HOUSE BILL 2877

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

By Representatives Kagi and Boldt; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

Read first time 01/22/2004. Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

AN ACT Relating to guardianship of dependent children; amending RCW 13.34.030, 13.34.110, 13.34.145, 13.34.230, 13.34.231, 13.34.232, 13.34.233, 13.34.234, 13.34.235, 13.34.236, and 13.32A.030; reenacting and amending RCW 74.15.020; adding new sections to chapter 13.34 RCW; and creating a new section.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 The legislature finds that guardianship for NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. 8 some children who have been found to be dependent children under 9 chapter 13.34 RCW and who cannot live with their parents is a valuable 10 resource for such children needing stability in their lives when such placement is in the best interests of the child. 11 The legislature intends to enhance family preservation and stability for children by 12 13 recognizing the value of permanent placement with relatives or other long-term caregivers, dismissal of dependencies, and elimination of the 14 15 need for continued governmental intervention in family life. The 16 legislature intends to expand opportunities for children to remain with 17 relatives or long-term caregivers when they can no longer live with their parents through provision of support to relatives and unrelated 18

1 persons who are willing and able to serve as guardians for the 2 children.

3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.34.030 and 2003 c 227 s 2 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

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For purposes of this chapter:

6 (1) "Abandoned" means when the child's parent, guardian, or other 7 custodian has expressed, either by statement or conduct, an intent to 8 forego, for an extended period, parental rights or responsibilities despite an ability to exercise such rights and responsibilities. Ιf 9 10 the court finds that the petitioner has exercised due diligence in attempting to locate the parent, no contact between the child and the 11 child's parent, guardian, or other custodian for a period of three 12 months creates a rebuttable presumption of abandonment, even if there 13 14 is no expressed intent to abandon.

15 (2) "Child" and "juvenile" means any individual under the age of 16 eighteen years.

(3) "Current placement episode" means the period of time that begins with the most recent date that the child was removed from the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian for purposes of placement in out-of-home care and continues until: (a) The child returns home; (b) an adoption decree, a permanent custody order, or guardianship order is entered; or (c) the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs first.

24 (4) (("Dependency guardian" means the person, nonprofit 25 corporation, or Indian tribe appointed by the court pursuant to this 26 chapter for the limited purpose of assisting the court in the 27 supervision of the dependency.

28 (5)) "Dependent child" means any child who:

29 (a) Has been abandoned;

30 (b) Is abused or neglected as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW by a 31 person legally responsible for the care of the child; or

32 (c) Has no parent, guardian, or custodian capable of adequately 33 caring for the child, such that the child is in circumstances which 34 constitute a danger of substantial damage to the child's psychological 35 or physical development.

36 (((6))) <u>(5)</u> "Developmental disability" means a disability 37 attributable to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, or another neurological or other condition of an individual found by the secretary to be closely related to mental retardation or to require treatment similar to that required for individuals with mental retardation, which disability originates before the individual attains age eighteen, which has continued or can be expected to continue indefinitely, and which constitutes a substantial handicap to the individual.

8 (((7))) <u>(6)</u> "Guardian" means the person or agency that: (a) Has 9 been appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding ((other 10 than)), including a guardian appointed in a proceeding under this 11 chapter; and (b) has the legal right to custody of the child pursuant 12 to such appointment. ((The term "guardian" shall not include a 13 "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant to a proceeding under this 14 chapter.

(8))) (7) "Guardian ad litem" means a person, appointed by the 15 court to represent the best interests of a child in a proceeding under 16 17 this chapter, or in any matter which may be consolidated with a proceeding under this chapter. A "court-appointed special advocate" 18 appointed by the court to be the guardian ad litem for the child, or to 19 perform substantially the same duties and functions as a guardian ad 20 21 litem, shall be deemed to be guardian ad litem for all purposes and 22 uses of this chapter.

(((+))) (8) "Guardian ad litem program" means a court-authorized volunteer program, which is or may be established by the superior court of the county in which such proceeding is filed, to manage all aspects of volunteer guardian ad litem representation for children alleged or found to be dependent. Such management shall include but is not limited to: Recruitment, screening, training, supervision, assignment, and discharge of volunteers.

30 ((((10))) (9) "Indigent" means a person who, at any stage of a court
31 proceeding, is:

(a) Receiving one of the following types of public assistance:
 Temporary assistance for needy families, general assistance, poverty related veterans' benefits, food stamps or food stamp benefits
 transferred electronically, refugee resettlement benefits, medicaid, or
 supplemental security income; or

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(b) Involuntarily committed to a public mental health facility; or

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(c) Receiving an annual income, after taxes, of one hundred twenty five percent or less of the federally established poverty level; or

3 (d) Unable to pay the anticipated cost of counsel for the matter
4 before the court because his or her available funds are insufficient to
5 pay any amount for the retention of counsel.

6 (((11))) <u>(10)</u> "Out-of-home care" means placement in a foster family 7 home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or 8 placement in a home, other than that of the child's parent, guardian, 9 or legal custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 10 74.15 RCW.

(((12))) (11) "Preventive services" means preservation services, as defined in chapter 74.14C RCW, and other reasonably available services, including housing services, capable of preventing the need for out-ofhome placement while protecting the child. Housing services may include, but are not limited to, referrals to federal, state, local, or private agencies or organizations, assistance with forms and applications, or financial subsidies for housing.

18 (((13))) <u>(12)</u> "Shelter care" means temporary physical care in a 19 facility licensed pursuant to RCW 74.15.030 or in a home not required 20 to be licensed pursuant to RCW 74.15.030.

(((14))) (13) "Sibling" means a child's birth brother, birth sister, adoptive brother, adoptive sister, half-brother, or half-sister, or as defined by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe for an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903(4).

