or reannex areas into the library district that previously had been withdrawn from the library district under this section.
  - (2) The withdrawal of an area shall be authorized upon: (a) Adoption of a resolution by the board of trustees requesting the withdrawal and finding that, in the opinion of the board, inclusion of this area within the library district will result in a reduction of the district's tax levy rate under the provisions of RCW 84.52.010; and (b) adoption of a resolution by the city or town council approving the withdrawal, if the area is located within the city or town, or adoption of a resolution by the county legislative authority of the county within which the area is located approving the withdrawal, if the area is located outside of a city or town. A withdrawal shall be effective at the end of the day on the thirty-first day of December in the year in which the resolutions are adopted, but for purposes of establishing boundaries for property tax purposes, the boundaries shall be established immediately upon the adoption of the second resolution.

The authority of an area to be withdrawn from a library district as provided under this section is in addition, and not subject, to the provisions of RCW 27.12.380.

The withdrawal of an area from the boundaries of a library district shall not exempt any property therein from taxation for the purpose of paying the costs of redeeming any indebtedness of the library district existing at the time of the withdrawal.

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(3) An area that has been withdrawn from the boundaries of a library district under this section may be reannexed into the library district upon: (a) Adoption of a resolution by the board of trustees proposing the reannexation; and (b) adoption of a resolution by the city or town council approving the reannexation, if the area is located within the city or town, or adoption of a resolution by the county legislative authority of the county within which the area is located approving the reannexation, if the area is located outside of a city or The reannexation shall be effective at the end of the day on the thirty-first day of December in the year in which the adoption of the second resolution occurs, but for purposes of establishing boundaries for property tax purposes, the boundaries shall be established immediately upon the adoption of the second resolution. Referendum action on the proposed reannexation may be taken by the voters of the area proposed to be reannexed if a petition calling for a referendum is filed with the city or town council, or county legislative authority, within a thirty-day period after the adoption of the second resolution, which petition has been signed by registered voters of the area proposed to be reannexed equal in number to ten percent of the total number of the registered voters residing in that area.

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If a valid petition signed by the requisite number of registered voters has been so filed, the effect of the resolutions shall be held in abeyance and a ballot proposition to authorize the reannexation shall be submitted to the voters of the area at the next special election date specified in RCW 29.13.020 that occurs ((forty-five)) fifty-five or more days after the petitions have been validated. Approval of the ballot proposition authorizing the reannexation by a simple majority vote shall authorize the reannexation.

29 **Sec. 17.** RCW 27.12.370 and 1982 c 123 s 14 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

The county legislative authority or authorities shall by resolution call a special election to be held in such city or town at the next date provided in RCW 29.13.010 but not less than ((forty-five)) fifty-five days from the date of the declaration of such finding, and shall cause notice of such election to be given as provided for in RCW 29.27.080.

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The election on the annexation of the city or town into the library district shall be conducted by the auditor of the county or counties in which the city or town is located in accordance with the general election laws of the state and the results thereof shall be canvassed by the canvassing board of the county or counties. No person shall be entitled to vote at such election unless he or she is registered to vote in said city or town for at least thirty days preceding the date of the election. The ballot proposition shall be in substantially the following form:

"Shall the city or town of . . . . be annexed to and be
a part of . . . . library district?

YES □

NO □

If a majority of the persons voting on the proposition shall vote in favor thereof, the city or town shall thereupon be annexed and shall be a part of such library district.

**Sec. 18.** RCW 35.06.070 and 1994 c 81 s 8 are each amended to read 18 as follows:

A ballot proposition authorizing an advancement in classification of a town to a second class city shall be submitted to the voters of the town if either: (1) Petitions proposing the advancement are submitted to the town clerk that have been signed by voters of the town equal in number to at least ten percent of the voters of the town voting at the last municipal general election; or (2) the town council adopts a resolution proposing the advancement. The clerk shall immediately forward the petitions to the county auditor who shall review the signatures and certify the sufficiency of the petitions.

A ballot proposition authorizing an advancement shall be submitted to the town voters at the next municipal general election occurring ((forty-five)) fifty-five or more days after the petitions are submitted if the county auditor certifies the petitions as having sufficient valid signatures. The town shall be advanced to a second class city if the ballot proposition is approved by a simple majority vote, effective when the corporation is actually reorganized and the new officers are elected and qualified. The county auditor shall

notify the secretary of state if the advancement of a town to a second class city is approved.

