#### CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### THIRD ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2195

58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 8, 2004 Yeas 92 Nays 2

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 4, 2004 Yeas 47 Nays 0

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **THIRD ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2195** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

#### Chief Clerk

### President of the Senate

Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

#### THIRD ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2195

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2004 Regular Session

State of Washington58th Legislature2004 Regular SessionByHouse Committee on Education (originally sponsored by<br/>Representatives McDermott, Talcott, Quall, Tom and Haigh)

READ FIRST TIME 03/05/03.

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AN ACT Relating to state academic standards; amending RCW 28A.230.090, 28A.195.010, 28A.200.010, 28A.305.220, 28A.655.070, and 28A.655.030; adding a new section to chapter 28A.655 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.155 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.180 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.230 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 28A.655.060; and declaring an emergency.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

PART 1

# CERTIFICATE OF ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 101. A new section is added to chapter 28A.655
11 RCW to read as follows:

12 CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS. (1) The high school assessment system 13 shall include but need not be limited to the Washington assessment of 14 student learning, opportunities for a student to retake the content 15 areas of the assessment in which the student was not successful, and if 16 approved by the legislature pursuant to subsection (11) of this 17 section, one or more objective alternative assessments for a student to 18 demonstrate achievement of state academic standards. The objective

alternative assessments for each content area shall be comparable in
 rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on
 the Washington assessment of student learning for each content area.

(2) Subject to the conditions in this section, a certificate of 4 5 academic achievement shall be obtained by most students at about the age of sixteen, and is evidence that the students have successfully met 6 7 the state standard in the content areas included in the certificate. With the exception of students satisfying the provisions of section 104 8 9 of this act, acquisition of the certificate is required for graduation from a public high school but is not the only requirement for 10 graduation. 11

(3) Beginning with the graduating class of 2008, with the exception 12 of students satisfying the provisions of section 104 of this act, a 13 student who meets the state standards on the reading, writing, and 14 mathematics content areas of the high school Washington assessment of 15 16 student learning shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. Τf 17 a student does not successfully meet the state standards in one or more content areas required for the certificate of academic achievement, 18 then the student may retake the assessment in the content area up to 19 20 four times at no cost to the student. If the student successfully meets the state standards on a retake of the assessment then the 21 22 student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. Once objective alternative assessments are authorized pursuant to subsection 23 (11) of this section, a student may use the objective alternative 24 25 assessments to demonstrate that the student successfully meets the state standards for that content area if the student has retaken the 26 27 Washington assessment of student learning at least once. If the student successfully meets the state standards on the objective 28 alternative assessments then the student shall earn a certificate of 29 academic achievement. The student's transcript shall note whether the 30 31 certificate of academic achievement was acquired by means of the 32 Washington assessment of student learning or by an alternative 33 assessment.

34 (4) Beginning with the graduating class of 2010, a student must 35 meet the state standards in science in addition to the other content 36 areas required under subsection (3) of this section on the Washington 37 assessment of student learning or the objective alternative assessments 38 in order to earn a certificate of academic achievement.

(5) The state board of education may not require the acquisition of 1 2 the certificate of academic achievement for students in home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, for students enrolled in private 3 schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or for students satisfying the 4 provisions of section 104 of this act. 5

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(6) A student may retain and use the highest result from each 7 successfully completed content area of the high school assessment.

(7) Beginning with the graduating class of 2006, the highest scale 8 score and level achieved in each content area on the high school 9 Washington assessment of student learning shall be displayed on a 10 student's transcript. In addition, beginning with the graduating class 11 of 2008, each student shall receive a scholar's designation on his or 12 13 her transcript for each content area in which the student achieves 14 level four the first time the student takes that content area 15 assessment.

(8) Beginning in 2006, school districts must make available to 16 17 students the following options:

(a) To retake the Washington assessment of student learning up to 18 four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the 19 state standards if the student is enrolled in a public school; or 20

21 (b) To retake the Washington assessment of student learning up to 22 four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a high school completion 23 24 program at a community or technical college. The superintendent of 25 public instruction and the state board for community and technical colleges shall jointly identify means by which students in these 26 27 programs can be assessed.

(9) Students who achieve the standard in a content area of the high 28 school assessment but who wish to improve their results shall pay for 29 retaking the assessment, using a uniform cost determined by the 30 superintendent of public instruction. 31

(10) Subject to available funding, the superintendent shall pilot 32 opportunities for retaking the high school assessment beginning in the 33 2004-05 school year. Beginning no later than September 2006, 34 opportunities to retake the assessment at least twice a year shall be 35 available to each school district. 36

37 (11) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 38 develop options for implementing objective alternative assessments,

which may include an appeals process, for students to demonstrate 1 2 achievement of the state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge 3 that the student must demonstrate on the Washington assessment of 4 student learning and be objective in its determination of student 5 achievement of the state standards. Before any objective alternative 6 7 assessments are used by a student to demonstrate that the student has met the state standards in a content area required to obtain a 8 certificate, the legislature shall formally approve the use of any 9 10 objective alternative assessments through the omnibus appropriations act or by statute or concurrent resolution. 11

12 (12) By December 15, 2004, the house of representatives and senate 13 education committees shall obtain information and conclusions from 14 recognized, independent, national assessment experts regarding the 15 validity and reliability of the high school Washington assessment of 16 student learning for making individual student high school graduation 17 determinations.