25 (((15))) <u>(14)</u> "Social study" means a written evaluation of matters 26 relevant to the disposition of the case and shall contain the following 27 information:

(a) A statement of the specific harm or harms to the child thatintervention is designed to alleviate;

30 (b) A description of the specific services and activities, for both 31 the parents and child, that are needed in order to prevent serious harm 32 to the child; the reasons why such services and activities are likely 33 to be useful; the availability of any proposed services; and the 34 agency's overall plan for ensuring that the services will be delivered. 35 The description shall identify the services chosen and approved by the 36 parent;

37 (c) If removal is recommended, a full description of the reasons38 why the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, including a

description of any previous efforts to work with the parents and the child in the home; the in-home treatment programs that have been considered and rejected; the preventive services that have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home; and the parents' attitude toward placement of the child;

8 (d) A statement of the likely harms the child will suffer as a 9 result of removal;

10 (e) A description of the steps that will be taken to minimize the 11 harm to the child that may result if separation occurs including an 12 assessment of the child's relationship and emotional bond with any 13 siblings, and the agency's plan to provide ongoing contact between the 14 child and the child's siblings if appropriate; and

15 (f) Behavior that will be expected before determination that 16 supervision of the family or placement is no longer necessary.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW 18 to read as follows:

(1) Any dependency guardianship established under RCW 13.34.232 and
in place on the effective date of this act shall remain in effect,
notwithstanding the provisions of this act.

(2) The department of social and health services is authorized to review the child's situation with the dependency guardian to mutually determine the need for continued department involvement in the dependency guardianship and whether the dependency guardian is willing to enter a guardianship subsidy agreement as authorized under section 12 of this act.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW 29 to read as follows:

In implementing this chapter relating to guardianship, the court, the department, and all parties to the guardianship must comply with all applicable federal and state statutes, including the Indian child welfare act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1901, et seq.

34 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.34.110 and 2001 c 332 s 7 are each amended to read 35 as follows:

(1) The court shall hold a fact-finding hearing on the petition 1 and, unless the court dismisses the petition, shall make written 2 findings of fact, stating the reasons therefor. The rules of evidence 3 shall apply at the fact-finding hearing and the parent, guardian, or 4 legal custodian of the child shall have all of the rights provided in 5 RCW 13.34.090(1). The petitioner shall have the burden of establishing 6 7 by a preponderance of the evidence that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030. 8

(2)(a) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child may 9 10 waive his or her right to a fact-finding hearing by stipulating or agreeing to the entry of an order of dependency establishing that the 11 12 child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030. The parent, 13 guardian, or legal custodian may also stipulate or agree to an order of 14 disposition pursuant to RCW 13.34.130 at the same time. Any stipulated or agreed order of dependency or disposition must be signed by the 15 parent, guardian, or legal custodian and his or her attorney, unless 16 17 the parent, guardian, or legal custodian has waived his or her right to an attorney in open court, and by the petitioner and the attorney, 18 guardian ad litem, or court-appointed special advocate for the child, 19 if any. If the department of social and health services is not the 20 21 petitioner and is required by the order to supervise the placement of 22 the child or provide services to any party, the department must also 23 agree to and sign the order.

24 (b) Entry of any stipulated or agreed order of dependency or 25 disposition is subject to approval by the court. The court shall 26 receive and review a social study before entering a stipulated or 27 agreed order and shall consider whether the order is consistent with the allegations of the dependency petition and the problems that 28 necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care. No social file 29 or social study may be considered by the court in connection with the 30 fact-finding hearing or prior to factual determination, except as 31 otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence. 32

33 (c) Prior to the entry of any stipulated or agreed order of 34 dependency, the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child and 35 his or her attorney must appear before the court and the court within 36 available resources must inquire and establish on the record that:

37 (i) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian understands the terms

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of the order or orders he or she has signed, including his or her responsibility to participate in remedial services as provided in any disposition order;

4 (ii) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian understands that 5 entry of the order starts a process that could result in the filing of 6 a petition to terminate his or her relationship with the child within 7 the time frames required by state and federal law if he or she fails to 8 comply with the terms of the dependency or disposition orders or fails 9 to substantially remedy the problems that necessitated the child's 10 placement in out-of-home care;

(iii) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian understands that the 11 entry of the stipulated or agreed order of dependency is an admission 12 13 that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030 and 14 shall have the same legal effect as a finding by the court that the child is dependent by at least a preponderance of the evidence, and 15 that the parent, guardian, or legal custodian shall not have the right 16 17 in any subsequent proceeding for termination of parental rights or ((dependency)) guardianship pursuant to this chapter or chapter 11.88 18 <u>RCW</u> or nonparental custody pursuant to chapter 26.10 RCW to challenge 19 or dispute the fact that the child was found to be dependent; and 20

(iv) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian knowingly and willingly stipulated and agreed to and signed the order or orders, without duress, and without misrepresentation or fraud by any other party.

25 If a parent, guardian, or legal custodian fails to appear before the court after stipulating or agreeing to entry of an order of 26 27 dependency, the court may enter the order upon a finding that the parent, guardian, or legal custodian had actual notice of the right to 28 appear before the court and chose not to do so. The court may require 29 other parties to the order, including the attorney for the parent, 30 31 guardian, or legal custodian, to appear and advise the court of the 32 parent's, guardian's, or legal custodian's notice of the right to appear and understanding of the factors specified in this subsection. 33 34 A parent, guardian, or legal custodian may choose to waive his or her 35 presence at the in-court hearing for entry of the stipulated or agreed 36 order of dependency by submitting to the court through counsel a 37 completed stipulated or agreed dependency fact-finding/disposition

statement in a form determined by the Washington state supreme court
 pursuant to General Rule GR 9.