Sec. 19. RCW 35.13.1821 and 1998 c 286 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The annexation ordinance provided for in RCW 35.13.182 is subject to referendum for forty-five days after its passage. Upon the filing of a timely and sufficient referendum petition with the legislative body, signed by qualified electors in number equal to not less than ten percent of the votes cast in the last general state election in the area to be annexed, the question of annexation shall be submitted to the voters of the area in a general election if one is to be held within ninety days or at a special election called for that purpose not less than ((forty five)) fifty-five days nor more than ninety days after the filing of the referendum petition. Notice of the election shall be given as provided in RCW 35.13.080 and the election shall be conducted as provided in the general election law. The annexation shall be deemed approved by the voters unless a majority of the votes cast on the proposition are in opposition thereto.

After the expiration of the forty-fifth day from but excluding the date of passage of the annexation ordinance, if no timely and sufficient referendum petition has been filed, the area annexed shall become a part of the city or town upon the date fixed in the ordinance of annexation.

- Sec. 20. RCW 35.61.360 and 1987 c 138 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) As provided in this section, a metropolitan park district may withdraw areas from its boundaries, or reannex areas into the metropolitan park district that previously had been withdrawn from the metropolitan park district under this section.
- (2) The withdrawal of an area shall be authorized upon: (a) Adoption of a resolution by the park district commissioners requesting the withdrawal and finding that, in the opinion of the commissioners, inclusion of this area within the metropolitan park district will result in a reduction of the district's tax levy rate under the provisions of RCW 84.52.010; and (b) adoption of a resolution by the city or town council approving the withdrawal, if the area is located

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within the city or town, or adoption of a resolution by the county legislative authority of the county within which the area is located approving the withdrawal, if the area is located outside of a city or town. A withdrawal shall be effective at the end of the day on the thirty-first day of December in the year in which the resolutions are adopted, but for purposes of establishing boundaries for property tax purposes, the boundaries shall be established immediately upon the adoption of the second resolution.

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The withdrawal of an area from the boundaries of a metropolitan park district shall not exempt any property therein from taxation for the purpose of paying the costs of redeeming any indebtedness of the metropolitan park district existing at the time of the withdrawal.

(3) An area that has been withdrawn from the boundaries of a metropolitan park district under this section may be reannexed into the metropolitan park district upon: (a) Adoption of a resolution by the park district commissioners proposing the reannexation; and (b) adoption of a resolution by the city or town council approving the reannexation, if the area is located within the city or town, adoption of a resolution by the county legislative authority of the county within which the area is located approving the reannexation, if the area is located outside of a city or town. The reannexation shall be effective at the end of the day on the thirty-first day of December in the year in which the adoption of the second resolution occurs, but for purposes of establishing boundaries for property tax purposes, the boundaries shall be established immediately upon the adoption of the second resolution. Referendum action on the proposed reannexation may be taken by the voters of the area proposed to be reannexed if a petition calling for a referendum is filed with the city or town council, or county legislative authority, within a thirty-day period after the adoption of the second resolution, which petition has been signed by registered voters of the area proposed to be reannexed equal in number to ten percent of the total number of the registered voters residing in that area.

If a valid petition signed by the requisite number of registered voters has been so filed, the effect of the resolutions shall be held in abeyance and a ballot proposition to authorize the reannexation shall be submitted to the voters of the area at the next special election date specified in RCW 29.13.020 that occurs ((forty-five))

- 1 <u>fifty-five</u> or more days after the petitions have been validated.
- 2 Approval of the ballot proposition authorizing the reannexation by a
- 3 simple majority vote shall authorize the reannexation.

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**Sec. 21.** RCW 35A.14.299 and 1967 ex.s. c 119 s 35A.14.299 are each amended to read as follows:

Such annexation ordinance as provided for in RCW 35A.14.297 shall be subject to referendum for forty-five days after the passage thereof. Upon the filing of a timely and sufficient referendum petition with the legislative body, signed by qualified electors in number equal to not less than ten percent of the votes cast in the last general state election in the area to be annexed, the question of annexation shall be submitted to the voters of such area in a general election if one is to be held within ninety days or at a special election called for that purpose not less than ((forty-five)) fifty-five days nor more than ninety days after the filing of the referendum petition. such election shall be given as provided in RCW 35A.14.070 and the election shall be conducted as provided in RCW ((35A.14.060)) The annexation shall be deemed approved by the voters 35A.29.151. unless a majority of the votes cast on the proposition are in opposition thereto.