18 (13) To help assure continued progress in academic achievement as 19 a foundation for high school graduation and to assure that students are 20 on track for high school graduation, each school district shall prepare 21 plans for students as provided in this subsection (13).

22 (a) Student learning plans are required for eighth through twelfth grade students who were not successful on any or all of the content 23 24 areas of the Washington assessment for student learning during the the courses, 25 school year. The plan shall include previous competencies, and other steps needed to be taken by the student to meet 26 27 state academic standards and stay on track for graduation. This requirement shall be phased in as follows: 28

(i) Beginning no later than the 2004-05 school year ninth grade
students as described in this subsection (13)(a) shall have a plan.

31 (ii) Beginning no later than the 2005-06 school year and every year 32 thereafter eighth grade students as described in this subsection 33 (13)(a) shall have a plan.

(iii) The parent or guardian shall be notified, preferably through a parent conference, of the student's results on the Washington assessment of student learning, actions the school intends to take to improve the student's skills in any content area in which the student

was unsuccessful, strategies to help them improve their student's
 skills, and the content of the student's plan.

3 (iv) Progress made on the student plan shall be reported to the 4 student's parents or guardian at least annually and adjustments to the 5 plan made as necessary.

6 (b) Beginning with the 2005-06 school year and every year 7 thereafter, all fifth grade students who were not successful in one or 8 more of the content areas of the fourth grade Washington assessment of 9 student learning shall have a student learning plan.

10 (i) The parent or guardian of a student described in this 11 subsection (13)(b) shall be notified, preferably through a parent 12 conference, of the student's results on the Washington assessment of 13 student learning, actions the school intends to take to improve the 14 student's skills in any content area in which the student was 15 unsuccessful, and provide strategies to help them improve their 16 student's skills.

(ii) Progress made on the student plan shall be reported to the student's parents or guardian at least annually and adjustments to the plan made as necessary.

20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. CERTIFICATE REPORTS REQUIRED ON THE CUT 21 SCORES REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE THE CERTIFICATE, OBJECTIVE ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENTS, AND ISSUES RELATED TO VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY. 22 (1) The 23 academic achievement and accountability commission shall review and 24 adjust, if necessary, the performance standards needed to meet the high school standards and obtain a certificate of academic achievement as 25 26 provided in section 101 of this act. The commission shall include in 27 its review consideration of various conjunctive and compensatory score models, including the use of the standard error of measurement, into 28 the decision regarding the award of the certificate of academic 29 achievement. To assist in its deliberations, the commission shall seek 30 31 advice from a committee that includes parents, practicing classroom teachers and principals, administrators, staff, and other interested 32 33 If the commission makes any adjustment of the student parties. 34 performance standards, then the commission shall present the 35 recommended performance standard to the education committees of the 36 house of representatives and the senate by November 30th of the school

1 year in which the changes will take place to permit the legislature to 2 take statutory action before the changes are implemented if such action 3 is deemed warranted by the legislature.

(2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 4 develop options for implementing objective alternative assessments, 5 which may include an appeals process, for students to demonstrate 6 7 achievement of the state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge 8 that the student must demonstrate on the Washington assessment of 9 student learning and be objective in its determination of student 10 achievement of the state standards. 11

(a) By September 1, 2004, the office of the superintendent of
public instruction shall report its recommendations for objective
alternative assessments to the governor, the state board of education,
and the house of representatives and senate education committees.

(b) In its deliberations, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall consult with parents, administrators, practicing classroom teachers including teachers in career and technical education, practicing principals, appropriate agencies, professional organizations, assessment experts, and other interested parties.

(c) Through the omnibus appropriations act, or by statute or concurrent resolution, the legislature shall formally approve the use of any objective alternative assessments before its implementation as a part of the high school assessment system.

(3) By September 15, 2004, the superintendent of public instruction
shall develop recommendations on the best practices that may be used
with students who need additional assistance to meet the requirements
of the certificate of academic achievement.

30 (4) By November 30, 2004, the superintendent of public instruction 31 and the state board of education shall provide to the house of 32 representatives and senate education committees all available pertinent 33 studies, information, and independent third-party analyses on the 34 validity and reliability of the high school assessment system, 35 especially as it pertains to the use of the system for individual 36 student decisions.