(3) Immediately after the entry of the findings of fact, the court 3 shall hold a disposition hearing, unless there is good cause for 4 5 continuing the matter for up to fourteen days. If good cause is shown, the case may be continued for longer than fourteen days. Notice of the 6 7 time and place of the continued hearing may be given in open court. Ιf notice in open court is not given to a party, that party shall be 8 9 notified by certified mail of the time and place of any continued hearing. Unless there is reasonable cause to believe the health, 10 safety, or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or efforts to 11 reunite the parent and child would be hindered, the court shall direct 12 13 the department to notify those adult persons who: (a) Are related by 14 blood or marriage to the child in the following degrees: Parent, grandparent, brother, sister, stepparent, stepbrother, stepsister, 15 uncle, or aunt; (b) are known to the department as having been in 16 17 contact with the family or child within the past twelve months; and (c) would be an appropriate placement for the child. Reasonable cause to 18 dispense with notification to a parent under this section must be 19 proved by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence. 20

The parties need not appear at the fact-finding or dispositional hearing if the parties, their attorneys, the guardian ad litem, and court-appointed special advocates, if any, are all in agreement.

24 **Sec. 6.** RCW 13.34.145 and 2003 c 227 s 6 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

(1) A permanency plan shall be developed no later than sixty days from the time the supervising agency assumes responsibility for providing services, including placing the child, or at the time of a hearing under RCW 13.34.130, whichever occurs first. The permanency planning process continues until a permanency planning goal is achieved or dependency is dismissed. The planning process shall include reasonable efforts to return the child to the parent's home.

(a) Whenever a child is placed in out-of-home care pursuant to RCW
13.34.130, the agency that has custody of the child shall provide the
court with a written permanency plan of care directed towards securing
a safe, stable, and permanent home for the child as soon as possible.
The plan shall identify one of the following outcomes as the primary

goal and may also identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: 1 2 Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian; adoption; guardianship; permanent legal custody; long-3 term relative or foster care, until the child is age eighteen, with a 4 5 written agreement between the parties and the care provider; a responsible living skills program; and independent 6 living, if 7 appropriate and if the child is age sixteen or older and the provisions of subsection (2) of this section are met. Legal guardianship shall be 8 the preferred permanency plan for a child when return of the child to 9 the home of the child's parent or adoption of the child is not an 10 appropriate permanency plan for the child, and the factors contained in 11 RCW 13.34.231 are met. 12

13 (b) The identified outcomes and goals of the permanency plan may 14 change over time based upon the circumstances of the particular case.

(c) Permanency planning goals should be achieved at the earliest possible date, preferably before the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen months. In cases where parental rights have been terminated, the child is legally free for adoption, and adoption has been identified as the primary permanency planning goal, it shall be a goal to complete the adoption within six months following entry of the termination order.

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(d) For purposes related to permanency planning:

(i) "Guardianship" means ((a dependency guardianship)) a legal guardianship pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW $((\tau))$ or equivalent laws of another state or a federally recognized Indian tribe.

26 (ii) "Permanent custody order" means a custody order entered 27 pursuant to chapter 26.10 RCW.

(iii) "Permanent legal custody" means legal custody pursuant to
 chapter 26.10 RCW, RCW 13.34.231, or equivalent laws of another state
 or of a federally recognized Indian tribe.

31 (2) Whenever a permanency plan identifies independent living as a 32 goal, the plan shall also specifically identify the services that will be provided to assist the child to make a successful transition from 33 foster care to independent living. Before the court approves 34 independent living as a permanency plan of care, the court shall make 35 a finding that the provision of services to assist the child in making 36 37 a transition from foster care to independent living will allow the 38 child to manage his or her financial, personal, social, educational,

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and nonfinancial affairs. The department shall not discharge a child to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years of age unless the child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 RCW.

5 (3) A permanency planning hearing shall be held in all cases where 6 the child has remained in out-of-home care for at least nine months and 7 an adoption decree, guardianship order, or permanent custody order has 8 not previously been entered. The hearing shall take place no later 9 than twelve months following commencement of the current placement 10 episode.

(4) Whenever a child is removed from the home of a ((dependency)) 11 guardian or long-term relative or foster care provider, and the child 12 13 is not returned to the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian but is placed in out-of-home care, a permanency planning hearing shall 14 take place no later than twelve months, as provided in subsection (3) 15 of this section, following the date of removal unless, prior to the 16 17 hearing, the child returns to the home of the ((dependency)) guardian or long-term care provider, the child is placed in the home of the 18 19 parent, guardian, or legal custodian, an adoption decree, guardianship 20 order, or a permanent custody order is entered, or the dependency is 21 dismissed.

(5) No later than ten working days prior to the permanency planning hearing, the agency having custody of the child shall submit a written permanency plan to the court and shall mail a copy of the plan to all parties and their legal counsel, if any.

(6) At the permanency planning hearing, the court shall enter 26 27 findings as required by RCW 13.34.138 and shall review the permanency plan prepared by the agency. If the child has resided in the home of 28 a foster parent or relative for more than six months prior to the 29 permanency planning hearing, the court shall also enter a finding 30 31 regarding whether the foster parent or relative was informed of the 32 hearing as required in RCW 74.13.280 and 13.34.138. If a goal of longterm foster or relative care has been achieved prior to the permanency 33 planning hearing, the court shall review the child's status to 34 determine whether the placement and the plan for the child's care 35 remain appropriate. In cases where the primary permanency planning 36 37 goal has not been achieved, the court shall inquire regarding the

1 reasons why the primary goal has not been achieved and determine what 2 needs to be done to make it possible to achieve the primary goal. In 3 all cases, the court shall:

4 (a)(i) Order the permanency plan prepared by the agency to be 5 implemented; or

6 (ii) Modify the permanency plan, and order implementation of the 7 modified plan; and

8 (b)(i) Order the child returned home only if the court finds that 9 a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists; or

10 (ii) Order the child to remain in out-of-home care for a limited 11 specified time period while efforts are made to implement the 12 permanency plan.