After the expiration of the forty-fifth day from but excluding the date of passage of the annexation ordinance, if no timely and sufficient referendum petition has been filed, the area annexed shall become a part of the code city upon the date fixed in the ordinance of annexation. From and after such date, if the ordinance so provided, property in the annexed area shall be subject to the proposed zoning regulation prepared and filed for such area as provided in RCW 35A.14.330 and 35A.14.340. If the ordinance so provided, all property within the area annexed shall be assessed and taxed at the same rate and on the same basis as the property of such annexing code city is assessed and taxed to pay for any then outstanding indebtedness of such city contracted prior to, or existing at, the date of annexation.

- 33 **Sec. 22.** RCW 36.93.030 and 1991 c 363 s 91 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) There is ((hereby)) created and established in each county with

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a population of two hundred ten thousand or more a board to be known and designated as a "boundary review board".

- (2) A boundary review board may be created and established in any other county in the following manner:
- (a) The county legislative authority may, by majority vote, adopt a resolution establishing a boundary review board; or
- (b) A petition seeking establishment of a boundary review board signed by qualified electors residing in the county equal in number to at least five percent of the votes cast in the county at the last county general election may be filed with the county auditor.

Upon the filing of such a petition, the county auditor shall examine the same and certify to the sufficiency of the signatures thereon. No person may withdraw his or her name from a petition after it has been filed with the auditor. Within thirty days after the filing of such petition, the county auditor shall transmit the same to the county legislative authority, together with his or her certificate of sufficiency.

After receipt of a valid petition for the establishment of a boundary review board, the county legislative authority shall submit the question of whether a boundary review board should be established to the electorate at the next county primary or county general election which occurs more than ((forty five)) fifty-five days from the date of receipt of the petition. Notice of the election shall be given as provided in RCW 29.27.080 and shall include a clear statement of the proposal to be submitted.

If a majority of the persons voting on the proposition shall vote in favor of the establishment of the boundary review board, such board shall thereupon be deemed established.

**Sec. 23.** RCW 52.02.080 and 1989 c 63 s 6 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

The election on the formation of the district and to elect the initial fire commissioners shall be conducted by the election officials of the county or counties in which the proposed district is located in accordance with the general election laws of the state. This election shall be held at the next general election date, as specified under RCW 29.13.020, that occurs ((forty-five)) fifty-five or more days after the

date of the action by the boundary review board, or county legislative authority or authorities, approving the proposal.

Sec. 24. RCW 52.04.056 and 1989 c 63 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) As provided in this section, a fire protection district may withdraw areas from its boundaries, or reannex areas into the fire protection district that previously had been withdrawn from the fire protection district under this section.
- (2) The withdrawal of an area shall be authorized upon: (a) Adoption of a resolution by the board of fire commissioners requesting the withdrawal and finding that, in the opinion of the board, inclusion of this area within the fire protection district will result in a reduction of the district's tax levy rate under the provisions of RCW 84.52.010; and (b) adoption of a resolution by the city or town council approving the withdrawal, if the area is located within the city or town, or adoption of a resolution by the county legislative authority or authorities of the county or counties within which the area is located approving the withdrawal, if the area is located outside of a city or town. A withdrawal shall be effective at the end of the day on the thirty-first day of December in the year in which the resolutions are adopted, but for purposes of establishing boundaries for property tax purposes, the boundaries shall be established immediately upon the adoption of the second resolution.

The authority of an area to be withdrawn from a fire protection district as provided under this section is in addition, and not subject, to the provisions of RCW 52.04.101.

The withdrawal of an area from the boundaries of a fire protection district shall not exempt any property therein from taxation for the purpose of paying the costs of redeeming any indebtedness of the fire protection district existing at the time of the withdrawal.

(3) An area that has been withdrawn from the boundaries of a fire protection district under this section may be reannexed into the fire protection district upon: (a) Adoption of a resolution by the board of fire commissioners proposing the reannexation; and (b) adoption of a resolution by the city or town council approving the reannexation, if the area is located within the city or town, or adoption of a resolution by the county legislative authority or authorities of the

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county or counties within which the area is located approving the reannexation, if the area is located outside of a city or town. reannexation shall be effective at the end of the day on the thirty-first day of December in the year in which the adoption of the second resolution occurs, but for purposes of establishing boundaries for property tax purposes, the boundaries shall be established immediately upon the adoption of the second resolution. Referendum action on the proposed reannexation may be taken by the voters of the area proposed to be reannexed if a petition calling for a referendum is filed with the city or town council, or county legislative authority or authorities, within a thirty-day period after the adoption of the second resolution, which petition has been signed by registered voters of the area proposed to be reannexed equal in number to ten percent of the total number of the registered voters residing in that area.

