## HOUSE BILL 1771

By Representatives O'Brien, Berkey, Sump, Upthegrove, Hatfield, Kirby, Armstrong, Mielke, Bush, Woods, Kessler, Rockefeller, Campbell, Hudgins and Simpson

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- 1 AN ACT Relating to providing for financial restitution to victims
- 2 of sexual assault from inmate funds and wages; and amending RCW
- 3 72.09.111 and 7.68.070.

State of Washington

- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 Sec. 1. RCW 72.09.111 and 2002 c 126 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 (1) The secretary shall deduct from the gross wages or gratuities 8 of each inmate working in correctional industries work programs, taxes 9 and legal financial obligations. The secretary shall develop a formula 10 for the distribution of offender wages and gratuities.
- 11 (a) The formula shall include the following minimum deductions from 12 class I gross wages and from all others earning at least minimum wage:
- 13 (i) Five percent to the public safety and education account for the purpose of crime victims' compensation;
- 15 (ii) Ten percent to a department personal inmate savings account;
- 16 (iii) Twenty percent to the department to contribute to the cost of incarceration; and
- 18 (iv) Twenty percent for payment of legal financial obligations for

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1 all inmates who have legal financial obligations owing in any 2 Washington state superior court.

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- (b) The formula shall include the following minimum deductions from class II gross gratuities:
- (i) Five percent to the public safety and education account for the purpose of crime victims' compensation;
  - (ii) Ten percent to a department personal inmate savings account;
- 8 (iii) Fifteen percent to the department to contribute to the cost 9 of incarceration; and
  - (iv) Twenty percent for payment of legal financial obligations for all inmates who have legal financial obligations owing in any Washington state superior court.
    - (c) The formula shall include the following minimum deduction from class IV gross gratuities: Five percent to the department to contribute to the cost of incarceration.
    - (d) The formula shall include the following minimum deductions from class III gratuities: Five percent for the purpose of crime victims' compensation.
    - (2) An additional five percent shall be deducted from the gross wages or gratuities of each inmate working in correctional industries work programs if such inmate has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030. The funds shall be deposited in the public safety and education account for the purpose of crime victims' compensation to be distributed to his or her victim of sexual assault.
    - (3) Any person sentenced to life imprisonment without possibility of release or parole under chapter 10.95 RCW or sentenced to death shall be exempt from the requirement under (a)(ii) or (b)(ii) of this subsection.
- (4) The department personal inmate savings account, together with 29 30 any accrued interest, shall only be available to an inmate at the time 31 of his or her release from confinement, unless the secretary determines 32 that an emergency exists for the inmate, at which time the funds can be made available to the inmate in an amount determined by the secretary. 33 The management of classes I, II, and IV correctional industries may 34 incentive payment for offender workers based 35 establish an productivity criteria. This incentive shall be paid separately from 36 37 the hourly wage/gratuity rate and shall not be subject to the specified 38 deduction for cost of incarceration.

(5) In the event that the offender worker's wages or gratuity is subject to garnishment for support enforcement, the crime victims' compensation, savings, and cost of incarceration deductions shall be calculated on the net wages after taxes, legal financial obligations, and garnishment.

- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$  (6) The department shall explore other methods of recovering a portion of the cost of the inmate's incarceration and for encouraging participation in work programs, including development of incentive programs that offer inmates benefits and amenities paid for only from wages earned while working in a correctional industries work program.
- ((<del>(3)</del>)) (7) The department shall develop the necessary administrative structure to recover inmates' wages and keep records of the amount inmates pay for the costs of incarceration and amenities. All funds deducted from inmate wages under subsection (1) of this section for the purpose of contributions to the cost of incarceration shall be deposited in a dedicated fund with the department and shall be used only for the purpose of enhancing and maintaining correctional industries work programs.
- ((4))) (8) The expansion of inmate employment in class I and class II correctional industries shall be implemented according to the following schedule:
  - (a) Not later than June 30, 1995, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least two hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 1994;
  - (b) Not later than June 30, 1996, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least four hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 1994;
  - (c) Not later than June 30, 1997, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least six hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 1994;
- (d) Not later than June 30, 1998, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least nine hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 1994;

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(e) Not later than June 30, 1999, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least one thousand two hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 1994;

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- (f) Not later than June 30, 2000, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least one thousand five hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 1994.
- 9  $((\frac{5}{1}))$  (9) It shall be in the discretion of the secretary to apportion the inmates between class I and class II depending on available contracts and resources.
- 12 **Sec. 2.** RCW 7.68.070 and 2002 c 54 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The right to benefits under this chapter and the amount thereof will be governed insofar as is applicable by the provisions contained in chapter 51.32 RCW except as provided in this section:

- 17 (1) The provisions contained in RCW 51.32.015, 51.32.030, 18 51.32.072, 51.32.073, 51.32.180, 51.32.190, and 51.32.200 are not 19 applicable to this chapter.
  - (2) Each victim injured as a result of a criminal act, including criminal acts committed between July 1, 1981, and January 1, 1983, or the victim's family or dependents in case of death of the victim, are entitled to benefits in accordance with this chapter, subject to the limitations under RCW 7.68.015. The rights, duties, responsibilities, limitations, and procedures applicable to a worker as contained in RCW 51.32.010 are applicable to this chapter.
  - (3) The limitations contained in RCW 51.32.020 are applicable to claims under this chapter. In addition thereto, no person or spouse, child, or dependent of such person is entitled to benefits under this chapter when the injury for which benefits are sought, was:
- 31 (a) The result of consent, provocation, or incitement by the 32 victim, unless an injury resulting from a criminal act caused the death 33 of the victim;
- 34 (b) Sustained while the crime victim was engaged in the attempt to commit, or the commission of, a felony; or
- 36 (c) Sustained while the victim was confined in any county or city 37 jail, federal jail or prison or in any other federal institution, or

any state correctional institution maintained and operated by the department of social and health services or the department of corrections, prior to release from lawful custody; or confined or living in any other institution maintained and operated by the department of social and health services or the department of corrections.

- (4) The benefits established upon the death of a worker and contained in RCW 51.32.050 shall be the benefits obtainable under this chapter and provisions relating to payment contained in that section shall equally apply under this chapter: PROVIDED, That benefits for burial expenses shall not exceed the amount paid by the department in case of the death of a worker as provided in chapter 51.32 RCW in any claim: PROVIDED FURTHER, That if the criminal act results in the death of a victim who was not gainfully employed at the time of the criminal act, and who was not so employed for at least three consecutive months of the twelve months immediately preceding the criminal act;
- (a) Benefits payable to an eligible surviving spouse, where there are no children of the victim at the time of the criminal act who have survived the victim or where such spouse has legal custody of all of his or her children, shall be limited to burial expenses and a lump sum payment of seven thousand five hundred dollars without reference to number of children, if any;
- (b) Where any such spouse has legal custody of one or more but not all of such children, then such burial expenses shall be paid, and such spouse shall receive a lump sum payment of three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars and any such child or children not in the legal custody of such spouse shall receive a lump sum of three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars to be divided equally among such child or children;
- (c) If any such spouse does not have legal custody of any of the children, the burial expenses shall be paid and the spouse shall receive a lump sum payment of up to three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars and any such child or children not in the legal custody of the spouse shall receive a lump sum payment of up to three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars to be divided equally among the child or children;
- (d) If no such spouse survives, then such burial expenses shall be paid, and each surviving child of the victim at the time of the criminal act shall receive a lump sum payment of three thousand seven

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hundred fifty dollars up to a total of two such children and where there are more than two such children the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars shall be divided equally among such children.

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No other benefits may be paid or payable under these circumstances.

- (5) The benefits established in RCW 51.32.060 for permanent total disability proximately caused by the criminal act shall be the benefits obtainable under this chapter, and provisions relating to payment contained in that section apply under this chapter: PROVIDED, That if a victim becomes permanently and totally disabled as a proximate result of the criminal act and was not gainfully employed at the time of the criminal act, the victim shall receive monthly during the period of the disability the following percentages, where applicable, of the average monthly wage determined as of the date of the criminal act pursuant to RCW 51.08.018:
- 15 (a) If married at the time of the criminal act, twenty-nine percent 16 of the average monthly wage.
  - (b) If married with one child at the time of the criminal act, thirty-four percent of the average monthly wage.
- 19 (c) If married with two children at the time of the criminal act, 20 thirty-eight percent of the average monthly wage.
  - (d) If married with three children at the time of the criminal act, forty-one percent of the average monthly wage.
  - (e) If married with four children at the time of the criminal act, forty-four percent of the average monthly wage.
    - (f) If married with five or more children at the time of the criminal act, forty-seven percent of the average monthly wage.
    - (g) If unmarried at the time of the criminal act, twenty-five percent of the average monthly wage.
  - (h) If unmarried with one child at the time of the criminal act, thirty percent of the average monthly wage.
  - (i) If unmarried with two children at the time of the criminal act, thirty-four percent of the average monthly wage.
  - (j) If unmarried with three children at the time of the criminal act, thirty-seven percent of the average monthly wage.
- 35 (k) If unmarried with four children at the time of the criminal act, forty percent of the average monthly wage.
- 37 (1) If unmarried with five or more children at the time of the 38 criminal act, forty-three percent of the average monthly wage.