13 (7) If the court orders the child returned home, casework 14 supervision shall continue for at least six months, at which time a 15 review hearing shall be held pursuant to RCW 13.34.138, and the court 16 shall determine the need for continued intervention.

17 (8) The juvenile court may hear a petition for permanent legal custody when: (a) The court has ordered implementation of a permanency 18 plan that includes permanent legal custody; and (b) the party pursuing 19 20 the permanent legal custody is the party identified in the permanency 21 plan as the prospective legal custodian. During the pendency of such 22 proceeding, the court shall conduct review hearings and further permanency planning hearings as provided in this chapter. 23 At the 24 conclusion of the legal guardianship or permanent legal custody 25 proceeding, a juvenile court hearing shall be held for the purpose of determining whether dependency should be dismissed. If a guardianship 26 27 or permanent custody order has been entered, the dependency shall be dismissed. 28

(9) Continued juvenile court jurisdiction under this chapter shall not be a barrier to the entry of an order establishing a legal guardianship or permanent legal custody when the requirements of subsection (8) of this section are met.

33 (10) Following the first permanency planning hearing, the court 34 shall hold a further permanency planning hearing in accordance with 35 this section at least once every twelve months until a permanency 36 planning goal is achieved or the dependency is dismissed, whichever 37 occurs first. 1 (11) Except as provided in RCW 13.34.235, the status of all 2 dependent children shall continue to be reviewed by the court at least 3 once every six months, in accordance with RCW 13.34.138, until the 4 dependency is dismissed. Prior to the second permanency planning 5 hearing, the agency that has custody of the child shall consider 6 whether to file a petition for termination of parental rights.

7 (12) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the ability of the agency that has custody of the child to file a petition for 8 termination of parental rights or a guardianship petition at any time 9 10 following the establishment of dependency. Upon the filing of such a petition, a fact-finding hearing shall be scheduled and held in 11 12 accordance with this chapter unless the agency requests dismissal of 13 the petition prior to the hearing or unless the parties enter an agreed 14 order terminating parental rights, establishing quardianship, or otherwise resolving the matter. 15

16 (13) The approval of a permanency plan that does not contemplate 17 return of the child to the parent does not relieve the supervising 18 agency of its obligation to provide reasonable services, under this 19 chapter, intended to effectuate the return of the child to the parent, 20 including but not limited to, visitation rights. The court shall 21 consider the child's relationships with siblings in accordance with RCW 22 13.34.130.

(14) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the procedural due process rights of any party in a termination or guardianship proceeding filed under this chapter.

26 **Sec. 7.** RCW 13.34.230 and 1981 c 195 s 1 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

Any party to a dependency proceeding, including the supervising 28 29 agency, may file ((a petition)) an action in juvenile court requesting that guardianship be ((created)) established as to a dependent child. 30 31 The petition shall conform to the requirements of RCW 13.34.040, shall be served upon the parties as provided in RCW 13.34.070(8), and shall 32 meet the requirements of RCW 13.34.231. The proposed guardian and 33 34 department of social and health services shall receive notice of any 35 quardianship proceedings and have the right to intervene in the 36 proceedings.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW
 to read as follows:

3 (1) Every guardianship petition filed in proceedings under RCW 4 13.34.231 shall contain a statement alleging whether the child is or 5 may be an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903. If the child 6 is an Indian child as defined under the Indian child welfare act, the 7 provisions of that act shall apply.

8 (2) Every order or decree entered in any proceeding under this 9 chapter shall contain a finding that the Indian child welfare act does 10 or does not apply. Where there is a finding that the Indian child 11 welfare act does apply, the decree or order must also contain a finding 12 that all notice requirements and evidentiary requirements under the 13 Indian child welfare act have been satisfied.

14 **Sec. 9.** RCW 13.34.231 and 2000 c 122 s 29 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

(1) At the hearing on a ((dependency)) guardianship petition, all
parties have the right to present evidence and cross examine witnesses.
The rules of evidence apply to the conduct of the hearing.

(2) A guardianship shall be established if the court finds by a
 preponderance of the evidence that <u>the requirements of RCW 13.34.230</u>
 and this section are met and:

22 (((1))) (a) The child has been found to be a dependent child under 23 RCW 13.34.030;

24 (((2))) <u>(b)</u> A dispositional order has been entered pursuant to RCW 25 13.34.130;

26 (((3))) <u>(c)</u> The child has been removed or will, at the time of the 27 hearing, have been removed from the custody of the parent for a period 28 of at least six months pursuant to a finding of dependency under RCW 29 13.34.030;

30 (((4))) <u>(d)</u> The services ordered under RCW 13.34.130 and 13.34.136 31 have been offered or provided and all necessary services, reasonably 32 available, capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the 33 foreseeable future have been offered or provided;

(((+5))) (e) There is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future; ((and