If a valid petition signed by the requisite number of registered voters has been so filed, the effect of the resolutions shall be held in abeyance and a ballot proposition to authorize the reannexation shall be submitted to the voters of the area at the next special election date specified in RCW 29.13.020 that occurs ((forty-five)) fifty-five or more days after the petitions have been validated. Approval of the ballot proposition authorizing the reannexation by a simple majority vote shall authorize the reannexation.

**Sec. 25.** RCW 52.04.071 and 1984 c 230 s 16 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

The county legislative authority or authorities shall by resolution call a special election to be held in the city or town and in the fire protection district at the next date provided in RCW 29.13.010 but not less than ((forty-five)) fifty-five days from the date of the declaration of the finding, and shall cause notice of the election to be given as provided for in RCW 29.27.080.

The election on the annexation of the city or town into the fire protection district shall be conducted by the auditor of the county or counties in which the city or town and the fire protection district are located in accordance with the general election laws of the state. The results thereof shall be canvassed by the canvassing board of the county or counties. No person is entitled to vote at the election unless he or she is a qualified elector in the city or town or unless

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he or she is a qualified elector within the boundaries of the fire protection district. The ballot proposition shall be in substantially the following form:

4 "Shall the city or town of . . . . . be annexed to and be a part of . . . . . fire protection district?

6 YES . . . . . . . . .

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If a majority of the persons voting on the proposition in the city or town and a majority of the persons voting on the proposition in the fire protection district vote in favor thereof, the city or town shall be annexed and shall be a part of the fire protection district.

12 **Sec. 26.** RCW 53.04.110 and 1998 c 240 s 1 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

Any port district now existing or which may hereafter be organized under the laws of the state of Washington is hereby authorized to change its corporate name under the following conditions and in the following manner:

- (1) On presentation, at least ((forty-five)) fifty-five days before any general port election to be held in the port district, of a petition to the commissioners of any port district now existing or which may hereafter be established under the laws of the state of Washington, signed by at least ten percent of the total number of voters of the port district who voted at the last general port election and asking that the corporate name of the port district be changed, it shall be the duty of the commissioners to submit to the voters of the port district the proposition as to whether the corporate name of the port shall be changed. The proposition shall be submitted at the next general port election.
- 29 (2) The petition shall contain the present corporate name of the 30 port district and the corporate name which is proposed to be given to 31 the port district.
  - (3) On submitting the proposition to the voters of the port district it shall be the duty of the port commissioners to cause to be printed on the official ballot used at the election the following proposition:

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- (4) At the time when the returns of the general election shall be canvassed by the commissioners of the port district, it shall be the duty of the commissioners to canvass the vote upon the proposition so submitted, recording in their record the result of the canvass.
- (5) Should a majority of the registered voters of the port district voting at the general port election vote in favor of the proposition it shall be the duty of the port commissioners to certify the fact to the auditor of the county in which the port district shall be situated and to the secretary of state of the state of Washington, under the seal of the port district. On and after the filing of the certificate with the county auditor as aforesaid and with the secretary of state of the state of Washington, the corporate name of the port district shall be changed, and thenceforth the port district shall be known and designated in accordance therewith.

### 19 **Sec. 27.** RCW 54.08.010 and 1985 c 469 s 55 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

At any general election held in an even-numbered year, the county legislative authority of any county in this state may, or, on petition of ten percent of the qualified electors of the county based on the total vote cast in the last general county election held in an evennumbered year, shall, by resolution, submit to the voters of the county the proposition of creating a public utility district which shall be coextensive with the limits of the county as now or hereafter established. A form of petition for the creation of a public utility district shall be submitted to the county auditor within ten months prior to the election at which the proposition is to be submitted to the voters. Petitions shall be filed with the county auditor not less than four months before the election and the county auditor shall within thirty days examine the signatures thereof and certify to the sufficiency or insufficiency thereof. If the petition be found to be insufficient, it shall be returned to the persons filing the same, who may amend or add names thereto for ten days, when the same shall be returned to the county auditor, who shall have an additional fifteen