1 Sec. 103. RCW 28A.230.090 and 1997 c 222 s 2 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 CERTIFICATE OF ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT - STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION HIGH 4 SCHOOL GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING LOCAL DETERMINATION OF 5 INDIVIDUAL STUDENT SUCCESS. (1) The state board of education shall 6 establish high school graduation requirements or equivalencies for 7 students.

8 (a) Any course in Washington state history and government used to 9 fulfill high school graduation requirements is encouraged to include 10 information on the culture, history, and government of the American 11 Indian peoples who were the first inhabitants of the state.

12 (b) The certificate of academic achievement requirements under 13 section 101 of this act or the certificate of individual achievement 14 requirements under section 104 of this act are required for graduation 15 from a public high school but are not the only requirements for 16 graduation.

17 (c) Any decision on whether a student has met the state board's 18 high school graduation requirements for a high school and beyond plan 19 shall remain at the local level.

20 (2) In recognition of the statutory authority of the state board of 21 education to establish and enforce minimum high school graduation 22 requirements, the state board shall periodically reevaluate the 23 graduation requirements and shall report such findings to the 24 legislature in a timely manner as determined by the state board.

(3) Pursuant to any requirement for instruction in languages other than English established by the state board of education or a local school district, or both, for purposes of high school graduation, students who receive instruction in American sign language or one or more American Indian languages shall be considered to have satisfied the state or local school district graduation requirement for instruction in one or more languages other than English.

32 (4) If requested by the student and his or her family, a student 33 who has completed high school courses before attending high school 34 shall be given high school credit which shall be applied to fulfilling 35 high school graduation requirements if:

36 (a) The course was taken with high school students, if the academic37 level of the course exceeds the requirements for seventh and eighth

1 grade classes, and the student has successfully passed by completing 2 the same course requirements and examinations as the high school 3 students enrolled in the class; or

4 (b) The academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for 5 seventh and eighth grade classes and the course would qualify for high 6 school credit, because the course is similar or equivalent to a course 7 offered at a high school in the district as determined by the school 8 district board of directors.

9 (5) Students who have taken and successfully completed high school 10 courses under the circumstances in subsection (4) of this section shall 11 not be required to take an additional competency examination or perform 12 any other additional assignment to receive credit. ((Subsection (4) of 13 this section shall also apply to students enrolled in high school on 14 April 11, 1990, who took the courses before attending high school.))

15 (6) At the college or university level, five quarter or three 16 semester hours equals one high school credit.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 104. A new section is added to chapter 28A.155
18 RCW to read as follows:

19 CERTIFICATE OF INDIVIDUAL ACHIEVEMENT. Beginning with the 20 graduating class of 2008, students served under this chapter, who are 21 not appropriately assessed by the high school Washington assessment system as defined in section 101 of this act, even with accommodations, 22 23 may earn a certificate of individual achievement. The certificate may 24 be earned using multiple ways to demonstrate skills and abilities commensurate with their individual education programs. 25 The determination of whether the high school assessment system is 26 27 appropriate shall be made by the student's individual education program team. For these students, the certificate of individual achievement is 28 required for graduation from a public high school, but need not be the 29 30 only requirement for graduation. When measures other than the high 31 school assessment system as defined in section 101 of this act are used, the measures shall be in agreement with the appropriate 32 educational opportunity provided for the student as required by this 33 34 chapter. The superintendent of public instruction shall develop the quidelines for determining which students should not be required to 35 36 participate in the high school assessment system and which types of 37 assessments are appropriate to use.

1 When measures other than the high school assessment system as 2 defined in section 101 of this act are used for high school graduation 3 purposes, the student's high school transcript shall note whether that 4 student has earned a certificate of individual achievement.

5 Nothing in this section shall be construed to deny a student the 6 right to participation in the high school assessment system as defined 7 in section 101 of this act, and, upon successfully meeting the high 8 school standard, receipt of the certificate of academic achievement.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 105.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.180 10 RCW to read as follows:

11 The office of the superintendent of public instruction and the state board for community and technical colleges shall jointly develop 12 a program plan to provide a continuing education option for students 13 who are eligible for the state transitional bilingual instruction 14 15 program and who need more time to develop language proficiency but who 16 are more age-appropriately suited for a postsecondary learning 17 environment than for a high school. In developing the plan, the superintendent of public instruction shall consider options to formally 18 recognize the accomplishments of students in the state transitional 19 20 bilingual instruction program who have completed the twelfth grade but 21 have not earned a certificate of academic achievement. By December 1, 22 2004, the agencies shall report to the legislative education and fiscal 23 committees with any recommendations for legislative action and any 24 resources necessary to implement the plan.

25 Sec. 106. RCW 28A.195.010 and 1993 c 336 s 1101 are each amended 26 to read as follows:

CERTIFICATE OF ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT - PRIVATE SCHOOL STUDENTS 27 EXEMPTED. The legislature hereby recognizes that private schools 28 29 should be subject only to those minimum state controls necessary to 30 insure the health and safety of all the students in the state and to insure a sufficient basic education to meet usual graduation 31 requirements. The state, any agency or official thereof, shall not 32 restrict or dictate any specific educational or other programs for 33 34 private schools except as hereinafter in this section provided.