(6) The benefits established in RCW 51.32.080 for permanent partial disability shall be the benefits obtainable under this chapter, and provisions relating to payment contained in that section equally apply under this chapter.

- (7) The benefits established in RCW 51.32.090 for temporary total disability shall be the benefits obtainable under this chapter, and provisions relating to payment contained in that section apply under this chapter: PROVIDED, That no person is eligible for temporary total disability benefits under this chapter if such person was not gainfully employed at the time of the criminal act, and was not so employed for at least three consecutive months of the twelve months immediately preceding the criminal act.
- (8) The benefits established in RCW 51.32.095 for continuation of benefits during vocational rehabilitation shall be benefits obtainable under this chapter, and provisions relating to payment contained in that section apply under this chapter: PROVIDED, That benefits shall not exceed five thousand dollars for any single injury.
- (9) The provisions for lump sum payment of benefits upon death or permanent total disability as contained in RCW 51.32.130 apply under this chapter.
- (10) The provisions relating to payment of benefits to, for or on behalf of workers contained in RCW 51.32.040, 51.32.055, 51.32.100, 51.32.110, 51.32.120, 51.32.135, 51.32.140, 51.32.150, 51.32.160, and 51.32.210 are applicable to payment of benefits to, for or on behalf of victims under this chapter.
- (11) No person or spouse, child, or dependent of such person is entitled to benefits under this chapter where the person making a claim for such benefits has refused to give reasonable cooperation to state or local law enforcement agencies in their efforts to apprehend and convict the perpetrator(s) of the criminal act which gave rise to the claim.
- (12) <u>In addition to other benefits provided under this chapter,</u> victims of sexual assault are entitled to receive benefits from his or <u>her perpetrator or perpetrators of the criminal act that gave rise to the claim, as provided under RCW 72.09.111(2).</u>
- (13) In addition to other benefits provided under this chapter, victims of sexual assault are entitled to receive appropriate counseling. Fees for such counseling shall be determined by the

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department in accordance with RCW 51.04.030, subject to the limitations of RCW 7.68.080. Counseling services may include, if determined appropriate by the department, counseling of members of the victim's immediate family, other than the perpetrator of the assault.

(((13))) (14) Except for medical benefits authorized under RCW 7.68.080, no more than thirty thousand dollars shall be granted as a result of a single injury or death, except that benefits granted as the result of total permanent disability or death shall not exceed forty thousand dollars.

 $((\frac{14}{14}))$  (15) Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter and Title 51 RCW, benefits payable for total temporary disability under subsection (7) of this section, shall be limited to fifteen thousand dollars.

(((15))) (16) Any person who is responsible for the victim's injuries, or who would otherwise be unjustly enriched as a result of the victim's injuries, shall not be a beneficiary under this chapter.

(((16))) (17) Crime victims' compensation is not available to pay for services covered under chapter 74.09 RCW or Title XIX of the federal social security act, except to the extent that the costs for such services exceed service limits established by the department of social and health services or, during the 1993-95 fiscal biennium, to the extent necessary to provide matching funds for federal medicaid reimbursement.

((\(\frac{(17\)}{17}\))) (18) In addition to other benefits provided under this chapter, immediate family members of a homicide victim may receive appropriate counseling to assist in dealing with the immediate, near-term consequences of the related effects of the homicide. Fees for counseling shall be determined by the department in accordance with RCW 51.04.030, subject to the limitations of RCW 7.68.080. Payment of counseling benefits under this section may not be provided to the perpetrator of the homicide. The benefits under this subsection may be provided only with respect to homicides committed on or after July 1, 1992.

 $((\frac{(18)}{)})$  (19) A dependent mother, father, stepmother, or stepfather, as defined in RCW 51.08.050, who is a survivor of her or his child's homicide, who has been requested by a law enforcement agency or a prosecutor to assist in the judicial proceedings related to the death of the victim, and who is not domiciled in Washington state

- at the time of the request, may receive a lump-sum payment upon arrival in this state. Total benefits under this subsection may not exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars. If more than one dependent parent is eligible for this benefit, the lump-sum payment of seven thousand five hundred dollars shall be divided equally among the dependent parents.
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