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days to examine the same and attach his certificate thereto. No person 1 2 having signed the petition shall be allowed to withdraw his name therefrom after the filing of the same with the county auditor: 3 PROVIDED, That each signature shall be dated and that no signature 4 dated prior to the date on which the form of petition was submitted to 5 the county auditor shall be valid. Whenever the petition shall be 6 7 certified to as sufficient, the county auditor shall forthwith transmit the same, together with his certificate of sufficiency attached 8 thereto, to the county legislative authority which shall submit the 9 proposition to the voters of the county at the next general election in 10 an even-numbered year occurring ((forty-five)) fifty-five days after 11 submission of the proposition to the legislative authority. The notice 12 13 of the election shall state the boundaries of the proposed public 14 utility district and the object of such election, and shall in other respects conform to the requirements of the general laws of the state 15 16 of Washington, governing the time and manner of holding elections. 17 submitting the question to the voters for their approval or rejection, the proposition shall be expressed on the ballot substantially in the 18 following terms: 19

20 Public Utility District No. . . . . . . . . . . . YES 

21 Public Utility District No. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . NO

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Any petition for the formation of a public utility district may describe a less area than the entire county in which the petition is filed, the boundaries of which shall follow the then existing precinct boundaries and not divide any voting precinct; and in the event that such a petition is filed the county legislative authority shall fix a date for a hearing on such petition, and shall publish the petition, without the signatures thereto appended, for two weeks prior to the date of the hearing, together with a notice stating the time of the meeting when the petition will be heard. The publication, and all other publications required by chapter 1, Laws of 1931, shall be in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the district is The hearing on the petition may be adjourned from time to time, not exceeding four weeks in all. If upon the final hearing the county legislative authority shall find that any lands have been unjustly or improperly included within the proposed public utility district and will not be benefited by inclusion therein, it shall change and fix the boundary lines in such manner as it shall deem

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reasonable and just and conducive to the public welfare and convenience, and make and enter an order establishing and defining the boundary lines of the proposed public utility district: PROVIDED, That no lands shall be included within the boundaries so fixed lying outside the boundaries described in the petition, except upon the written request of the owners of those lands. Thereafter the same procedure shall be followed as prescribed in this chapter for the formation of a public utility district including an entire county, except that the petition and election shall be confined solely to the lesser public utility district.

No public utility district created after September 1, 1979, shall include any other public utility district within its boundaries: PROVIDED, That this paragraph shall not alter, amend, or modify provisions of chapter 54.32 RCW.

# **Sec. 28.** RCW 54.08.070 and 1979 ex.s. c 240 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Any district which does not own or operate electric facilities for the generation, transmission or distribution of electric power on March 25, 1969, or any district which hereafter does not construct or acquire such electric facilities within ten years of its creation, shall not construct or acquire any such electric facilities without the approval of such proposal by the voters of such district: PROVIDED, That a district shall have the power to construct or acquire electric facilities within ten years following its creation by action of its commission without voter approval of such action.

At any general election held in an even-numbered year, the proposal to construct or acquire electric facilities may be submitted to the voters of the district by resolution of the public utility district commission or shall be submitted to the voters of the district by the county legislative authority on petition of ten percent of the qualified electors of such district, based on the total vote cast in the last general county election held in an even-numbered year. A form of petition for the construction or acquisition of electric facilities by the public utility district shall be submitted to the county auditor within ten months prior to the election at which such proposition is to be submitted to the voters. Petitions shall be filed with the county auditor not less than four months before such election and the county

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auditor shall within thirty days examine the signatures thereof and 1 2 certify to the sufficiency or insufficiency thereof. If such petition is found to be insufficient, it shall be returned to the persons filing 3 the same, who may amend and add names thereto for ten days, when the 4 5 same shall be returned to the county auditor, who shall have an additional fifteen days to examine the same and attach his certificate 6 7 thereto. No person having signed such petition shall be allowed to withdraw his name therefrom after the filing of the same with the 8 county auditor: PROVIDED, That each signature shall be dated and that 9 10 no signature dated prior to the date on which the form of petition was submitted to the county auditor shall be valid. Whenever such petition 11 shall be certified to as sufficient, the county auditor shall forthwith 12 13 transmit the same, together with his certificate of sufficiency 14 attached thereto, to the county legislative authority which shall submit such proposition to the voters of said district at the next 15 16 general election in an even-numbered year occurring ((forty five)) 17 fifty-five days after submission of the proposition to said legislative authority. The notice of the election shall state the object of such 18 19 election, and shall in other respects conform to the requirements of the general laws of Washington, governing the time and manner of 20 21 holding elections.

The proposal submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection, shall be expressed on the ballot substantially in the following terms:

25 Shall Public Utility District No. . . . of . . . . . County 26 construct or acquire electric facilities for the generation, 27 transmission or distribution of electric power?