35 Principals of private schools or superintendents of private school 36 districts shall file each year with the state superintendent of public

instruction a statement certifying that the minimum requirements 1 2 hereinafter set forth are being met, noting any deviations. After review of the statement, the state superintendent will notify schools 3 or school districts of those deviations which must be corrected. 4 In case of major deviations, the school or school district may request and 5 the state board of education may grant provisional status for one year 6 7 in order that the school or school district may take action to meet the requirements. The state board of education shall not require private 8 school students to meet the student learning goals, obtain a 9 certificate of academic achievement, or a certificate of individual 10 achievement to graduate from high school, to master the essential 11 academic learning requirements, or to be assessed pursuant to section 12 13 101 of this act. However, private schools may choose, on a voluntary basis, to have their students master these essential academic learning 14 requirements, take the assessments, and obtain a certificate of 15 academic achievement or a certificate of individual achievement. 16 Minimum requirements shall be as follows: 17

18 (1) The minimum school year for instructional purposes shall 19 consist of no less than one hundred eighty school days or the 20 equivalent in annual minimum program hour offerings as prescribed in 21 RCW 28A.150.220.

(2) The school day shall be the same as that required in RCW 23 28A.150.030 and 28A.150.220, except that the percentages of total 24 program hour offerings as prescribed in RCW 28A.150.220 for basic 25 skills, work skills, and optional subjects and activities shall not 26 apply to private schools or private sectarian schools.

(3) All classroom teachers shall hold appropriate Washington statecertification except as follows:

(a) Teachers for religious courses or courses for which no
 counterpart exists in public schools shall not be required to obtain a
 state certificate to teach those courses.

32 (b) In exceptional cases, people of unusual competence but without 33 certification may teach students so long as a certified person 34 exercises general supervision. Annual written statements shall be 35 submitted to the office of the superintendent of public instruction 36 reporting and explaining such circumstances.

37 (4) An approved private school may operate an extension program for

1 parents, guardians, or persons having legal custody of a child to teach 2 children in their custody. The extension program shall require at a 3 minimum that:

4 (a) The parent, guardian, or custodian be under the supervision of
5 an employee of the approved private school who is certified under
6 chapter 28A.410 RCW;

(b) The planning by the certified person and the parent, guardian,
or person having legal custody include objectives consistent with this
subsection and subsections (1), (2), (5), (6), and (7) of this section;

10 (c) The certified person spend a minimum average each month of one 11 contact hour per week with each student under his or her supervision 12 who is enrolled in the approved private school extension program;

13 (d) Each student's progress be evaluated by the certified person; 14 and

(e) The certified employee shall not supervise more than thirtystudents enrolled in the approved private school's extension program.

17 (5) Appropriate measures shall be taken to safeguard all permanent18 records against loss or damage.

(6) The physical facilities of the school or district shall be 19 adequate to meet the program offered by the school or district: 20 21 PROVIDED, That each school building shall meet reasonable health and 22 fire safety requirements. ((However, the state board shall not require private school students to meet the student learning goals, obtain a 23 24 certificate of mastery to graduate from high school, to master the 25 essential academic learning requirements, or to be assessed pursuant to RCW 28A.630.885. However, private schools may choose, on a voluntary 26 27 basis, to have their students master these essential academic learning requirements, take these assessments, and obtain certificates of 28 A residential dwelling of the parent, quardian, 29 mastery.)) or custodian shall be deemed to be an adequate physical facility when a 30 31 parent, guardian, or person having legal custody is instructing his or her child under subsection (4) of this section. 32

(7) Private school curriculum shall include instruction of the basic skills of occupational education, science, mathematics, language, social studies, history, health, reading, writing, spelling, and the development of appreciation of art and music, all in sufficient units for meeting state board of education graduation requirements.

(8) Each school or school district shall be required to maintain
 up-to-date policy statements related to the administration and
 operation of the school or school district.

All decisions of policy, philosophy, selection of books, teaching material, curriculum, except as in subsection (7) ((above)) of this <u>section</u> provided, school rules and administration, or other matters not specifically referred to in this section, shall be the responsibility of the administration and administrators of the particular private school involved.