1	(6))) (f) The guardian has signed a statement acknowledging the
2	guardian's rights and responsibilities toward the child and the
3	guardian's understanding and acceptance that the guardianship is
4	commitment to care for the child until the child reaches age eighteen.
5	(g) Adoption is not available or is not a reasonable option for the
6	<u>child;</u>
7	(h) A guardianship, rather than termination of the parent-child
8	relationship or continuation of efforts to return the child to the
9	custody of the parent, would be in the best interest of the child; and
10	(i) A legal relationship continues to exist between the child and
11	the child's parent or parents, except when:
12	(i) A person related to the child applies to be the guardian and
13	guardianship, and not adoption, is in the best interest of the child;
14	or
15	(ii) The child is an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec.
16	1901, et seq., and the child's tribe finds that adoption of the child
17	is not in the best interest of the child.
18	(3) In determining whether the guardianship is in the best interest
19	of the child, the court shall consider the following factors:
20	(a) The placement meets the familial and cultural needs of the
21	child as demonstrated by the parties;
22	(b) The child retains a bond with the child's parent or parents and
23	maintenance of the bond between the parent or parents and the child is
24	in the best interests of the child;
25	(c) The child is at least thirteen but less than eighteen years
26	old, and the department of social and health services has determined
27	that no suitable alternative permanent plan is available for the child.
28	A suitable alternative plan may include, but is not necessarily limited
29	to, adoption or long-term foster care;
30	(d) The preferences of the child with respect to the proposed
31	guardianship; and
32	(e) Services ordered under RCW 13.34.130 and 13.34.136 or similar
33	services necessary to maintain the child in the guardianship placement
34	are not required following approval of the proposed guardianship.
35	(4) The court may establish a guardianship when the court
36	determines that, under exceptional circumstances, the best interests of
37	the child who does not meet the criteria of subsection (2) of this

section would be met through a guardianship. Exceptional circumstances
 may include, but are not necessarily limited to:

3 (a) A child, under age thirteen, is difficult to place, and a 4 suitable guardian is willing to accept custody of the child under this 5 chapter;

6 (b) The parents' rights to the child have been terminated, the 7 child is age thirteen through seventeen and is not willing to consent 8 to the adoption.

9 Sec. 10. RCW 13.34.232 and 1994 c 288 s 7 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

(1) If the court has made a finding under RCW 13.34.231, it shall enter an order establishing a ((dependency)) guardianship for the child and shall dismiss the dependency. The order shall:

(a) Appoint a person ((or agency)) to serve as ((dependency)) <u>legal</u> guardian ((for the limited purpose of assisting the court to supervise the dependency)) <u>of the child</u>;

17 (b) Specify the ((dependency)) guardian's rights and 18 responsibilities concerning the care, custody, and control of the 19 child((. A dependency guardian shall not have the authority to consent 20 to the child's adoption));

(c) Specify the ((dependency)) guardian's authority, if any, to receive, invest, and expend funds, benefits, or property belonging to the child; and

(d) Specify an appropriate frequency <u>and type</u> of ((visitation))
 <u>contact</u> between the parent and the child((; and)

26 (e) Specify the need for any continued involvement of the 27 supervising agency and the nature of that involvement, if any)).

(2) ((Unless the court specifies otherwise in the guardianship
 order,)) The ((dependency)) guardian shall maintain the physical and
 legal custody of the child and have the following rights and duties:

(a) Protect, discipline, and educate the child;

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32 (b) Provide food, clothing, shelter, education as required by 33 law((, and routine health care for the child));

34 (c) Consent to necessary health and surgical care and sign a 35 release of health care information to appropriate authorities, pursuant 36 to law;

37 (d) Consent to social and school activities of the child; ((and))

1 (e) Provide an annual written accounting to the court regarding 2 receipt by the ((dependency)) guardian of any funds, benefits, or 3 property belonging to the child and expenditures made ((therefrom)) 4 from the funds, benefits, or property; and

5 (f) Notify the court prior to moving with the child out of the
6 state of Washington.

7 (3) As used in this section, the term "health care" includes, but
8 is not limited to, medical, dental, psychological, and psychiatric care
9 and treatment.

10 (4) ((The child shall remain dependent for the duration of the guardianship. While the guardianship remains in effect, the dependency guardian shall be a party to any dependency proceedings pertaining to the child.

14 (5)) The guardianship shall remain in effect only until the child 15 is eighteen years of age or until the court terminates the guardianship 16 order, whichever occurs sooner.

17 (5) The court shall not have the authority, in a guardianship 18 proceeding, to order the department of social and health services to 19 supervise nor to provide services to the guardian and the child.

20 **Sec. 11.** RCW 13.34.233 and 2000 c 122 s 30 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

22 (1) Any party may request the court under RCW 13.34.150 to modify 23 or terminate a ((dependency)) guardianship order under this chapter. 24 Notice of any motion to modify or terminate the guardianship shall be served on all other parties, including the guardian and any agency that 25 26 was responsible for supervising the child's placement at the time the guardianship petition was filed. Notice in all cases shall be served 27 upon the department. If the department was not previously a party to 28 the guardianship proceeding, the department shall nevertheless have the 29 30 right to: (a) Initiate a proceeding to modify or terminate a 31 guardianship; and (b) intervene at any stage of such a proceeding. The court shall hold a hearing on the motion before modifying or 32 terminating the guardianship. 33

34 (2) The terms of a guardianship order may be modified for good
 35 cause and when the modification is shown, by a preponderance of the
 36 evidence, to be in the best interest of the child.

(3) The guardianship may be ((modified or)) terminated upon the 1 2 motion of any party ((or the department)) only if the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence and upon the basis of facts that have 3 arisen since entry of the guardianship order, that ((there has been)) 4 a substantial change ((of)) has occurred in the circumstances 5 ((subsequent to the establishment of the guardianship)) of the child or 6 7 of the guardian and that ((it)) the termination is in the ((child's)) best interest ((to modify or terminate the guardianship. The court 8 shall hold a hearing on the motion before modifying or terminating a 9 quardianship)) of the child and is necessary to serve the best 10 11 interests of the child.

(3) ((Upon entry of an order terminating the guardianship, the dependency guardian shall not have any rights or responsibilities with respect to the child and shall not have legal standing to participate as a party in further dependency proceedings pertaining to the child. The court may allow the child's dependency guardian to attend dependency review proceedings pertaining to the child for the sole purpose of providing information about the child to the court.

