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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1582

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By House Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance (originally sponsored by Representatives Schual-Berke, Rockefeller and Sullivan; by request of Insurance Commissioner)

READ FIRST TIME 03/05/03.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to forming market assistance plans and joint
- 2 underwriting associations; adding a new chapter to Title 48 RCW; and
- 3 declaring an emergency.

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- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The definitions in this section apply 6 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 7 (1) "Adult family home" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 70.128.010(1).
- 9 (2) "Association" means a not-for-profit joint underwriting 10 association established under this chapter.
 - (3) "Board" means the governing board of the association.
- 12 (4) "Community residential program" means an entity that contracts
 13 with the department of social and health services to provide
 14 individualized support services that enable people with developmental
- 15 disabilities to live in community residential settings.
- 16 (5) "Contractor" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 18.27.010(1).
- 18 (6) "Health care clinic" means a legal entity formed by a group or 19 partnership of physicians to provide health care services.

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- 1 (7) "Hospital" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 70.41.020(4).
- 2 (8) "Liability insurance" means any casualty insurance policy that
- 3 provides coverage to businesses, entities, or service providers for
- 4 legal liability that results from negligent acts or omissions related
- 5 to their operations.
- 6 (9) "Voluntary market" includes authorized insurers and surplus 7 lines insurers.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** Subject to section 3 of this act, the 9 commissioner must create a Washington association to provide liability 10 insurance for:
- 11 (1) Adult family homes;
- 12 (2) Community residential programs;
- 13 (3) Contractors;
- 14 (4) Hospitals; or
- 15 (5) Health care clinics.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) The commissioner must provide notice,
- 17 hold a hearing, and issue findings under chapter 48.04 RCW before
- 18 forming an association.
- 19 (2) The commissioner may not form an association unless the 20 commissioner finds that:
- 21 (a) A market assistance plan formed under RCW 48.22.050 cannot 22 adequately serve the needs of businesses or entities described in
- 23 section 2 of this act; and

- (b)(i) The voluntary market does not have the financial capacity to provide adequate liability insurance to the businesses or entities
- 26 described in section 2 of this act;
- (ii) Insurance essential for the businesses or entities described in section 2 of this act to continue business operations is not available in the voluntary market; or
- 30 (iii) There are so few insurers actively selling liability 31 insurance to the businesses or entities described in section 2 of this 32 act that a competitive market does not exist.
 - (3) The commissioner may find that:
- 34 (a) Liability insurance is available for certain classes or types 35 of businesses or entities described in section 2 of this act; and

- 1 (b) Liability insurance is not available for other classes or types 2 of businesses or entities described in section 2 of this act.
- 3 (4) If the commissioner makes a finding under subsection (3) of 4 this section, the commissioner must specify, in accord with that 5 finding, which classes or types of businesses or entities are eligible 6 to apply to the association for coverage.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** (1) If an association is formed, a person, business, or entity is eligible to apply for insurance coverage from an association only if:
- 10 (a) Their business or occupation is within the scope and purpose 11 for which the association was formed;
- 12 (b) The applicant is a resident of the state of Washington or its 13 operations are located in the state of Washington; and
- 14 (c) The applicant has been unable to buy adequate liability 15 insurance after contacting, through an agent or broker, a majority of 16 the voluntary insurance market.
- (2)(a) An association may decline to insure any person or entity that presents an extraordinary risk because of the nature of their operations, past claims experience, or inadequate risk management program.
- 21 (b) The association must have a formal appeal process for 22 applicants who are declined coverage through the association. Criteria 23 for the association's appeal process are subject to approval by the 24 commissioner.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) A single association may be formed to provide coverage for all the types of businesses and entities listed in section 2 of this act.
 - (2) An association is comprised of:

- 29 (a) Insurers that have a certificate of authority to write general 30 casualty insurance in this state; and
- 31 (b) Risk retention groups that are chartered and licensed to write 32 liability insurance in this state.
- 33 (3) Every general casualty insurer and risk retention group must be 34 a member of the association as a condition of its authority to continue 35 to transact business in this state.

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- 1 (4) The commissioner may exclude an insurer or risk retention group 2 if participation in an association may threaten the solvency of that 3 insurer or risk retention group.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** (1) An association must be funded by premiums paid by businesses and entities insured by the association.
- 6 (a) All premiums must be deposited into a fund under the management 7 of the board.