28 Yes  $\square$  29 No  $\square$ 

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33 34 Within ten days after such election, the election board of the county shall canvass the returns, and if at such election a majority of the voters voting on such proposition shall vote in favor of such construction or acquisition of electric facilities, the district shall be authorized to construct or acquire electric facilities.

35 **Sec. 29.** RCW 57.04.050 and 1999 c 153 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

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Upon entry of the findings of the final hearing on the petition if 1 2 one or more county legislative authorities find that the proposed district will be conducive to the public health, welfare, and 3 convenience and will benefit the land therein, they shall present a 4 5 resolution to the county auditor calling for a special election to be held at a date specified under RCW 29.13.020, that occurs ((forty-6 7 five)) fifty-five or more days after the resolution is presented, at which a ballot proposition authorizing the district to be created shall 8 9 be submitted to voters for their approval or rejection. commissioners shall cause to be published a notice of the election for 10 four successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the 11 12 proposed district, which notice shall state the hours during which the 13 polls will be open, the boundaries of the district as finally adopted and the object of the election, and the notice shall also be posted ten 14 days in ten public places in the proposed district. The district shall 15 16 be created if the ballot proposition authorizing the district to be 17 created is approved by a majority of the voters voting on the proposition. 18

A separate ballot proposition authorizing the district, if created, to impose a single-year excess levy for the preliminary expenses of the district shall be submitted to voters for their approval or rejection at the same special election, if the petition to create the district also proposed that a ballot proposition authorizing an excess levy be submitted to voters for their approval or rejection. The excess levy shall be proposed in the amount specified in the petition to create the district, not to exceed one dollar and twenty-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, and may only be submitted to voters for their approval or rejection if the special election is held in February, March, April, or May. The proposition to be effective must be approved in the manner set forth in Article VII, section 2(a) of the state Constitution.

- 32 **Sec. 30.** RCW 70.44.235 and 1987 c 138 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- 34 (1) As provided in this section, a public hospital district may 35 withdraw areas from its boundaries, or reannex areas into the public 36 hospital district that previously had been withdrawn from the public 37 hospital district under this section.

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Adoption of a resolution by the hospital district commissioners requesting the withdrawal and finding that, in the opinion of the commissioners, inclusion of this area within the public hospital district will result in a reduction of the district's tax levy rate under the provisions of RCW 84.52.010; and (b) adoption of a resolution by the city or town council approving the withdrawal, if the area is located within the city or town, or adoption of a resolution by the county legislative authority of the county within which the area is located approving the withdrawal, if the area is located outside of a city or town. A withdrawal shall be effective at the end of the day on the thirty-first day of December in the year in which the resolutions are adopted, but for purposes of establishing boundaries for property tax purposes, the boundaries shall be established immediately upon the adoption of the second resolution.

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The withdrawal of an area from the boundaries of a public hospital district shall not exempt any property therein from taxation for the purpose of paying the costs of redeeming any indebtedness of the public hospital district existing at the time of the withdrawal.

(3) An area that has been withdrawn from the boundaries of a public hospital district under this section may be reannexed into the public hospital district upon: (a) Adoption of a resolution by the hospital district commissioners proposing the reannexation; and (b) adoption of a resolution by the city or town council approving the reannexation, if the area is located within the city or town, or adoption of a resolution by the county legislative authority of the county within which the area is located approving the reannexation, if the area is located outside of a city or town. The reannexation shall be effective at the end of the day on the thirty-first day of December in the year in which the adoption of the second resolution occurs, but for purposes of establishing boundaries for property tax purposes, the boundaries shall be established immediately upon the adoption of the second resolution. Referendum action on the proposed reannexation may be taken by the voters of the area proposed to be reannexed if a petition calling for a referendum is filed with the city or town council, or county legislative authority, within a thirty-day period after the adoption of the second resolution, which petition has been signed by

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registered voters of the area proposed to be reannexed equal in number to ten percent of the total number of the registered voters residing in that area.

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If a valid petition signed by the requisite number of registered voters has been so filed, the effect of the resolutions shall be held in abeyance and a ballot proposition to authorize the reannexation shall be submitted to the voters of the area at the next special election date specified in RCW 29.13.020 that occurs ((forty-five)) fifty-five or more days after the petitions have been validated. Approval of the ballot proposition authorizing the reannexation by a simple majority vote shall authorize the reannexation.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 31.** This act takes effect January 1, 2004.

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