19 (4))) Upon entry of an order terminating the guardianship, the 20 ((child shall remain dependent and the)) court shall either return the 21 child to the child's parent or order the child into the custody, 22 control, and care of ((the department or a licensed child-placing agency for placement in a foster home or group care facility licensed 23 24 pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or in a home not required to be licensed pursuant to such chapter)) a substitute guardian. The court shall not 25 26 place a child in the custody of the child's parent unless the court 27 finds that reasons for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exist and that such placement is in the child's best interest. ((The 28 29 court shall thereafter conduct reviews as provided in RCW 13.34.138 30 and, where applicable, shall hold a permanency planning hearing in accordance with RCW 13.34.145.)) 31

32 Sec. 12. RCW 13.34.234 and 1994 c 288 s 9 are each amended to read 33 as follows:

34 ((Establishment of a dependency guardianship under RCW 13.34.231 35 and 13.34.232 does not preclude the dependency guardian from receiving 36 foster care payments.)) 1 (1) The department of social and health services may provide 2 subsidies for quardianships approved under RCW 13.34.232. To be 3 eligible for a subsidy, the child's custodian must be receiving 4 temporary assistance for needy families or foster care payments from 5 the department to meet the child's needs at the time of application for 6 quardianship.

7 (2) The department, by rule, shall adopt rates for guardianship
8 subsidies to assist the guardian to meet the child's special needs.

9 <u>(3) The department may, within available funds, establish benefits</u> 10 <u>that encourage and provide incentives for persons related to the child</u> 11 <u>to become the child's guardian.</u>

12 (4) In accordance with rules adopted under this section, the 13 department may enter into a written agreement with the guardian, with 14 the agreement signed by the department and the guardian, to continue 15 basic subsidy payments following the court's order approving the 16 guardianship.

17 **Sec. 13.** RCW 13.34.235 and 2000 c 122 s 31 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

A ((dependency)) guardianship is not subject to the review hearing requirements of RCW 13.34.138 ((unless ordered by the court under RCW 13.34.232(1)(e))).

22 **Sec. 14.** RCW 13.34.236 and 1994 c 288 s 10 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

(1) Any <u>suitable</u> person over the age of twenty-one years who is not
otherwise disqualified by this section((, any nonprofit corporation, or
any Indian tribe)) may be appointed the ((dependency)) guardian of a
child under RCW 13.34.232. ((No person is qualified to serve as a
dependency guardian unless the person meets the minimum requirements to
care for children as provided in RCW 74.15.030.))

Before the court may appoint a guardianship of a child, the department, a private agency licensed under the provisions of chapter 74.15 RCW, or the child's tribe if the child is an Indian child, shall complete a satisfactory home study of the proposed guardian and those persons residing in the proposed guardian's home. The home study shall include a criminal history background check under RCW 74.15.030. The 1 <u>department shall be required to complete the home study only if the</u> 2 <u>department currently is providing services to the child or to the</u> 3 prospective guardian.

4 (2) If the preferences of a child's parent were not considered
5 under RCW 13.34.260 as they relate to the proposed ((dependency))
6 guardian, the court shall consider such preferences before appointing
7 the ((dependency)) guardian.

8 Sec. 15. RCW 13.32A.030 and 2000 c 123 s 2 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 As used in this chapter the following terms have the meanings 11 indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) "Abuse or neglect" means the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child by any person under circumstances which indicate that the child's health, welfare, and safety is harmed, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 9A.16.100. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined in this section.

18 (2) "Administrator" means the individual who has the daily 19 administrative responsibility of a crisis residential center, or his or 20 her designee.

21 (3) "At-risk youth" means a juvenile:

(a) Who is absent from home for at least seventy-two consecutivehours without consent of his or her parent;

(b) Who is beyond the control of his or her parent such that the child's behavior endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the child or any other person; or

(c) Who has a substance abuse problem for which there are nopending criminal charges related to the substance abuse.

(4) "Child," "juvenile," and "youth" mean any unemancipated
 individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years.

31

(5) "Child in need of services" means a juvenile:

32 (a) Who is beyond the control of his or her parent such that the 33 child's behavior endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the child 34 or other person;

35 (b) Who has been reported to law enforcement as absent without 36 consent for at least twenty-four consecutive hours on two or more 1 separate occasions from the home of either parent, a crisis residential 2 center, an out-of-home placement, or a court-ordered placement; and

3

(i) Has exhibited a serious substance abuse problem; or

4 (ii) Has exhibited behaviors that create a serious risk of harm to 5 the health, safety, or welfare of the child or any other person; or

6 (c)(i) Who is in need of: (A) Necessary services, including food,
7 shelter, health care, clothing, or education; or (B) services designed
8 to maintain or reunite the family;

9 (ii) Who lacks access to, or has declined to utilize, these 10 services; and

(iii) Whose parents have evidenced continuing but unsuccessful efforts to maintain the family structure or are unable or unwilling to continue efforts to maintain the family structure.

14 (6) "Child in need of services petition" means a petition filed in
15 juvenile court by a parent, child, or the department seeking
16 adjudication of placement of the child.

17 (7) "Crisis residential center" means a secure or semi-secure18 facility established pursuant to chapter 74.13 RCW.

(8) "Custodian" means the person or entity who has the legal rightto the custody of the child.

21 (9) "Department" means the department of social and health 22 services.

(10) "Extended family member" means an adult who is a grandparent, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle, aunt, or first cousin with whom the child has a relationship and is comfortable, and who is willing and available to care for the child.