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- (b) Premiums must be used to pay claims, administrative costs, and other expenses of the association.
- 10 (2)(a) An association must file rates and a rating plan with the 11 commissioner.
 - (b) The rates and rating plan used by the association are subject to approval by the commissioner.
 - (c) When determining whether to approve the association's rates and rating plan, the commissioner must determine that the rates and rating plan result in premium rates that are not excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory. A rate is reasonable and not excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory if it is an actuarially sound estimate of the expected value of all future costs associated with an individual risk transfer.
- 21 (3) In developing the rates and rating plan, the association must 22 give due consideration to:
 - (a) Past and prospective loss experience in Washington state for experience periods acceptable to the commissioner. If data from Washington state are not available or are not statistically credible, the association may use loss experience from those states which are likely to produce loss experience similar to that in Washington state;
 - (b) Past and prospective operating expenses;
 - (c) Past and prospective investment income;
- 30 (d) Whether an experience rating plan is appropriate for a class or 31 type of risk to be insured by the association; and
 - (e) All other relevant factors within and outside Washington state.
- 33 (4) If more than one class or type of liability insurance is 34 offered in a single association:
- 35 (a) Expenses and loss experience must be separated for each class or type of insurance; and

- 1 (b) Premium rates charged for each class or type of insurance must 2 not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. An association must establish a risk management program for businesses or entities insured by the association. The risk management program must include:
- 6 (1) Standards for systematic investigation and reporting of claims 7 and incidents; and
- 8 (2) A loss control and prevention program. This program must 9 include procedures that:
- 10 (a) Analyze claim frequency, severity, and causes of loss;
- 11 (b) Identify situations that may produce large losses;
- 12 (c) Develop measures to control losses;
- 13 (d) Monitor the effectiveness of the loss control and prevention 14 measures that are implemented; and
- 15 (e) Educate insured businesses or entities on methods to reduce and prevent losses.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) An association has the general corporate powers and authority granted under the laws of the state of Washington.
- 19 (2) An association is a legal entity separate and distinct from its 20 members.
- 21 (3) Liability or a cause of action may not arise against the 22 following for any acts or omissions made in good faith while performing 23 their duties under this chapter:
 - (a) An association or any participating insurer;
- 25 (b) The commissioner or any of the commissioner's staff;
- 26 (c) The commissioner's authorized representatives; or
- 27 (d) Any other person or organization.

- 28 (4) The state is not liable to pay any debts or obligations of the association.
- 30 (5) A person may not assert any claim against the state, its agencies, or any of its employees for any act or omission of an association.
- 33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** (1) The commissioner must appoint a governing board to administer an association.

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- 1 (a) The board must include one person selected by each of the two 2 largest caucuses in the senate and house of representatives to act as 3 nonvoting ex officio members.
 - (b) The board is subject to supervision by the commissioner.
- 5 (c) The association may reimburse board members who attend 6 meetings.
- 7 (i) Board members may be reimbursed for actual and necessary 8 expenses.
 - (ii) Legislators must be reimbursed under RCW 44.04.120.

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- 10 (2) The commissioner may select one or more insurers to manage the 11 operations of an association. Every managing insurer must be admitted 12 to transact the business of insurance in the state of Washington and 13 have demonstrated expertise in the type of liability insurance coverage 14 that the association manages.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** (1) The board, working cooperatively with the commissioner, must adopt a plan of operation. The plan of operation must include:
 - (a) Specifications for policy provisions and coverage limits;
- 19 (b) A process to assess members for operation of an association; 20 and
- 21 (c) All other procedures needed to implement and administer the 22 operations of the association.
- 23 (2) The plan of operation is subject to approval by the 24 commissioner before it takes effect.
- 25 (3) The board, in consultation with the commissioner, may amend the 26 plan of operation as needed. All amendments are subject to approval by 27 the commissioner before they take effect.
- 28 (4) The commissioner may adopt rules to implement this section if 29 the board does not adopt a plan of operation within forty-five days 30 after the board members have been appointed.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. (1) An association may assess all general casualty insurers and risk retention groups to pay past and future financial obligations. Assessments must be based on market share, which is determined as follows:
- 35 (a) For general casualty insurers, an assessment is based on