10 **Sec. 107.** RCW 28A.200.010 and 1995 c 52 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

12 CERTIFICATE OF ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT - STUDENTS IN HOME-BASED 13 INSTRUCTION EXEMPTED. (1) Each parent whose child is receiving home-14 based instruction under RCW 28A.225.010(4) shall have the duty to:

15 (((1))) (a) File annually a signed declaration of intent that he or 16 she is planning to cause his or her child to receive home-based 17 The statement shall include the name and age of the instruction. child, shall specify whether a certificated person will be supervising 18 the instruction, and shall be written in a format prescribed by the 19 20 superintendent of public instruction. Each parent shall file the 21 statement by September 15th of the school year or within two weeks of the beginning of any public school quarter, trimester, or semester with 22 23 the superintendent of the public school district within which the 24 parent resides or the district that accepts the transfer, and the student shall be deemed a transfer student of the nonresident district. 25 26 Parents may apply for transfer under RCW 28A.225.220;

27 (((<del>(2)</del>)) (b) Ensure that test scores or annual academic progress assessments and immunization records, together with any other records 28 that are kept relating to the instructional and educational activities 29 provided, are forwarded to any other public or private school to which 30 31 the child transfers. At the time of a transfer to a public school, the superintendent of the local school district in which the child enrolls 32 may require a standardized achievement test to be administered and 33 shall have the authority to determine the appropriate grade and course 34 level placement of the child after consultation with parents and review 35 36 of the child's records; and

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(((3))) <u>(c)</u> Ensure that a standardized achievement test approved by

the state board of education is administered annually to the child by 1 2 a qualified individual or that an annual assessment of the student's academic progress is written by a certificated person who is currently 3 working in the field of education. The state board of education shall 4 5 not require these children to meet the student learning goals, master the essential academic learning requirements, to take the assessments, 6 7 or to obtain a certificate of ((mastery pursuant to RCW 28A.630.885)) academic achievement or a certificate of individual achievement 8 pursuant to sections 101 and 104 of this act. The standardized test 9 10 administered or the annual academic progress assessment written shall be made a part of the child's permanent records. If, as a result of 11 12 the annual test or assessment, it is determined that the child is not 13 making reasonable progress consistent with his or her age or stage of 14 development, the parent shall make a good faith effort to remedy any 15 deficiency.

16 (2) Failure of a parent to comply with the duties in this section 17 shall be deemed a failure of such parent's child to attend school 18 without valid justification under RCW 28A.225.020. Parents who do 19 comply with the duties set forth in this section shall be presumed to 20 be providing home-based instruction as set forth in RCW 28A.225.010(4).

21 **Sec. 108.** RCW 28A.305.220 and 1984 c 178 s 1 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

23 DEVELOPMENT OF STANDARDIZED HIGH SCHOOL TRANSCRIPTS--SCHOOL 24 DISTRICTS TO INFORM STUDENTS OF IMPORTANCE. (1) The state board of education shall develop for use by all public school districts a 25 26 standardized high school transcript. The state board of education shall establish clear definitions for the terms "credits" and "hours" 27 so that school programs operating on the quarter, semester, or 28 29 trimester system can be compared.

30 (2) <u>The standardized high school transcript shall include the</u> 31 <u>following information:</u>

32 (a) The highest scale score and level achieved in each content area 33 on the high school Washington assessment of student learning or other 34 high school measures successfully completed by the student as provided 35 by sections 101 and 104 of this act;

36 (b) All scholar designations as provided by section 101 of this 37 <u>act;</u>

1 (c) A notation of whether the student has earned a certificate of 2 individual achievement or a certificate of academic achievement by 3 means of the Washington assessment of student learning or by an 4 alternative assessment.

(3) Transcripts are important documents to students who will apply 5 for admission to postsecondary institutions of higher education. 6 7 Transcripts are also important to students who will seek employment upon or prior to graduation from high school. It is recognized that 8 student transcripts may be the only record available to employers in 9 10 their decision-making processes regarding prospective employees. The superintendent of public instruction shall require school districts to 11 12 inform annually all high school students that prospective employers may 13 request to see transcripts and that the prospective employee's decision 14 to release transcripts can be an important part of the process of applying for employment. 15

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. The superintendent of public instruction shall study the effect of the certificate of academic achievement and the certificate of individual achievement requirements on dropout rates and report the findings to the legislature and the academic achievement and accountability commission by October 1, 2010. The superintendent of public instruction shall include any related recommendations for decreasing the dropout rate in the report.

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# PART 2

# ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 201. ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS 25 AND ASSESSMENTS - REPORT REQUIRED ON ASSESSMENTS AND OTHER OPTIONS FOR 26 27 MEETING THE ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS IN SOCIAL STUDIES, THE ARTS, AND HEALTH AND FITNESS. (1) A comprehensive education 28 29 involves the entire domain of human knowledge to participate productively in our democratic society. All Washington students should 30 have some appreciation of mathematical and scientific principles and 31 structures, a broad awareness of social, economic, and political 32 33 systems and developments and an appreciation of the arts and 34 humanities, and the elements of good personal health.