(11) "Guardian" means that person or agency that (a) has been appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding ((other than a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW)), and (b) has the right to legal custody of the child pursuant to such appointment. ((The term "guardian" does not include a "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant to a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW.))

(12) "Multidisciplinary team" means a group formed to provide assistance and support to a child who is an at-risk youth or a child in need of services and his or her parent. The team shall include the parent, a department case worker, a local government representative when authorized by the local government, and when appropriate, members from the mental health and substance abuse disciplines. The team may

also include, but is not limited to, the following persons: Educators, law enforcement personnel, probation officers, employers, church persons, tribal members, therapists, medical personnel, social service providers, placement providers, and extended family members. The team members shall be volunteers who do not receive compensation while acting in a capacity as a team member, unless the member's employer chooses to provide compensation or the member is a state employee.

8 (13) "Out-of-home placement" means a placement in a foster family 9 home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or 10 placement in a home, other than that of the child's parent, guardian, 11 or legal custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 12 74.15 RCW.

(14) "Parent" means the parent or parents who have the legal rightto custody of the child. "Parent" includes custodian or guardian.

(15) "Secure facility" means a crisis residential center, or portion thereof, that has locking doors, locking windows, or a secured perimeter, designed and operated to prevent a child from leaving without permission of the facility staff.

(16) "Semi-secure facility" means any facility, including but not 19 limited to crisis residential centers or specialized foster family 20 21 homes, operated in a manner to reasonably assure that youth placed 22 there will not run away. Pursuant to rules established by the department, the facility administrator shall establish reasonable hours 23 24 for residents to come and go from the facility such that no residents 25 are free to come and go at all hours of the day and night. To prevent residents from taking unreasonable actions, the facility administrator, 26 27 where appropriate, may condition a resident's leaving the facility upon resident being accompanied by the administrator or 28 the the administrator's designee and the resident may be required to notify the 29 30 administrator or the administrator's designee of any intent to leave, 31 his or her intended destination, and the probable time of his or her 32 return to the center.

33 (17) "Staff secure facility" means a structured group care facility 34 licensed under rules adopted by the department with a ratio of at least 35 one adult staff member to every two children.

36 (18) "Temporary out-of-home placement" means an out-of-home 37 placement of not more than fourteen days ordered by the court at a 38 fact-finding hearing on a child in need of services petition. 1 2

Sec. 16. RCW 74.15.020 and 2001 c 230 s 1, 2001 c 144 s 1, and 2001 c 137 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031, and unless otherwise clearly indicated by the context thereof, the following terms shall mean:

(1) "Agency" means any person, firm, partnership, association, 6 7 corporation, or facility which receives children, expectant mothers, or 8 persons with developmental disabilities for control, care, or 9 maintenance outside their own homes, or which places, arranges the placement of, or assists in the placement of children, expectant 10 mothers, or persons with developmental disabilities for foster care or 11 12 placement of children for adoption, and shall include the following 13 irrespective of whether there is compensation to the agency or to the 14 children, expectant mothers or persons with developmental disabilities for services rendered: 15

16 (a) "Child day-care center" means an agency which regularly 17 provides care for a group of children for periods of less than twenty-18 four hours;

(b) "Child-placing agency" means an agency which places a child orchildren for temporary care, continued care, or for adoption;

(c) "Community facility" means a group care facility operated for the care of juveniles committed to the department under RCW 13.40.185. A county detention facility that houses juveniles committed to the department under RCW 13.40.185 pursuant to a contract with the department is not a community facility;

26 (d) "Crisis residential center" means an agency which is a 27 temporary protective residential facility operated to perform the 28 duties specified in chapter 13.32A RCW, in the manner provided in RCW 29 74.13.032 through 74.13.036;

30 (e) "Emergency respite center" is an agency that may be commonly 31 known as a crisis nursery, that provides emergency and crisis care for 32 up to seventy-two hours to children who have been admitted by their parents or guardians to prevent abuse or neglect. Emergency respite 33 centers may operate for up to twenty-four hours a day, and for up to 34 seven days a week. Emergency respite centers may provide care for 35 children ages birth through seventeen, and for persons eighteen through 36 37 twenty with developmental disabilities who are admitted with a sibling 38 or siblings through age seventeen. Emergency respite centers may not

1 substitute for crisis residential centers or HOPE centers, or any other 2 services defined under this section, and may not substitute for 3 services which are required under chapter 13.32A or 13.34 RCW;

4 (f) "Family day-care provider" means a child day-care provider who
5 regularly provides child day care for not more than twelve children in
6 the provider's home in the family living quarters;

7 (g) "Foster-family home" means an agency which regularly provides 8 care on a twenty-four hour basis to one or more children, expectant 9 mothers, or persons with developmental disabilities in the family abode 10 of the person or persons under whose direct care and supervision the 11 child, expectant mother, or person with a developmental disability is 12 placed;

(h) "Group-care facility" means an agency, other than a fosterfamily home, which is maintained and operated for the care of a group of children on a twenty-four hour basis;

16 (i) "HOPE center" means an agency licensed by the secretary to 17 provide temporary residential placement and other services to street youth. A street youth may remain in a HOPE center for thirty days 18 while services are arranged and permanent placement is coordinated. No 19 street youth may stay longer than thirty days unless approved by the 20 21 department and any additional days approved by the department must be 22 based on the unavailability of a long-term placement option. A street 23 youth whose parent wants him or her returned to home may remain in a 24 HOPE center until his or her parent arranges return of the youth, not 25 longer. All other street youth must have court approval under chapter 13.34 or 13.32A RCW to remain in a HOPE center up to thirty days; 26

(j) "Maternity service" means an agency which provides or arranges for care or services to expectant mothers, before or during confinement, or which provides care as needed to mothers and their infants after confinement;

(k) "Responsible living skills program" means an agency licensed by the secretary that provides residential and transitional living services to persons ages sixteen to eighteen who are dependent under chapter 13.34 RCW and who have been unable to live in his or her legally authorized residence and, as a result, the minor lived outdoors or in another unsafe location not intended for occupancy by the minor. Dependent minors ages fourteen and fifteen may be eligible if no other

1 placement alternative is available and the department approves the 2 placement;

3 (1) "Service provider" means the entity that operates a community 4 facility.