written general casualty premiums for the most recent calendar year; and

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- (b) For risk retention groups, an assessment is based on written liability premiums for the most recent calendar year.
- (2) If an association decides it must make an assessment, an assessed insurer or risk retention group must pay the association within thirty business days after it receives notice of the assessment. If an insurer or risk retention group does not pay an assessment within thirty business days after it receives notice of the assessment:
- 10 (a) The assessment accrues interest at the maximum legal rate until 11 it is paid in full. The interest is paid to the association;
- 12 (b) The commissioner may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew an 13 insurer's certificate of authority; and
- 14 (c) The commissioner may fine the insurer or risk retention group 15 up to ten thousand dollars.
 - (3) The commissioner may order the association not to assess a particular insurer or risk retention group if the assessment may threaten the solvency of that insurer or risk retention group. Data used by the commissioner to make this determination are subject to confidential review by the board.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) An association must file a statement annually with the commissioner that contains information about the association's transactions, financial condition, and operations during the preceding year. The commissioner may establish rules for the form and content of this statement. The statement must:
 - (a) Be in the form and according to instructions adopted by the national association of insurance commissioners for property and casualty insurers; and
 - (b) Include all of the information stipulated by the commissioner.
 - (2) The association must maintain its records according to the accounting practices and procedures manual adopted by the national association of insurance commissioners.
 - (3) The association must provide the commissioner with free access to all the books, records, files, papers, and documents that relate to the operation of the association. The commissioner may summon, qualify, and examine as witnesses all persons having knowledge of the association's operations.

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- 1 (4) The commissioner may enter and examine the operation and 2 experience of an association at any time.
- 3 (5) The commissioner must examine the transactions, financial 4 condition, and operations of an association at least once every three 5 years. Each examination must be conducted in the manner prescribed for 6 domestic insurance companies in chapter 48.03 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. (1) If the commissioner forms an association, the commissioner must report to the legislature annually about the:
- 10 (a) Financial condition of the association;
- 11 (b) Condition of the voluntary market for those classes or types of 12 insurance available through the association; and
- 13 (c) Need to continue the operations of the association.
- 14 (2) By resolution, the legislature may determine, after the 15 commissioner's report, that:
- 16 (a) Certain classes or types of liability insurance may no longer 17 be offered by the association; or
- 18 (b) The association must be dissolved.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. (1) An association may operate for a period of three years. At the end of the three-year period, the association must be dissolved unless the commissioner provides notice, holds a hearing, and issues findings under chapter 48.04 RCW to reauthorize the operations of the association. The commissioner must use the criteria in section 3 of this act to reauthorize an association.
 - (2) If the commissioner reauthorizes an association after the first three years, the commissioner must act annually thereafter to reauthorize the association, following the process in subsection (1) of this section.
 - (3) If, at any time, the commissioner provides notice, holds a hearing, and issues findings under chapter 48.04 RCW and finds that adequate liability insurance is available in the voluntary market for:
 - (a) A class or type of insurance provided by the association, the commissioner must order the association to end its underwriting operations for that class or type of insurance; or
- 35 (b) All classes or types of insurance provided by the association, 36 the commissioner must order the association to end all underwriting

- 1 operations and supervise the dissolution of the association, including
- 2 settlement of all financial and legal obligations and distribution of
- 3 any remaining assets.
- MEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** (1) If, under section 13 or 14 of this act, an association is dissolved, all policies must be denied renewal.
- 6 (2) If a surplus of funds exists when an association is dissolved,
- 7 the surplus funds must be disbursed to participating insurers.
- 8 Disbursements must be based on market share, which is determined as
- 9 follows:
- 10 (a) For general casualty insurers, a disbursement is based on
- 11 written general casualty premiums for the most recent calendar year;
- 12 and
- 13 (b) For risk retention groups, a disbursement is based on written
- 14 liability premiums for the most recent calendar year.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** An association is not a member of the
- 16 Washington insurance guaranty association created under chapter 48.32
- 17 RCW. The Washington insurance guaranty association, this state, and
- 18 any political subdivisions of this state are not responsible for losses
- 19 sustained by an association.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. An association is exempt from payment of
- 21 all fees and all taxes levied by this state or any of its subdivisions,
- 22 except taxes levied on real or personal property.
- 23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** The commissioner may adopt all rules needed
- 24 to ensure the efficient, equitable operation of the association.
- 25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 19.** If any provision of this act or its
- 26 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 27 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 28 persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** This act is necessary for the immediate
- 30 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
- 31 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect
- 32 immediately.

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- 1 NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. Sections 1 through 20 of this act
- 2 constitute a new chapter in Title 48 RCW.

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