(2) By September 1, 2004, the superintendent of public instruction, 1 2 after consultation with parents, practicing classroom teachers and principals, education organizations, and other interested parties, 3 shall report to the governor, the state board of education, and the 4 house of representatives and senate education committees regarding 5 state classroom-based assessment models, other assessment options, 6 7 and/or other strategies approved by the superintendent of public instruction to assure continued support and attention to the essential 8 academic learning requirements in social studies, the arts, and health 9 10 and fitness in elementary, middle, and high schools. The options shall include a recommended timeline to implement those recommendations the 11 12 legislature adopts. The options may include recommendations on the 13 design, administration, scoring, and reporting of classroom or 14 performance-based assessments for these content areas. The report shall outline progress regarding: 15

(a) The development of the state classroom-based assessment models,
 other assessments, and/or other strategies;

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(b) Plans for staff development; and

19 (c) The funding resources necessary to fully implement the 20 recommendations.

(3) All classroom-based assessment models shall be designed inconsultation with practicing classroom teachers.

23 (4) The classroom-based assessment models, other assessment 24 options, and/or other strategies shall be available for voluntary use 25 beginning with the 2005-06 school year.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 202. ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS 27 AND ASSESSMENTS - REPORTS REQUIRED ON THE ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS, THE RESULTS OF INDEPENDENT RESEARCH ON ALIGNMENT AND 28 29 TECHNICAL REVIEW, AND THE FEASIBILITY OF RETURNING ASSESSMENT BEFORE THE END OF THE SCHOOL YEAR. (1) Subject to available funding, the 30 31 superintendent of public instruction shall report to the governor, the state board of education, and the house of representatives and senate 32 education committees on the results of independent research on the 33 34 alignment and technical review of the reading, writing, and science 35 content areas of the Washington assessment of student learning for 36 elementary and middle grades and for high school. The review shall be

comparable to the research conducted on the mathematics assessments and 1 2 shall be reported in accordance with the following timelines:

(a) In the content areas of reading and writing by November 1, 3 2005; and 4

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(b) In the content area of science by November 1, 2006.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall report to the б 7 the state board of education, and the house governor, of 8 representatives and senate education committees on the review, 9 prioritization, and identification of the essential academic learning requirements and grade level content expectations in accordance with 10 the following timelines: 11

(a) In the content areas of reading, writing, and mathematics by 12 13 November 1, 2004;

(b) In the content area of science by November 1, 2005; 14

(c) In the content area of social studies by November 1, 2008; 15

16 (d) In the content area of the arts by November 1, 2008; and

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(e) In the content area of health and fitness by November 1, 2009. (3) By November 30, 2004, the superintendent of public instruction 18 shall report to the governor, the state board of education, and the 19 20 house of representatives and senate education committees on the feasibility of returning the results of the Washington assessment of 21 22 student learning, including individual student performance information, 23 to schools, teachers, and parents in the same school year in which the 24 assessment is administered.

25 NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. A new section is added to chapter 28A.230 26 RCW to read as follows:

ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS. 27 By the end of the 2008-09 school year, school districts shall have in place in 28 elementary schools, middle schools, and high schools assessments or 29 30 other strategies to assure that students have an opportunity to learn 31 the essential academic learning requirements in social studies, the arts, and health and fitness. Beginning with the 2008-09 school year, 32 school districts shall annually submit an implementation verification 33 report to the office of the superintendent of public instruction. 34

35 Sec. 204. RCW 28A.655.070 and 1999 c 388 s 501 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS - DUTIES 1 OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION. (1) The superintendent of 2 develop essential academic learning 3 public instruction shall requirements that identify the knowledge and skills all public school 4 5 students need to know and be able to do based on the student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210, develop student assessments, and implement 6 7 the accountability recommendations and requests regarding assistance, 8 rewards, and recognition of the academic achievement and accountability 9 commission.

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(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall:

11 <u>(a) P</u>eriodically revise the essential academic learning 12 requirements, as needed, based on the student learning goals in RCW 13 28A.150.210. Goals one and two shall be considered primary. To the 14 maximum extent possible, the superintendent shall integrate goal four 15 and the knowledge and skill areas in the other goals in the essential 16 academic learning requirements; and

17 (b) Review and prioritize the essential academic learning requirements and identify, with clear and concise descriptions, the 18 grade level content expectations to be assessed on the Washington 19 assessment of student learning and used for state or federal 20 accountability purposes. The review, prioritization, and 21 identification shall result in more focus and targeting with an 22 emphasis on depth over breadth in the number of grade level content 23 24 expectations assessed at each grade level. Grade level content expectations shall be articulated over the grades as a sequence of 25 expectations and performances that are logical, build with increasing 26 27 depth after foundational knowledge and skills are acquired, and reflect, where appropriate, the sequential nature of the discipline. 28 The office of the superintendent of public instruction, within seven 29 working days, shall post on its web site any grade level content 30 expectations provided to an assessment vendor for use in constructing 31 the Washington assessment of student learning. 32