5

(2) "Agency" shall not include the following:

6 (a) Persons related to the child, expectant mother, or person with7 developmental disability in the following ways:

8 (i) Any blood relative, including those of half-blood, and 9 including first cousins, nephews or nieces, and persons of preceding 10 generations as denoted by prefixes of grand, great, or great-great;

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(ii) Stepfather, stepmother, stepbrother, and stepsister;

(iii) A person who legally adopts a child or the child's parent as well as the natural and other legally adopted children of such persons, and other relatives of the adoptive parents in accordance with state law;

16 (iv) Spouses of any persons named in (i), (ii), or (iii) of this 17 subsection (2)(a), even after the marriage is terminated; or

(v) Extended family members, as defined by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe or, in the absence of such law or custom, a person who has reached the age of eighteen and who is the Indian child's grandparent, aunt or uncle, brother or sister, brother-in-law or sister-in-law, niece or nephew, first or second cousin, or stepparent who provides care in the family abode on a twenty-four-hour basis to an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903(4);

(b) Persons who are legal guardians, including guardians approved
 <u>under the provisions of RCW 13.34.232</u>, of the child, expectant mother,
 or persons with developmental disabilities;

(c) Persons who care for a neighbor's or friend's child or 28 children, with or without compensation, where: (i) The person 29 providing care for periods of less than twenty-four hours does not 30 31 conduct such activity on an ongoing, regularly scheduled basis for the 32 purpose of engaging in business, which includes, but is not limited to, advertising such care; or (ii) the parent and person providing care on 33 a twenty-four-hour basis have agreed to the placement in writing and 34 the state is not providing any payment for the care; 35

36 (d) Parents on a mutually cooperative basis exchange care of one 37 another's children; 1 (e) A person, partnership, corporation, or other entity that 2 provides placement or similar services to exchange students or 3 international student exchange visitors or persons who have the care of 4 an exchange student in their home;

5 (f) A person, partnership, corporation, or other entity that 6 provides placement or similar services to international children who 7 have entered the country by obtaining visas that meet the criteria for 8 medical care as established by the United States immigration and 9 naturalization service, or persons who have the care of such an 10 international child in their home;

(g) Nursery schools or kindergartens which are engaged primarily in educational work with preschool children and in which no child is enrolled on a regular basis for more than four hours per day;

(h) Schools, including boarding schools, which are engaged primarily in education, operate on a definite school year schedule, follow a stated academic curriculum, accept only school-age children and do not accept custody of children;

18 (i) Seasonal camps of three months' or less duration engaged 19 primarily in recreational or educational activities;

(j) Hospitals licensed pursuant to chapter 70.41 RCW when performing functions defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, nursing homes licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW and boarding homes licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW;

24 (k)

(k) Licensed physicians or lawyers;

(1) Facilities providing care to children for periods of less than twenty-four hours whose parents remain on the premises to participate in activities other than employment;

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(m) Facilities approved and certified under chapter 71A.22 RCW;

(n) Any agency having been in operation in this state ten years prior to June 8, 1967, and not seeking or accepting moneys or assistance from any state or federal agency, and is supported in part by an endowment or trust fund;

33 (o) Persons who have a child in their home for purposes of 34 adoption, if the child was placed in such home by a licensed child-35 placing agency, an authorized public or tribal agency or court or if a 36 replacement report has been filed under chapter 26.33 RCW and the 37 placement has been approved by the court; (p) An agency operated by any unit of local, state, or federal
 government or an agency, located within the boundaries of a federally
 recognized Indian reservation, licensed by the Indian tribe;

4 (q) A maximum or medium security program for juvenile offenders
5 operated by or under contract with the department;

6 (r) An agency located on a federal military reservation, except 7 where the military authorities request that such agency be subject to 8 the licensing requirements of this chapter.

9 (3) "Department" means the state department of social and health 10 services.

(4) "Juvenile" means a person under the age of twenty-one who has been sentenced to a term of confinement under the supervision of the department under RCW 13.40.185.

(5) "Probationary license" means a license issued as a disciplinary
 measure to an agency that has previously been issued a full license but
 is out of compliance with licensing standards.

17 (6) "Requirement" means any rule, regulation, or standard of care18 to be maintained by an agency.

19

(7) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.

20 (8) "Street youth" means a person under the age of eighteen who 21 lives outdoors or in another unsafe location not intended for occupancy 22 by the minor and who is not residing with his or her parent or at his 23 or her legally authorized residence.

24 (9) "Transitional living services" means at a minimum, to the 25 extent funds are available, the following:

26 (a) Educational services, including basic literacy and 27 computational skills training, either in local alternative or public 28 high schools or in a high school equivalency program that leads to 29 obtaining a high school equivalency degree;

30 (b) Assistance and counseling related to obtaining vocational 31 training or higher education, job readiness, job search assistance, and 32 placement programs;

33 (c) Counseling and instruction in life skills such as money 34 management, home management, consumer skills, parenting, health care, 35 access to community resources, and transportation and housing options; 36 (d) Individual and group counseling; and

37 (e) Establishing networks with federal agencies and state and local38 organizations such as the United States department of labor, employment

1 and training administration programs including the job training 2 partnership act which administers private industry councils and the job 3 corps; vocational rehabilitation; and volunteer programs.

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