In consultation with the academic achievement 33 (3) and accountability commission, the superintendent of public instruction 34 35 shall maintain and continue to develop and revise a statewide academic assessment system in the content areas of reading, writing, 36 37 mathematics, and science for use in the elementary, middle, and high 38 school years designed to determine if each student has mastered the

essential academic learning requirements identified in subsection (1) 1 2 of this section. School districts shall administer the assessments under guidelines adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. 3 The academic assessment system shall include a variety of assessment 4 methods, including criterion-referenced and performance-based measures. 5 б (4) If the superintendent proposes any modification to the essential academic learning requirements or the statewide assessments, 7 then the superintendent shall, upon request, provide opportunities for 8 the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate 9 to review the assessments and proposed modifications to the essential 10 academic learning requirements before the modifications are adopted. 11

(5)(a) The assessment system shall be designed so that the results under the assessment system are used by educators as tools to evaluate instructional practices, and to initiate appropriate educational support for students who have not mastered the essential academic learning requirements at the appropriate periods in the student's educational development.

18 (((5))) (b) Assessments measuring the essential academic learning 19 requirements in the content area of science shall be available for 20 mandatory use in middle schools and high schools by the 2003-04 school 21 year and for mandatory use in elementary schools by the 2004-05 school 22 year unless the legislature takes action to delay or prevent 23 implementation of the assessment.

24 (6) By September 2007, the results for reading and mathematics 25 shall be reported in a format that will allow parents and teachers to 26 determine the academic gain a student has acquired in those content 27 areas from one school year to the next.

28 (7) To assist parents and teachers in their efforts to provide 29 educational support to individual students, the superintendent of 30 public instruction shall provide as much individual student performance 31 information as possible within the constraints of the assessment 32 system's item bank. The superintendent shall also provide to school 33 districts:

(a) Information on classroom-based and other assessments that may
 provide additional achievement information for individual students; and
 (b) A collection of diagnostic tools that educators may use to
 evaluate the academic status of individual students. The tools shall

be designed to be inexpensive, easily administered, and quickly and easily scored, with results provided in a format that may be easily shared with parents and students.

4 (8) To the maximum extent possible, the superintendent shall
5 integrate knowledge and skill areas in development of the assessments.
6 (((6))) (9) Assessments for goals three and four of RCW 28A.150.210

shall be integrated in the essential academic learning requirements and
assessments for goals one and two.

9 ((<del>(7)</del>)) <u>(10)</u> The superintendent shall develop assessments that are 10 directly related to the essential academic learning requirements, and 11 are not biased toward persons with different learning styles, racial or 12 ethnic backgrounds, or on the basis of gender.

13 (((+8))) (11) The superintendent shall consider methods to address 14 the unique needs of special education students when developing the 15 assessments under this section.

16 (((-9))) (12) The superintendent shall consider methods to address 17 the unique needs of highly capable students when developing the 18 assessments under this section.

19 (13) The superintendent shall post on the superintendent's web site
20 lists of resources and model assessments in social studies, the arts,
21 and health and fitness.

22 **Sec. 205.** RCW 28A.655.030 and 2002 c 37 s 1 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS - DUTIES OF THE ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY COMMISSION. The powers and duties of the academic achievement and accountability commission shall include, but are not limited to the following:

(1) For purposes of statewide accountability, the commission shall: 28 (a) Adopt and revise performance improvement goals in reading, 29 30 writing, science, and mathematics by subject and grade level as the 31 commission deems appropriate to improve student learning, once assessments in these subjects are required statewide. The goals shall 32 be consistent with student privacy protection provisions of RCW 33 28A.655.090(7) and shall not conflict with requirements contained in 34 Title I of the federal elementary and secondary education act of 1965, 35 The goals may be established for all students, 36 as amended. 37 economically disadvantaged students, limited English proficient

students, students with disabilities, and students from 1 2 disproportionately academically underachieving racial and ethnic backgrounds. The commission may establish school and school district 3 goals addressing high school graduation rates and dropout reduction 4 goals for students in grades seven through twelve. ((The goals shall 5 be in addition to any goals adopted in RCW 28A.655.050. The commission 6 7 may also revise any goal adopted in RCW 28A.655.050.)) The commission 8 shall adopt the goals by rule. However, before each goal is implemented, the commission shall present the goal to the education 9 10 committees of the house of representatives and the senate for the 11 committees' review and comment in a time frame that will permit the legislature to take statutory action on the goal if such action is 12 13 deemed warranted by the legislature;

(b) Identify the scores students must achieve in order to meet the 14 15 standard on the Washington assessment of student learning and, for high school students, to obtain a certificate of academic achievement. The 16 commission shall also determine student scores that identify levels of 17 student performance below and beyond the standard. The commission 18 shall consider the incorporation of the standard error of measurement 19 into the decision regarding the award of the certificates. 20 The 21 commission shall set such performance standards and levels in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction and after 22 consideration of any recommendations that may be developed by any 23 24 advisory committees that may be established for this purpose. The initial performance standards and any changes recommended by the 25 26 commission in the performance standards for the tenth grade assessment 27 shall be presented to the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate by November 30th of the school year in 28 which the changes will take place to permit the legislature to take 29 statutory action before the changes are implemented if such action is 30 deemed warranted by the legislature. The legislature shall be advised 31 of the initial performance standards and any changes made to the 32 elementary level performance standards and the middle school level 33 performance standards; 34

35 (c) Adopt objective, systematic criteria to identify successful 36 schools and school districts and recommend to the superintendent of 37 public instruction schools and districts to be recognized for two types of accomplishments, student achievement and improvements in student achievement. Recognition for improvements in student achievement shall include consideration of one or more of the following accomplishments:

4 (i) An increase in the percent of students meeting standards. The
5 level of achievement required for recognition may be based on the
6 achievement goals established by the legislature ((under RCW
7 28A.655.050)) and by the commission under (a) of this subsection;

8 (ii) Positive progress on an improvement index that measures 9 improvement in all levels of the assessment; and

10 (iii) Improvements despite challenges such as high levels of 11 mobility, poverty, English as a second language learners, and large 12 numbers of students in special populations as measured by either the 13 percent of students meeting the standard, or the improvement index.

When determining the baseline year or years for recognizing individual schools, the commission may use the assessment results from the initial years the assessments were administered, if doing so with individual schools would be appropriate;

(d) Adopt objective, systematic criteria to identify schools and school districts in need of assistance and those in which significant numbers of students persistently fail to meet state standards. In its deliberations, the commission shall consider the use of all statewide mandated criterion-referenced and norm-referenced standardized tests;

Identify schools and school districts in which state 23 (e) 24 intervention measures will be needed and a range of appropriate 25 intervention strategies, beginning no earlier than June 30, 2001, and after the legislature has authorized a set of intervention strategies. 26 27 Beginning no earlier than June 30, 2001, and after the legislature has authorized a set of intervention strategies, at the request of the 28 commission, the superintendent shall intervene in the school or school 29 district and take corrective actions. This chapter does not provide 30 additional authority for the commission or the superintendent of public 31 instruction to intervene in a school or school district; 32

33 (f) Identify performance incentive systems that have improved or 34 have the potential to improve student achievement;

35 (g) Annually review the assessment reporting system to ensure 36 fairness, accuracy, timeliness, and equity of opportunity, especially 37 with regard to schools with special circumstances and unique

1 populations of students, and a recommendation to the superintendent of 2 public instruction of any improvements needed to the system;

3 (h) Annually report by December 1st to the legislature, the 4 governor, the superintendent of public instruction, and the state board 5 of education on the progress, findings, and recommendations of the 6 commission. The report may include recommendations of actions to help 7 improve student achievement;

8 (i) By December 1, 2000, and by December 1st annually thereafter, 9 report to the education committees of the house of representatives and 10 the senate on the progress that has been made in achieving ((the 11 reading goal under RCW 28A.655.050 and any additional)) goals adopted 12 by the commission;

13 (j) Coordinate its activities with the state board of education and 14 the office of the superintendent of public instruction;

15 (k) Seek advice from the public and all interested educational 16 organizations in the conduct of its work; and

17 (1) Establish advisory committees, which may include persons who 18 are not members of the commission;

19 (2) Holding meetings and public hearings, which may include20 regional meetings and hearings;

21 (3) Hiring necessary staff and determining the staff's duties and 22 compensation. However, the office of the superintendent of public 23 instruction shall provide staff support to the commission until the 24 commission has hired its own staff, and shall provide most of the 25 technical assistance and logistical support needed by the commission thereafter. The office of the superintendent of public instruction 26 27 shall be the fiscal agent for the commission. The commission may direct the office of the superintendent of public instruction to enter 28 into subcontracts, within the commission's resources, with school 29 districts, teachers, higher education faculty, state agencies, business 30 31 organizations, and other individuals and organizations to assist the commission in its deliberations; and 32

33 (4) Receiving per diem and travel allowances as permitted under RCW34 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 206. ESSENTIAL ACADEMIC LEARNING REQUIREMENTS
 AND ASSESSMENTS - RCW 28A.655.060 REPEALED. RCW 28A.655.060 (Essential
 academic learning requirements--Statewide academic assessment system--

Certificate of mastery--Educational pathways--Accountability--Reports and recommendations--Washington commission on student learning, creation and expiration) and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 20 s 1, 1999 c 373 s 501, 1998 c 225 s 1, & 1997 c 268 s 1 are each repealed.

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# PART 3

# MISCELLANEOUS

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 301.** Part headings and captions used in this 8 act are not any part of the law.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 302. If any provision of this act or its 10 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 11 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 12 persons or circumstances is not affected.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 303. This act is necessary for the immediate 14 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the 15 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect 16 immediately.

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